

SENATOR DAVID WARK DEAD.

New Brunswick's Grand Old Man Passed Quietly Away—Aged 101 Years, 6 Months and One Day—Was Conscious till the End.



SENATOR DAVID WARK. Died August 20th, 1905, Aged 101 Years, 6 Months and 1 Day.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Aug. 20.—The hoisting of flags to half-mast on city hall, parliament, and other public buildings shortly before 9 o'clock this morning bore the intelligence to the city of Fredericton and the country that the late David Wark, senator, the oldest legislator in the world, had passed to his eternal rest.

that he was in every way conscious, and his eyes still bore their brightness. A very short time after the sleep came and all was over.

Senator Wark for the past ten days had been confined to his bed. He suffered from no disease, weakness, the result of extreme old age, was the only complaint.

There was no reference in any of the obituaries today to the death of Senator Wark except in the Kirk, where the interment was held.

MAGNOLIA! The Best Anti-Friction Metal For All Machinery Bearings. DEFENDER and MYTC Excellent metals at the price. W. H. THORNE & CO., Limited, Market Square, St. John, N. B.

of the disastrous Russian campaign brought excitement to his Irish home. He was old enough to read the papers when Wellington was driving the French from Spain, and was eleven years old at the time of the battle of Waterloo.

When Mr. Wark came to this province the immigration on the track countries, and especially from Ireland, had only fairly begun. The bulk of the St. John people were either the survivors of the Loyalist immigrants or their children.

As a senator he has been a consistent liberal, not less so when he protested against the commercial union which was then being pushed.

Senator Wark was a good mathematician. He had a good Irish master in this class in the early years of his school life.

Those who remember Mr. Wark as a trader and in provincial politics, are more numerous. Elected first in 1842 with others some years younger, he has long outlived every one of his colleagues.

Appointed to the legislative council in 1851 at the age of 47, he has long been the only survivor of those who were then members of the senate.

Mr. Wark was the promoter of a movement for the reforming of the postal service, and he was made chairman of a committee to carry it forward.

It was in the forties that the agitation over the repeal of the colonial trade policy took place. Before Cobden's time colonial products enjoyed an imperial preference.

this resolution occupied over fourteen columns of a newspaper. He had grappled with Earl Grey on the poet work, quite as sane as he did it again on this one, and he seems to have thrown out broad suggestions that the imperial policy might lead to separation.

As a senator he has been a consistent liberal, not less so when he protested against the commercial union which was then being pushed.

Senator Wark was a good mathematician. He had a good Irish master in this class in the early years of his school life.

Those who remember Mr. Wark as a trader and in provincial politics, are more numerous. Elected first in 1842 with others some years younger, he has long outlived every one of his colleagues.

Appointed to the legislative council in 1851 at the age of 47, he has long been the only survivor of those who were then members of the senate.

Mr. Wark was the promoter of a movement for the reforming of the postal service, and he was made chairman of a committee to carry it forward.

It was in the forties that the agitation over the repeal of the colonial trade policy took place. Before Cobden's time colonial products enjoyed an imperial preference.

It was in the forties that the agitation over the repeal of the colonial trade policy took place. Before Cobden's time colonial products enjoyed an imperial preference.

High Johnson, Hugh Johnson, Jr., the Nevins brothers, large shipbuilders; Ward Chipman, chief justice, and Robert and Neville Parker.

I worked at shipbuilding in St. John until the spring of 1836, when I went to Dorchester to work for a Mr. Hill, but shortly afterwards went to the Bend, now Moncton, where I entered the employ of J. M. Kelly, whose son was Hon. William M. Kelly, at one time commissioner of public works for the province, first as a ship carpenter and afterwards as a clerk in his store.

My first entrance into politics was in 1842, when along with the late Hon. J. Weldon I successfully contested Kent county for the position. This I may first vote in that body was for my colleague as speaker.

After confederation became an established fact in 1871 I was honored with a seat in the senate, and since the death of Hon. R. B. Dickey last year, I am, with the exception of Hon. Mr. Miller of Nova Scotia, the last of the original number of twenty-four appointed to that body from the maritime provinces.

Senator Wark's bill of fare is simple, and his appetite is good. He is cheerful, and is usually ready to enter into conversation. He has always been kindly, generous and affable.

Mr. Wark was the promoter of a movement for the reforming of the postal service, and he was made chairman of a committee to carry it forward.

It was in the forties that the agitation over the repeal of the colonial trade policy took place. Before Cobden's time colonial products enjoyed an imperial preference.

It was in the forties that the agitation over the repeal of the colonial trade policy took place. Before Cobden's time colonial products enjoyed an imperial preference.

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS

We are right to the front again this year with a splendid stock of Boys' 2 and 3 Piece Suits for School Wear. They will wear too and keep their appearance and will cost you less here than elsewhere. Look them through.

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier, 199 and 201 Union St.

ST. PETERSBURG HOPES PEACE MAY BE ATTAINED.

Last Instructions Cabled to M. Witte—Russia Concedes Much But Will Japan Accept—Conference is Not Likely to be Concluded Today.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 22, 1.40 a. m.—The Russian government's final communications to M. Witte, outlining the course that he shall pursue at the re-opening of the peace conference at Portsmouth, are still in process of being put into cipher prior to being forwarded to America.

neither to cede territory nor pay war tribute. What the president is doing on the Japanese side remains as deep a mystery as ever.

A HOPEFUL FEELING. A hopeful feeling was noticeable here yesterday that peace is still possible, and it is believed by some that Russia's answer will give material evidence of such a sincere desire to reach a settlement that Japan will practically be forced to accept it or appear before the world as utterly unreasonable and intractable.

There are evidences here that co-operation by Great Britain would have been resented by Japan.

REMAINS IN SUSPENSE. PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 21.—The result of President Roosevelt's effort to save the peace conference from failure remains in suspense.

COMMENTS OF LONDON PAPERS. LONDON, Aug. 22.—The morning newspapers are not hopeful of the result of today's peace conference at Portsmouth, and rather place reliance on President Roosevelt's efforts to secure the prolongation than on any position of either side to concede something toward securing a peaceful settlement.

Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, including names like Mrs. John and fragments of other articles.