

Germany Gets There

Kiao Chau Bay Secured by the Kaiser.

The British Army in India Loses a Valued Officer.

Death of Gen. Yeatman-Biggs at His Post.

Little Malta Ready to Send 1,000 Men to India.

The Korean Situation—Negotiations in Re Port Arthur Proceeding.

Six Thousand People at Gen. Booth's Farewell Demonstration—Trouble in the Bazaar Show at London.

ROYAL VISITOR COMING TO CANADA.

London, Jan. 6.—The Brussels correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says that the nephew of King Leopold of Belgium, Prince Albert Leopold, heir-presumptive to the Belgian throne, will make a long tour of the United States and Canada.

VOLUNTEERS FROM MALTA.
London, Jan. 6.—A Valetta, Island of Malta, dispatch says: Four members of the council have called to the Marquis of Salisbury, renewing their offer to assist in the military requirements of Egypt, by raising a thousand Maltese for general military service.

TROUBLE IN THE CIRCUS.
London, Jan. 6.—According to an application made at Bow street by Walter Butler, described as a circus owner and two others, there are 150 employees of Barnum & Bailey's circus who, after three weeks of unpaid rehearsal, have been dismissed, with a week's notice. Sir James Vaughan, presiding magistrate, advised the men to disband and combine and employ a lawyer. Geo. Starr, who was the manager, says the men dismissed were all incompetent. He adds that they were paid during rehearsal and that their places were not filled by American circus men.

MARINE DISASTER.
Bermuda, Jan. 6.—Capt. Baker, of the British ship Van Loo, which put in here in distress while on a voyage from Cardiff to St. John, N. B., tells how six of his men lost their lives, and another man was seriously injured during an encounter with a gale. On Nov. 20, the weather indicating the approach of a gale, the crew were ordered about to take shelter in the fore-cabin. Fourteen of the crew were on the fore-cabin, when the plating of the elings and truss broke, causing the yard to come down on the deck. Three of the men were thrown overboard and were drowned, two were killed and another man was seriously injured by falling on the deck. On the day previous to the fatal occurrence one of the crew fell from aloft to the deck and was killed. The names of the killed are: Patrick Watson, of Barrow, Lancashire; John Brown, of London; and James Kerger, Hamburg; F. B. Gilles, St. John, N. B.; Robert Miller, Glasgow; James Billington, Norway.

THE KOREAN SITUATION.
London, Jan. 6.—Special dispatches from Shanghai say that Mr. J. McDonald, the British minister at Peking, and the Chinese foreign office with reference to the questions arising from the Russian occupation of Port Arthur, are proceeding.

The idea of an alliance with Great Britain is reported to have excited intense enthusiasm in Japan.

DEATH OF GEN. YEATMAN-BIGGS.
London, Jan. 6.—According to a special dispatch from Peshawar, India, Major-General Arthur Godolphin Yeatman-Biggs, in command of the second division of the Tirah expedition, who died on the northwest frontier of India, died on Tuesday of dysentery. The news is confirmed from various sources. Major-General Yeatman-Biggs was born in 1842. He entered the army in 1860, became captain in 1874, major in 1880, lieutenant-colonel in 1882, colonel in 1886 and major-general last year. He served in China in 1882, during the Egyptian expedition in 1882. From 1885 he had commanded the presidency district of Bengal. Some of the most effective work of the British forces on the northwest frontier of India during the campaign against the rebellious tribesmen has been done by the troops of the second division. The most brilliant exploit of the punitive expedition was the storming and recapture of Dargal ridge, on the Samana range, by the Gurkhas and the Gordon Highlanders of the Yeatman-Biggs brigade last October.

GOOD-BYE TO GEN. BOOTH.
London, Jan. 6.—Six thousand persons, most of them members of the Salvation Army, took part in Albert Hall last night in a demonstration of farewell to "General" Wm. Booth, who is about to sail for the United States. Three brass bands led the music, and in the body of the hall were a thousand and Salvation lasses, who performed theatrical movements, with red, white and blue scarves. On entering the hall, received a tremendous ovation, the lasses forming themselves in imitation of the American and British flags. Commissioner Combs presented an address from the British Salvation Army to be delivered to the American army. Gen. Booth, in the course of a long speech, said: "I am going where I shall unquestionably receive a great welcome. I have been jealous and antiquated antipathies may be in the hearts of others, but the Salvation Army on either side of the water have only affection and confidence for each other. We have had our sorrows and storms. In the United States one of the greatest sorrows that could come to a general of God has come to me. One of my sons has departed from his father's side and from the Salvation Army. I do not bear him ill-will; for though I think he is very much in the wrong, he is still my son. Of controversy or dis-

Extreme Nervousness.

The Usual Outcome of Too Little Blood—Sufferers Often Brought to the Verge of Insanity.

[From the Smith's Fall News.]
Many cases have been reported of how invalids who had suffered for years, and whose cases had been given up by the attending physician, have been restored to health and vigor through the use of the famous medicine, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but we doubt if there is one more startling or convincing than that of Miss Elizabeth Minshull, who resides with her brother, Mr. Thos. Minshull, of this town, an employee of Frost & Wood's agricultural works. The News heard of this remarkable case, and meeting Mr. Minshull, asked him if the story was correct. He replied: "All I know is that my sister had been given up as incurable by two physicians. She is now well enough to do any kind of housework, and can go and come as she pleases, and this change has, it is my honest conviction, been brought about by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills." Mr. Minshull then related the following story to the News: "My sister is twenty years of age. She came to Canada from England about ten years ago, and resided with a Baptist minister, Rev. Mr. Cody, at Sorel, Que. In April of 1886, she took ill and gradually grew worse. She was under a local physician's care for over five months. The doctor said that she was suffering from a complication of nervous diseases, and that he could do little for her. The minister with whom she lived then wrote me of my sister's state of health, and I had her come to Smith's Falls, in the hope that a change and rest would do her good. When she arrived here she was in a very weak state, and a local physician was called in to see her. He attended her for some time, but with poor results, and finally acknowledged that the case was one which he could do very little for. My sister had by this time become a suitable object; the slightest noise would disturb her, and the slightest exertion would almost make her insane. It required someone to be with her at all times, and often after a fit of extreme nervousness she would become unconscious and remain in that state for hours. When I went home I had to take my boots off at the door-step so as not to disturb her. When the doctor told me he could do nothing for her, I consulted with my wife, who had great faith in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as she knew of several cases where they had worked wonderful cures, and I concluded it would do no harm to try them anyway, and mentioned the fact to the doctor. The doctor did not oppose their use, but he thought they might do her good, as they certainly were a good medicine. In September of last year she began to use the Pills, and before two boxes had been used she began to show signs of improvement. She has continued their use since, and is today a living testimony to the curative power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

BLOOD THIN AND POOR.

Mrs. John O'Connor, Broad cove, N. S., makes the following statement: "I had been suffering from what doctors call general debility. My blood was thin and poor. I had a constant and at times violent pain in my hips and knees, and frequently passed sleepless nights. I had tried several remedies said to be safe cures, but without success. Then a lady friend, who was very enthusiastic concerning Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, urged me to try that medicine. I used several boxes before I found much benefit. The pain came and I speedily recovered. The pains left me. I could sleep and eat well, and an quiet strong and hearty. It is now more than six months since I took the pills, and have not been sick a day since I stopped taking them. I am quite as enthusiastic over this medicine as my friend was, and will always recommend it."

INSOMNIA CURED.

Mr. Wm. Thomas, a teacher of vocal music, well known throughout Eastern Ontario, says: "I was greatly troubled with insomnia, and for over two years I believed I existed with less sleep than any other individual I ever did. The strain on my nervous system was something terrible, and each day I found myself unable to perform my duties. My digestion was impaired, my complexion was sallow, appetite very feeble, and my whole condition one of chronic unwellness. I had tried many remedies without avail, and finally, as a result of reading so much about them I decided to try Dr.

putation, I'll have none. I am the friend of all new theories.

CABLE NOTES.
Mr. Edward Harford, one of the delegates from the British Trades Union Congress to the American Federation of Labor Congress held recently in Nashville, Tenn., died while returning on the steamer St. Paul, which arrived at Southampton Wednesday.

Another letter from an officer of the Marchand expedition (now understood to be advancing northward along the Nile and in the direction of Khartoum) indicates that the report of the massacre of twenty Senegalese riflemen and an officer by natives on the River Ubanghi, who were subsequently captured by a French steamer.

Ceded to Germany.

The Kaiser Gets Kiao Chau Bay as a Base of Supplies.

Leased for Fifty Years—London Press Comment.

Berlin, Jan. 6.—The Reichsanzeiger announces that, according to a telegram from Peking, an understanding has been reached between Germany and China regarding the cession of Kiao Chau Bay to the former. The arrangement, it is added, is substantially as follows: It is intended by the cession to render possible for Germany the fulfillment of her just wish for possession, in the same way as other powers, of a base for trade and navigation in Chinese waters. The cession of Kiao Chau Bay to Ger-

Too Little Blood.

Too little blood! That is what makes men and women look pale, sallow and languid. That is what makes them drag along, always tired, never hungry, unable to digest their food, breathless and palpitating at the heart after slight exertion, so that it is a trouble to go up stairs. They are "Anæmic," doctors tell them; and that is Greek for having "too little blood." Are you like that?

Are your gums pale instead of being scarlet? Pull down your eyelid—is the lining of it bloodshot and pale? That is where "too little blood" shows.

More anæmic people have been made strong, energetic, hungry, cheerful men and women by

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

than by any other means. They are the finest Tonic in the world; they have cured more people than any other medicine, but you must get the REAL Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, put up in packages

LIKE THIS  or it is of no use.

The wrapper is always printed in red ink on white paper.

If your dealer does not keep them, or tries to persuade you to take something else, send the price, 50 cents a box or \$2.50 for six boxes to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, and get the genuine by return mail—postage paid.

Williams' Pink Pills. In the course of a few weeks it was plainly manifest that they were helping me. It took some months to restore my old-time health, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did it, and I am now feeling like a new man. When I write to my bed I am sure of a good night's rest. I have a good appetite, a good digestion and general feeling of renewed health, for all of which I am perfectly grateful to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

ST. VITUS' DANCE.

Mr. Jacob Snyder, Jun., of Bloomingdale, Ont., says: "About three years ago, Adeline Webber, aged eleven, an orphan adopted by us, showed symptoms of St. Vitus' dance. At first we did not realize what the trouble was, but as she was growing worse we consulted a doctor, who told us what was the matter, but did not seem to help her. In fact she was growing worse, and her limbs twitched and jerked terribly. We then consulted another doctor, under whose care she remained for about a year, and although he was very attentive, she was steadily growing worse. Her limbs became so unsteady that she could not walk, and she had wasted away to a skeleton. One day, while in conversation with Mr. Martin Simpson, of Berlin, he told me that a daughter of his who had suffered in the same way had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and advised that they be tried. I then purchased a box, and after the use of four boxes more, all the symptoms of the disease had left

her, and from that time she steadily regained her former strength. Her case seemed to us a desperate one, and we believe that had it not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills she would not have recovered."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills CURE

Rheumatism,
Sciatica,
Locomotor Ataxia,
Anæmia,
Heart Troubles,
Indigestion and Dyspepsia,
St. Vitus' Dance,
Paralysis,
Incipient Consumption,
All Female Weakness,
Dizziness and Headache,
And all Troubles arising from Poor and Watery Blood.

TIRED, PALE AND LISTLESS.

Miss Eva Hodgson, daughter of Mr. William Hodgson, a well-known farmer living near Proton Station, Ont., is another of the many young girls who

owe health and strength to the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says: "My illness came on very gradually, shortness of breath after the smallest exertion, being the first symptom I noticed. Then I became very pale, was attacked with a pain in the side and a hacking cough. At first only home remedies were used, but as they did me no good a doctor was consulted and I was taking his medicine for nearly a year. It did me no good, and I began to feel weaker all the time. The pain in my side grew more severe and I had wasted away almost to a skeleton. At this stage a friend strongly advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. By the time I had used three boxes I could feel an improvement, and then I began to gain weight and strength. I took the Pink Pills for a couple of months longer and at the end of that time was completely cured. I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a blessing to suffering humanity and will always strongly recommend them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

MAKE
RICH RED BLOOD

Rich, Red Blood Makes Strong, Healthy, Energetic Men, Women and Children.

China, or that other powers have any right to object to the legality of Germany's proceedings. The official reply, however, denied that the clause giving Germany the right to choose another port was a sort of back door to enable her to withdraw without loss of prestige, should Russia claim the territory. The matter, he declared, had been arranged without imposing good relations with Russia, and that clause bore no other meaning than the one on its face.

LEASED FOR FIFTY YEARS.
London, Jan. 6.—A dispatch to the Times from Peking, dated yesterday, says that Germany has taken a lease of Kiao Chau Bay for 50 years. It says also that reports are current there that a French occupation of Hainan Island is imminent.

BRITISH PRESS COMMENT.
London, Jan. 6.—The Times says, editorially: "It would be simple to assume that the Reichsanzeiger's dispatch tells the whole story, for it quite omits to say what China gets in return. To the world at large, however, the material fact is that Germany, by physical force, has obtained a naval station. This is the fact that must guide other powers in determining their own policy. The talk of a lease is a mere saving of appearances. There is no doubt that both Germany and China are aware that it is a practical cession in full sovereignty. It provides a further argument in favor of an English guaranteed Chinese loan."

Other morning papers' editorials generally are in the same strain as that of the Times. They point out that the contract is one in which Germany apparently gets everything and China nothing, while the question of the safety of the missionaries is entirely dropped. The Daily Chronicle says: "The agreement upon which the last Chinese loan was floated in England contained a clause declaring that the management of the customs should remain in the hands of the Chinese, and that the revenue should be in the hands of an Englishman." The paper believes that England need not be troubled, because she can claim exactly the same privileges as Germany. This is the logical and unsatisfactory position the government has taken up. Whatever Mr. Sherman may say, the mercantile community is well aware that England in claiming equal rights for all, is fighting the battle of the American merchants and traders, as well as that of her own subjects."

The Daily News says: "The great point for Lord Salisbury to consider is the possibility of Germany claiming the right to erect a tariff wall against other powers." Commenting with satisfaction upon the opinions of New York papers sympathizing with British policy, the Daily News says: "Such expressions of opinion may be taken as the bread of our free trade policy cast upon the waters, and returning to us in international influence after many days."

The Daily Mail, commenting upon the fact that the United States and Japan are openly on our side in the Chinese affair, says: "For once we are getting some recognition for our generous commercial policy."

SOLAR PLEXUS BLOW.

Detroit, Jan. 6.—Capt. Burbank, a well-known resident of Delray, was knocked unconscious by a solar plexus blow received in a peculiar manner. Capt. Burbank is employed on the pile driver at the proposed drawbridge over the River Rouge. As the heavy iron was being lifted the rope parted and one of the ends struck Capt. Burbank in the same place which Fitzsimmons delivered his telling blow on Corbett's

Gripped With Rheumatism.

Could Not Raise Either Hand or Foot and Had to Be Fed and Dressed—Doctors Said a Cure Was Impossible.

[From the Milbrook Reporter.]
Rheumatism has claimed many victims and has probably caused more pain than any other ill affecting mankind. Among those who have been its victims few have suffered more than Mr. G. W. Coon, now proprietor of a flourishing bakery in Hampton, but for a number of years a resident of Pontypool, where his severe illness occurred. To a reporter who interviewed him Mr. Coon gave the following particulars of his great suffering and the cure: "Some seven or eight years ago," said Mr. Coon, "I felt a touch of rheumatism. At first I did not pay much attention to it, but as it was steadily growing worse I began to doctor for it but to no effect. The trouble went from bad to worse, until three years after the first symptoms had manifested themselves I became utterly helpless, and could do no more for myself than a young child. I could not lift my hands from my side, and my wife was obliged to cut my food and feed me when I felt like eating, which was not often considering the torture I was undergoing. My hands were swollen out of shape, and for weeks were tightly bandaged. My legs and feet were also swollen, and I could not lift my feet two inches from the floor. I could not change my clothes and my wife had to dress and wash me. I grew so thin that I looked more like a skeleton than anything else. The pain I suffered was almost past endurance and I got no rest either day or night. I doctored with many doctors, but they did me no good, and some of them told me it was not possible for me to get better. I believe I took besides almost everything that was recommended for rheumatism, but instead of getting better I was constantly getting worse, and I wished many a time that death would end my sufferings. One day Mr. Perin, storekeeper at Pontypool, gave me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and urged me to try them. I did so somewhat reluctantly as I did not think any medicine could help me. However, I used the pills, then I got another box and before they were gone I felt a thrilling relief. Before a third box was finished there was no longer any doubt of the improvement they were making in my condition, and before I had used three boxes more I began to feel, in view of my former condition, that I was growing quite strong, and the pain was rapidly subsiding. From that out, there was a steady improvement, and for the first time in long years I was able to get from pain, and once more able to take my place among the world's workers. I have not now the slightest pain, and I feel better than I felt for seven years previous to taking the pills. I thank God Dr. Williams' Pink Pills came in my way as I believe they saved my life, and there is no doubt whatever that they rescued me from years of torture."

IN A DECLINE.

Mrs. W. Goodwin, Argyle Sound, N. S., says: "After the birth of my first child I was in poor health and unable to recover my strength. I had severe pain in my left side and lung, which almost made it impossible for me to breathe, and I could not sleep day and night, and was troubled with night sweats, and on awakening found myself very weak. My appetite entirely gone. All my friends believed me in a decline. Our family physician attended me for a long time, but got no better. Then a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Acting on this advice I bought a supply and continued their use until my health was fully restored. I am sincere in saying that I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills saved my life."

CONSUMPTION OF THE BLOOD.

Mrs. J. N. Gordon, Cataragui, Ont., says: "If I could not have got Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I do believe I would not have been in the land of the living. I had what one of my physicians for I had a number, called consumption of the blood. I was wasted away to a shadow, and my hands were literally transparent. I could not sleep, and could scarcely eat, doctors having failed to help me. I determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and was soon gratified to find that they were helping me. I continued their use for several months, and am thankful to say that they have fully restored my health. I consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a blessing to humanity."

DURRANT MUST DIE.

The U. S. Circuit Court Shuts Off All Further Appeal.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 6.—In the United States Circuit Court yesterday Judges Morrow and De Haven rendered their decisions in the Durrant case. They denied the application for a writ of habeas corpus and also refused to grant Durrant's attorneys leave to appeal from this decision.

REMARKABLE WILL.

A Leading Church Member Renounces Religion.

New York, Jan. 6.—One of the most remarkable wills ever filed in the office of the surrogate is that of Henry Morehouse Taber, offered for probate yesterday. In spite of the fact that Mr. Taber was president and treasurer of the board of trustees of the First Presbyterian Church in the opening clauses of his will he denounces all religion as sham, and as having its origin in superstition. He resolves that no services be held over his body, and that it be cremated.

Mr. Taber died on Christmas eve at the age of 73 years. Two children survive the testator, and to them the entire estate, valued at over \$1,000,000, is given absolutely.

A GOOD GUESSER.

Arizona like—Did that horse thief say anything when they caught him? California Pete—Nuthin' only "Well, I'd be hanged!"