

# The Gleaner.

JAS. H. CROCKET, Proprietor.

FREDERICTON, SATURDAY, JUNE 19, 1886.

VOL. III, NO. 22

## Professional Cards.

**JAS. T. SHARKEY,**  
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY.

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.  
Solicitor for Canadian Reporting and Collecting Association.  
The British American Mercantile and Charitable Association.  
FREDERICTON, N. B.  
Sept. 17, 1885.

**J. H. BARRY,**  
BARRISTER-AT-LAW,  
CONVEYANCER, &c.

OFFICE—FISHER'S BUILDING, Up-Steps,  
FREDERICTON.  
December 12, 1885.

**William Wilson,**  
SECRETARY-TREASURER, YORK,  
BARRISTER.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
CONVEYANCER, &c.  
QUEEN ST. — FREDERICTON.

OFFICE—FISHER'S BUILDING, Up-Steps,  
FREDERICTON.  
Sept. 10, 1885.

**G. D. CARTER,**  
SURGEON DENTIST.

Attends to all operations pertaining to his profession.  
Full and Partial Sets of Teeth Inserted, with Latest  
Improvements.  
Satisfactions Guaranteed. Charges Moderate.  
When Desired Teeth Extracted Without Pain.  
OFFICE—Twenty O'Connell's Import's Variety  
Store, Queen Street, Fredericton.  
Apr. 10, 3rd fl.

**H. D. CURRIE, D. D. S.**  
SURGEON DENTIST.

First Floor Below People's Bank, Queen  
Street, Fredericton, N. B.  
OFFICE HOURS:  
6 A. M. TO 1 P. M.; 2 TO 5 P. M.;  
AND 7 TO 9 P. M.

**Dr. McLEARN,**  
Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE: CARLETON STREET,  
NEAR ABOVE H. A. HENDERSON'S OFFICE.  
At Barker House after 9 p. m.  
Fredericton, Jan. 29th, 1885.

**QUEEN HOTEL.**  
Fredericton, N. B.

**J. A. Edwards,**  
PROPRIETOR.

FINE SAMPLE ROOM IN CONNECTION  
—ALSO—  
A FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE.  
—COACHES on trains and boats.  
Aug. 25, 1885.

**Barker House,**  
QUEEN STREET,  
FREDERICTON, N. B.

Extensive Improvements  
Completed,  
making hotel one of the best in the province.

**FRANK S. COLEMAN,**  
Proprietor.

**Barker House Stables.**

COACHES AND CARRIAGES  
(Furnished with all possible dispatch.)

**Horses Boarded**  
At Moderate Terms.

**JOHN B. ORR,**  
PROPRIETOR.

Fredericton, Sept. 17, 1885—1 3/4.

**LOOK HERE !!**

**Celluloid**  
**Collars & Cuffs.**

We have in Stock All Sizes in the above Goods  
—cheap—

**C. H. THOMAS & CO.,**  
Mar 13

Custom Shirt Makers.

**READ! New Crop of CANNED GOODS! SOLD LOW.**  
3 lb Canned TOMATOES 15 cts., 2 lb Canned CORN 15 cts., LOBSTERS and SALMON 15 cts. All Other Canned Goods in proportion.  
We sell White's Best Cream Mixed Candy. FRUIT OF ALL KINDS.  
We are selling CHASE & SANBORN OLD GOV'T. JAVA COFFEE at 30 cts. per lb.  
We also recommend OUR 30 cent TEA.

**YERXA & YERXA.**  
Fredericton, May 27.

**M. Hanlon**  
BOOTS, SHOES  
And everything in his line, at MODERATE RATES.  
REPAIRING Promptly At-  
tended to.  
**M. HANLON,**  
ROBERT STREET, Fredericton, N. B.  
Post. March 20—3m.

**Kelly & Murphy,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
CARRIAGES  
—AND—  
SLEIGHS.  
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.  
ON Carriages Bought and Sold and Exchanged  
for New.  
FACTORY:  
MAIN STREET, FORTLAND,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.  
J. KELLY July 11, 1885—1 3/4.

**NEW STORE.**  
Just Opened:  
1886. 1886

**Lace Curtains,**  
Cretonne Fringes,  
Cretonnes,  
Knit Gloves.  
**J. Haslin.**  
Fredericton, Apr. 17, 1886.

**W. R. LOGAN.**  
WEST END  
Saw Mill & Lumber Yard  
Season 1886.

**P. J. McCausland**  
WATCHES!  
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF  
BAR PINS in crape, stone and  
gold.  
CUFF STUDS, CHAINS in sil-  
ver and gold, etc.

**PHILIPS BROS.,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF  
Boots & Shoes  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.  
Main Street,  
PORTLAND, N. B.  
July 11, 1885—1 3/4.

**THIS SPACE**  
BELONGS TO  
**A. LIMERICK & CO.**

**McFarlane, Thompson & Anderson,**  
MANUFACTURERS OF THE PATENT  
Dunbar Shingle Machine,  
which took First Prize at the Dominion  
Centennial Exhibition at St. John  
STEAM ENGINES, MACHINISTS' TOOLS  
—AND—  
Agricultural Implements a Specialty.

**Miss Annie Louise Lugin,**  
TEACHER OF  
MUSIC.  
(Pupil of Madame de Angelis, Boston.)  
TERMS: 20 Lessons, \$7.00.  
RESIDENCE—Corner York and Brun-  
swick Streets, Fredericton.  
Fredericton, May 9, 1885.

**W. E. SEERY'S**  
ADVERTISING.  
What is it? It is  
HERE IS ANOTHER SURPRISE!  
W. E. SEERY wishes to inform the public that  
he is making up the MOST FASHIONABLE  
CLOTHING in the City at Prices that Daily  
Competition. W. E. SEERY, Winnet Avenue,  
Fredericton, May 9.

**W. H. TISDALL & SONS.**  
FINE SPORTING GUNS  
Rifles and Revolvers, Gun  
Cases, Cartridge Cases,  
Belts, Game and Fish-  
ing Bags, Powder  
and Shot Flasks,  
and  
Gun Implements!

**ONE COTTAGE**  
TO RENT  
On Lower End of Charlotte St.  
Apply to  
CHAS. W. BECKWITH,  
Barrister,  
City Hall, Fredericton.  
June 2.

**A GRINDING MACHINE**  
For the purpose of  
Sharpening Shingle, Rotary  
and all kinds of Round  
Saws, also Gang Saws.  
It is the intention of the inventor to manufacture  
a number of these machines, and to have them  
sent to all parts of the world. The machine is  
simple and easy to use, and will save a great  
deal of money in the use of saws. It will also  
save a great deal of time. It is a very useful  
machine, and is well worth the money.  
Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto.  
Fredericton, May 20th.

**I GURE FITS!**  
I would respectfully call the attention of the  
Mill Owners of this country to the fact that  
there has been patented and built by a First  
Class Engineer a new and improved method of  
fitting mill stones. It is a very simple and  
easy method, and will save a great deal of  
money in the use of mill stones. It will also  
save a great deal of time. It is a very useful  
method, and is well worth the money.  
Branch Office, 37 Yonge St., Toronto.  
Fredericton, May 20th.

**PERFORATED SEAT CHAIRS.**  
CANE CHAIRS,  
WOOD CHAIRS,  
EASY CHAIRS,  
ROCKING CHAIRS,  
CAMP CHAIRS,  
—AND—  
A very large stock low for cash at  
**Lemont's.**  
June 12.

## IS SHE THE COUNT'S WIDOW?

Miss Josephine Greer and George M. Chesbrough—They Meet in a New York Hunting School—A Child Born to Them in Saratoga—A Daughter New York, June 16.—The little court room in Brooklyn in which Special Examiner B. Lincoln Benedict resumed the hearing in the famous Chesbrough will case had for a visitor yesterday Mrs. Josephine Chesbrough, who now lives in Nashville, Tenn., and whose daughter, Leonora Augusta Arnold, and her husband, Thomas E. Arnold, are suing for a share in the \$5,000,000 left by Count George M. Chesbrough.

Count Chesbrough, who bought his title in Austria, died in 1866. Leonora Augusta Arnold claims her share in the property as the count's daughter by Josephine Greer, otherwise Mrs. Josephine Chesbrough, whom the count met in 1855 while he was attending the dancing school of Signor Sirocco in Bond street, in this city. The complainants in the action aver that the count married her. The defendants Charles Augustus Chesbrough, individually and as executor of the will of Margaret Chesbrough, and Elizabeth Lounsbury, as executrix of the will of Stephen R. Lounsbury, deny the marriage.

Mrs. Chesbrough is a black-eyed and black-haired lady, with a plump figure, and yesterday her face flushed with interest just a little when she only witness of the day told of the time when she and the count occupied a suite of rooms in 1855 in the Smithsonian Hotel, in Broadway and Houston street. She is the daughter of Mrs. Rachel Greer, and is thus connected with the Young and other old New Jersey families. She left the count in 1857 while he was engaged in the temperance and unbecoming violence.

In 1861 Mrs. Rachel Greer began suit against the count for abducting her daughter, Josephine, but Charles A. Chesbrough, the principal defendant in the present suit, paid \$2,500 to compromise. The result of the present suit depends largely upon the ability of the complainants to prove the disputed marriage. Samuel E. Mead, who has a boarding house at 42 West Fifty-eighth street, was examined yesterday. He testified that he was clerk of the Smithsonian Hotel in 1854 and afterward. Sidney Kopman was the proprietor. Mr. Mead had been the registry books of the hotel in twenty five years, but he remembered that the count and "that lady" (pointing to Mrs. Chesbrough) occupied a suite of rooms on the ground floor in the fall of 1855. "I knew George M. Chesbrough, or the count, as he was called," Mr. Mead testified, "and when that lady (again indicating the count's companion) and the count came to the hotel the count registered as (George M. Chesbrough and wife. I have not seen this lady in thirty one years, but recognized her instantly on entering this court room. She is perhaps a little stouter than in 1855, but the prominent nose and the hair brushed back from the forehead are the same as in the old days. They stopped at the hotel twice, and both times they were registered as George M. Chesbrough and wife. The first time they stopped there three or four months. He never stopped at the hotel with any other lady, to my knowledge. This lady's sister, a child in short dress with her hair down her back, frequently called. The count had a page named Clarence, who was togged out in Oriental finery. I do not remember that the count ever wore any insignia of rank, and he was very dainty in his dress. He drank a good deal, and he had meals in his room."

William F. Schley, as solicitor for Chas. A. Chesbrough, the principal defendant, then cross-examined Mr. Mead. The latter said that of his own knowledge he could not swear that the count's companion at the Smithsonian hotel was his wife.

Early in this month George H. Gillis was appointed a special examiner to take evidence in the case in Saratoga. Hiram Tompkins, a hotel keeper, testified at that time that he was bookkeeper in the United States hotel in Saratoga in September and October, 1855, and that when in Mr. Chesbrough's bill when he left the hotel, but Mr. Tompkins could not recall who died, or for what services Dr. Freeman got \$35, or for what \$3 was paid to a Mrs. Weeks for a lot in the village cemetery. Dr. Freeman is now dead. Further along in Mr. Tompkins' ledger accounts of Chesbrough's visit, the lady who accompanied him is spoken of as his wife.

"Would Mr. Chesbrough have been allowed to have lived with a lady in the house if she had not been his wife?" asked Mr. Norris.

"No, sir; he would not; not if he had known it," replied Tompkins.

"Did you know at that time that they had a child born in the house?"

"If there was a child born there I must have known it at the time."

Mr. Tompkins' testimony also speaks of the large amounts of liquor for which Mr. Chesbrough paid, and of a row which led to Mr. Chesbrough's dismissal from the house.

The next witness at Saratoga was Mrs. Fannie Post, aged 70. She lives in Milton, near Saratoga, and as Fanny Wiley she was a chambermaid in the United States Hotel in 1855. She remembered being taken into Mr. Chesbrough's rooms, where Mr. Chesbrough said "his wife" (the lady who was present) would want her services for some time.

"Mrs. Chesbrough," continued the witness, "gave birth to a child on the night she arrived, and I was employed to nurse her. I was with her when the infant died."

"Who took the child to be buried?" she was asked.

"Mr. Chesbrough sat in the front seat of a carriage with some one. I do not know who it was. The infant was in a 'casket' before it was buried. Mrs. Chesbrough said she would like to see it, and I took in the casket and showed it to her. When Mr. Chesbrough returned from the cemetery he said to his wife: 'I have left our child in a beautiful place!'"

Q.—Did you ever hear Mr. Chesbrough address his wife?—A.—Oh, yes. He called her "Joe" generally, "my dear" sometimes, "fancy" at others, and sometimes "my wife" and "my lady." He was very fond of her when he was sober. When he was dissipated she lectured him, and then he used harsh words to her. He was not very particular about a drunken man, but he would leave her nights to go to gambling saloons. Three days after the burial of the child Mr. Chesbrough and two of his men friends entered Mrs. Chesbrough's room very drunk, and Mrs. Chesbrough ordered them out. They went. Shortly afterward Mr. Chesbrough had the room, and we were greatly frightened. He broke the panels of the doors and closed very disorderly. Dr. Freeman came in and took a flask of brandy and revolver from him saying, "Chesbrough is not in fit condition to have a revolver with him." As soon as Mr. Chesbrough recovered, the proprietor made out his bill, and intimated to Mr. Chesbrough that he must leave the house. He did so. The Chesbroughs went to the Marvin House. After they got to the Marvin House Mr. Chesbrough went for a drive to the lake, and before going he turned to me and said: "Take care of my dear wife; don't go out of the room."

The witness looked at a picture of Mr. Chesbrough which she recognized, and one of the lady who accompanied him. As she looked at the lady's picture she said:

I see something I seem to know. There is something about the nose; it is a little broad. That was like Mrs. Chesbrough's but she was slighter then, and the picture represents a much larger person.

Frederick Hammond testified that his father was sexton of the Greenbridge Cemetery, but he did not know whose child was buried in the grave mentioned in his father's books, and which the complainants allege is the grave of Mrs. Chesbrough's first child.

James H. Marvin, proprietor of the Marvin House, testified to receiving the board money for "Mr. Chesbrough, wife, and servant."

"What peculiar traits do you recollect of Mr. Chesbrough?" Mr. Norris asked.

"He drank more than was necessary, and he was noisy. He had no insignia, neither on his person nor in his carriage, that I recollect."

Other witnesses have testified to the birth of a daughter in 1857, and to the fact that the Bureau of Vital Statistics in this city contains a record bearing the count's signature attesting the birth of a girl and her parentage. This testimony will be produced at the hearing on next Tuesday morning. Mrs. Josephine Chesbrough will also then testify as to her relations with the count.

## THE LAFARGE OF SARATOGUEWAN.

A Monument in His Memory to be Erected in St. Boniface.

WINNIPEG, June 14.—While the French Canadians of the older provinces have their Carlier, Chaplain and Massacre, the St. Jean Baptiste Society of the North West had no special heroes. But they this year decided that they could not do better than emulate the example set by eastern cities. The name which they selected to honor was that of La Verandry, the LaSalle of the Saskatchewan.

The originator of this monument was Archbishop Tache, in whose veins flows the blood of the intrepid explorer. The archbishop has long cherished the desire to in some way commemorate the exploits of his famous forefather, and for the purpose of having erected on it a monument to the memory of the pioneer explorer of the Northwest, he recently set apart a plot of ground 100 feet square fronting on Provencher avenue and reaching back to the court house. This place will be converted into a small park, fountains will be erected, trees will be planted, and in time it will be a very cool and shady retreat. In the centre, surrounded by trees and flowers, will stand the monument. What form it will take has not yet been decided upon. It probably will be a statue of La Verandry standing on a pedestal, and the work of preparing it will, it is thought, be entrusted to Mr. Herbert, of Montreal, the designer of the statue of Sir George Cartier which graces Parliament square in Ottawa. The foundation of the monument will be laid at the approaching celebration of St. Jean Baptiste in St. Boniface, and it will be completed in