- Transfer ofThe movement of modern or scientific methods of productionTechnologyor distribution from one enterprise, institution or country to
another, as through foreign investment, international trade
licensing of patent rights, technical assistance or training.
- Transitional Those measures in place for a limited period of time during Measures which a new trade agreement is gradually implemented. The Tokyo Round tariff cuts, for example, are being phased in over a period of eight years. Other transitional measures could include, for example, the right to take certain temporary safeguard measures or apply adjustment assistance measures.
- Transparency Visibility and clarity of laws and regulations. Some of the codes of conduct negotiated during the Tokyo Round sought to increase the transparency of non-tariff barriers that impede trade.
- Trigger PriceA system, developed and enforced during the CarterMechanism (TPM)administration, of restraining steel imports by monitoring
them for possible dumping. Under the TPM, an anti-
dumping investigation was to be "triggered" if the price of an
imported steel product was below the production costs of the
world's most efficient producer of that product.
- UNCTAD United Nations Conference on Trade and Development. A quasi-autonomous body within the United Nations system, intended to focus special attention on measures that might be taken to accelerate the pace of economic development in the developing countries. The conference was first convened in Geneva in 1964, and has met quadrennially since that date.
- Unfair Trade An American term used to describe trade in dumped, subsidized or counterfeit goods; the application of the term has steadily widened as US trade remedy laws have defined new practices which are considered to harm the export and import interests of US companies.
- Uruguay Round Eighth in a series of multilateral trade negotiations held under the auspices of GATT. This round was launched at Punta del Este, Uruguay in September, 1986.