

Child Burned to Death.

Five-Year-Old Daughter of H. R. Coleman Sustained Terrible Injuries Thursday.

Ada, the five-year-old daughter of H. R. Coleman, grocer, of 307 City road, met her death Thursday under very sad circumstances. The little one had lifted the cover off the stove, and was putting in a piece of paper, when the sleeve of her dress caught fire and in a moment she was enveloped in flames from head to foot. Mrs. Coleman was in another room, and at once rushed to her child's assistance when she heard her screaming. She passed a rug and threw it around the form of the little girl, and extinguished the flames, but it was too late. The accident occurred about half-past eight in the morning and at half-past six the child was dead. She was terribly burned from her knees up, and particularly severe were the injuries to her chest. Her face was badly burned, and it is thought that the unfortunate little girl must have inhaled the flames.

RUSSIA'S REPLY.

Not Ready for Second Peace Conference.

She is in Sympathy With the Other Powers, but Does Not Want Anything Done Until War is Ended.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Russia is unwilling to join the powers in a second peace conference at The Hague until her war with Japan is ended.

The Russian reply to Secretary Hay's circular note to the powers of October 23rd last, inviting them in the name of the president to reassemble in conference at The Hague "to complete the postponed work of the first conference," was delivered verbally to Secretary Hay today by Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador.

The ambassador was requested by his government to say that Russia "heartily accepted in principle the invitation to a second conference at The Hague and gladly associated herself with the American government in its effort to complete the mission of the first assembly convened under the leadership of the Russian emperor. The ambassador was further requested to say that while the Russian government very sincerely cherished these views, it did not consider the moment opportune for the convening of such a conference and it therefore must withhold its formal acceptance of the invitation until the war in the far east was at an end. Secretary Hay and Count Cassini were in conference for nearly an hour. The ambassador was careful to assure the secretary that his government welcomed the invitation of the president as an additional evidence of the beneficent results of the first conference, and regretted the necessity of suggesting a postponement of the Russian government no less than the American was keenly interested.

Secretary Hay thanked the ambassador for the cordiality with which the declaration of Russia's adherence in principle to the leadership of the American government, and assured him he would forthwith transmit the reply to the president.

Although different in form, the Russian reply does not differ in effect from that of Great Britain, France and the other European powers, practically all of which already have answered the invitation. While Russia is the first power specifically to suggest a

postponement until the close of the war, all the powers, in expressing their approval of the proposition, reserved for future "four powers" the time when the conference should be held.

It can be stated that this government is well pleased with the reception its note has received. The powers signatory to The Hague convention have been officially committed to a second conference at some future time. In his note Secretary Hay purposely omitted suggesting a date for the assembling of the conference, realizing that certain powers might hesitate to take up for final definition such complicated questions as the rights of neutrals at a time when a great war was in progress. So far as the Russian government is concerned, it is stated that it is naturally averse to discussion of the many important questions which come before the conference at a time when its attention is devoted to a foreign war.

In diplomatic circles the news of Russia's conditional reply caused some surprise. The caution which characterized even the consideration of the invitation at St. Petersburg made several ambassadors here doubtful about the favorable reception of the American note. This doubt has been removed, however, by the friendly terms in which the reply today was couched.

For the present, it is probable the American government will rest on its laurels in its final stage this government will be prepared to follow up its invitation. In the meantime should Russia's attitude change, she will find the American government ready to lead the powers immediately to The Hague for their second conference.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Denmark has informally accepted the invitation of the president of the powers to reassemble in a second conference at The Hague. In a despatch to the state department, received today, Mr. Swenson, the American minister at Copenhagen, says that in his conference with the Danish minister for foreign affairs on the subject, the minister "expressed warm sympathy with the noble work that the United States has done in recent years to make peace and friendly understanding between the nations of the earth more secure, and ventured the hope that a general willingness to participate in the proposed conference would manifest itself."

CATARRH NEVER WAS CURED By an Internal Remedy; It Must Be Treated Locally.

Medicines taken into the stomach will never cure inflammation and discharge in the nose or throat caused by catarrh. But anyone who inhales the antiseptic vapor of "Catarrhozone" will be permanently released from catarrh and throat trouble. Catarrhozone's vapor goes where the disease really is—it destroys the cause of the trouble, and cures thoroughly. No other medicine gives such instant relief or cures so permanently as Catarrhozone. Absolute cure guaranteed with the dollar outfit; small size 25c. at all dealers.

OIL HEATERS



Take the chill off a room. Easily carried from place to place. NO SMOKE. NO SMELL. Price \$4.20 to \$7.75. W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd. 42 and 46 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B.

INTERVIEWED

EMMERSON. The Rejected Flocked to Moncton in Large Numbers. Veteran Police Marshal Who Was in Charge at Time of Steadman Murder, is Dead.

MONCTON, Dec. 1.—Sheriff McQueen has taken possession of all the property of Stewart D. White, merchant of Shediac, an absconding debtor of Halifax. White's liabilities are about \$15,000; assets about one-third that amount. He had been engaged quite extensively in the potato shipping trade to Halifax and Bermuda, but lacked experience.

People will worship the golden calf and a large number of politicians are in town today to interview Minister of Railways Emmerson. Among those members of the city and district from a distance were Alexander Gibson, Jr., defeated in York Co.; Dr. A. B. Jay, defeated in Queens-Sunbury; Premier Tweedie, Copp and Legere, members of the late cabinet; D. G. Smith, W. Frank Taylor and others. Premier Tweedie and the local members it is said, were interviewing the minister in regard to the provincial situation which has developed since Death has removed an old and familiar figure from Moncton in the person of ex-Police Marshal Charles Foster, aged 67. Deceased was on the force and in charge of it at the time of the murder of Policeman Steadman by desperadoes Buck and Jim, about twelve years ago. He resigned from the force in 1888, and has since been living a retired life. Later he was employed as caretaker of the city hospital and was taken ill about five weeks ago. He was a native of P. E. Island, but has lived in Moncton for 25 years. John Blakney, night superintendent in the L. E. yard, has been suspended for being intoxicated and the railway police suspect that he may know something of the recent rifle of liquor from cars at this station.

E. T. Johnson of the government engineering department, Ottawa, arrived here today for the purpose of inspecting the Beersville railway construction, part of which was recently completed.

GETTING THEIR NETS READY.

Bathurst Fishermen Preparing for Smelt Fishing.

BATHURST, N. B., Nov. 30.—Fishermen are getting their bag nets in order, the ice being now firm enough for the purpose of smelt and tom-cod fishing. The latter is quite an industry here during the first months of the winter season, Quebec and Montreal being the chief points of shipment. Large quantities of eels are also fished through the ice and find a ready market. These latter are shipped to Montreal also. Lumbering is being continued this season in about the same degree as last, the quantity being got out being estimated at a very small advance. Notwithstanding the low prices on the other side, there seems to be no difference in the local market. There are numerous parties getting out railway ties in this vicinity. This part of the lumber trade seems to be decidedly on the increase in speaking with an operator in this line who has a government contract, he said that the price was twenty-four to twenty-five cents per tie. He was still working on the old contract and thought that new tenders would be asked this winter. He expected the price would be lower and smiled when your correspondent suggested that it would have been thoroughly made use of by the price had been fixed before the elections.

Quite a quantity of beef was offered for sale in town today, the price ranging from four to five cents per pound. Chickens are plentiful at ten cents per pound and geese, 65 to 75 cents. There has been excellent skating on the harbor for the past two days, which was thoroughly made use of by the young people. It is snowing tonight with all the appearance of a "good one" and so farewell skating till spring. At least that is the rule. Speaking of this, the question is often asked why haven't we a skating rink? Fifteen years ago curling and skating were in full tide in Bathurst and we boasted of having a curling and skating rink on the old contract and thought that would do credit to a much larger town. It is hoped that our young men will bestir themselves in this line and gain the everlasting gratitude of the citizens, particularly the frater portion.

CREW RESCUED.

For Thirty Hours Had Been Battling With Terrible Seas.

WILL BE LIVELY.

MONTEAL, Dec. 1.—Senator Choquette has sent a circular to all members recently elected to the legislature asking them to come unpledged to Quebec and to remain until the speaker has been elected. The other side of the liberal faction in dispute today is represented by two more \$15,000 suits for damages instituted by Premier Parent, one against Choquette and the second against Mayor Nantel of St. Jerome. This session of the legislature promises to be exceptionally lively.

DR. CAVEN DEAD.

Distinguished Principal of Knox College Passed Away. Was Most Distinguished Member of Presbyterian Church in Canada, and Was President of Pan-Canadian Association.

TORONTO, Dec. 1.—Principal Caven has taken possession of all the property of Stewart D. White, merchant of Shediac, an absconding debtor of Halifax. White's liabilities are about \$15,000; assets about one-third that amount. He had been engaged quite extensively in the potato shipping trade to Halifax and Bermuda, but lacked experience.

Rev. Dr. William Caven was considered the most prominent and influential member of the Presbyterian Church in Canada. He was born in Kirkcaldy, Wigtownshire, Scot., Dec. 28, 1830, and began his education under his father, a man of high mental endowments. He came to Canada in 1847 and shortly afterwards entered the ministry. He was licensed to preach in 1862. The same year he was inducted pastor of the congregation at St. Mary's, Ont., where he remained until 1866. He was then appointed by the synod of the church to the chair of Eccegetical Theology in Knox College, Toronto, and in 1873 he was chosen to succeed the late Dr. Michael Willis as principal of the college, which position he filled up to the time of his death. He was instrumental in procuring funds for the erection of the new college buildings which were completed in 1875. He was always an earnest advocate for union in the Presbyterian Church and was elected moderator of the general assembly in 1875 and again in 1892. He received the honorary degree of D. D. from Queen's University in 1875, and also from Princeton University in 1898, and that of LL. D. from Toronto University the same year. He was also a senator of Toronto University. Dr. Caven took an active interest in the formation of the Pan-Canadian Association and has been a member of the several conferences of the same year. He was appointed chairman of a subcommittee of the council held in Edinburgh, in that year. He was chairman of the American Western section of the alliance. He was elected president of the Ontario Teachers' Association in succession to Prof. Goldwin Smith. He opposed any interference with the Manitoba school act. In 1896 he married Margaret, daughter of the late John Goldie, the distinguished naturalist of Ayr.

The Sun informed Judge Forbes of Principal Caven's death at a late hour last night, and he was shocked to hear of the death of his friend. They travelled extensively together when abroad last summer, and at Liverpool Dr. Caven presided over the Pan-Canadian Association, "the greatest council held since 1877, being never held conferred upon him."

"I regret exceedingly to hear of his death," said the judge, "and I will remember how vigorous and well he was when we were together in Scotland. At the opening of the Council in Liverpool Dr. Caven made one of the most memorable speeches ever delivered by any member of the Presbyterian church. Dr. Caven was instrumental in securing the committee on union which will meet Dec. 20th. Judge Forbes and Rev. James Ross will go from St. John to attend it. Dr. Caven was not here to attend the General Assembly this summer, as he did not think his strength was sufficient to stand the strain. He was an active teacher in the college up to the time of his death."

BATHURST, N. B., Dec. 1.—The hunting season closes today and has been a very successful one in Gloucester. Through the kindness of H. Bishop, game warden of this section, the Sun is enabled to give at least a partial list of hunters who have been more or less successful. Mr. Bishop moves of only one who failed in bringing down one of season's species of big game. The following list does not include the names of residents, and as mentioned, is not a full one of non-residents, as many who came through St. John procured their game from the chief game commissioner, L. B. Knight.

Dr. A. R. Ledoux, New York, moose and caribou; W. Libenthorpe, New York, moose; E. Worchester, Boston, moose; W. Harriman, New York, moose; J. P. House, Philadelphia, moose; E. P. Howe, Philadelphia, moose; Walter Roland, Philadelphia, moose; J. S. Clark, Philadelphia, moose; Henry Haysman, Philadelphia, moose; Dr. Bennet, Philadelphia, moose; D. H. Fuller, Boston, caribou; G. T. Tuttle, Boston, moose; M. H. Michaels, Boston, caribou; W. W. Shorach, Boston, moose; G. L. Fales, Boston, moose; D. L. Hoole, New Haven, moose and bear; C. R. Hooker, New Haven, moose and bear; John McCleave, New York, moose; G. M. Bovey, New York, moose, bear and caribou; T. B. Gameth, New York, moose; Geo. Frowbridge, Marquette, moose; E. P. McMurry, Marquette, moose; H. Huch, Marquette, moose.

Asked about the moose heads, Mr. Bishop stated that he had seen the great part of them and that in no case need any of the hunters be ashamed, as none were small. Mr. Bishop also says that the different parties expressed themselves as being well pleased with the hunting grounds and the facilities afforded them at Bathurst for these trips.

HOME MARKET CLUB

Vice-President Fairbanks Spoke on Tariff. Dr. W. H. Montague Spoke on Reciprocity—Canada for Canadians, First, Last, and For All Time.

BOSTON, Dec. 1.—Before an audience more than three thousand people, Vice-president-elect Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana defined the attitude of the republican administration on the tariff question at the annual banquet of the Home Market Club in Mechanics' Hall tonight.

Former Congressman Robert T. Davis of Fall River, president of the club, acted as toastmaster, and in his opening remarks claimed that the growth and prosperity of the United States was due chiefly to the republican control of affairs for the past forty years.

The address of Governor Bates, who was the first speaker, was replete with witticisms, particularly when he referred to his own defeat in the recent state election.

Vice-president-elect Fairbanks was introduced, and spoke some length on the tariff question and the responsibilities of the republican party. It adhered, he said, to the doctrine of commercial reciprocity.

The next speaker was Dr. W. H. Montague of Toronto, Canada. He said that the sentiment of the Canadians is for Canada, first, last and all the time. He referred to the area of Canada, which, he said, was greater than that of the United States, and also the climate of the Dominion, which, he contended, was no more severe than that of the States in the northern part of the United States. He went on to tell of the progress made in recent years in Canadian products and industries, and quoted statistics to show the remarkable industrial growth of the country.

He said that within the next ten years Canada would have thirty thousand miles of railway, with steamship lines reaching out for the trade of the far east.

"I come here to tell you," continued Mr. Montague, "that no government could exist in Canada today that does not maintain the system of protection of Canada's industries."

WORLD'S FAIR NOW A MATTER OF HIST

Exactly at Midnight the Lights Were Turned Out. The Great Exposition Was no More.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—The Louisiana Purchase Exposition has ended. The stupendous and magnificent exposition whose tenders of interest have extended into every portion of the civilized world and even into aboriginal recesses bringing within the gates of St. Louis millions of visitors from throughout the entire world, has run its course and now passes into history as probably having comprised the most representative collection of the resources, industries, art, peoples and customs of the world ever assembled. From the inception of the project to hold an exposition to fittingly commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the Purchase of the Louisiana territory, until the portals were thrown open and the world was invited to enter and enjoy the completed exhibition of the world's life, occupied a period of seven years. The duration of the exposition has been seven months, and during that time nothing has occurred to throw a damper on the interest or to detract from the exhibition in any way. The best order has been maintained throughout; there have been a few fires, but all were of small amount, with the exception of the destruction of the house of Hoo Hoo and the partial destruction of the Missouri building recently. The former was immediately rebuilt. No loss of life has occurred during the exposition from accidents.

The opinion has been expressed at all times on all sides and without reserve that the Louisiana Purchase Exposition has been a success.

The man most prominently known in connection with the world's fair is the secretary of the interior and former governor of Missouri, and it was deemed fitting that the final day should be designated as Francis Day in his honor.

The closing exercises were held at the base of the Louisiana purchase monument in the Plaza of St. Louis, where were held seven months ago the exercises that formally opened the gates to the world. On the opening day the vast assembly, "the boyan," in spirit and filled with an unanimous desire to give expression to good feeling; today depression prevailed generally because of the conclusion at hand, and it was rather a mournful assemblage that formed a solid phalanx around the tall monument and listened to the farewell addresses. There was cheering, but it was the cheering of final leave-taking and not the spontaneous outburst of enthusiasm.

The principal addresses were by Governor Dockery of Missouri and President Francis. Mayor Wells spoke briefly and introduced Governor Dockery, who said in part:

"In bidding farewell to the world's fair, I want to pay a tribute to the kindly feeling expressed towards this exposition by the president of the United States. In the execution of this exposition we have been Americans; today depression prevailed generally because of the conclusion at hand, and it was rather a mournful assemblage that formed a solid phalanx around the tall monument and listened to the farewell addresses. There was cheering, but it was the cheering of final leave-taking and not the spontaneous outburst of enthusiasm.

"I am proud to have been a part of this great event, and I am sure that the memory of it will be cherished by all who have had the privilege of attending it. I am proud to have been a part of this great event, and I am sure that the memory of it will be cherished by all who have had the privilege of attending it."

Japs Hope to Take Port Arthur Dec. 10.

Their Losses at Two Hundred and Three Metre Hill Were Heavy—A Hot Skirmish.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The correspondent at Chefoo of the Daily Telegraph says that the attack on 203 metre hill resulted in heavy losses to the first division of the Japanese stormers, and that simultaneously stormers of the Ninth and Eleventh divisions advanced and menaced the Rihling and Kekwan forts. It is stated that the correspondent adds that within the last 24 hours the Japanese casualties have tallied fifteen thousand; and it is asserted that the attacks have been planned to continue until Dec. 10, when it is hoped the capture of Port Arthur will be completed.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at St. Petersburg claims to have unimpeachable evidence that Russia is reckoning on the necessity of making a lasting peace with Japan by means of an offensive and defensive alliance, which is recognized as an indispensable condition for the success of Russia's eastern policy.

MUKDEN, Dec. 1.—There was another small skirmish on General Rennekampff's front on Nov. 30, but otherwise everything remains quiet here. The weather is warmer and more agreeable.

CITY ISLAND, Dec. 1.—Bound east, str. Manhattan, for Portland; bark Ethel Clarke, for Digby, NS; Carola L Smith, for Bear River, NS (anchored).

SALEM, Mass., Dec. 1.—810, sch. Millard A. Pope, for Adams.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—And, str. Cedric, from Liverpool, and Gen. C. H. C. (anchored).