WELLAND CANAL.—The number of vessels passing through this great marine thoroughfare for the week ending June 20, has been unusually large, no less than 64 having gone up, while those bound downward reached 79! On Tuesday last 38 passed through, averaging 20 tons each. The net increase of the month's business, as compared with the corresponding period last year, is—

Vessels 47
Tons 9,400

FIRE.—The extensive saw mill of Messrs. Lowell & Lemon, at Port Robinson was totally destroyed by fire on the morning of Sunday last. The origin is, so far, unknown; but it is supposed that some dissipated character effected an entrance during the night, and with careless match lighting, caused the destruction of the premises. We are pleased to learn that an insurance of £1000 is secured in the Hartford, Etna, and Provincial Mutual Companies.—*Hamilton Canadian.*

The Perth *Standard* says: a most melancholy occurrence took place at Smith's Falls a few days since, two brothers-in-law named Boyd and Porter, whilst engaged in pulling a log over the side of the canal basin were carried down, and after being hurried over the dams were dashed upon the rocks beneath; both were killed instantly.

MINISTERIAL CHANGES.—We believe there is no doubt but the following announcement of the following ministerial changes, some of which have been long expected. Messrs. Caron and Richards go on the bench, to the places vacated by the deaths of Justices Badgley and Sullivan. Hon. Mr. Ross takes the Attorney Generalship vacant by the promotion of Mr. Richards. Mr. Morrison succeeds Mr. Ross as Solicitor General. The Hon. John Ralph takes the Presidentship of the Council and Bureau of Agriculture, which are vacated by the Hon. A. Cameron, who becomes Postmaster General.—The Postmaster General, the Hon. James Morris, is to become Speaker of the Legislative Council, vice Caron. The Crown Lands has been offered to Mr. Sicotte; but this gentleman had not accepted at last accounts.—*Montreal Herald.*

THE MONTREAL SUFFERERS.—The Montreal *Witness* states that a subscription amounting already to upwards of £1000, has been raised for the widow and children of the late Peter Gillespie, shot by the troops on the evening of the 9th inst; and another subscription list is going round for the widow and family of Mr. Hutchison, who was similarly slain.—*North American.*

CHURCH ROBBERY.—The Church of St. Mary Magdalene, Picton, was entered during the past week, by some person or persons, who so far damaged the organ as to render it completely useless. It is said that suspicion rests on parties who, from their position would be generally supposed incapable of engaging in so malicious and nefarious a transaction.

THE STEAMER ENGLAND SUNK.—We learn that the steamer England, belonging to Messrs. Hooker & Holton, struck in running the Long Sault Rapids, and sunk near Cornwall.—She had a full cargo of flour &c., &c., on board.—*Commercial Advertiser.*

COLONIAL SUMMARY.

The fine new steamer *Peerless* will take her place on the Niagara line, on this day, in place of the *Chief Justice*

ORANGE SOCIETY.—There has been a division in this Society, arising, as we understand, from a difference of opinion, as to the reception of proxies and their right to vote. The division occurred at the late meeting of the Grand Lodge in this City, and resulted in the formation of two Lodges under George Benjamin, Esq., and Ogle R Gowan, Esq., as Grand Masters respectively.

ACCIDENT ON THE NORTHERN RAILROAD.—A man named John Barns was killed near Thornhill by being run over by a train of gravel-cars. The verdict of the inquest was, that the deceased came to his death by his own imprudence.

CANADIAN GOLD.—At the last monthly meeting of the Natural History Society of Montreal, specimens of Native Canadian Gold were presented to the Society by Mr. W. E. Logan.

MONTREAL AND BRANTFORD.—Direct trade has been opened between Montreal and Brantford. The Propeller *Oxford*, belonging to Mr. G. S. Wilkes of that town brought a cargo of Goods and Railroad Iron last week.

The Hon Neal Dow, originator of the Maine Law, is expected to lecture in this City on the 7th proximo.

ARRIVAL OF THE *BALTIC.*

NEW YORK, June 27.

The steamer *Baltic* arrived here at 6½ p. m. yesterday. She encountered westerly gales most of the passage. She brings 157 passengers; among them the Hon. T. M. Foote late Charge to Austria.

Russia had reiterated its demands on Turkey, with the intimation of the occupation of the Danubian Provinces in the event of a refusal, but no war was expected. The assurances of the Emperor were considered of a pacific nature, even in the face of the threat. It is stated that despatches have been received in Paris containing assurances of the Czar's unwillingness to do anything to disturb the peace of Europe, and of his anxiety that the dispute between him and the Porte shall be settled without an appeal to arms. It is stated that the delay has been extended from ten to fifteen days in order to afford time for negotiation, as Leven the occupation of the Danubian Provinces would not necessarily be followed by war. Meanwhile advices from Trieste of the 6th inst., state that the French, English and Prussian officers in the Turkish army are actively employed in taking measures of defence. One of them (Capt. Jungman) is placing the citadel of Bosphorus in a state of defence. Mr. Pettite had been sent to the ports of the Danube. Admiral Slade is engaged in organizing the fleet. He has not as yet, however, been appointed to any command.

The Egyptian General Solyman Pacha had sailed for Constantinople on a special mission.

ENGLAND.

In the House of Lords on the 13th inst., in answer to a question of the Marquis of Clanricarde, Earl Clarendon stated that it was in concert with the French Government, that the fleet had been moved up to the neighbourhood of the Dardanelles, and that there was the most cordial understanding between the French and English Governments on this subject. Both Governments believe that Constantinople will use the same discretion and moderation in exercising the powers entrusted to them, and he hoped that the measure which was only one of precaution, would ensure peace.

The City of Southampton had given Commodore Vanderbilt a splendid entertainment.

A good deal had been said in Parliament relative to the imprisonment of British colored seamen in South Carolina ports.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.—Breadstuffs &c. a shade easier and Wheat and Flour have been offering at a slight reduction in prices. Corn steady and not active, quotations of last steamer sustained. Pork dull. Lard declined 2s.—Beef more active.

A sudden burst of summery weather has checked speculative feeling in flour and wheat for consumption, buyers looked for an abatement of six pence per bbl and 2d per bushel from extreme quotation. Corn in fair request without change in value.

Political excitement has not only diminished the peace of Public Securities but generally checked a disposition to enter into any financial operations—consols have been sold ex-dividend as low as 97¾ and closed this evening at 98¾.

The Government of India was largely gone into in the House of Lords.

The ships *Waterloo*, *Adelaide*, and *Anglesea* had arrived from Australia with 74,000 ounces of gold.

The Queen held the second Drawing Room of the season on the 14 h inst.

The Camp of Exercises at Cobham opens on the 14th inst. Ten tons of baggage are allowed to each Cavalry regiment, and fifteen tons to Infantry. The men are to live in tents. Stables are to be built, and a pavilion for the Queen.

EGYPT.

Previous to Solyman Pacha's embarkation for Constantinople, he had a long interview with the English Consul.

The Russian fleet consisted of thirteen ships of the line, 8 frigates, 6 corvettes, and 12 smaller vessels, all well manned and equipped, but the fleet was deficient in steamers.

FRANCE.

Home politics extremely dull—some activity observed at all the naval ports but the apprehension of an additional conscription had died away. Orders had been issued for all the Seamen on leave to return to their respective ships. Admiral Hudson is said would have command of the fleet of the Dardanelles. Dembursky has addressed a letter to the *Journal des Débats*, in which he states he has not offered his services to the Sultan, but if a Command were offered him he would not refuse.

No news from Spain or Portugal.

Advices from Vienna say that Lord Westmorland and the Baron de Mayendorf, the Russian Minister, have had a long conference, and after it couriers were dispatched to London and St. Petersburgh.

The Russian question now seems to have resolved itself into the view which England and France will take of the entry of Russia into the tributary principalities of Turkey, which seems to have been definitely decided upon by Russia in the event of her ultimatum being again rejected. It is difficult to conceive how such a step can be taken without being viewed as a declaration of war.

New York, June 29th.

The steamer Asia sailed at noon to-day for Liverpool, with 145 passengers and $901 out in specie.

The steamer Georgia, from Aspinwall, arrived this morning. She brings 170 passengers and $141,000 in gold dust, and California dates to June 1st.

Baltimore, June 29 h.

The Washington *Union* of this morning contradicts, upon good authority, that the Mormons had purchased Charles Island in the Pacific.

Boston, June 29 h.

The steamer Ocean, which left this City last evening, went ashore between nine and ten o'clock, at Point Judith Island. Her passengers were taken off by the steamer S. Lawrence which left here at the same time for Portland.

From our English Files.

PRIZE POEMS.—Two brothers named Reed, sons of a surgeon at Stoke Newington, had carried off each the prize for English poetry, at Cambridge and Oxford Universities on the same day—an unusual work of one family.

CHARITY CHILDREN.—Five thousand charity children, from thirty-seven charity schools held their anniversary with joining in services in St. Paul's Cathedral London, on the 2nd instant.

NOTES AND TOPICS OF THE WEEK.

The relations between Russia and Turkey continue in a most uncertain and most unsatisfactory condition, and it is confidently reported that Russia will accept no compromise and no mediation. On the other hand there is much enthusiastic support of the Sultan, and it is said that Turkey is preparing for war. Nearly all the intelligence from the Continent bears more or less upon this question and there are speculations and telegraphic messages without end. A semi-official article in one of the French papers reiterates the oft-repeated assertion that the Emperor Napoleon earnestly desires peace.

The project, at Home here in this country is the new measure for the Government of India, which will be found in outline, in the speech of Sir Charles Wood. The following extract from an official statement of the "Heads of the plan," it may be as well to give in this place:—

"1. The Government of India to be continued in the East India Company, with all their existing powers and privileges, and subject to existing restrictions, until Parliament shall otherwise provide.

"2. All the provisions of existing Acts and Charters, except in so far as they are altered by the Bill, to remain in force.

"3. The Court of Directors to consist of 18 members, of whom 12 are to be elected by the Proprietors and six to be named by the Crown, out of persons who have served a certain time in India. In the first instance 15 out of the present 30 Directors to be chosen by the Court and three only to be named by the Crown, and, on the occurrence of the first three vacancies in the number of the elected Directors, three more to be named by the Crown, till the full number of six is attained.

"4. The privileges, qualifications, and powers of all the Directors to be the same in all respects.

"5. One-third part of the Directors, both elected and nominated, to go out every second year, but to be eligible for immediate reelection or nomination.

"6. The appointment of students to Haileybury and Addiscombe, and also of assistant-surgeons, to be open to competition under regulations to be framed by the Board of Control, from time to time, and laid before Parliament. No alteration to be made as to other appointments to the Indian service."

Mr. Rendell Palmer has again obtained a seat in Parliament.

There has been, on a small scale, a resignation in the Government, Messrs. Monsell, Keogh, and Sadleir, Irish Romanists, having taken offence at some Anti-Roman expressions of Lord John Russell, in his speech on the Irish Church. Lord Aberdeen had pacified the trio, and some particulars will be found in our Report of the proceedings in the House of Commons. How the Premier can dissent from Lord John, on the notorious fact he enunciated, we cannot conceive.

The Earl of Derby was installed as Chancellor of the University of Oxford on Tuesday. On Monday his lordship attended the opening of the Diocesan Training School.—*English Churchman.*

HOUSE OF LORDS.

LORD LYNDHURST'S OATHS BILL.

On the order of the day for going into Committee on this Bill,

Lord Ellenborough opposed the motion, urging the probability and the undeniableness of re-opening the discussion on the Jewish question in the House of Commons.

His Lordship concluded by moving an amendment against going into Committee on the Bill.

Lord Derby advocated the amendment.

The Division was.—

For the Amendment	84
Against it	69
Majority,	15

The Bill was accordingly lost.

Switzerland is said to be on the eve of a war with Austria.

It is supposed that the admission of foreign merchants, travellers, and missionaries of the Gospel to all parts of China, will be the terms on which the English, American, and French naval forces will defend the Tartar dynasty, which has been so nearly expelled.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

BROWN *VS.* THE COMPOSITORS.

TORONTO, June 29th, 1853.

The Editor of the *Globe* claims the indulgence of its readers for the paucity of reading matter with which it made its appearance on Tuesday last. This, he says, has been owing to a "very arbitrary and sudden demand" made by the Compositors in his establishment, by which means he was left "short-handed." It is proper, however, that the public should know the nature of this "very arbitrary and sudden demand" before they admit any such claims on their disinterested sympathy on the part of the "short handed" gentleman of the *Globe;* and that the Compositors be allowed to repudiate the aspersions expressed against them, and to sustain their cause "at the bar of public opinion."

The Printers of Toronto have been for many years united as a Society, for the purpose of promoting the general interests of their profession, to secure a benefit fund for relieving sick and disabled, or otherwise distressed, members of the trade, and not less especially to protect their common rights from "arbitrary" encroachments on the part of employers, similarly disposed with the party in question—who happen to be now-a days rather "few and far between." The members of this Association for nearly twenty years worked under one uniform and established Scale of Prices, to which the greatest objection ever made was by the present Proprietors of the *Globe.* Finding this Scale to be not remunerative under present circumstances, and being assured their labour was never more so to the employers, and finding they were behind their brethren in the neighbouring States, as well as the mother country, they unanimously resolved to make a small and reasonable advance and demand it from their employers, after being first duly notified. When this Scale was submitted to the Proprietors of the *Globe*, as much time was allowed them as they could legally claim either for rejecting it entirely or conferring with other employers on the subject. But they thought then it was their duty to *comply with the demand, and notified their Compositors to that effect* through their foreman.Ief re the expiration of the time specified, however, the great *reformer*, Mr. George Brown, arrived from Quebec, and seem to have differed from his father and brother, who always manage the establishment in his absence; and he demanded more time to take the matter into reconsideration, or in other words, as we presume, to secure sufficient time to enable him conveniently to retract. This, we need hardly say, was manfully opposed by every Journeyman Compositor in his office, save his foreman. So much for the "suddenness" complained of.

But the *Globe* says that it was a "very arbitrary" demand. He seems to believe that no working man has a right to decide upon, and demand the wages he considers remunerative for his labour. But can the editor of the "Globe" dare to assert such despotism among a free and enlightened people as this, which would deprive the working men of one of their dearest and most peculiar rights? Certainly I cannot but think there are a few exceptions among other communities as well as the Slaveholding States whose character would not be rendered much more amiable by contrast with such as Mrs Stowe delineates as examples of tyranny, if they were under the same laws and government.

But the editor of the "Globe" believes that no combination of men, following the same trade or profession, have a right to agree, for their mutual interest, as to a uniform and established rate of remuneration. But the "short-sighted" as well as "short-handed" *Globe* cannot see that if the working men are allowed to exercise their right in the one case, they must be allowed the same privilege in the other; for the one is merely a more efficient modification of the other. He also believes that such combinations in this country are carried to a greater extent, presumingly on account of a misguided sway of democracy and the ignorance of the community. He conceives at the fact, that in Great Britain, notwithstanding the enlightened statesmen who are law-givers and its people, and the freedom of its institutions, there are not only separate associations of the several trades and professions, for securing exactly the same objects that we do, but also a central Association of United Trades, to secure to the working man remunerative wages, to protect him in his rights from the "arbitrary" decisions of employers, totally disposed with the gentlemen of the "Globe," and even some deliberations as precise Members of the British Parliament, and more consistent Reformers than our M. P. P. He ought to keep his eyes, now that he has a journey out, once more, the rough the day, in order to be prepared when they ought to see at their notes [illegible] a practical note of [illegible] set up one of his best or straight productions, couched in appropriate terms of indignation, against Lord Campbell and other eminent Judges of England for daring to pronounce such [illegible] as for securing such "objects" legal and right. But the editor of the "Globe" finds his pocket is concerned in this matter, and no public emolument or praise *fixed* to be sufficiently for fossing a sense of such injustice in connection with it. The Typographical Society of Toronto do not claim the right to use any compulsory means to compel Mr. Brown to employ any of its members at the prices they specify; but they will consider it very arbitrary" on Mr. Brown's part to claim a right to fix a Scale of Prices for them to be ruled by; for they are too well aware of the fact, that under his cognizance, and, it is presumed, to make amends for mismanagement in his office, a system has been long introduced there, not only contrary to the usages of the Printing business, but by which a great amount of work was required of some of his men without remuneration, or a mere nominal one; and such work was exacted when the Compositors by right should enjoy the hours of rest appointed by God to relieve the weariness and oppressiveness of continued toil. We have homes; we have families, and family circles that are dear to us, and we will not submit to be deprived of the comforts we enjoy there, and our regular association [illegible], to serve such men as the editor of the "Globe" is, as he might not very unkindly reason, serve the public, without sufficient remuneration.

A SOCIETY MEMBER.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, June 22, 1853.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Flour—Will'ms extra superfine per barrel	32	6	32	6
Farmers' per 196 lbs	18	6	19	0
Wheat—Old, per bushel 60 lbs	4	6	4	9
Spring per bushel 60 lbs	3	6	3	9
Oats per bushel	2	3	2	6
Rye, per bushel 56 lbs	3	9	4	0
Barley, per bushel, 48 lbs	3	9	4	3
Peas, per bushel, 60 lbs	3	0	3	3
Beans, per bushel	2	6	3	0
Potatoes, per bushel	1	9	2	0
Apples, per bushel	2	6	3	0
Grass Seed, per bushel	6	0	7	0
Clover Seed, per bushel	27	6	30	0
Hay, per ton	60	0	75	0
Straw, per ton	30	0	45	0
Onions, per bushel	4	0	5	0
Butter—rolls, per lb	1	5	1	6
Fresh, per lb	0	6	0	7
Eggs per dozen	0	6	0	7½
Fire wood per cord	15	0	16	3

NEW YORK MARKETS, June 29.

New York, June 29.

Flour—There is very little change to Western and Sales are at a fair shipping and home demand. Ariel's moderate and considerable on the market. Better grades are firm and in fair request. Canadian is steady. Sales 350 bbls. 4 62½ and 65. Sales Western Canal, 4 56 @ 60; Ohio, 4 56 @ 4 75; fancy 4 75 for extra Genesee and 5 00 for Ariel.

The shipping demand for Western wheat is not active and the market favours the buyer. At the close sales were made of 10,000 bushels good to prime Western Ohio, 1 20 @ 1 22; 10,000 for Genesee, 1 22; inferior Western in store, 1 05; Rye firm and sales of 700 bushels at 1 05 @ 1 06 for Western. Corn—Sales State and Western, 61 @ 63; 10,000 bushels 56 @ 56½ for unsound, 61 @ 62 for Southern, 64 @ 65½ for Western. Provisions—Pork with out change and active. Sales were made of about 600 bbls. Lard is firmer and the demand good. Sales 600 bbls at 9 1-8 @ 9 3-8, kegs 10 @ 10¼. Cheese—Sales at 6 @ 6½.

MARRIED.

At St. Paul's Church, Woodstock, by the Rev. Benjamin Cronyn, A. M., on the 22nd instant, William L. Lawrenson, Esq., B. A., of this Town to Julia, daughter of the Rev. William Bettridge, A. M. of Woodstock.

DIED.

On Saturday, the 21st inst., at her residence, Brookbank Cottage, after a long and agonizing illness, which she endured with a Christian heroism, meekness, and resignation rarely witnessed,—*Emmeline Andrews*, daughter of the late William Andrews, Esq., of Boston, and the dearly beloved wife of the late George Manners, Esq., for many years British Consul at Boston, Massachusetts; —an obituary notice of whom appeared in the *Star* of the 23rd of February last. Mrs Manners was endeared to a very large circle of friends and relatives, who will long and deeply deplore her cruel fate, and who will cherish her memory in their heart of hearts. She was distinguished for a mind well cultivated and of a superior order; and from her fine constitution and freedom from illness for a long period, she had the promise of many years of health and happiness. But, alas! attacked by one of the most frightful and unrelenting maladies which can afflict humanity,—and which defied all medical skill, —she became resigned to the will of her Maker; and after many anxious restless days and nights, constantly attended by friends,—she passed calmly and placidly away,—looking beautifully in death. She had been frequently visited by her good and kind friend, the amiable and worthy Rector of St. Peter's Church of this place.—Her funeral was attended to the Church by a large number of deep and sincere mourners, who evinced by their solemn silence and deportment the profound bereavement which they and society had sustained.—*Cobourg Star.*

At Walpole Island, on Friday, the 24th inst., William Andrew, son of the Rev. Andrew Jamieson, aged 10 months and five days.

New Advertisements.

REMOVAL.

THE Undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and customers of this city and vicinity, that he has removed from his old stand to the Phœnix Foundry, 56 Yonge Street, where he intends to manufacture Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copperware as usual, in all its branches. Also, Stoves, Hollow-ware and castings of every description, including Machinery, Mill castings, &c., with neatness and despatch, and at moderate prices.

JOHN McGEE.

Toronto, June 30th, 1853. 48-1in.

Forget not the Time, nor lose the Opportunity! Remember Monday, July the 4th!!

AURORA.

CONTINUATION OF SALE.

A FURTHER Sale by Auction of TOWN LOTS, in the Village of Aurora,

MATCHELL'S CORNERS.

will take place at the Office of the undersigned, on Monday the 4th of July, at ONE o'clock, P. M., when parties will have an opportunity of making a GOOD INVESTMENT. For plans and particulars, apply to

W. B. CREW, AUCTIONEER,
2nd door North of the Post Office.

Toronto, June 29, 1853. 48 1t

NOTICE.

THE MAPS of Lot No. 4, on the Kingston Road, including sixty Village Lots, and thirty-two Blocks of Land suitable for Villa residences, varying from five to fifteen Acres each—are now ready, and may be had without charge at

Messrs. Wakefield and Coate's.
Mr. Scobie's.
Mr. Rowsell's,
Messrs. Armour & Co's.

This Land is to be sold by Auction, at the Auction Rooms of WAKEFIELD & COATE, on THURSDAY next, the 30th JUNE, at two o'clock.

Toronto, June 25th, 1853. 48-td

HEN AND CHICKENS.

THE Undersigned are instructed to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the

Toronto Auction Mart, King Street,

on THURSDAY, the 23rd day of June, instant, at TWO o'clock, P. M.,

A NUMBER OF BUILDING LOTS,

the property of B. W. Smith, at Collingwood Harbour. Plans, &c., may be seen at the above Auction Mart.

WAKEFIELD & COATE.

Toronto, June 16, 1853.

THE ABOVE SALE

Is POSTPONED until THURSDAY, the 30th ultimo, at the same place. W. & C.

Toronto, 23rd June, 1853. 48-td

British America Assurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Thirty-first Dividend on the Capital Stock of this Company paid in, was this day declared for the year ending with the Thirteenth of June instant, after the rate of Six per Cent; and that the same will be payable on and after Monday, the eleventh day of July next.

The Transfer Book will accordingly be closed from the 1st to the 9th day of July next, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

T. W. BIRCHALL,
Managing Director.

British America Assurance Office, }
Toronto, June 23, 1853. } 48-1t

City of Toronto Debentures.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until the 8th day of August next, for CORPORATION DEBENTURES, to be issued under a By law of the Corporation, upon any day after that date, to the amount of £13,946, in any part thereof; the principal payable either in full at the end of Twenty years, or in sums of 667l. for amount varying from one to twenty years.

The Debentures to be made out for such amount as may be agreed upon, and the interest payable half-yearly at the Bank of Upper Canada.

The party Tendering to distinguish in his offer between the amount being paid in Twenty years, or being distributed in equal sums, payable in from one to Twenty years

A. F. McCORD,
Chamberlain.

CHAMBERLAIN OFFICE, }
Toronto, 13th June, 1853 } 44 tf

VENTILATION.

THE Subscribers are now prepared to furnish at their Foundry, the most powerful and economical house-warming and VENTILATING STOVE in the world—of three different sizes—from that which will warm Churches or other large buildings to the smallest office. Specific directions will be furnished gratis by application to Henry Rutton, Esq. of Cobourg.

J. R. ARMSTRONG & CO.

Toronto, April 30, 1853.

Cricket Bats, Balls, &c.

THE undersigned has pleasure in announcing to the lovers of Cricket, that he has just received and now offers for Sale, an excellent assortment of XXX MATCH BATS and BALLS, and other Cricketing materials.

These having been imported by him direct from the well known house of Lillywhite, Brothers & Co., by special order, and the selection having been carefully made in England, he can confidently recommend them as of *first-rate quality.* The prices will also be found lower than has been hitherto charged for the *best* articles.

HENRY ROWSELL,
King Street.

Toronto, May 26, 1853.

CHURCH AT THE FALLS OF NIAGARA, CANADA WEST.

A BAZAAR will be held about the middle of August next, at Drummondville, Falls of Niagara, for the purpose of raising funds to assist in building a Church in that village; those who are kindly inclined to lend their aid, are earnestly requested to send contributions to either of the following ladies, before the first of August.

Mrs. Ingles.	Mrs. Leonard.
Mrs. Woodruff.	Mrs. Blackwell.
Mrs. Murray	Mrs. Mewburn, Stamford.

March, 1853.

JUST RECEIVED,

SAM SLICKS WISE SAWS AND MODERN INSTANCES; or, WHAT HE SAID, DID OR INVENTED

Paper 2s. 6d; Cloth, 3s. 9d.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Bookseller & Stationer,
King Street.

Toronto, June 22nd, 1853.

NEW BOOKS,

JUST RECEIVED FROM ENGLAND.

THE PENNY POST, vols. 1 and 2—1851—22; per vol. 2s. 3d.

TRACTS FOR PAROCHIAL USE, published by J. H. Parkes, in Packets as follows:—

ON CONFIRMATION, 8 Tracts for 1s.
ON THE CHURCH AND CHURCH SERVICES, 12 Tracts for 2s. 3d.
ON THE LORD'S SUPPER, 9 Tracts, 1s. 2d.

THE CANONS AND DECREES OF THE COUNCIL OF TRENT, with a Supplement, by Theodore Alois Buckley, A.B., 7s 6d.

STORIES AND CATECHISINGS, in illustration of the Collects, or A YEAR WITH THE FIRST-CHOP BOYS OF FORLEY, Edited by the Rev. William Jackson, M.A., Vol. 1, from Advent to Tuesday in Easter Week. Price 6d.

do do do in parts from 1 to 6; from Advent to ninth Sunday after Trinity. Per set, 8s. 9d.

THE ECCLESIASTICAL HISTORY OF USEBIUS Pamphlus Translated by the Rev. C. F. Crusse, A. M. Price 7s. 6d.

ELEMENTS OF INSTRUCTION concerning the Church, and the Anglican Branch of it, for the use of Young Persons, by C. Wordsworth, D. D., Price 5s. 3d.

HENRY ROWSELL,
Bookseller, Stationer & Printer.
King Street.

Toronto, June 22, 1853.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

AN Assistant Master in the Church Grammar School, Cobourg—Salary liberal—apply (prepaid) Rev H. B. Jessop.

Cobourg, June 15 h, 1853. 46 tf

WANTED,

A LAD for the Printing Business, he must possess a good English Education, and be not less than fifteen years of age. A member of the Church of England would be preferred.

Apply at the Office of this Paper.

Toronto, June 18th, 1853.

WANTED,

A LADY of the Church of England, competent to undertake the care and education of three little Girls, the eldest eleven years of age. The usual branches of a thorough English Education, and Music required.

Address M. B box 306, Post Office, Toronto, stating qualifications, and the salary expected

Toronto, Feb. 18, 1853. 2-in.

Wanted Immediately.

A young lady as Governess, a member of the Church of England competent to instruct in Music and French and the usual branches of an English education.

Address R. S., Box 244 Post Office Toronto

MR. CHARLES RHAN.

SURGEON DENTIST,

BEGS to acquaint his numerous friends, and the public generally, that he has just returned from New York, where he has been spending some time with Professor John Allen, of the College of Dental Surgeons, Cincinnati, from whom he has been acquiring a knowledge of the late great improvement in Dentistry, viz: that of uniting single teeth to each other and to the plate upon which they are set, by means of a fusible silicious cement, which is flowed in and around the base of the teeth upon the plate in such a manner, as to form a continuous artificial gum. By this method the cavities between the teeth, which are unavoidable in the old style, are completely filled up leaving no chance for secretions of any kind and giving a perfectly natural and life-like appearance to the gum and teeth.

Specimens may be seen at his Office, on the corner of Bay and Melinda Streets. Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Terms—Cash—without exception.

This important improvement has been patented by Dr. Allen in the United States, and steps have been taken to procure Patents in England and France. Dr. A. has authorized Mr. Rhan to give instructions in this beautiful art to educated gentlemen in the profession, on moderate terms.

N B.—Mr. R offers a friendly challenge to all the Dentists of British North America to compete with him at the approaching Provincial Exhibiton, for a Gold Medal, value £12 10s. to be left to the judgment of the Professors of Toronto University, and of Trinity College.

Toronto, Sept. 17, 1852. 1-tf

FRENCH AND ENGLISH
Establishment for Young Ladies,
CONDUCTED BY
MONSIEUR AND MADAME DESLANDES
PINEHURST, TORONTO.

THIS Establishment is composed of, besides the Principles, two highly educated resident English Governesses, and one French.

PROFESSORS:

Of Singing	Mr. Hodgsons.
Of Music	Mr. Ambrose.
English Master	Mr. C. Lascombe.
Drawing Master	Mr. Lucius O'Brien.
Writing Master	Mr. Eabels.
Calisthenics	Mr. Goodwin.

Terms per quarter, for Boarders, including all the various branches in English and French, with Music, Drawing and Needlework.

	£15	0	0
Day Pupils	6	0	0
Singing	5	0	0
Italian	2	0	0
German	3	0	0
Dancing for the Season	3	0	0
Calisthenics	0	15	0

Toronto, April 6th, 1853. 58-tf

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.

Mrs. Crombie

Begs to inform her Patrons and Friends and the Public generally, that, with a view to the extension of her School, she has removed to the large brick house on George Street, two doors North of the Upper Canada Bank where she will be prepared to receive Young Ladies, either as Boarders or Day-scholars, on the 1st May next.

From Mrs. Crombie's long experience in Tuition, the success she has hitherto met with, and the kind encouragement of friends, she is led to entertain a confident hope that an increased attendance of Pupils will follow upon her removal to a more favourable position

Terms moderate, and made known on application to Mrs Crombie

Reference kindly permitted to the Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto, the Rev. John M'Caul, LL. D., President of the University of Toronto, the Rev. H. J. Grasett M.A., Rector of Toronto, Rev. Edmund Baldwin M.A., Assistant Minister of St James, Rev. J. G. D. M'Kenzie B.A. Incumbent of St. Paul's, Yorkville, and the Rev. R. J. M'George, of Streetsville.

Toronto, April 20th 1853. 34-tf

THE TORONTO LADIES' SCHOOL.

LADY PRINCIPAL:
MRS. POETTER.

ASSISTANTS:

2nd English Teacher, ... Mrs. LIDDELL.
3rd English Teacher, ... Miss KENNEDY.
French, ... Mad'lle SIMON.
Master for Writing and Arithmetic, ... Mr. EMBLEN.
Master for Drawing, ... Mr. BULL.
Master for Music, ... Mr. SYRATHY.
Master for Singing, ... Mr. HUMPHREYS.

In consequence of the number of Shares not having been taken up for the Proprietary School, the Council had been compelled to relinquish their plans, and Mrs. Poetter has therefore undertaken, with their sanction, the present Establishment, *under the same system as the Proprietary School, and on the same Terms*, without the liability of the shares.

The Studies will include a thorough English Education, with French, Italian and German Music. Singing, and Drawing, Wax Flowers, embroidery, and all kinds of Plain and Ornamental Needle Work, are also taught.

A Lady will assist Mrs. Poetter in taking charge of the Boarders, whose sole duty will be to watch over the health and attend the comforts of those committed to her care.

PROPRIETORY SCHOOL.

AT a Meeting of the Council on Thursday, the 13th of August, the following Minutes were passed:—

"1 *Resolved*—That for the reasons herein stated, the Council having been compelled to relinquish their plans the Church of England Proprietory School is hereby given up accordingly.

2 Read a proposal from Mrs. Poetter, offering to open a School upon the same plans that intended for the Church of England Proprietary School.

Whereupon it was resolved—

"That inasmuch as the Council had intended to place Mrs Poetter at the head of the Educational Department of the Church of England Proprietory School, they have the less hesitation in acceding to Mrs Poetter's proposal, and they hereby allow her to state that she has their sanction for using their name, and they hope that her exertions may meet with that success which she so well deserves."

TERMS.

(*To be paid Quarterly, and in Advance.*)

Education	£15 per annum.
Finishing Pupils	5 additional.
Boarding	30

NO EXTRAS.

Boarders will be required to bring their Knife, Fork, and Spoon, Bedding and Towels.

Persons wishing for further information are requested to apply (if by letter *post-paid*) to Mrs. Poetter, York street.

JUST PUBLISHED;

A Table of English History

COMPILED BY MRS. POETTER, FOR THE USE OF HER SCHOOL.

The object of his Table is to present History to the pupil in a condensed form, and Mrs. Poetter's plan is to have it committed to memory, and enlarged upon by questions from the Teacher, after previous study of the different subjects

Toronto, November 4th, 1852.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Horseness, Bronchitis, Whooping-Cough, Croup, Asthma, and Consumption.

In offering to the community this justly celebrated remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs, it is not our wish to trifle with the lives or health of the afflicted, but frankly to lay before them the opinions of distinguished men and some of the evidences of its success, from which they can judge for themselves. We sincerely pledge ourselves to make no wild assertions or false statements of its efficacy, nor will we hold out any hope to suffering humanity which facts will not warrant.

Many proofs are here given, and we solicit an inquiry from the public into all we publish, feeling assured they will find them perfectly reliable, and the medicine worthy their best confidence and patronage.

From the distinguished Professor of Chemistry and Materia Medica, Bowdoin College.

Dear Sir: I delayed answering the receipt of your preparation, until I had an opportunity of witnessing its effects in my own family, or in the families of my friends.

This I have now done with a high degree of satisfaction, in cases of both adults and children.

I have found it, as its ingredients show, a powerful remedy for colds, and coughs, and pulmonary diseases.

PARKER CLEAVELAND, M'D.

BRUNSWICK, Me., Feb. 5, 1847.

LOWELL, Aug 10, 1849.

Dr. J. C. Ayer: I have been cured of the worst cough ever had in my life, by your "CHERRY PECTORAL," and never fail, when I have an opportunity, of recommending it to others.

Yours respectfully,
S. D. EMERSON.

☞ Read the following and see if this medicine is worth a trial. This patient had become very feeble, and the effects of the medicine was unmistakeably distinct:—

UNITED STATES HOTEL, SARATOGA SPRINGS }
July 5, 1849. }

Dr. J. C. Ayer,—Sir: I have been afflicted with a painful affection of the lungs, and all the symptoms of settled consumption, for more than a year. I could find no medicine that would reach my case, until I commenced the use of your "CHERRY PECTORAL," which gave me gradual relief, and I have been steadily gaining my strength till my health is well nigh restored.

While using your medicine, I had the gratification of curing with it my reverend friend, Mr. Truman, of Sumpter District, who had been suspended from his parochial duties by a severe attack of bronchitis.

I have the pleasure to certifying these facts to you.

And am, sir, yours respectfully
J. F. CALHOUN, of S. Carolina.

CHESTER, Pa., Aug. 22, 1846.

J. C. Ayer,—Sir: I was taken with a terrible cough, brought on by a cold, in the beginning of last February and was confined to my bed more than two months. Coughing incessantly night and day, I became ghastly and pale, my eyes were sunken and glassy, and my breath very short. Indeed, I was rapidly failing, and in such distress for breath, that but little hope of my recovery could be entertained. While in this situation, a friend of mine, (the Rev. John Luther, of the Methodist church) brought me a bottle of your CHERRY PECTORAL, which I tried more to gratify him, than from any expectation of obtaining relief. Its good effect induced me to continue its use, and I soon found my health much improved. Now, in three months, I am well and strong, and can attribute my cure only to your great medicine.

With the deepest gratitude, yours, &c.
JAMES GODFEY.

Prepared and sold by James C. Ayer, Practical Chemist, Lowell, Mass.

Sold in *Toronto* by Lyman Brother & Co., in Hamilton by Hamilton & Kneshaw; in Kingston by E. W. Palmer, in Montreal by Lyman, & Co.; in Quebec by Joseph Bowles, and by the Druggists everywhere throughout the Provinces and United States.

Toronto, March 9th, 1853.

Ontario, Simcoe & Huron Railroad.

THE Freight Train going north, will until further notice, leave the foot of Bay Street, on each Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 A. M. for Bradford.

Returning will leave Bradford, on each Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 8 A. M.

Freight for this train must be delivered before 7