Father's love with when we accomplish e value of the price. vit. All that glory of the Father's love ht it not robbery to form of a servant. bout that price, was to pay it. Behold couth cradle of his rors of his shamefu, m at Gethsemane woe, and when he whetted against hls ll upon his face and veat was as it were first instalment of OOD OF CHRIST."d pretorium where it was he who had iverse,) and they tiless hands forced ; and while knees n and rude laughter e flowed from his second instalment BLOOD OF CHRIST. trate on the cross. nammer is raisedthe work of his troke falls, and the gh that gentle hand. again, more blood. g on the cross for still more blood. ver and the riven very wantonness. came forth blood last!! payment in

.

the cold and worldremind him that has drank up a rgument by which orice is paid-the you own the purn, ye are bought ment which must on human ability claims of holiness. pths of legal conhension of the diforth a peculiar Christ constrainnceforth, not unat died for them.

ice, THE PRECIOUS

MISSION.

Saplist Missionary

o be a vindication of

erm " certain errowhich you thus cha u intend your docupreared in the ninewould have you of it put his handons slanderous and er he may have told hat the hand which off sooner than pen ou-you surely had our authority to that re erroneous or unwn the error or the tempt it. You use ave been ; but your crifices you made, our contributions smallness of the idence the Baptists popular perversion you cannot, surely. ultitude of sins;" arges is an enumerance! Look at our how far you have e facts which you

cle is, that the sta left, during the past orts, but subject to founded or untrue? appeal of Madame ich she alleges that ou since last autumn nt trials of the mis-August, 1845, " the ed £571," does not

port yielded to the uence of its conall this unfounded or appeal to the fact nission, nothing is to the positive and car by year, your our Associations, long as you are on cannot be heard your own vindica there constrained been by any means arisen in this Proed, to a mournful an benevolence."nemination at large as a Society, and funds. Upon this eleased from the obour answer? "The £521." Have you to starve these de

icle is, that you and from the people of and M. Roussy were ded or untrue? The ws it; you acknowcealed it? On this The churches at ou seem to acknowold us that you adon the subject, you d not think it necessary to tell the pubot advocating the t laid you under the You plead, indeed, give or withhold fault is, that you did ved statement. You

such a position that ould consider him as nead and front of our No man who was astructions to with was your policy to ce in that policy, he known that you not that you had come unqualified state-

est men, they should

ment, that the missionaries at Grand Ligne wers Baptists. whose fundamental rules is that no person shall hold any ofwho does not hold the doctrine of "the baptism of believers | the fact has been concealed from those whose contribution would feel that to publish the fact would be to expose your procedure. To consent to act as your agent was, ipse facto,

These were the material statements of our article :- That Grand Ligne needs aid : that its connection with you hinders Baptists from supporting it; that Madame Feller and M. Roussy were, until very lately, unbaptized; and that you and your agents have concealed the last-mentioned fact from the Baptists of Canada West. Which of these statements do flection, and after a careful investigation; they have been sifted by many who are by no means partial to us, and have not been shaken in a single particular. They have been virtually admitted by yourselves. They stand before us more clear than at first. How could you, gentlemen, make your selves responsible for the rash allegation, that they are erroneous, unfounded, slanderous, and untrue? We have not our hundreds to bestow in munificent donations; but do you not believe that reputation is dear, even to a poor Baptist minister in the forests of the West. We believe it to be true that the members of committee have contributed £571; but that fact, important as it is, does not, surely, overthrow the

It was complained of by one of your number, whose communication we quoted in the last Pioneer, that we spoke of certain parties being duped. We did state it as our opinion that every contributor, and every person who had listened to your statements, must, now that the truth is out, feel themselves duped. We did not give this opinion until we had heard persons of both classes say, "If that is so, we have been deceived." Now, we state it, not as an opinion, but as a fact, that numbers even of those who have hitherto been your friends feel that they have been duped, and have lost confidence in you. We have heard them avow it, and could give you the names of ministers and private brethren, local secretaries of your own society, and local agents of your own organ. They acknowledge your liberality, but still, you have concealed the truth. You cannot complain if, now that the truth has been exposed, your conduct should be regarded have any remaining regard for the Mission or the missionaries, we intreat you do not make them a sacrifice to your own self-importance. Go to them at once, and honestly urge them "to revert to a state of independence."

In conclusion, we have a word to say regarding the position and prospects of your Society in this region. For our for the cause of missions as they. Yet if there is any one individual self, we avow without disguise, that we cannot in any way recognize it or co-operate with you in it. It is right that you should know the extent | How so? you will ask. Because, although they were sent of our "hostility," as you term it. We know no neutrality as to the laws of Christ, and cannot enter into only to be supported until they could support themselves: your compromise. You speak of your connection with the although, according to Dr. Carey, "they almost starved Society that sent out Carey, and into whose communion themselves to promote" the Society's "object;" and, as Judson was baptized. Just so another party might boast of J C. Harshman said, "laid upon its altar a fortune of their Sudson was capitated. Such as Connection with Duff, or Williams; but that would not own acquisition;" yet that Society laid claim to their earn bind us to be presbyterians and pædobaptists. It would have ings, and so acted towards them, that, after years of contro been more to the purpose if you had given us the history of Open Communion in England since the days of Fuller and Carey; or if you had told us that, though Dr. Judson was

Versy, a complete separation was the consequence. How Dr. Carey felt on the occasion may be judged by the following extracts from his "Thoughts," written when he was baptized by an agent of that Society, he and all his brethren 69 years of ages and had spent 37 years as a missionary. At of the American Union treat the open communion agents of one place he says, "But the most astonishing of all circum" that Society on the foreign field as on the same footing with pædobaptists. American Baptists contribute towards the translation of the Scriptures by the missionaries of that of Dr. Marshman with all the private correspondence of Society: why should they not? They have aided pædo- himself and his brethren, carried on for a long series of years, baptist missionaries: why should they not? But it is a with their private friends, for the purpose of assisting them different thing to employ an agent to distribute God's word, to rain the character of Dr. Marshman, and thereby of rainand to identify themselves with an organization which over- ing the interests of religion, so far as they are connected with turns God's ordinances in the churches. Take care how Serampore. A more nefarious piece of conduct could you construe that liberality into a sanction of your scarcely be produced in the history of the most unprincipled laxity. But to come back to your position here. Your past association which ever existed." And towards the end of efforts in Canada have torn the denomination by incessant the paper he says, "I therefore conclude the whole by addissensions. With love and peace upon your lips, you have been annual agents of discord. And do you not know that to Laban, mutatis mutandis, "What is our trespass, and the only hope which the Baptists of the West have of secur- what is our sin, that ye have so hotly pursued as ?" ing the peace and prosperity of the denomination lies in bringing your interference to a close. We tell you plainly, that we regard your principles and policy as involving a comyour repeated attempts upon the churches of this region as they should be sure the foundation is good upon those very grounds which we presume you describe as intolerant. In prosecuting this object, we shall speak plainly and faithfully; and if our plainness should sometimes unkind, we shall take care that not even prejudice can teel

it untrue. You speak of "hostility" and now you know the length and the breadth of it. To injure or destroy your Society we have neither purpose nor desire; but we shall humbly endeavour to keep it in its own place, and that is far apart from the great body of Baptists on this continent. It is nothing to us that you have your society, your college, or your organ. However we mry respect individuals, the warning from England, and the experience of Canada West, satisfy us that non-intercourse with you as a Society is the only right and safe course. It has been resolved in Associations; it is now being voted in churches; and we are ready, if need be, to deliver it individually to you. The East and the West are at length stretching out fraternal hands; and you will find that, when they proclaim the union of Baptists in Canada, they will, at the same time, combine to declare non-interc Canada Baptist Missionary Society.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Register, in reference to Mr. Savage's statements; the Brock and Wheelook letters; and the Grand Ligne Mission ;-and, while it is cause of deep regret that differences always been of the opinion that such matters are better to be brought out and openly discussed, than allowed to rankle and fret in secret. It is undoubtedly a more manly and Christian course to come forward boldly as you have done, and make the charges against those you think you have good cause to blame, than to deal in sly and irritating insinuations, accompanied by professions of charity and forgiveness. A direct charge can be met either by admission or refutation, and so may promote the cause of truth, and even lead to reconciliation between the parties. An ill-natured insinuation is productive of nothing but irritation, and greater alienation. I therefore think you have done right in bringing the charges forward. You have yourself reviewed the manner in which you have done it. Other people's opinions on that subject depend very much, as far as I can discover, upon which side of the fence they look from. The partizans of the Register, of course, severely condemn you, while they think all the

hard things that paper says of you are well deserved. I do not intend to meddle with the charges by and against Mr. Savage. He and you are quite able to take care of yourselves in that affair ; but as I see that in the last Register the Brock and Wheelock controversy is still kept open, and that the same paper also contains the "vindication" of the Montreal Committee to what are designated "your erroneous statements and unfounded representations," it has oc-

curred to me to drop you a few lines on these subject The only remark I have to make regarding Mr. Brock's letter is, that with the information Mr. Wheelock communicates in his reply, and the "right explanation" furnished by Next Sabbath, also, the 28th, I again visit our church or churches, Mr. Brock must be a bold man to give the unqualified contradiction be has published to Mr. Wheelock's charge. It rests upon so manifest a quibble, that it is ham, besides 16 who have been added by letter surprising any one calling himself an honest man, much less or otherwise. a Christian minister, could have put his name to it. There is no wonder Mr Wheelock was mystified. There is great dices are breaking down. O! that the Lord wonder that a paper professing neutrality in the controversy should have attempted the defence the Register has made. But some men have great "simplicity" of character.

One word as to Mr. Cramp's neutrality. He has been the advancement of our common cause. heard to say in his visits to this region (and others have said it for him) that the question of communion was never touched

in the College. In his capacity of editor of the Register he also says, We do not intend to touch the controversy even with the from Buffalo to Port Stanley and Port Dover. tip of a finger." Is it, or is it not the case, that while in the public instructions in the College the question is avoided, it is yet sometimes discussed with the students, by the hour, in private? I have been informed, on what I am bound to con-

sider good authority that it is. Can it be denied? On the subject of the Grand Ligne Mission, you have already, in your notice of "J. Girdwood's" communication, furnished so much of a reply to the Committee's vindica- James Skinner, was called on to preside, and tion (7), and I presume you will further notice it in so far as Dr. Wanless, to act as Secretary. may be necessary. For my part, I am almost as much "mystified" in this matter as Mr. Wheelock was in the other. The pith of your charge is, that a Society, one of carried:

He must have known, further, that you were acting with fice therein, or have any share in its management, who does Madame Feller and M. Roussy on committee, under a con- not hold the doctrine of "the baptism of believers only by Madame relier and in thousand the society of that no person shall hold any office in the Society, or have any share in its management," some as missionaries, who have been unbaptized; and that only, by immersion." Any man in these circumstances | were bolieited in aid of the Society. The Committee's "vindication" sets out by asserting that your statements are erroneous, and your representations unfounded. But, in a subsequent paragraph, the charge is fully admitted, and the wery particulars of Madame Feller's case are given. Nay more than this, it is said she and Mr, Roussy had been expostulated with by members of the Committee and others, and urged to "a full compliance with the Saviour's com mand." Where now is your "erroneous statement" and " unfounded representation"? There need be no dispute or you deny? They were put forth cautiously, on mature requibble about the word "conceal." That the Committee did not instruct their agents to withold any statements is n thing to the point. Their duty was to have instructed them to make a full and fair disclosure of all the circumstances. It would have been better for them, and the able and levoted missionaries also. Not a penny would have been

withheld. There is a position assumed in the defence which the Com mittee might as well not have attempted to occupy, relating to their share of the contributions. I do not mean that in the circumstances they have no right to tell how large a proportion has come from them. They have a perfect right to do so, and, if they like, to boast of it; but they have no right to speak as if the information was dragged from them in self-justification, and had never been made known before At the end of each published report, we are annually furnishad with a list of contributors and sums contributed ;- and those who have been in the habit of attending the meetings called by the deputations in this region know well that, time after time, the liberality of the Montreal friends has been dinned into our ears as an inducement to us to follow their example. Such being the case, it would have been as well not to have made the assertion that " they would rather have kept it out of sight."

The only other point in the vindicasion I shall notice is the flourish about their "connection with the Society which sent out the immortal Carey." Against the Society in Eng land as at present constituted, I have not a word to utter and I trust my object in neticing this flourish, will not be misapprehended. My only aim is to examine what ground the Montreal folks have for such a flourish. "Carey," with increased "jealousy and suspicion." If, therefore, you | "Marshman," "Ward," are names that have been familiar to me from childhood. I was early taught to revere the men. and they were well deserving of all the praise which can be bestowed upon them : for I suppose that in the whole cata. logue of modern missionaries the names of no three men can be found who unitedly and individually have done as much thing the Baptist Missionary Society have had reason to be ashamed of, it was their connection with these three men .versy, a complete separation was the consequence. How dressing the Baptist Mission Society in the words of Jacob

Now, I ask what ground have the Montreal Committee to "rejoice" in connecting themselves with a missionary through a Society of whom that missionary was constrained to write promise of truth to which we can never bend. We regard in the terms I have quoted? When people begin to boast,

an intrusion which we cannot cease to resist. While we It is but right to say, that where the transactions above to their reward, and another party had succeeded to the knew not Joseph :" and further, that of late years, there has been a re-union of the Serampore Mission with the London

> This communication has already extended to a greater length than I anticipated; I therefore subscribe myself

Yours, SCOTUS.

MONTREAL DEPUTATION.—The church in Hamilton adopted resolutions similar in their import to those adopted by the London and Lobo churches, with reference to the deputation of the of view :-Canada Baptist Missionary Society. The deputation concluded, we believe, not to proceed fururse with the ther west than Woodstock, at which place a we were rejoiced to learn, a very liberal collection was made. The missionary stations are in I have perused with much interest the various articles | reality destitute, and we earnestly request the which have appeared in your paper, and also in the Montreal friends to consider their claims. Let it be seen to that the fever which paralyzed trade last year, that, whilst our principles demand firmness in should arise between Christian men, and especially between tist Missionary Society, they also demand an those calling themselves by the same distinctive name, I have affectionate liberality in considering the wants of God's servants. Truth and love are of kin.

> MARKHAM AND PICKERING .- Many of our readers will learn with much interest the con- of the late monetary crisis in England, from tinued progress of a work of grace at the above which we suffered as the whole body always letter recently received from Brother David-

cannot be far behind.

The body of Regular Baptists in Markham and Pickering are increasing daily in numbers and influence. Since my last communication to you of a public nature, I have had the pleasure of seeing good days in the camp of Israel. On Sabbath, April 30, I baptized four converts: two of them have seen much of the world's joys and sorrows, being "well stricken in years," the other two were young persons of interest. Two were immersed in Markham on the following Sabbath, and united to the church the same day. Yesterday, notwithstanding it rained all the forenoon, I baptized four persons in Markham, three of whom were heads of families .little Jordan. Within the last twelve months, I have baptized 51 in Pickering, and 17 in Mark-

would send us peace and still further prosperity, with men who, in preaching the glorious gospel of the blessed God, would hazard their lives for

We regret extremely to learn that the steamer London, after this week, ceases to run

In pursuance of advertisement given, a public meeting was held on Wednesday, the 10th inst. at the house of Mr. James Ferguson, Proof-Line, Township of London; at which the Rev.

The following resolutions were unanimously

1st. It was moved by Mr. George F. Ryland. and seconded by Mr. Anthony Hughes,-That this meeting take a lively interest in the prosperity of the section of country in the vicinity of the leading road between London and Goderich, called the Proof-Line; which road, in their view, is one of the most public in the Western section of the Province, traversing a comparatively well settled locality, and therefore, strongly entitled to the consideration of the body to which the improvement of the country is entrusted.

2nd. It was moved by Mr. Thomas Ferguson, and seconded by Mr. William Batie,-That in onsequence of the immense travelling on the the fall of the year, to the great inconvenience and loss of the adjoining numerous agricultural having our loins girt about with truth and our lamps trimmed population especially, and to the travelling pub- and burning. generally.

3rd. It was moved by Mr. James Fraser, and econded by Mr. Robert Ferguson,-That it s the opinion of this meeting, that the extensive and rapidly increasing intercourse with London. as the market town, renders the statute labour, lowever judiciously performed, altogether inadequate to keep the road in repair; and that it is mpracticable to make it fit for a throughfare of so vast utility as it requires to be, unless it is planked or macadamised.

4th. It was moved by Mr. James Ferguson, and seconded by Mr. Henry Ferguson,-That this meeting would most earnestly press the state of this road, together with its vast importance, on the consideration of the Provincial Legslature, praying them to adopt what measures may, in their wisdom, seem proper to improve this road, and thereby allow the resources of this part of the country an opportunity of becoming developed.

5th. It was moved by Mr. William Taylor, and econded by Mr. Hugh Kennedy,-That this accting desire that these resolutions be embodied in a petition to the Provincial Legislature, and entrusted to Mr. Notman, M. P. P. for the County of Middlesex, with the request that he present and support the petition.

Also, that a copy of these resolutions be for varded to the Hon. M. Cameron, M. P. P. Commissioner of the Board of Works, with an urgent equest that his whole influence be given to pronote the object of this petition.

6th. It was moved by Mr. William and seconded by Mr. Peter Chatereau,-That the Rev. James Skinner, and Dr. Wanless, bo appointed a Committee to corespond with the Hon. members of Parliament, as above resolved,

7th. Mr. G. F. Ryland moved, and Mr. J. Ferguson seconded,-That a copy of these resolutions be sent to each of the London newspapers, with a request to publish them.

The draft of a petition based on these resolu tions was then read, and unanimously adopted. 8th. It was moved by Dr. Wanless, and seconded by Mr. J. Bell,-That a copy of the petition should for sometime be at Mr. Ferguson's, at Mr. Sifton's store, and at Mr. Gain's, for signatures.

9th. Moved by Mr. J. Ferguson, and seconded nanagement of the Society's affairs in England, "who be given to the Chairman, and Secretary, for their Lord's Day, (to-morrow), and a collection will be made in

J. SKINNER. Chairman.

J. WANLESS, Secretary.

STATE OF THE PROVINCE .- Several Quebec merchants, in denying the statements that have ppeared in several American papers, of this ountry being in a state of great political excitement and agitation, give the following picture of its actual condition in the commercial point | Service at 11 o'clock, a. m.; sermon by Rev. J. Gilmour

"Our trade is in a deplorable state; almost every kind of business is at a stand-still; most of our merchants have great difficulty to meet their bills; and penury is felt by all classes. public meeting on behalf of the Grand Ligne Hardly have we commenced to recover the mis-Mission was held, on Wednesday evening; and, fortunes to which the events of 1837 had given rise-hardly have we forgotten the numerous calamities which followed, when people chose to spread abroad rumours which began to gain credit even in our rural districts. If we join we may expect a financial crisis which will comresisting the encroachments of the Canada Bap- plete the ruin of the country. The numerous travellers who visit us every summer, and who spend handfuls of gold in our hotels and our stores, will be prevented, as many were last year, from coming to Canada-a change already se-When the power of the one is felt, the other | verely felt in the country.'

This deplorable state of things is the result of a variety of causes, amongst which may be ounted a deficient harvest, low prices for produce, over-importation, and the disastrous effects places. The following is a quotation from a suffers from an affection of the heart. On the whole, our merchants have passed through the erisis, so far, remarkably well. The number of ositive failures has not been great, though the epression of trade has been general, and continues so to the present time. Whether the crisis is over remains to be seen. An almost general freedom from political excitement, notwithstanding the absurd rumours that have been circulated in the American journals, will tend to allay all fears on the score of political change .-But this will not discharge the debts of our merchants, or give any additional freedom to the operations of the banks. These must be left to time and a good harvest. The one will come, and if the other fails us, then look out for the crisis .- Examiner.

EMIGRATION DEPARTMENT, Quebec, 20th May, 1848. Return of the number of Emigrants arrived at this Port, from the opening of the navigation, to this date :-

Cabin. Steerage From England . . . 35 528 Ireland . . . 13 1863 Scotland . . . 58 371 Total souls . 106 To same period last year. -Increase in favour of 1848. 2371 A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

Marrico, In Dereham, on the 4th inst., by the Rev. I. Elliott, Mr. . Carns to Miss Mary Ayer. In Dorchester, on the 16th inst., by the same, Mr. Joseph

Herron to Miss Margaret Cook.

Miss Abigail Gustin. On the 12th ult., at Darlington, by Rev. J. S. Crellin, Mr. David Wilson to Mrs. Margaret Hall, both of that place, & London, May 20, 1848.

At his residence in Lobo, after a short illness, on the 21st of May, aged 45, Isaiah Gustin, innkeeper, leaving a wife and sine children and a large circle of relatives and acquaintand sine children and a large circle of relatives and acquaintances to lament their loss. A sermon was preached, on the occasion of his funeral, by Rev. W. Wilkinson, of Lobo.

In Dereham, on the 18th of April, Matilda H. Elliott, the only daughter of David and Sarah Elliott, aged three years school is to afford young ladies facilities for acquiring an inschool is to afford young ladies facilities for acquiring an inschool is to afford young ladies. only daughter of David and Sarah Elliott, aged three years and eight months. In West Oxford, on the 24th ult., Dorcas Taylor wife of

Mark Taylor (late from England), aged 46. The death of volumes: also, a complete set of ch Mark Taylor was very sudden. She was seated by a table sewing, apparently as well in health as usual, when she suddenly fell from her chair to the floor and died instantly, without a groan or struggle. An inquest was held on her body, and a verdiet returned of "Died by a fit of apoplexy." By particular request, the Rev. I. Elliott preached her funeral sermon, from Rev. xiv. 13. Her remains were interred in the Bandist huving ground. She was on with large the death of the substant of the serious difference of the health, comfort and convenience of the pupils.

For full information, attention is invited to the Academy circular which may be obtained at the office of the Evangelical Principal. Proof-Line, in the Township of London, that in the Baptist burying-ground. She was an amiable and Hamilton, 21st March, 1840. road becomes impassible, both in the spring and | pious woman, and her surviving partner and six small children acutely feel their painful bereavement. May her sudden call to the spirit-world be a warning to us all to stand ready,

> Of bilious fever, at the residence of her son, Elder Heman Fitch, Blenheim, C. W., after an illness of 11 days, Rhoda, widow of Dea Joseph Fitch, of Milford, Oakland co., Michigan, aged 69. Deceased was born in Providence, R.I., Feb. 8, 1779, where she early experienced religion, and imhihed many of the customs of the old Puritan Fathers, to which she adhered through life. After her marriage with Joseph Fitch, they settled in Poulett, Rutland co., Vermont, where, becoming convinced that there was no baptism but by rsion, they submitted to that ordinance, and united with the only Baptist church in those parts. They emigrated to Western New-York in 1810, and in 1820, or 1821, to Oxford, C. W.; thence to Michigan in 1837, where the husband died, and the widow came to spend the remainder of her days with her children in Canada. She died on the 27th inst., in the triumph of faith, adding further testimony to the power of Divine grace to support the soul in the gloomy hour of death.

[Will the New-York Recorder and the Michigan Christian Herald please copy the above, and thus confer a favour on absent friends?

LONDON, (c. w.) June 3. Wheat-a good deal offering; Fall brings 3s 9d, Spring

3s 2d per bushel of 60 lbs. Oats, 1s 7d. Barley, none in the market. Flour (farmer's) 8s 9d to 10s per 100 lbs. Potatoes, 3s 5d per bushel. In other articles of produce little doing. Hay, 30s. per ton.

TORONTO, May 31. Flour, per barrel 196lb, 19s to 22s 6d; Oatmeal, do, 17s 6d to 20s; Wheat, per bushel 60lb, 3s 6d to 4s 7d; Rye, per bushel 56lb, 3s to 3s 4d; Barley, per bushel 48lb, 2s 6d to 2s 9d; Gats, per bushel 34lb, 1e 9d to 2s 6d; Peas, per bushel 60lb, 2s 4d to 3s; Potatoes, per bushel, 4s to 5s; Onions, 5s to 7s 6d; Tub Butter, per lb, 6d to 71d, Fresh Butter, 8d to

Port Stanlen.

May 29. steamer Experiment, Buffalo. sloop Emma, Cleveland.

schooner Jesse Wood, Kingston, 40 tons Iron, &c. " Almeda, St. Catherines, ballast 4 30. steamer London, Buffale. ' 31. " London, Detroit. June 1. " Experiment, Buffalo.

May 29. steamer Experiment, Buffalo sloop Emma, Cleveland.

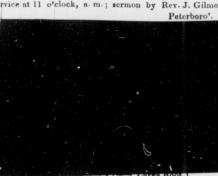
schooner Jesse Wood, Port Dover steamer London, Detroit. " 31. " London, Buffalo. June 1. " Experiment, do.

PUBLIC COLLECTION.

The claims of the Grande Ligne Mission will be presented by George F. Ryland,-That a vote of thanks at the Baptist Chapel, King Street, on the evening of next As the wants of this interesting and important Mission are

at the present time peculiarly urgent, the friends of Missions are requested to consider them Service commences at Half-past Six o'clock. London, June 3, 1848.

OPENING SERVICES. The new chapel erected by the Baptist Church, Toronto vill be opened for Public Worship on Lord's Day, June 25: The services on that occasion will, it is expected, be as



DUNDAS STREET, OPPOSITE THE MARKET

THE Public are respectfully informed that the above Shop is opened for the sale of Boots and Shoes of every description, made of the best materials by good work-men in the most fashionable manner, which will be sold at the lowest prices for ready money, as no credit will be

Every description of work made to order with prompti As the prices are greatly reduced, no second price will be London, June 3, 1848. 23

NOTICE. STRAYED from the Subscriber, on the 2nd instant, Two 3-year old Mare COLTS, good size; the one a sorrel with a white stripe, part down the face; the other a black, mixed with white hairs. Any information of them will be thankfully received, and well rewarded by

WM. TEEPLE. Malahide, May 27, 1848.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. The subscribers having established the

Blacksmithing Business IN THIS TOWN,

On the Port Sarnia road, near the Roman Catholic Church, principally for their own convenience, will, not-withstanding, do a share of custom work, such as Ironing Waggons and Carriages of all descriptions; making Mill-Irons; Common Country Work; and Horse-Shoeing, to which particular attention will be paid. Having secured the services of a scientifie workman, who thoroughly understands e above branches of his trade, we feel confident in giving full satisfaction to all who may favour us with their pa age. For the present, no credit will be given for horse-sho ing and small jobs.

Also, the farmers of the surrounding country are hereby

informed that we are still vigorously engaged in the manufac-

FANNING MILLS. The former notices and representations of our mills are true—to which we still adhere. We have taken extra pains to bring out a perfect article the present season, such an on as every farmer who is worthy of his occupation, and is anxious to produce the best samples of grain, and to keep his farm free from foul grain should have, and would be proud to possess. Let others do as they will, we give no false representations; neither do we say, as some of our neighbours have said, "That we will sell for several dollars less than what other shops are selling; but we do say, our Mills are, and shall be, twice as many dollars better as they will sell cheaper than the common prices. The farmess are cautioned against listening to the representations of those who oppose against listening to the representations of those who oppose us, or to their own fears.

Be not hasty in buying—try our article, then decide. Every good farmer that had previously purchased in the neighbourhood where we sold last year, regretted his purchase when he ascertained the superiority of our article. It was the superiority of our mills that occasioned our loss by fire last August. Still we are on hand again, and have commenced selling for the season. We appeal to the good sense, interest and profit of the fartners, not to their prejudices. Now, what do you say, will you have a parfect article? If you what do you say, will you have a perfect article? If you will, we have just the one for you; but if you want a poor, a common Mill, do not come to us to purchase. In West Oxford, on the 31st inst., Mr. Isaac Hadcock to

BURLINGTON LADIES' ACADEMY, HAMILTON, C. W.

THE Summer Session of this Institution, conschool is to afford young ladies facilities no perpoportionate tellectual and moral education in some degree proportionate to those afforded to young gentlemen in our colleges and academies. The Institution has a library of more than 600 volumes; also, a complete set of chemical and philosophical

GREAT WESTERN RAIL-ROAD.



NOTICE is hereby given, that a MEETING of the Stockholders in the Great Western Rul-Road Company, will take place at the Court-House, in the City of HAMILTON, on the first Monday, or fifth day of June next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of ELECTING seven persons to be DIRECTORS of the said Company, pursuant to the Act of Incorporation.

J. T. GILKISON, Secretary.

Office of the Gr. W. Railroad Co. Hamilton, 3rd May, 1848.

RELIGIOUS BOOKS, FOR SALE AT THOMAS CRAIG'S BOOKSTORE 25. DUNDAS STREET.

VITTO'S Cyclopædia of Biblical Literature, 2 vols., bound Clarke's Commentary on the New Testament. Scott's Commentary on the Scriptures, 6 vols.

Dowling's History of Romanism. 'Aubigne's Life of Cromwell,

D'Adoigne's Life of Cromwell,
Haldane on Romans.
Dick's Lectures on the Acts.
Rev. Murray McCheyne's Works and Life, 2 vols. Svo.
Rev. John Newton's Works.
Sacred Philosophy of the Seasons, in 4 vols., by Rev. H. Duncan

Hetheringten's History of the Church of Scotland-Rev. Robert Hall's Works, 4 vols. Doddridge's Family Expositor, large type, in 6 vols. Dr. Chalmers' Sermons, 2 vols. Hervey's Whole Works.

Hervey's Whole Works.
Milner's Church History.
Light in the Dwelling; or, a Harmony of the Four Gospels,
by the Author of "Line upon Line."
Butler's Analogy, with Wilson's Criticism.
Bishop Butler's Complete Works.
Buchanan on the Holy Spirit.
Winslow on Declension and Revival.
Barnes' Notes on the New Testament, the 9 vols. bound in 5 urnes' Notes on the New Testament, the 9 vols. bound in 5 chrane's World to Con

Bridges' Exposition of the Proverbs Bridges on the Christian Ministry. Buck's Theological Dictionary. Burnet on the Thirty-nine Articles. Josephus' Complete Works. History of Missions, 2 vols. 4to. The Great Commission, by Harris Calmet's Bible Dictionary. The Lord our Shepherd, by Stevenson Bridges on the 119th Psalm.

London, May 20, 1848.

THOMAS CRAIG.

HAMILTON & KNEESHAW. CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS,

Maving purchased the Stock and Business of Mr. C. H. EBSTER, at his well-known stand. Corner of King and James Streets. Respectfully inform the public that they will continue the business in the same premises.

THEY are now receiving a Large Supply of pure English Chemicals from the first Lond pure English Chemicals from the first London manufacturers, and will always keep on hand a general assortment of Genuine Drugs, which they particularly recommend to the notice of medical men and private families.

Country merchants 'are respectfully invited to examine their stock and ascertain prices before purchasing elsewhere. Hamilton, 17th May, 1848.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL :

Sperm and Elephant Oils Boiled and Raw Linseed do. White and Coloured Paints, Copal Varnish. HAMILTON & KNEESHAW.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH PERFUMERY. PATEY & CO.'S AND LOW'S

CELEBRATED LONDON PERFUMERY; Also, Lubin's Maugenet's & Coudray's POPULAR FRENCH PERFUMERY

For sale by HAMILTON & KDELSHAW.

Genuine Rowland's ALYDOR, MACASSAR OIL, ODONTO, and ALSANA EXTRACT FOR SALE BY HAMILTON & KNEESHAW

PATEY & CO.'S AND LOW'S Superior London TOILET AND SHAVING SOAPS

For sale by Hamilton & Kneeshaw A SELECT ASSORTMENT OF HAIR, NAIL, CLOTH, TOOTH, FLESH, AND SHAVING

BRUSHES, For sale by HAMILTON & KNEESHAW.

Ground, Sash, Camel's Hair, Badger, and Whitewasl BRUSHES, HAMILTON & KNEESHAW

CELEBRATED REMEDY FOR FEVER AND AGUE.

DR. BUCHAN'S TONIC MIXTURE AND ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS; A Sure and Speedy Cure for Fever and Ague

A gard speedy Cure for rever and Ague, and the numerous train of severe complaints arising from the marsh miasma, so prevalent and fatal in many parts of the country; also one of the best known medicines in cases of Dyspepsia, and derangement of the biliary organs; giving rise to many fatal and distessing maladies, such as Nervous and sick Headaches, Rherumatism, Heartburn, and General Dability. HAMILTON & KNEESHAW, Wholesale Agents, Hamilton.

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!! CASH FOR RAGS.—The subscriber will pay Cash, and the Highest Market Price for Rags, delivered at his Book-Store, 25 Dundas street.

THOMAS CRAIG. London, May 27, 1848.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of the late JARED T. TEEPLE are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers; and all persons having claims against the Estate are required to furnish their Accounts by the first day of August next.

NOTICE.

A. WILLIAMS, Executors. W. H. TISDALE, MARGARET TEEPLE, Executrix. Aylmer, May 27, 1848.

THOMAS I. FULLER,

ENGLISH, FRENCH& GERMAN FANCY GOODS, AND DEALER IN Every description of Combs, Brushes, Perfumery, Patent ines, Looking-Glasses, Clocks, Stationery, Paper ngs, wholesale and retail.

JAMES F. CARTER FROM LONDON, ENGLAND. GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER & ENGRAVER, King street, Hamilton, between Hughson and James streets.

DR. INGLIS respectfully offers his professional services in this city. Office corner of Jefferson and Woodward avenues, above Mr. C. Campbell's dry goods

DRY GOODS, GROCERY AND HARDWARE

STORE, AT AYLMER, CANADA WEST. THE subscriber desires to call attention to his

varied and extensive stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c.
His stock of Dry Goods comprises a large assortment of Silks, Broadcloths, Orleans, Merinos, Alpacas, Mousselines de Laine, and Calicos, recently selected, and of fashionable styles. A fresh supply of Linens, from Coarse Bagging to the Finest Irish; Factory, Moleskins, Corduroys, Pilot Cloths, &c. Cloths, &c.
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES, MUFFS, BOAS, &c.

In the Grocery Department will be found choice Teas, Coffee, Sugar, Tobacco, Rice, Pepper, Spices, Saleratus, &c. The Hardware Department comprises a large stock of Iron and Nails, a variety of Cooking Stoves from No. 2 to No. 4 with Tin or Copper Furniture, &c.
All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange

IF In the course of many years' business, the subscriber finds upon his hands a large accumulation of accounts and notes of hand. Some of these have been allowed to stand ver for an unreasonable length of time, and an early settlement is earnestly requested. P. CLAYTON.

Aylmer, Dec. 29, 1847.

LONDON STOVE WAREHOUSI

M. ANDERSON keeps constantly on hand Large Assortment of Stoves which he will sell cheep Also, F lain and Japanned TIN-WARE, at Wholesale at Cash paid for Furs and Timothy Seed. ndon, Ja n. 1, 1841.

JOSEPH JEFFERY, CABINET, CHAIR, SOFA, BEDSTEAD, AND MATTRE MALER, PAPER-HANGER, &C. In the Premises lately occupied by Mr. W. Horton, Barriste. CORNER OF KING AND CLARENCE STREETS,

L'ONDON, C. W. HAVING been engaged in the above trade twenty years, in England, feels confident of giving eral satisfaction to those that favour him with their supp London, Jan. 8, 1848.

JAMES RADBINSON. No. 5, Me Nab's Buildings, Opposite to the Mark.

JAMES STREET, HAMILTON, DEALER in every variety of Paper Hangin and Manufacturer of Picture Frames, Looking Clar Window Cornices, and Gilt Moulding. N.B. Glass, Putty, and ready-mixed Vaints always on hi Orders carefully attended to.

THE Committee of the London Branch Bi Society inform the public that their stock of Bisl. and Testaments, comprises a great variety of sizes, as styles of binding. The prices will be found extremely low. In addition to Bibles and Testaments, suitable for common and Sabbath Schools, they have on sale the Scriptures. whic, Welch, German, and French languages, Depositiony at the Book Store of Mr. T. CRAIG, 22 London, May 13, 1848.

MISS CARNALL,

mporter of FRENCH MILLINERY, STRAW & FANCY ARTICLES, SHOW-ROOMS Opposite the City Hotel, James Street,

HAMILTON. N. B. The New-York market visited twice a year.

Miss C. has just returned from New-York with a very Millinery, Straw & Fancy Bonnets, Flowers, &c Milliners supplied on favourable terms Hamilton, 19th May, 1848.

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE. R. B. BEDDOME begs to inform the inhabit ants of London and its vicinity, that he has opened the store formerly occupied by Messrs. Shaw & Scott, No. 16 Dundas street, where he hopes, by keeping a constant und well-assorted stock of Books and Stationery, to merit a share of their support. F. B. Beddome has, in connection with his pusiness, a CIRCULATING LIBRARY, to which he would wish to call the attention of the reading public; it consists of a good selection of Theological Works, Travels and the New

vels as they come out 15 DUNDAS STREET, London, April 24th, 1848. TO FARMERS AND SPORTSMEN. TUST imported and for sale by F.B. Beddome

Bookseller and Stationer:

The Shooter's Preceptor, by F. B. Johnson,
Hawker on Shooting, by Parker, with illustratious.
You at on the Dog, by E. G. Lewis, M. D.
The illustrated Fly-Fisher's Text-Book, by The oph-South
The Angler's Souvenir, by J. Fisher, 25 beautiful illustrations, with illustrations by Beckwith and Tophan. The Horse and his Rider, by Rollo Springfield. The Field Sports of France, by R. O'Conor, Esq. The Angler's Guide, illustrated with 90 fine cuts, by F. Sal-

ter, Esq.
The American Angler's Guide, with the opinions and prac tices of the best American anglers. A Treatise on River-Angling for Salmon and Trout, by John

Younger.
AlDictionary of Sports, by Harry Harewood. Rural Economy, or Chemistry applied to Agriculture, by Rural Economy, or Chemistry applied to Agriculture, by Boussingoult.

A Treatise on Agriculture, by John Armstrong.
The Farmer's Muck Manual.
The Farmer's Instructor, by J. Buel, Esq. 2 vols.
The Farmer's Guide; a Treatise on the Diseases of Horees and Black Cattle, by James Field.
The Farmer's Treasure, by F. Falkner, Esq. 3
The Farmer's Manual, by the same.
A Treatise on the Theory and Practice of Ladscape Gardening adapted to North America, with some remarks on Bural Architecture.

Rural Archite Rural Architecture. The Canadian Farrier and Cattle-Keeper's Guide 15 Dundas st. London, April 25th, 1848.

WAGGON & SLEIGH FACTORY, Ridout Street; OPPOSITE THE RESIDENCE OF JOHN HARRIS, ESQ.

THE subscribers, in returning thanks to their numerous friends and the public at large, for the very liberal support they have received during the last seven years would respectfully intimate that they have constantly on hand a Good Assortment of Wagons and Sleighs, which they are pared to sell at such prices as will give the utmost satisfa on to all who may favour them with a visit. N. B.—HARROWS and DRAGS made to order

PLUMER & PACEY

BROWN & DE LA HOOKE, SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTISTS.

Jan. 1, 1843.

over the Drug Store lately occupied by H. C. Le Entrance on RIDOUT'STREET. London, May 20, 1848.

WILLIAM DEVINNY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CONFECTIONER, BAKER, AND PASTRY COOK,)EGS to return thanks to his numerous Patrons in LONDON and its Vicinity, for the very liberal support he has received since he commenced business, and hopes, by strict atten-

tion and unremitted efforts, to merit a continuance Having purchased a Large Stock of SUGARS in the New-York Market, this Fall, he is pre pared to sell every article in the CONFECTION-ERY Line of a better quality and at lower prices than has been offered in this Market hitherto. In addition to every article in the Confection ery and Pastry Cook departments, he is prepared it all times to supply his commers with the Best Quality of BREAD, at the lowe a market

price, and with the Best Qua' . . . CHERS y the pound or barrel. W.D. is at all times ready to family PARTIES on the shortest notice.

Ornamented or plain, can at all times be supplied London, Jan. 1, 1848.

No. 48, King Street East, Toronto.