late and setose punctures with small punctures intermixed, the granules coarser and acute on the sides; the third interspace strongly widened at the base, swollen and densely, finely granulate; the short abrupt declivity with a rounded prominence on each side above, finely, closely granulate and setose-punctate, without striations, moderately concave apically, with the caudal margin subtruncate, bisinuate, and the lateral angles rather strongly dentate.

The metasternum is smooth and shining, finely punctured, the pubescence slender, the median line deeply striate on the caudal two-thirds; the abdominal sternites are closely, finely, granulate-punctate and clothed with slender hairs, the last more densely granulate; the last three sternites with the cephalic and caudal margins somewhat elevated, the last sternite rather distinctly concave therefrom.

The male has the epistomal margin more deeply though very broadly emarginate dorsally with the inferior lobe more prominent; the front similar though less deeply concave and with somewhat shorter hairs; the pronotum similar, lacking the densely punctured median area, but with a median black line in the same position and very distinct; the elytra with the sides parallel for threefourths the length then strongly arcuately narrowed to the individually strongly produced apices, the lateral margin concave at the base of the prolongation; the apical prolongations each slightly longer than wide, emarginate at the apex, with the outer angle much longer than the inner, blunt and obtusely carinate above from a continuation of the united 2nd and 3rd interspaces, the carina ending in a third blunt point on the dorsal apical margin of the prolongation; with a smaller tooth between the dorsal and outer teeth and three serrations between the dorsal and inner teeth; the suture, viewed from the side, straight on the basal two-thirds, and gradually depressed on the caudal third to the apices, without an abrupt declivity; the strial punctures notably coarser than in the female; the interspaces somewhat more convex; the second less strongly widened at the base and more finely granulate; the interspaces minutely, uniseriately punctured on the disc, but not striate; the punctures coarser, more numerous and finely granulate at the base of the 1st and 3rd; on the depressed caudal third all the inter-