I am impressed as I am sure you are, by the growing interdependence of the community of nations. The ability of any country, even the most powerful, even the United States, to control its economic destiny is limited. There is no way in which any one country can insulate itself from external economic events and if it were to try it would probably find that it had lost more than it had gained.

The conflict which might be assumed to exist between the principle that the peoples of the world will be more prosperous if they trade freely with one another and have access to capital, technology and ideas and the principle of total control by a country over its economic destiny is probably more apparent than real. The true options are much more limited in scope. A dramatic illustration of the truth of this hypothesis is to be found in the policies of the highly controlled socialist countries of Eastern Europe, and particularly the Soviet Union. With all the economic clout that group of countries has, they have learned that self-sufficiency, whether in trade or technology is not a viable goal in an interdependent world.

Let me conclude by applying some of these generalizations to my own country, Canada, where the debate about economic nationalism is probably as intense as in any other country.

With you we share the North American continent north of the Rio Grande. Our economies are interdependent to the point where they might better be described as interlocked. Total trade between us exceeds 20 billion dollars annually, each is the other's best customer. If we were economies of the same order of magnitude the problem would be different and certainly less acute. But we are not: there is a factor of 10 or more to 1 in your favour in terms of our populations and our Gross National Products. In per capita terms Canadian investment in the United States exceeds American investment in Canada. The difference is that your investment in Canada results in some 50% American control of our manufacturing industries -- in some sectors, including automobiles and petrochemicals, the percentage is much higher. On the other hand, the degree of Canadian overnship of the American economy is negligible.

American owernship of so much of our economy largely results from the operations of American multi-national corporations. This gives us an intimate knowledge and special concern in this area. A very high proportion of our labour force works for American corporations, key decisions affecting our economic life are often made on your side of the border.