

AS IT WAS IN THE OLD DAYS

Some Conservative Frauds Exposed

How Public Lands Used To Be Parcelled Out Before 1906

OTTAWA, March 30.—Some returns to the disposal of timber berths in the West during the Conservative regime suggest what might be disclosed if the Liberal members of parliament should carry the war into the enemy's camp and take up the time of the house with a quoque argument on the question of alleged partisanship charged against the present administration in granting timber licenses in the West.

On March 19, 1904, Daniel Saunders of Shovel Lake, Man., wrote to the department of interior stating that an advertisement asking for tenders to cut timber on a certain berth had reached him too late to submit his tender and asking that tenders be again called for. The department replied that no tenders had been received and he was asked to submit one. A little later N. Boyd, M. P., wrote to Hon. T. M. Doherty, Minister of the Interior, enclosing a letter from W. H. Whittemore, Winnipeg, stating that Saunders had tendered for the berth in question and asking: "I know Mr. Saunders well. He has always been a strong supporter of the Conservative party and can be relied upon to stick to us until the end of the world. I am planning for the same piece of timber, and as I am a Liberal, I would rather see Saunders get it. Kindly help Saunders in any way you can. Boyd's marginal note to Hon. Mr. Doherty was: "Kindly see that this matter is looked after."

Mr. Saunders got the berth for \$30. On Nov. 11th, 1904, Robert Rogers, now Minister of Public Works in the Roblin government, wrote to the Minister of the Interior: "Nell Keith has applied to you for a permit to cut the berth No. 11, ranges 10 and 17 east. I would be glad if you would grant him this permit at once. Keith is a good fellow and a good friend of mine. He has been connected with Dan. Mann for years."

The department forwarded to Mr. Keith and to Mr. Rogers, Nov. 2nd, copies of one advertisement which will shortly appear in the newspapers, inviting competition for a permit to cut timber on berth No. 37E.

The advertisement for tenders receivable at departmental offices just ten days after the first notice had been sent to Mr. Keith. He got the berth for \$15 being the only tender.

A third case of similar departmental favoritism was in connection with the application of Mr. Robert Brobant on Feb. 4th, 1904, for permission to tender on a berth in Shovel Lake.

The department applied to Crown Timber Agent E. F. Stephenson for information about the berth and reported that the information of settlement did not show any more new mills in the vicinity of the berth, there being already too many in that district.

When A. A. Stephenson, M. P., wrote to the Deputy Minister, respecting Brobant's application, stating that "it is possible that it may be favorable consideration."

Mr. Brobant was promptly furnished with a copy of an advertisement which will shortly appear in the newspapers, etc. He submitted a tender for \$30, which was accepted.

STAR LINE GIVES UP CARRYING MAILS

Complete Daily Stage Service for All River Points.

Attention is called to the fact that the Star Line will be carried by the Star Line. It will be remembered that upon the expiration of the contract for the summer service the company declined to renew on the same terms but asked an increased subsidy on the ground that the amount received in the past was much less than a fair remuneration for the work performed. Negotiations have been in progress for some time, and the Star Line has now been reached by which the postal department will perform the whole river service, exclusive of Star line assistance.

Commencing on April 1st, Wednesday of this week, several new services will come into operation. From Westfield Station to Coombsville, there will be a daily mail to all points along the river, making double trips. In winter two horse rigs will be used and in summer single teams.

From Coombsville, which now has a daily service, the mails will be carried daily to Upper Coombsville, also by stage. The same kind of service will be in effect on Wednesday between the Mouth of James and Cambridge, the latter point now having a daily mail from Coombsville. Coombsville will leave the railway at Wanda Station. Under this new series of contracts both sides of the river will be regularly supplied, and the only point between St. John and Fredericton which will still be without a daily mail is at Long Reach. This point depends on a service from Clifton, three times a week.

There is only one gap on the whole of the main river not covered by rail

MAKING ILLEGAL USE OF MAILS

"Sporting Exchange" Fakir Again at Work as E. R. Harewood

Some weeks ago The Sun told of the discovery made by post office officials that a man living for the time being at Edmundston, and been using the mails for fraudulent purposes. His plan was to intimate that an estate valued at some eight hundred pounds had been left to certain heirs, and by letter and otherwise he was securing remittances from people all over America who had been led by him into the belief that they might share the estate. The offender in this case hurriedly left New Brunswick and though he has since been sought by officers on the other side of the line he has not been caught.

In September last it came to the notice of the post office authorities that a party at Nauyasewauk who previously had no extraordinary correspondence was receiving a very large number of letters, many of them bearing registered addresses, and, upon investigation, gradually found their way to the post office, from persons who stated that they had sent sums of money to the Nauyasewauk address, expecting sporting goods in return, and had received no replies. Investigation was made and it was found that improper use was being made of the mails by a man who under the address of "Sportsmen's Exchange," claimed to be doing business in sporting goods. When full information had been obtained to prove that there was good cause for complaint on the part of those who had forwarded money, the mail directed to the Sportsmen's Exchange was seized. Some hundreds of letters, containing various amounts ranging as high as forty or fifty dollars were returned to the senders either directly or through the dead letter office, and since September nothing more has been heard of the Nauyasewauk Sportsmen's Exchange.

But recently other complaints have come in. As in the former case they came from persons ordering sporting goods, boats, guns, etc., who have patiently waited for their orders to be filled. In these most recent cases the complainants have referred to one E. R. Harewood, of Gondola Point, as the advertiser who has succeeded in getting money from them.

There is no such person as E. R. Harewood near Gondola Point. The postmaster at that place had his suspicions aroused when he found many letters coming to an unknown resident, and he called on the person to whom the letters were addressed did not call at the post office but was in the habit of sending for his mail by a boat. The postmaster at that place had just been found that the person doing business under the name of E. R. Harewood at Gondola Point is the same individual who formerly flourished at Nauyasewauk as promoter of the Sportsmen's Exchange. Accordingly on Saturday the postmaster at Gondola Point seized a large bundle of letters something over a hundred letters it is said—addressed to "E. R. Harewood, many of the letters it is thought, contained money. The letters were sent to the senders. Meanwhile action will probably be taken by the postal authorities against the man who has been using the mails for fraudulent purposes. The officials do not say that Harewood, so-called, is not conducting a business in sporting goods, but they have many letters in their hands for which money has been sent and have not been filled.

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHES

From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of headache. The colds are caused by the cold air moving from the North. E. W. Grove on box 26.

Relatives Puzzled

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Mar. 30.—News of the murder of Annie Mulline, formerly of this city, near Cambridge, Mass., created a stir here. Members of the Mulline family here, who are young women never wrote of any trouble which would furnish a clue to the murder. They say that they have no knowledge of any person who would have been likely to commit the crime.

or stage that between Georgetown and Upper Coombsville, but until the present no post office has been opened in that district. Thus the river service will, beginning on Wednesday, be practically perfect. The majority of offices between Westfield and Coombsville now, even in summer, get only a tri-weekly mail, and between twenty and thirty of these will hereafter be supplied daily. The service will be better, it is said, for all the year, than has in the past been provided during the summer months.

The president of the Star line some time ago announced that if the mail contract were not renewed on better terms the company would give only a tri-weekly instead of a daily steamboat service to Fredericton. It is understood that this plan will be followed, and that with the steamer which is not on the river a series of excursions to various points on the river will be arranged during the summer months.

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DO YOU KNOW THE BEST WEATHER PROTECTION OFFERED BY A SLICKER?

BRITISH PARLIAMENT ENDORSES HOME RULE

Nationalist Resolution Passed With a Big Majority

Mr. Asquith, the Coming Premier and Mr. Birrell Favor Home Rule But Will Do Nothing Till After the Next Election.

LONDON, March 30.—The House of Commons tonight after a lengthy debate on the question of home rule for Ireland, adopted by a vote of 313 to 187 a resolution moved by John E. Redmond, the Nationalist leader, that "in the opinion of this house a solution of this problem can only be attained by giving the Irish people legislative and executive control of all purely Irish affairs," after it had been amended by adding the words, "all subject to the supreme authority of the Imperial parliament."

The debate could have but one result, because the government already had pledged that there should be no deal in the matter of home rule until it had been given a mandate at the general election. But the debate was made notable through the strong declaration of Chancellor Asquith, which was all the more significant because made at the moment Mr. Asquith was actually assuming the premiership.

HON. JOHN REDMOND, Leader of the Nationalist Party.

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Mr. Balfour, in a brief speech, had accused his opponents of speaking with two meanings, a radical meaning and a nationalist meaning. He asked how it was conceivably possible to carry out great Irish reforms with British money, except by a British parliament, and ironically challenged Mr. Asquith to clear up this ambiguity.

"Amidst ironical laughter, Mr. Asquith rose and said that in his life he had felt less embarrassed than he did now in the chamber. He had over twenty years he himself and his colleagues had steadily and consistently supported self-government for Ireland's purely local affairs. He held that opinion now as strongly as ever. He could not, however, support Mr. Redmond's motion in its present form, because he found in it the explicit recognition of Imperial supremacy and further, because no parliament would be justified in embarking on such a task unless the matter first had been submitted to the electorate. It would be a gross and inexcusable violation of their promises to do so in the lifetime of the present parliament. As far as the present parliament was concerned, he said, they had exhausted their powers in regard to the problem of Irish government in the Irish council's bill last year.

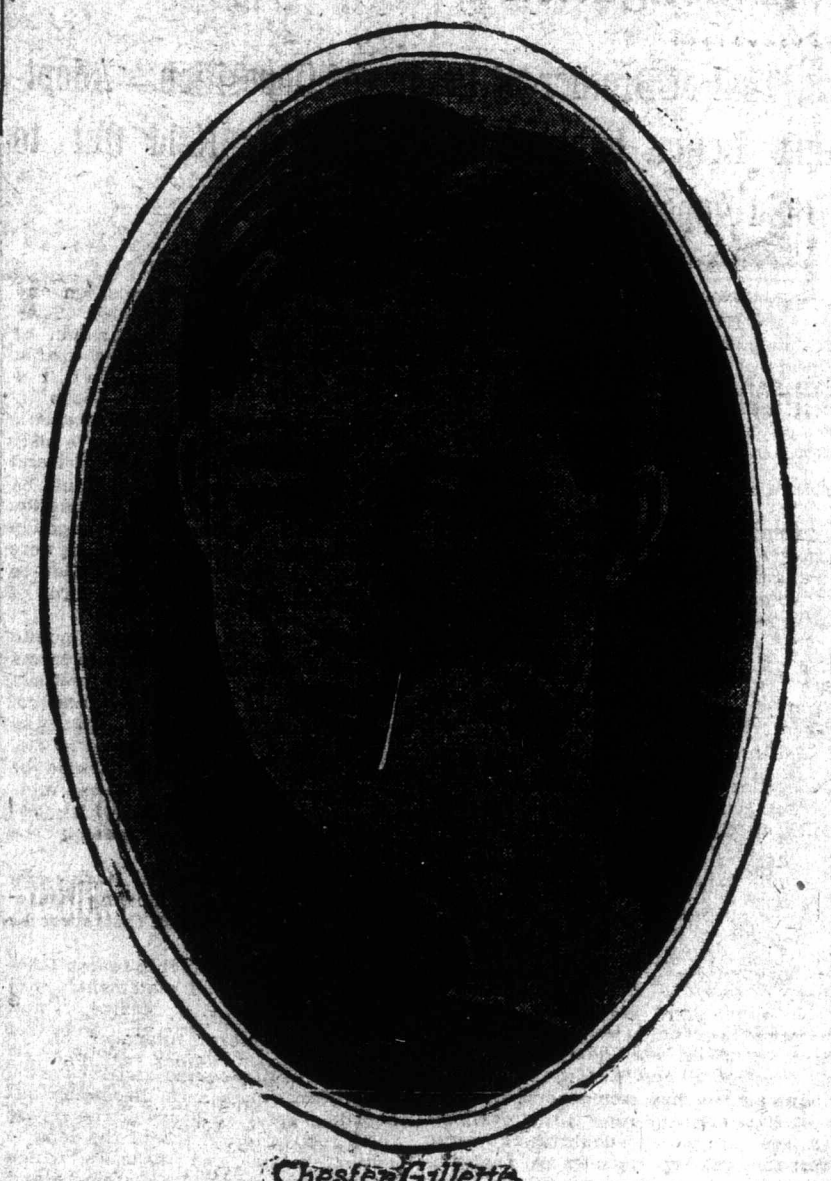
Timothy Healy closed the debate, declaring that Mr. Asquith was mistaken because he supposed that the British people were to be asked to give the Irish nation by his speech. Earl Percy on behalf of the Unionists moved an amendment declaring that the present system of government for Ireland was the best that could be created of an Irish parliament with a responsible executive, but the amendment was rejected.

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The only argument remaining against home rule, Mr. Redmond continued, was an argument of fear. It was said he declared that Ireland was a General Bocha until the Transvaal was given self-government. Mr. Redmond, in conclusion, asked the house to give Ireland that which had been given the Frenchmen of Quebec and the Dutchmen of the Transvaal, and thus close the British chapter in the history of the empire.

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GILLETTE DIED MONDAY AFTER CONFESSING HIS GUILT



Charles Gillette

AUBURN, Mar. 30.—Unmoved and without showing the faintest sign of emotion of any kind, Charles Gillette was put to death in an electric chair at Auburn this morning. The electrocution was the most successful that ever took place in the local prison. But one contact was all that was required to carry the mandate of the law into effect and when that was over the general of Grace, or "Billy" Brown, had been avenged and the slayer had paid the penalty given a life for a life.

In every way the electrocution was a success and the officials of the prison and the officials of the law were marked with a sense of duty. The electrocution was a success and the officials of the prison and the officials of the law were marked with a sense of duty. The electrocution was a success and the officials of the prison and the officials of the law were marked with a sense of duty.

The man was declared dead by the official time at 6:18, but by the watch held by some of the newspaper reporters it was two minutes after that time when the warden announced to the witnesses and the attendants "Gentlemen, the physicians announce that the man is dead."

"The fact that was necessary for the man to be killed was 1900 volts at 7-1-2 amperes, and it was held on for three seconds more than a full minute. When this had been done careful examination of the man's head was made, but there was no sign of life. Witnesses assembled at the warden's office at 6:10 o'clock, and at 6:10 the man was killed. He was killed by the south wing of the prison to the death chamber was started. This was quickly over and at 6:11, when State Electrocution was made his test of the machinery, the witnesses were all on hand and had their seats assigned to them.

The test being finished the word was given and the door leading from the death cells was opened, Gillette walking firmly and looking neither to the right nor to the left. He came briskly along the row and into the chamber. On either side of him was a minister of the Gospel, Chaplain Herrick on his right and a minister of the Gospel on his left. It was 6:12:35 when the little party entered the chamber, and the work of strapping the man in the chair was quickly over. The official time made 6:13:20. The contract was put on at 6:14:02 and switched off at 6:15:06. The man was killed.

with a responsible executive. Chief Secretary for Ireland, Birrell came out squarely in support of home rule and declared there was not a man in the house of commons but knew that sooner or later there would be a very substantial modification in relations between Great Britain and Ireland. The Imperial parliament, he said, had not time to attend to the needs of Ireland; there were scores of vital measures requiring immediate and constant attention unless they were going to allow "something like hell" to prevail in Ireland. If the Nationalists should bring their proposals clearly before the people at the next general election Mr. Birrell said he believed the English electorate would rally to their help in solving the problem.

CAPT. CHARLES DAWES DEAD

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Mar. 30.—Captain Charles Dawes, for the past two years leader of the opposition in the Newfoundland legislature, died today after a long illness. Captain Dawes was the largest vessel owner interested in the Labrador fisheries. He resigned as leader of the opposition two months ago on account of ill health. Mr. Edwards succeeded him.

5,000 FIGHT FOR LAWSON STOCKS

Frantic Crowds in Broad St. Beyond Control of Police in Trading Scramble

NEW YORK, March 30.—Thomas W. Lawson called to the public to buy 700,000 shares of stock of the Yukon Gold Company, a placer prospect which he advertised as one of the group of the Guggenheim mining interests, resulted in blocking Broad street at the point where the curb market is carried on yesterday, while upward of 5,000 persons surged to and fro in great excitement as brokers sought to execute orders for the stock.

Nearly every stock exchange house and most of the consolidated exchange houses had orders to buy, buy, buy, until the curb market was thrown into a state bordering on frenzy and the various groups of brokers were disorganizing and worked up to the point of almost utter demoralization.

Answering Lawson's call through the newspapers, the public came into the market for Yukon stock in such a rush that in the first ten minutes of trading nearly 100,000 shares had changed hands. This was accomplished while the brokers howled at each other and some shook fists and brandished their arms about in the utmost confusion.

The people stood in the street and all traffic was completely blocked. The few police on hand were unable to cope with the situation and wagons and other teams had to turn aside from the curb market, which is usually conducted in a portion of the street, making some provision for traffic on the other side.

Although the Guggenheims had not dealt with Lawson in offering the stock to the public, they admit that his presentation of most of the facts is substantially correct, and Lawson, who got into the deal through Tripp & Co., of No. 35 Wall street, according to the Guggenheims, didn't stop to bother with any formalities as to the manner of handling the big transaction. He advertised in the newspapers all over the country that yesterday Yukon gold stock was going to be sold on the curb market in this city, and that was enough to stir the public to unusual interest.

Lawson had said the stock would be sold at not less than \$5 or more than \$10 per share, but when the curb market opened, eight minutes before the announced hour of ten o'clock, the bidding became frantic and the quotations ranged over a large field, going as high as \$150 per share, it is said, in some of the excited groups.

By eleven o'clock 275,000 shares had been disposed of. The excitement was intense and a number of members of the New York Stock Exchange were on the curb for the first time in their lives. A representative of the syndicate offering the stock said: "We have sold the stock at an advance of \$10. Twenty different commission houses were commissioned to sell the stock between \$1 and \$10 a share and no more, and they are carrying out the agreement."

The Guggenheims have come out in a statement that they have spent \$10,000,000 on the mining property so far, although the properties are not yet producing. The Guggenheims have practically finished a great canal, forty miles long, at a cost of \$5,000,000, to convey water to the placer diggings.

TWO ROUMANIANS KILLED BY A TRAIN

MONTREAL, Que., March 30.—Two Roumanians were instantly killed this evening on the Grand Trunk Railway tracks at Blue Bonnets, just outside the city. They were returning from work at a car factory on the Lachine canal, walking along the railway track. They stepped from one track in order to avoid a freight train in front of another. Both had their legs severed from the body.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. *Castor Oil*

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 28.—While attempting to arrest an unknown man in the yard of S. H. Dibble, on Orange street, tonight, Police Officer Henry Hines was shot by the stranger in the thigh. The man fired five times but hit the officer only once, then joined by a companion, disappeared. The officer was removed to St. Raphael's Hospital. He is expected to recover.

FREDERICTON WANTS BETTER FREIGHT SERVICE

FREDERICTON, March 30.—A meeting of the council of the Board of Trade was held this evening, when several matters of importance were discussed. It was decided to write the railway commission regarding alleged freight discrimination against Fredericton and see if a more satisfactory arrangement could not be reached. The lighting of Fredericton highway bridge was referred to City Council with a strong recommendation that this matter be attended to. The dredging of the river was also discussed, and it was decided to communicate with the Minister of Public Works for the purpose of furthering this subject.

CARELESS.

Two Irishmen, meeting one day, were discussing local news. "Do you know Jim Skelly?" asked Pat. "Well," said Mike, "he has had his appendix taken away from him."

"Ye don't say so?" said Mike. "Well, it serves him right. He should have had it in his wife's name."

Beloved and revered for his pious, broad mindedness, and his wonderful medical knowledge, Father Morrissey's prescriptions have been widely known and his name is a household word in many homes. He was a true priest and a true man, and his death is a great loss to the community.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE

Loggieville Lad Lost On the River

Hands and Feet Frozen—Probably Maimed For Life.

CHATHAM, March 30.—Willie Smith, son of Horatio Smith of Loggieville, went through a terrible experience on the Miramichi River, where from Saturday morning until Monday forenoon he wandered lost and was found several miles from his home with his hands and feet badly frozen. The boy had gone with companions across the river from Loggieville Saturday morning to fish, and was returning in the track and became lost. Search was made for him all day and Sunday, but without result, and it was not until this morning that he was found by Samuel Brown of Negus on Portage Island. He was removed to a nearby farmhouse and medical aid summoned. It is probable that he will recover and may be maimed for life as a result of his terrible experience.

CARNEGIE'S CHILD CRIPPLE NO MORE

Miss Margaret, After Two Years' Suffering, Will Soon Discard Steel Support.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Assurances by the surgeon in whose care little Margaret Carnegie, the only child of Andrew Carnegie, has been for almost two years, that the injury to her knee would not permanently cripple her, but, on the contrary, that within a few days the steel supports which have been strapped to the child's limb could be discarded made the retired ironmaster and his wife yesterday the happiest of parents.

Plans are now being made by Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie to leave New York with little Margaret, the wealthiest heiress in the world, for a long season in the Scottish Highlands, where is located the famous Skibo Castle.

Dr. J. J. Germany, the surgeon who has had Margaret for a patient, said her injury was not a serious one, and that the steel support only a short time longer, and that all danger of her being crippled was passed.

It was while the little girl, now eleven years old, was romping about the estate grounds, but within a few weeks the knee became so weak and painful that little Margaret could not walk without assistance and then only with difficulty. The knee joint was stiff, and Mrs. Carnegie was greatly worried for the child is spoiled by them, and on their return to this country Dr. Germany was consulted. He caused the steel support to be firmly strapped to the limb, and though it was the cause of much pain to the child, the injured member has gradually but slowly improved until it is once more strong.

Massage and other remedies have dissipated the stiffness and the muscles are now free in their action.

PENSAACOLA, Fla., March 30.—As a result of being struck by a Whitehead torpedo, being struck from one of her own tubes, the battleship, the USS Oregon, which has been engaged in target practice off this port, has a large jagged hole just below her waterline on her port side.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS

W. L. WILLIAMS, Successor to M. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Liquor Merchant 119 and 121 Prince William St. Established 1870. Write for family price list. 28-11-19

FR. MORRISSEY, WELL KNOWN NORTH SHORE PRIEST, DEAD

Was Famed All Over the Continent for His Skill as a Physician—Parish Priest at Baribogue for Over 30 Years

CHATHAM, Mar. 30.—Father Morrissey, for over thirty years parish priest at Baribogue, five miles below this town and known all over the American continent for his marvelous cures, died this morning at 2:30 o'clock in Hotel Dieu Hospital, here, after an illness of many months. Father Morrissey had been a great sufferer from rheumatism, but his end was caused by general debility and breaking up of the system. Beloved and revered for his pious, broad mindedness, and his wonderful medical knowledge, Father Morrissey's prescriptions have been widely known and his name is a household word in many homes. He was a true priest and a true man, and his death is a great loss to the community.

CONTRACT PRIN

Foster Advoc Appointed tend for Laurier P Civil Serv

OTTAWA, Ont., Mar 30.—Today Hon. Sir Foster was appointed to the position of civil servant.

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