

COMPANY, LIMITED

nesday, Oct. 21.

Men... country... long since... have been... better was

is a larger... We buy... No other... only the... overcoats... which... production... to-mor-... we'll give

urchase... Highest... ularly... 3.00.

ish... in... 9.95

88c... 98c

day 88c... 9c. Don't

erwear... 50 per suit.

PT. WALLACE... 21st Oct. ... 22nd Oct. ... DAY ... DAY ... LAND CREEK ... WELCOME

Dr. White



LISTS... DISEASES OF MEN... Dyspepsia... Rheumatism... Lung Vitality... Skin Diseases... Kidney Affecting... but if impossible... slide and Toronto... to 1 p.m., 2 p.m., 3.10 a.m. to 1 p.m., corresponding date... and WHITE... Toronto, Ontario.

industry... of the Toronto... yesterday the report... showed 331 famie... corresponding date... were 458. Of in-... the home and of... were sheltered... draft of \$4,386.52... in the month... theseans were... Lake, it is alleg-

\$3,300--DUNDAS, Near Queen, store and 7 rooms, solid brick, furnace, bath, gas, good front. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., Realty Brokers, 26 Victoria St.

The Toronto World

\$25,000--CENTRAL Warehouse, stone and brick, electric elevator, good shipping, excellent light. H. H. WILLIAMS & CO., Realty Brokers, 26 Victoria St.

PROBS... Fairer higher temperature, followed by showers during night or on Friday.

TWELVE PAGES--THURSDAY MORNING OCTOBER 22 1908--TWELVE PAGES

28TH YEAR

WRIGHT AND KING DEBATE LABOR ISSUES

Immense Crowd at Berlin Hear a Unique Discussion on Practice v. Theory in Govt. Labor Bureau.

BERLIN, Oct. 21.—(Special).—Five thousand people flocked to the auditorium, a roller rink, to-night, and rival political parties cheered themselves hoarse for nearly three hours and a half. The cheering was frequent and tumultuous. The occasion was a debate between W. L. M. King, ex-deputy minister of labor, and A. W. Wright of Toronto, on the political issues in relation to organized labor. The meeting was called for the opera house but that building filled up in five minutes, leaving 3000 people or more yelling in the street, and at 8 o'clock the rink was secured and the crowd turned in there. The cheering was frequent and tumultuous. The entrance of the former member, Joseph Seagram, about 11 o'clock, was the occasion for a remarkable ovation for that gentleman, and it looked for a time as if the rival sides would put an end to the speaking.

Shortly after 6 o'clock the crowd began to gather in the street. The King partisans got there first and jammed the approaches to the opera house and when the doors were thrown open at 7 o'clock the mob surged in, filling the house, which with only 800 aisles, wings and all, while people were harangued in the street by a socialist. The first test of strength came soon after the audience found their seats. "Three cheers for the King," bawled an enthusiast, and the front benches answered with vigor. "Three cheers for Reid," demanded a Conservative boomer, and the noise that answered made the King cheerers sound feeble. It was admitted that Reid had the meeting by two to one. Berlin Town gave Seagram 251 majority in 1904 and at the provincial election Dr. Laker, Conservative, had 545 majority. Conservatives say they will give Reid 400 in the town. The crowd became so dense outside that at 8 o'clock it was decided to change the place to the rink, and in 15 minutes between 400 and 5000 people gathered there. C. C. Hahn, president of the Trades and Labor Council, had charge of the meeting. He asked for a fair hearing for both sides. He announced that Mr. Wright would speak for one hour and a half, Mr. King to follow for an hour and a half, and Mr. Wright to have ten minutes to close.

Mr. Wright was received with a great outburst of cheering, mingled with some hisses. He began by making an explanation. He had issued a challenge to Mr. King that did not mean there was any personal antagonism. Also, a Berlin paper had referred to him one time position as Conservative organizer and he wanted to say that he had never been guilty of any improper conduct in the political field. Mr. Wright proposed to discuss the political questions from the standpoint of the labor man. Mr. King claimed that the Liberal party had done great things for labor, but in Mr. Wright's opinion what that party had done was fanciful and what the Conservative party had done was real and tangible. The National Policy was one of these things.

"Unless it is possible for the employer to pay as much as you can't get good wages," said Mr. Wright. Workingmen of Waterloo would agree with him in saying that the woollen industry had failed because of withdrawal of protection. Mr. Wright's next point was that Conservatives had protected the workingman in their right to organize. The Liberals found the government printing office at Ottawa a union shop and had made it an open shop.

Holding up his pamphlet entitled "What the Laurier Government has done for Labor," he asked if Mr. King wrote it. If he did, he was writing a campaign while in the pay of the people of Canada. If not, then someone was writing Mr. King's speeches, for the King spoke at Waterloo with a similar tone wording of the pamphlet.

Government Wanted Wright. Mr. Wright quoted from his own report on the sweating system and observed that in this report he had advised that the labor department be organized and was offered by the government the position of head of that department, but he did not accept. Mr. Wright claimed that the effect of King's Waterloo speech was that he (Wright) was not honest or competent, yet he held in his hand a private letter which he would show to the chairman and Mr. King. Mr. King refused to look at the letter and when the hubbub ceased he said, "I don't think I should be placed in the position of having to read a document which cannot be placed before the meeting." "Then," said Mr. Wright, "this letter comes to me from the government of the day. It is an offer of a position under the government, and it is not two months old, to work for the government among the working people and offering me \$10 a night and expenses." Mr. King, therefore, was in the position of having to say that the government offered this offer of a position to a competent and dishonest man.

Lord Milner Now Visiting In Toronto

Lord Milner, who arrived in Toronto for the first time yesterday—except for an hour at the station while enroute to the west—is so well known a figure in Imperial circles, and has been so notable among the proconsuls of the empire of the present generation, that it is fortunate the university conceived the idea of honoring the distinguished guest who would otherwise would have been passed over without public recognition by the citizens.

Lord Milner was entertained to dinner last night by E. B. Osler and the guests were of that heavy ordnance character in the financial world appropriate to such a capitalistic occasion.

MAGISTRATE'S ERROR MIGHT QUASH SENTENCE

Gave Milton Crozier a Day Too Many in the Central Prison—Opinions Differ.

While no action has yet been taken in the matter, it is quite possible that the validity of the sentence of two years in the Central Prison imposed upon Milton Crozier, the younger of the two counterfeiters who pleaded guilty at Milton yesterday, may be brought into question. The regulations do not allow a two year term in the prison and the sentence for the limit usually reads "two years less one day." Magistrate Shields didn't omit the extra day. The world yesterday asked opinions from Deputy Attorney General Cartwright, Judge Winchester, Judge Morgan, County Crown Attorney Drayton, the County Crown Attorney H. H. Dewar, Police Magistrate Denison and Police Magistrate Kingsford. Of these four views of opinion that the sentence can be quashed upon appeal. One was of opinion that the boy must go to Kingston Penitentiary, while the other two thought that he should go to the Central and that should habeas corpus proceedings be instituted. The court would revise the sentence to two years less one day. Detective Anderson was in Milton yesterday and photographed both prisoners, also taking Herdillon measurements. The boy has lost his careless manner and is now more broken than his father, who has steepled up a little.

PUGSLEY ON EMERSON.

Opinion Differs From That of a College Professor. MONCTON, N. B., Oct. 21.—(Special).—Mr. Emerson is one of the truest men God ever made. This is what Dr. Pugsley said during his speech here to-night at a Liberal meeting in the interests of Mr. Emerson. Dr. W. W. Andrews, professor of science at Mount Allison University, and the prosecution produced a pamphlet containing a criticism of Emerson on the ground of immorality, and appealing to the electors to vote against him.

WHEN THE ICE MELTED.

It Broke the Endless Chain That Marse Had Wielded. NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Into the testimony at the trial of Chas. W. Morse was introduced to-day the name of Miss Kate A. Wilson, secretary to Mr. Morse, and the prosecution produced witnesses who told of large loans made by the National Bank of North America, a Morse institution, to Miss Wilson. On her unsupported note Morse would loan Miss Wilson a sum of money. Miss Wilson's note would be cashed in the Bank of North America and with the proceeds stock of the American Ice Co. would be purchased. Then the ice stock would be used to secure another loan from the bank. With the money thus secured bank stock would be purchased, and the bank stock aided in supporting the ice stock pools in which Morse and other financiers were interested. The failure to raise the price of ice last year was what caused the break in the endless chain. Examiner Morse showed how he had traced a Miss Wilson loan of \$125,000.

GOWGANDA LAKE DISTRICT.

Said to Rival Cobalt as a Silver Country. Prof. Miller, the provincial geologist, went north again last night on what may be a very extensive tour. After a look around in the eastern townships of the silver district it is probable he will visit the new Cobalt west of Silver City and in the neighborhood of Gowganda Lake. The reports from this region are in all respects similar to those that came from Cobalt a few years ago. The Cobalt trails are once more being packed nightly with the eager throng of silver seekers.

3000 HEAR SIFTON.

Many Others Had to Be Ejected for Noisiness. WINNIPEG, Oct. 21.—(Special).—The Walker Theatre was crowded by 3000 to-night by the principal speakers being Hon. Clifford Sifton and D. C. Cameron. There were many interruptions and a strong police force ejected scores of the more noisy.

LORD MILNER IS HONORED BY VARSITY

Distinguished Imperialist Granted Honorary Degree—Finds Canada a Splendid Country, He Says.

Viscount Milner, who arrived in Toronto for the first time yesterday—except for an hour at the station while enroute to the west—is so well known a figure in Imperial circles, and has been so notable among the proconsuls of the empire of the present generation, that it is fortunate the university conceived the idea of honoring the distinguished guest who would otherwise would have been passed over without public recognition by the citizens.

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Lord Milner in an interview yesterday disclaimed the possession of surplus capital to invest in Canada, but he did not mention that he had already put a considerable ward into the Alexandra Palace on Queen's-avenue. Lord Milner personally represents the fusion of races, having German blood in his British veins, and perhaps being none the less an imperialist on that account. As a journalist, a profession in which he was trained under the redoubtable and almost infallible W. T. Stead, Lord Milner has the habit of looking into things for himself and forming his own views, and incidentally of course, those of other people. It is probably the result of this habit that he has contracted as a newspaper man that brought him to Canada. He would admit no other object yesterday, at all events.

It was with no prepossessions, in his favor that The World man went to see the African war lord, but this hon could not see as gentle as any such thing dove, and it is safe to say that the little group who met him went away charmed and delighted with his pleasant address, his amusing conversation, and his very ready manner.

A Glance at the Man. Lord Milner in appearance is a composite, that is to be the fashion in years ago to make a portrait by using the negatives of several photographs superimposed one on the other. The resultant produced a type of more or less striking quality. Lord Milner impresses one as such a composite, but of a type decidedly more than less striking quality. He has a very strong powerful nose, brows where the iron hue of resolution gives place to nothing, and even the muscular composition, this crowning a body of more than average physique and perfect proportions.

In this composite face perhaps the first resemblance one catches is to David Livingstone. The doctor and explorer, the modern scientist, the legislator, the merchant, the soldier, the editor, the scholar of the new commercial type, and even the musical composer. A group of faces could be chosen from these classes, and the resultant would approximate Lord Milner.

The infinite possibilities of such a man of genius enthroned in a powerful station, inspired with the ambitious consciousness of responsibility, and graced by his comely forces of demagogues, suggested by the idea of composite character such a picture of Lord Milner would be a masterpiece.

His Impressions. He had no general impressions of Canada to offer for publication yesterday. "I am reserving my opinions for people who know less about Canada than myself," he remarked laconically in response to a question. "And that does not mean that I am going to deliver a series of lectures on Canada." He did not lose his humorous vein that of the interview. It is served as an impenetrable armor against those who wished to pierce to the political heart of the peer. One might think he had never heard of the suggestion that lines of communication and community of interest with the American continent ran north and south, and he had no suggestions to make about strengthening the eastern and western ties. The scintilla of the American continent, ran east and west, since the United States supplied themselves and the bears did not want grain at the North Pole. Goldwin Smith wrote to The Manchester Guardian recently on this topic. Lord Milner said that they differed on this point. "He and I probably represent opposite poles of opinion, and he would be Continued on Page 2.



GAME COCK: Now's my chance, while he's nice and young. DOUBLE-HEADED EAGLE: I think I ought to get some pickings out of this. —From London Punch.

A Banner From the Princess of Wales to the University of Toronto.

At the University convocation yesterday, when honorary degrees were conferred upon Viscount Milner and Earl Roberts (the latter in absentia), the following letter was read:

Government House, Ottawa. 20th October, 1908. My Dear Lieutenant-Governor: It is my privilege to be allowed to forward to you, by command of the Princess of Wales, a banner, for presentation to the University of Toronto. The Princess of Wales hopes that the students of the University of Toronto will welcome this banner as an abiding proof of her interest in their well-being. On one side of the banner is the original flag of England, the time-honored emblem of St. George, suggesting at once the chivalry of the Crusades, the charity of the ambulance, and the self-sacrifice of the Cross. On the other side is a beautifully-embroidered picture, suggesting the duty and dignity of reverence and service. King Edward III. is here represented on the battlefield of Crecy, pointing to his son, the Black Prince, the flag of the dead King of Bohemia. The King authorizes his victorious son to adopt as his own, the motto and device of the fallen monarch, and exhorts him to pledge his life to the service of Wales of the King's appeal is beautifully depicted. Her Royal Highness hopes that her banner may inspire successive generations of undergraduates to adopt for the guidance of their lives the motto, "I Serve." which, from the days of the Black Prince, has been the stimulating motto of every Prince of Wales. I shall be glad if, in pursuance of Her Royal Highness' command, you will cause this banner to be presented to the University of Toronto with proper form and ceremony. I remain, Yours sincerely, GREY. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, Toronto.

NO CHARGES WERE MADE SAYS CANDIDATE SHAW

Replies to Chatham Citizen's Demand for Retraction of Statements Against Foster.

John Piggett, a Liberal and president of the Windsor, Essex and Lake Shore Ry., and senior member of the firm which supplied all the lumber for the construction of the W. E. and L. S. Railway, says: "W. H. Shaw's statement at Toronto is a pure libel. There is not a word of truth in it. He has no letter from the firm which supplied the Windsor, Essex and Lake Shore Railway with the lumber for construction, saying that Mr. Foster received a commission for promoting a deal in stocks and bonds for this railway with I. O. F. funds. His statement to this effect, made at the nominations in Toronto yesterday, is absolutely false, and have telegraphed Mr. Shaw requesting him to give the name of the man who made up the letter, and to make charges or statements such as you indicate in your telegram. I asked Mr. Foster two questions, and his answers to both were quite satisfactory to me, and as far as I am concerned, the matter rests there. "I asked Mr. Foster, 'Is it true or not that you received a cheque for 25 cents an acre on the Swan River land deal?' To this Mr. Foster replied 'Yes.' "I then asked him, 'Did you receive any commission in connection with a stock deal in relation to the W. E. and L. S. Railway?' Mr. Foster replied 'Not a cent.' This answer I accepted. "Please note no charge was made. If the Conservatives wish to make political capital out of Mr. Foster's answers to the two questions, as above, I have no objection. His reply to the question 'Is the Essex Railroad settled the matter?' His reply to the question 'Is the Swan River land deal still in the hands of the people to be settled by them on the 26th.' "With sincere regards, I remain, yours very truly."

TWO CABINET MINISTERS QUIZZED BY SUFFRAGETTES

Appear in Bow Street Police Court as Witnesses in Trial of the Warring Women.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The suffragettes succeeded in bringing two members of the British cabinet, David Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer, and Herbert John Gladstone, secretary of state for home affairs, as witnesses to the Bow-street police court this morning. The occasion was the hearing of the cases against Mrs. and Miss Pankhurst and Mrs. Drummond, who were tried for inciting to disorder, when they appeared early in the month to the public to help their "rush the house of commons," and 17 other women who were arrested Oct. 13, charged with disorderly conduct. A large crowd, including many suffragettes, had gathered. Miss Pankhurst examined the two cabinet ministers. The purport of her questions, many of which were disallowed by the judge, was to show that if the government gave women "their rights" the disorders would come to an end. After an examination of the two ministers that lasted all day long, Miss Pankhurst announced that she still has 50 other witnesses to call. Mrs. and Miss Pankhurst and Mrs. Drummond were remanded until Saturday, and the other prisoners until to-morrow.

FOUND TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 21.—(Special).—Col. Jeffrey Burland, who gave \$75,000 to found a tuberculosis hospital, has purchased a large house in Belmont Park for \$30,000, and the home will be started at once. Alderman Deparis, Writs Issued. VANCOUVER, B.C., Oct. 21.—Business circles are agog to-day over the issuance against Alderman W. J. Cavanagh of several writs in civil actions in the supreme court. He left on Friday last for the United States. Other writs are said to be pending.

HOW BIG GUILD FROZE OUT A FIRM

Toronto Man Tells of the Short Career of Company Which Couldn't Get in the "Circle."

To the relief of all concerned in the Dominion Grocers' Guild combine case, now being heard by Chief Justice Falconbridge at the city hall, the reading of letters has been concluded and the crown has commenced on its long list of witnesses. The first of these was called late yesterday afternoon in the person of W. W. Clancy, a retail grocer of West Bloor-street, and his evidence was to show that, refused admission by the guild, his wholesale business had to be discontinued. E. F. B. Johnston, for the defence, somewhat modified the effect of it in his cross-examination. Secretary J. S. Cook of the guild was also placed on the stand, but his evidence was more to clear up the information and impressions conveyed by the reams of correspondence which have been read since the hearing was commenced. His evidence went to show that when a guild member kicked over the traces all the guild could do was to threaten to erase his name from the long list of those in the benefit fund, and, according to him, nobody was really struck off the list. James Lumbers, front-street wholesaler, was the first man mentioned in the letters read in the morning. He had sold 750 barrels of St. Lawrence granulated sugar to A. H. Canning, Davidson & Hay, grocers, had been asked to look into the case, and his reply was read. It said that Lumbers said he had charged the full price. "Now," it said, "how are we going to 'you'd up a case like this, when a firm or firm is willing to supply the illegitimate opposition with the ammunition to blow their brains out?" Next in line were various communications in connection with the Hudson Bay Tobacco Co. real to establish uniform prices on his tobacco, and letters regarding Tuckett's of Hamilton.

Secretary Cook, when examined by E. F. B. Johnston, said there was no list of men which the guild could control. The provincial committee was a sub-committee for the provinces, and Secretary Cook. Their duties were to place the advantages of things before the trade. They had nothing to do with the fixing of freight rates, as far as he knew, what became of them. There was one instance cited in which Tuckett of Hamilton had refused to discipline the Hudson Bay Tobacco Co. Secretary Johnston, when examined by E. F. B. Johnston, said there was no list of men which the guild could control. The provincial committee was a sub-committee for the provinces, and Secretary Cook. Their duties were to place the advantages of things before the trade. They had nothing to do with the fixing of freight rates, as far as he knew, what became of them. There was one instance cited in which Tuckett of Hamilton had refused to discipline the Hudson Bay Tobacco Co. Secretary Johnston, when examined by E. F. B. Johnston, said there was no list of men which the guild could control. The provincial committee was a sub-committee for the provinces, and Secretary Cook. Their duties were to place the advantages of things before the trade. They had nothing to do with the fixing of freight rates, as far as he knew, what became of them. There was one instance cited in which Tuckett of Hamilton had refused to discipline the Hudson Bay Tobacco Co.

ASQUITH CAN'T PROMISE LEGISLATION FOR RELIEF

But the Army Can Enroll 24,000 Men for Winter Training in the Reserves.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The very serious matter of the unemployed in England came up for discussion in the house of commons this afternoon, but a larger dose of money than last year and the expediting of the naval shipbuilding program were the only expedients proposed by Premier Asquith in his unfolding of the government's plan to meet the situation. The gravity of the case arising from the fact that hundreds of thousands are on the verge of starvation through lack of work, was fully recognized by the premier, but he said he could not undertake, in the legislative field, to grapple with the permanent causes thereof until the next session. The government, he said, was prepared to provide a fund of \$1,500,000 to help the unemployed and the admiral was giving out orders for the construction of nine torpedo boat destroyers and five unarmored cruisers, to cost a total of \$1,500,000, two months earlier than originally had been intended. The premier made also a bid for recruits, saying that the war office was ready to take on 24,000 men for winter training in the special reserves. These proposals quite fail to meet the demands of the Labor members of the house. Mr. Cook knew of no wholesaler who had been put out of the guild. He also never knew of fines imposed by the guild, but would have known of that if it had been done. He admitted to pay \$40, expenses of a man sent down to examine books as to a violation of an agreement. "None of this money went to the guild." "Do you know in what quantities the refiner sells sugar?" "I can't say. I don't think they ever sold any less than that. The refiner would then distribute this to the retailers in small lots." Counsel Washington then took the stand.

TWO DROP OUT.

But They Do Not Affect Contests in Quebec.

MONTREAL, Oct. 21.—(Special).—Two candidates who were nominated on Monday have already retired. La chapelle, independent in L'Assomption, is out, and in the County of Richelieu H. Beauchemin, nominated as an Independent Liberal, has retired. In L'Assomption Dr. R. Laurier, ex-M.P., is still in the field, making the result doubtful.

THOS. GREENWAY ILL.

Thomas Greenway, ex-premier of Manitoba, and recently appointed by the railway commission, is lying seriously ill at the Windsor Hotel, Ottawa, and may not recover. His condition alarms his friends, and word has been sent to his family in Crystal City to come east as soon as possible.

MILK GOES UP A CENT AT KINGSTON.

KINGSTON, Ont., Oct. 21.—(Special).—The price of milk has been raised from five to six cents a quart in this city.

THINK ABOUT A FUR-LINED COAT.

Drop Into Dineen's and Ask to See the Fifty Dollar Special. Call in at Dineen's to-day and see what they can do for you regarding the fifty dollar special. It is the best there is at anywhere near that price. The shell is splendid English beaver, muskrat lining and an otter or Persian lamb collar. Better value cannot be obtained anywhere and the fact is proof that you know where to go to get absolute satisfaction. Call at the Yonge and Temperance-street corner. The coat can be stored for you till you need it, free of charge.