PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE

Subject

Date.

why not leave your cause in His hands? Why so frequently appeal to the people?" "There is a recklessness in your mode of writing which is really alarming." Providence, it was felt, would be much less alarming to deal with than Ryerson, and surely he might withdraw and have full confidence in the justice of such result as would providenti-

The suggestion was a subtle one. Ryerson had been on almost personal terms with Providence for years; his trust in Providence was undoubtedly profound; but this was a special case; bewildering legal questions were involved and it was surely appropriate that Providence, surely appropriate that Providence, who could scarcely be familiar with the intricacles of local politics in Upper Canada, should have competent advice from trustworthy

At any rate, Ryerson continued his attack; he did more; he asked his advisers if they were sure that they themselves, could bring justification from Providence for the position they were pressing on him. 'Are you satisfied, that you are providentially called of God to attempt to make Methodism an agency in promoting a national establishment of religion in a new country, in the teeth of an overwhelming majority of the inhabitants?' he inquires of Dr. Alder, who makes no adequate response, Ryerson had taken delight in Locke and Paley and Blackstone; was there not a sort of Providence in that, too? Anyhow, Dr. Alder is left speechless. Locke, Paley, Plackstone;

episcopacy. Besides, the wall has heen breached; the Church of Scotland has established a claim, which is admitted. Strack-But the matter is really very difficult. By this time all Upper Canada is furning and petitioning and memorializing on the subject of the Clergy Reserves and the high-handed insolence of the oligarchy. The state itself, is divided on this thing; Presbyterians, Methodists, the Church of Scotland, Friends, Tunkers, sects of all manner of docurrent peculiarity are having the is the government; at least had been ever, has never wavered; Strachan is in the government, those who have accepted the ciple of division. Strachan, ever, has never wavered; is admitted. Strachan still sta immovable in his demand for episcopal control, but even in membership of the church there



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for some considerable time. This circumstances raised the Clergy Reserves to a place of supreme importance as a constitutional issue; because, no matter what Eyarson or

any other man or number of men might say, they could do nothing. No matter what the parliamentary assembly of Upper Canada might legislate on this question their legislation began and ended as a mere expression of opinion. The legislative council could throw back at the assembly bills it found distasteful. The executive council could advise the governor to make appointments, to grant money, to establish vicarages and rectories, and the governor could do so, and neither he nor his council be answerable to the assembly. Thus so long as reformers, democrats, proponents of "responsible government," and similar tainted and unsettled men could be excluded or extruded out of the executive. Strachan's oligarchy could remain unperturbed by the vulgar pertinacity of agitators like flyerson and his seditious Methodist connection. There was an element of solace, too, in the lieutenant-governors. The governors who were being selected and sent to Upper Canada by the British colonial office are perhaps best described as being quite singularly Tory in all their ideas about colonial government, and at least six of them were fully persuaded that the extermination of the "hideous monster" Democracy, was a sacred duty which it would be unforgivable to neglect. Staunch to the King, soild Episcopalians, gentlement that successive governors, one after the other, fell under the influence of Strachan's personality, can be received without surprise.

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