The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1885.

1885—1886.

We are now close upon another year of our history, and ere another issue of the MONITOR is in the hands of its readers we shall have passed over its threshold.

The year about closing has been fruitful of events of importance to the world at large. There have been many casualties upon land and sea, wars and rumors of wars, political changes, &c., and it may not be uninteresting for us to go over each month in the year and note a few of the more prominent events that have transpired.

In January, the French and Chinese were still fighting. On the the 12th a terrible storm swept over the English coast causing a number of shipwrecks, and the loss of many lives. On the 15th a steamer named the Admiral Moolson was sunk in collision off Holyhead, Eng., and several lives were lost. Both France and Italy were devasted by avalanches, and much loss of life resulted. On the 24th inst., the dastardly attempt was made to blow up the Tower of London, and the Imperial House of Parliament with dynamite. There were three explosions. The western extremity of the House was totally wrecked; the Tower was not much damaged. Twenty persons in all seriously injured. England was still engaged in the Soudan war, and during the month, the rebels were defeated at Metemneh and Lieut Col. Burnaby was killed, and on the 26th inst., Khartoum fell, and General Gordon's death took place. England and Italy signed a treaty in relation to Italy occupying territory in Massowah. By a railroad train falling through a bridge, in Sydney, New South Wales, some forty persons were killed.

In February, Cleveland and Hendricks, were formally declared President and Vice-President of the United States. O'Donovan Rossa, the dynamiter, was shot on the 2nd of this month, by Yseult Dudley, an English woman. By an explosion in Vale Colliery, in this Province, on the 10th, thirteen persons lost their lives. The United States passed its Post Office Appropriation Bill. By it, the limit of weight of single rate letters was increased from half an ounce to one ounce, and other important changes. On the 27th inst., a motion in the English House of Parliament censuring the government for its Soudan policy, was rejected by the Commons by a vote of 299 to 277 and adopted by the House of Lords by a vote of 189 to 68.

In March, on the 4th, Cleveland was inaugurated President of the United States, amid great ceremonies. On the 22nd inst., the British were surpised and defeated by the Arabs at Suakim on the 22nd of the month, and 600 of the former troops were killed. The Chinese also had a battle with the French and defeated them. War was threatened between England and Russia, on account of General Kamaroff, attacking and defeating the Afghans at Pendjeh. In our own North West the first of the Reil rebellion took place. The town of Battleford was pillaged and burned by the Indians, on the 31st of the month. Many people lost their lives by accidents; the most startling were the sinking of the British Steamer Orestes, by which seventy persons were drowned; 147 men killed by a colliery explosion in Karevni, Austrian Silesia, and 150 men killed by the same cause in Prussia.

In April, the Halifax contingent of troops were sent out to the North West to take part in subduing the rebellion. On the 24th the first fight of the rebellion between the troops under General Middleton, and the rebels, took place at Clark's Crossing, in which the latter were driven from their position. The British House of Commons voted a war credit of $55,000,000. The aspect of affairs between England and Russia still threatening. A volcanic eruption occurred in the eastern end of the island of Java, devastating a number of plantations, and killing upwards of one hundred thousand persons. General Wolsley issued his farewell address at Suakim, and announced the withdrawal of the British troops from the Soudan. The Queen Dowager of the Sandwich Islands, Emma, died in this month.

In May, the Waterloo of the North-West Rebellion was fought on the 12th at Batouche. On the 15th Louis Reil was captured near Batouche, and a few days later the Indian Chief Poundmaker surrendered with 240 men Among the noted men who died during the month, were Victor Hugo, the great French poet, and F. T. Frelinghuysen, U. S. ex-Secretary. Terrible earthquakes took place in the Vale of Cashmere in this month and also in June, by which over 3,000 persons came to their death. 70,000 houses were destroyed and 30,000 animals killed. The King of Dahomey made a raid on the villages under French protection near Porto Novo, and captured a thousand persons to be sacrificed at the cannibalistic feasts. The Dominion Franchise Bill passed its third reading in the House of Commons.

In June, the difficulty between England and Russia was stated by Mr. Gladstone, in Parliament, to be in a fair way towards amicable settlement. On the 8th the English Government was defeated on the Budget by a vote of 264 to 252, and Lord Salisbury was called upon by the Queen to form a new cabinet. France and China entered into a treaty of peace. A town in Mexico was destroyed by a water spout and one hundred and seventy persons drowned. A British steamer, the Speke Hall, was lost in the Gulf of Aden and only one person survived. During a murder trial in France many persons were killed and seriously injured by the falling of a stone staircase. Near Manchester, Eng., nearly 200 miners were killed by a colliery explosion. An Italian steamer was lost at sea with sixty-five passengers. Great floods in China, entire villages swept away, and 10,000 persons drowned. The new British ministry was announced on the 23rd of the month. Sir Julius Benedict, musician and composer, died this month.

In July, Princess Beatrice, Queen Victoria's youngest daughter, was married to Prince Henry of Mattenberg. The garrison at Kassala repulsed El Mahdi's besieging army, killing a great number of his forces. In the Provinces of Biendinh and Phygen, in China, the Black Flags massacred five missionaries and over ten thousand Christians. Forty-five persons were killed and wounded by the collapse of a row of buildings in Cologne. Terrific storm in Italy—many persons killed and injured. In the obituary list among the noted persons who died were El Mahdi of small pox, General Grant, and Sir Moses Montefiore, the Hebrew philanthropist. The Dominion House of Parliament closed on the 20th, after a session nearly six months in length.

In August, the Russian Government issued a decree making the Greek Church the established religion of the Baltic Provinces. The British Parliament issued a motion of thanks to the army and navy for their services in Egypt and Soudan. Terrible disasters on land and sea took place, among which were, cyclone at Savannah and Charleston, causing damage to the amount of over a million of dollars, and the loss of several lives; a bungalow loaded with pilgrims lost in the Gulf of Aden, and one hundred drowned; the German corvette, Augusta, wrecked in the Red Sea, her officers and crew of 238 men drowned; a great earthquake in Asiatic Russia, fifty-four persons killed and over sixty injured.

In September, the great yacht contest between the English cutter Genesta, and the Boston Puritan, took place, in which the former was beaten. Jumbo, believed to be the largest elephant in world, was killed. More trouble apparently about to take place between France and China. The people of Philippopolis, the capital of Roumelia, rose in rebellion, seized the Governor General, deposed the Government, and proclaimed a union with Bulgaria. Prince Alexandria proclaims that he assumes sovereignty over the two provinces of North and South Bulgaria. News of Osman Digna's death received. The Allen Line steamer Hanoverian was wrecked at Portugal Cove, near Cape Race. Riel received his sentance this month. The Spanish Steamer Humsaso, wrecked on Grand Manan, went to pieces on the 23rd, while a wrecking crew, was on board stripping her. Eleven were drowned.

In October, Flood Rock, Hell Gate, New York was blown up, the completion of an engineering work of some years' duration. A report comes from Annam that 7,000 christians, one missionary and ten native priests were murdered there. The people of Burmah under King Thebaw rise against the British, and the latter commences war preparations. The Servians invaded Bulgaria on the 25th. A terrible storm on the Labrador coast, took place on the 10th, by which some sixty persons lost their lives. Josh Billings died on the 14th.

In November the Canadian Pacific Railway was completed, the last spike being driven on the 5th inst. War is declared and ended between England and Burmah this month. A fearful cyclone, on the 22nd, submerged 150 villages in Orissa, Calcutta, and drowned 100,000 persons. The general elections commence in England. Riel was hung on the 16th. Among the deaths of noted persons were the duke of Abercorn, father of the Marchioness of Landsowne, wife of the Governor General of this Dominion, who died on the 1st, and King Alfonso of Spain, who passed away on the 25th.

In December, France and Madagascar signed a treaty of peace, which concludes a long continued war. A horrible colliery explosion in Wales, destroys, it is estimated, some 100 lives; and about four hundred lives were destroyed by a dynamite explosion in a mine in Siberia. Matters are again assuming a threatening aspect in the Soudan. The privy council decides that the Dominion license act is unconstitutional. W. H. Vanderbilt, the United States two hundred millionaire, died on the 8th.

We have not attempted to make the foregoing a very complete record, but have simply selected events of world-wide interest and several occurrences of special interest to our Dominion.

At present the world may be said to be in almost a state of peace. No open wars are in progress, although mutterings of trouble in the future may be heard in several quarters.

In our own Dominion, the year about to close has been a fruitful one in its harvests; but low markets have not made this fact as profitable a one to our farmers as it might have been, and the cry of "hard times" is heard frequently. Owing to the lapse of the fisheries clauses of the Washington treaty in July last, our fishermen have been largely debarred from their best market, the United States, and they also complain of "hard times," however, by the tenor of President Cleveland's message, we may hope that their old privileges may be restored to them in them in the near future. Small pox has infested Montreal and many other districts in the Upper Provinces for the past six months, and many persons have died, Prince Edward Island is also suffering from the scourge, and Cape Breton, too, but to a much less extent. We are glad to be able to report that the loathsome disease is now almost completely under control every where, and the fears of a general plague that were at one time entertained have subsided. The two most notable events in our history for the year were the Riel rebellion and the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

There is always something saddening in the departure of the old year. When it closes we realize fully that one more year of our life has closed and that we are another year nearer the grave.

New Year's Day is a time for good resolves, and about three weeks later is the time usually selected for breaking them. The first of the year is also a time when pater familias gets in his little and big bills and issues his own if he has any to issue. We would tender one bit of advice, and that is pay your bills if you have to make a big sacrifice to do it. Lots of people keep storekeepers and others out of the money rightfully due them, because they do not just happen to have the money in hand, while perhaps they have hundreds in mortgages or in the bank drawing interest. This is a decided wrong. If you really have not got any money, go to your creditor, make him a square statement of the facts, and try to make a truthful promise of payment. A great deal of trouble, and many petty suits for debt would be avoided if such a course were puraued. People contract debts very often, when they have every prospect of paying them at a certain time; but serious loss may overtake them in the meanwhile in various ways, that makes it impossible to do as they expected. In such cases they only make a bad matter worse by keeping away and withholding an explanation from their creditors.

Our article is drawing out to an undue length, therefore we will now close by wishing our readers one and all a "HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR."

— According to private advices received by London commercial houses, there is no doubt that Russia is strengthening her military position in Turkestan, and along the northern disputed boundary of Afghanistan. The correspondent says:—

"Tribes are being won over to Russian interests by methods so long and so successfully practised by the wily military agents of the Czar, and Russia is losing nothing by playing a waiting game. A leading merchant in the East Indies trade said to-day, in conversation, that it is one of the most marvellous of things to a person directly interested in the supremacy of England in a commercial sense, to see how indifferent the Government is to the menace offered our eastern possessions by the movement of Russia to the southeastward. While squabbling over a question of concessions to Ireland, which has always been a thorn in our flesh, our statesmen view with unconcern the growing weakness of our hold upon the boundless wealth of the East."

— Goldwin Smith in the *Week*, thus speaks of Gladstone's surprise at the ingratitude of the Irish party:—

"But this only proves that he knows nothing of the character of the Irish, or of that of the priests and demagogues who lead them. With his policy of surrender and soft words he has taken the wrong road to the Irish heart, and the natural consequences are that he is overwhelmed with ferocious abuse, that his Government is overthrown, and that his life has to be guarded against the Irish knife. It has been stated that English employers are dismissing Irish workmen. Who can blame them? Why should England, of all nations, be expected to cherish in her bosom, people who eat her bread, receive her charity at their need, enjoy all her privileges, and yet hate her, curse her, conspire against her, and seek her ruin? Boycotting is a game at which more than one can play.

Local and Other Matter.

— Don't forget after this week to write 1886.

— J. B. Hall, Ph. D., the popular professor of the Provincial Normal School, is spending his vacation at his home in Lawrencetown.

— A telephone line is being extended between Yarmouth and Digby with offices at the intervening towns.

— Mr. W. W. Chesley has hung up a big lantern to light people into his store.

— A man named James E. Potter, committed suicide on the 25th inst., in the Yarmouth jail. Some trouble in reference to his wife is supposed to be the cause.

—Two horses were shipped from Halifax to San Francisco recently, the first shipment of live stock ever made from Nova Scotia to the Pacific coast. The freight amounts to $367.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Chas. Harvey, Commission Merchant, of Halifax was in town this week.

— The Montreal Witness issued an attractive Christmas number this year. It was printed on tinted paper, and the articles were timely and interesting. The Witness is one of the best dailies and weeklies published,

— The Halifax Herald will issue a special New Year's number containing interesting articles upon a variety of subjects.

— A Montreal judge holds that a druggist is responsible for his clerk's mistake in compounding a prescription.

— The Forty-Ninth Regiment, who served in Canada during the war in 1812 has been ordered to Halifax.

— It is reported that in addition to reimposing duties on tea and coffee, with the view of meeting the deficit in the revenue, the new Minister of Finance will increase the coal tax from fifty cents to $1 per ton.—*Ex.*

— J. B. Reed & Son's factory is closed this week in order to make some repairs on machinery and to give the employees a short holiday. Work will be resumed next week.

—The collection in St. James' Church, deferred on account of storm last Sunday, will be taken up upon Sunday evening next.

— The Masonic Dinner, and celebration in honor of St. John's Day, which was to have been held on Monday last, was postponed on account of the inclement weather and blockaded condition of the roads, until to-morrow (Thursday). Invited guests will please note the change,

— Mrs. Reynolds offers to the public a choice selection of Confectionery, Figs, Dates, Nuts, Oranges, Jellies, Syrups, Soap and Fancy Goods. Just received from Halifax, a supply of bottled Ginger Ale and Lemonade for Christmas. Always on hand fresh Bread, Sausages and Bolognas. She begs to thank the public for past favors and solicits a continuance of the same. tf

— It is reported that county barristers are to hold a meeting in Halifax the first Thursday after the assembling of the local House, to take into consideration means to secure legislation that will insure to them better privileges regarding practice in the court than they at present possess.

— The Parlor Concert and Entertainment to be held at the Rectory, has been postponed on account of the storm; it is now decided to hold it in Victoria Hall, on Monday next, January 4th. A very enjoyable evening may be expected, as there is a capital selection of songs, solos, duets, and choruses, instrumental pieces, amusing selections from Dickens, acted in character, and recitations by a talented elocutionist. For further particulars see hand bills next week. Door open at 7 30. Performance to begin at 8 o'clock. Tickets at door 25 cents.

— On the evening of the 17th inst., the Prince Albert section of Rev. J. Rowe's church gave their good pastor an old fashioned donation visit. The affair took place in the meeting house, which was crowded with the old, the middle aged, and the youth and beauty of the community. Interesting addresses were delivered by pastor Rowe and deacon Reigh. The church choir under the leadership of Miss Louise Craig, organist, furnished some excellent music, and withal a very pleasant evening was spent. The contribution amounted to $77.00 in cash. The Reverend gentleman's labors are highly appreciated by his people.

— Those in want of cheap and first-class goods, would do well to call at W. J. St. Clair's, before purchasing elsewhere, as he is selling for a small advance on cost, and will continue to do so for thirty days. So if you want a bargain, remember the place and give him a call. Wanted 500 barrels good potatoes. Highest price paid. 3i

—Santa Claus entered the Methodist parsonage, Middleton, on Christmas eve, and left a $60 box with the following note:

To Mrs. G. F. Johnson,

DEAR MADAM.—Will you kindly accept the New Raymond sewing machine which I send by the bearer of this as a Christmas present. Wishing you all the compliments of the season. I remain,

Very truly yours.
E. J. MILLER.

Middleton, Dec. 24th, 1885.

MONTREAL, Dec. 21.—There were no deaths from small-pox on Saturday and but two in the suburbs. Yesterday there were also no deaths in the city, but three in hospital and three in the suburbs.

—A Sale and Tea at the Ferry last week realized about $70.

—The ladies of Meadowvale held their sale on the 23rd inst. The evening being fine, it proved a success and a very pleasant evening was spent. $17 was realized.

—The finest assortment and best and easiest fitting SKATING BOOTS are to be had at J. W. Beckwith's. Also Acme Skates. 11

—The gale of Saturday last blew down one of the chimneys of Dr. Robertson's house at Annapolis.

—There have been rumors that the Government will dissolve the present parliament; but the Montreal *Gazette* says this is incorrect and that it will continue until the expiration of term.

—Now is the time for BARGAINS in all lines of WINTER GOODS at J. W. Beckwith's. 11

—The late storm so demoralized the telegraph wires that the city press received no press news from either the United States or Europe on Monday night last.

—The Bridgetown Skating Rink will be open Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights of this week. 11

—Joseph Fellows, Esq., of Bridgetown, has been gazetted justice of the peace.

—The steamer Dominion sails from Yarmouth for Boston next Saturday on her last trip of the season.

—Through an accident we overlooked a seasonable communication from "Echo" until too late for insertion this week, but will give it a place next week.

PERSONAL.—The Yarmouth *Times* says:—

We are glad to learn that Hon. W. B. Vail is convalescent. He left Weymouth for Digby on Wednesday, and after remaining there a few days will return to Halifax.

—Alfred Whitman, Esq., one of the firm of Messrs Whitman & Silver, solicitors, of Halifax, was in town last week. He is spending the Christmas holidays with his parents at Round Hill.

EXHIBITION.—The Kentville *Star* says:—The officers of the Exhibition have closed the business with a surplus of between $1,100 and $1,200 for the County. The management deserves credit for the economical and successful manner in which the work was done.

—We have received from Messrs. Keeling & Hunt, of London, E. C., an account of sales of Nova Scotia apples ex Wetherby. Prices realized were low throughout, with the exception of eight barrels of Ripston Pippins which brought 26s. 6d. The prices were about as follows:—Greenings, 6s. to 11s.; Russetts, 8s. 6d. to 10s.; Baldwins 10s. to 15s.; King Tompkins, 9s. 6d. to 15s.; Spitz. 10s.; Blenheim Pippin 15s.

—Mr. John Murray, a young man well known at one time by travellers on the Windsor and Annapolis Railway as a first rate baggage master, and a good fellow generally, died at Halifax of consumption, on Saturday, 19th inst. The deceased was quite a young man and made many friends in Annapolis Royal, and his untimely death is much regretted.

—The Baptist Church, at Lawrencetown, has been recently painted, which has greatly improved it. The contract was let to Mr. Wm. Roach, who put in the lowest tender. Although so late in the season the work has been done in first class style and to the entire satisfaction of the committee. The staging was put up and taken down by Mr. J. Bowlby without accident, and satisfactorily to all concerned.—*Com.*

—The fate of the poor boy, Wallace Carter, still remains shrouded in mystery. The reward offered by the Government has proved an incentive to further search; but the case is now too deep for inexperienced persons to fathom. If a skilled detective were sent on the ground, perhaps some clue to the mysterious affair might be found. Even if a detective's services are secured, it is somewhat doubtful, at this lapse of time, if the poor boy's fate will ever be discovered—still it is about the only chance that now remains for elucidating the mystery.

—Rev. James Robertson, a clergyman in the North West, says that the situation is really of a very serious character, and that only the most prompt action will avert another rebellion. He says:

"Gabriel Dumont is now across the border and it is said is using every means to stir up the American Indians and to get them to form an alliance with the North-West Indians, and if possibly have another rebellion at the base of the Rockies. There is nothing to prevent the Indians from taking up arms. If there is not to be another rebellion in the country the authorities will have to take some action at once.

—The Bridgetown Skating Rink opened its doors to the public for the first time this season, last evening. About 100 skaters were present. The managers have made a decided improvement in the appearance of the rink by hanging up some twenty-five or thirty flags of different sorts upon ropes, stretched crosswise on a level with the gallery. The Band have also been furnished with better accommodations, a projecting stand having been built for them on the south end of the gallery. The Band was in attendance last evening.

— One of the most severe storms that has visited this part of the country for years, took place on Saturday last. The wind was from the northeast, and blew a perfect hurricane driving furiously before it the hail and snow which accompanied it. It was felt all the more severely, when compared with the extraordinarily mild weather that we had been enjoying hitherto during the season. On Thursday the streets were ankle deep in mud, and on Sunday they were waist deep in snow. The storm was so terrific in the open country that it was almost impossible to make headway against it. We have not heard of any damage in our immediate vicinity, but a correspondent says that about 100 feet was carried away from the centre of the Margaretville breakwater, and that several vessels are badly injured. The Digby pier also suffered, and several vessels were broken from their moorings. The Windsor and Annapolis Railway express train going east, was blockaded at Wolfville, and did not reach Halifax until Sunday afternoon. All along the South Shore the storm was terrific, and mail routes and telegraph service are badly disarranged. One vessel was wrecked in the South East passage, near Halifax, and became a total loss. The steamer Secret tried to put across the Bay from St. John, but was tossed about until midnight, when she managed to again make port at St. John. In Yarmouth the streets were almost impassable. A despatch from Eastport, Me., says under date of 27th inst:—

A furious north-east snow storm raged here nearly all day Saturday. A telegram from Grand Manan says about 30 vessels anchored in Flagg's Cove during the afternoon. The schooner Sabra Killam and Adelia Hartwell dragged their anchors, fouled and drifted ashore. The Hartwell dragged (sixty tons) broke in two amidship and is a total wreck; she belongs to Gloucester. The Killam belongs to Pubnico, N. S., and is a total wreck; her captain, Amero, was frozen to death, with arms around the vessel's traveller, but the rest of the crew were saved after five hours of intense suffering. The schooner Gazelle, from Grand Manan, went ashore and broke up. The schooner A. J. Franklyn is ashore. The schooner Breeze, Capt. Leary, of Portland, dragged out of Grand Harbor and drifted out to sea with one man aboard, and probably sank. The damage to weirs, nets and small boats all along there must be large. The fishermen will probably lose most of their fall savings. The gale at Grand Manan reached eighty miles per hour at midnight.

We trust the worst has been told and that no further accounts of disasters will come to hand.

New Advertisements

Dominion Electoral Franchise Act.

AS the preliminary lists are now being prepared, persons claiming to be entitled to vote on qualifications not appearing by the Assessment Rolls, such as

On Income, as Farmer's Sons or as Owner's Sons,

or the like, are requested to forward promptly their names, (Christian names in full) with Post Office address, and, where claiming as sons, full names of parents accompanied by Statutory declaration, under Canada Act of 1874, Ch. 37, or other satisfactory proof.

☞ Office for Annapolis County:—Office of A. Morse, Esq., Bridgetown. For Digby County:—Judge's Chambers, and office of W. B. Stewart, Esq., Digby.

A. W. SAVARY,
Revising Officer.

Spect. Dig Cour. 2i

Cash Store.

THE subscriber having leased the store next door to J. W. WHITMAN'S, will sell at BOTTOM PRICES,

FLOUR, MEAL, GROCERIES, SPICES,

Buffalo Robes, Goat Skins, Horse Rugs, Surcingles, Curry Combs, Whips and Bells.

Balance of stock in

Silverware,

at Wholesale Prices.

Please do not ask for credit, and save us the trouble of saying

NO.

N. H. PHINNEY.

N. B.—Agent for the celebrated Charter Oak Cook Stove.

Lawrencetown, Dec. 21th, 1885. n38tf.

R. D. BEALS,
NICTAUX FALLS,

—DEALS IN—

BOOTS & SHOES

SNOW EXCLUDERS, SNOW PACKS, RUBBERS.

DRY GOODS,

GLASS WARE, CROCKERYWARE, HARDWARE, SHIRTS & DRAWERS, OVERALLS.

XMAS CANDIES,

Raisins, Currants, Oranges, Nuts, Toys, Etc.

Marked Down Goods:

Men's Reefers, from $8 to $5

Balance of LADIES' WINTER HATS, at Cost.

—ALSO—

FLOUR, MEAL, FISH and OATS, at Bottom Prices.

Nictaux Falls, Dec. 22nd, '85. 37 1y

Off it Goes.

I have bought out the entire stock of

R. D. MACDONALD,

AND WILL CONTINUE TO SELL

ALL THE GOODS,

—AT—

AUCTION PRICES,

NOW IS THE TIME TO BEAT POOR TIMES,

—AUCTION ON—

SATURDAY,

DAY AFTER CHRISTMAS.

Begining at 2 o'clock sharp.

Don't be late, as the best bargains always go at the first of a sale.

Don't forget to come and see the Big Sale, and keep on coming.

George Armstrong.

Dec. 21st, 1885. no27tf.

Iron & Steel,

—ASSORTED SIZES.—

3-16, 1-4 and 5-16 Inches

CHAINS,

Horse Shoes and Horse Shoe Nails.

SLEIGH AND CARRIAGE BOLTS, &c.

Heath, Milligan & Co.'s BEST PREPARED PAINT

—ALSO—

2 PULPERS and a Quantity of BLACKSMITH'S COAL.

FOR SALE BY

H. FRASER.

SLEIGHS

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

The Piano Box SLEIGH,

The Most Convenient and Economical Sleigh now in Use.

THE subscriber takes this method of notifying the public that he has now on hand a very superior lot of the above Class of Sleighs, ready for use, neatly ironed with a Broad SPRING STEEL SHOE, and painted very neatly in different shades and ornamented in gilt, and upholstered, and he has one very Fancy

ALBANY CUTTER,

All of which will be sold low for Cash at the

Old Reliable Carriage Factory,

VICTORIAVALE,

DAVID FALES.

Dec. 9th, 1885.

Sleighs! Sleighs!

—TO—

SUIT EVERYBODY,

GO AND SEE THEM, AT

JOHN HALL'S,

LAWRENCETOWN,

TERMS—Sight.

Lawrencetown, Dec. 22nd, '85. 37tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1885-'86.

TO MY PATRONS AND FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY:—

I beg to tender you my cordial thanks for the patronage extended to me during the year 1885.

Notwithstanding low prices and the continued depression in all branches of business, I am happy to be able to state, that I have never had a better year's trade. In fact, all departments of my business show a steady and healthy increase of sales. It is a source of much satisfaction to myself, as it shows that the efforts I have put forth to keep a thoroughly assorted stock of the best and most reliable goods, are appreciated.

We are now about entering upon another year, and I trust that our pleasant relations may be still continued. On my part it shall be my constant aim, to so watch the markets that I may be able to keep in stock the choicest goods in large variety at the lowest possible prices. Close attention to the tastes and requirements of my customers has enabled me always to buy with judgment, and I shall continue to exercise in the future the same care.

Trusting that the coming year may be one of peace and prosperity to you all,

I remain,

Yours respectfully,

J. W. Beckwith.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his fine Farm situated in HAVELOCK, Annapolis Co. It consists of 75 acres, about 35 of which are tillage, remainder in pasture and woodland. A small orchard is on the place. Cuts about 20 tons of good hay. Soil good and easily cultivated. A saw-mill is on the place and a barn. The cellar of a house is dug and stoned, and the frame is on the ground ready to be put up. Will be sold reasonable.

TERMS.—Half purchase money down, remainder may remain on mortgage.

ANDREW BOLSOR, 2nd.

Havelock, Dec. 1884.

P. S.—Stock will be sold with Farm if required.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

having secured the services of practical

Harness and Shoe Makers,

would call the attention of the public and especially intending purchasers, to his large and complete stock of

HARNESSES,

—IN—

Silver, (on G. S.), Nickle, Brass, and X. C. Mountings.

which he offers at the lowest prices in the trade.

—ALSO: MY STOCK OF—

SLEIGH BELLS, CHIMES, STRAPS & SETS, HORSE RUGS, LAP ROBES, ETC.

are offered at especially low figures.

Always in Stock,

Harness Mountings, Leathers of all kinds, Coarse Boots, Knee Boots, English Fitted Balmorals, Congress Boot Uppers, Shoe Findings, Etc., Etc.

Hides Wanted,

and the Highest Prices given in Cash, at

GEORGE MURDOCH'S.

Welland Canal Enlargement.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for the Welland Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western mails on MONDAY, the 25th day of JANUARY next (1886), for raising the walls of the locks, weirs, &c., and increasing the height of the banks of that part of the Welland Canal between Port Dalhousie and Thorold and, for deepening the Summit Level between Thorold and Ramey's Bend, near Humberston.

The works, throughout, will be let in Sections.

Maps of the several localities, together with plans and descriptive specifications, can be seen at this office on and after MONDAY, the 11th day of JANUARY next, 1886, where printed forms of tender can be obtained. A like class of information relative to the works north of Allanburg will be furnished at the Resident Engineer's Office, *Thorold*; and for works south of Allanburg, plans, specifications, &c., may be seen at the Resident Engineer's Office, *Welland*.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and in case of firms, except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of their occupation and place of residence of each member of the same; and further, an accepted bank cheque of *Two Thousand Dollars* or more—according to the extent of the work on the section—must accompany the respective tenders, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the works, at the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The amount required in each case will be stated on the form of tender.

The cheque or money thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
A. P. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 9th December, 1885. 51i42.

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JOHN P. MURDOCH, Agent.

Bridgetown, Sept. 28th. tf

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