

The weather is extremely fine, and thousands of the inhabitants were assembled on the heights.

The following account from an American paper may not be uninteresting as regards the titles of His Royal Highness, but as evincing that partiality of feeling afterwards shown him on his reception in the United States.

Albert Edward, heir apparent to the British Throne, was born at Buckingham Palace, on the 9th of November, 1841. He is, consequently, in his nineteenth year. His visit to this continent has naturally caused great interest, partly on account of its being the first visit ever paid by a Prince of Wales to the Great Republic, but more particularly by reason of the universal respect entertained by the American people for his mother, Queen Victoria. It has been the fate of few women placed in so elevated a position to receive so wide-spread a reputation for womanly virtues, and it would seem as though she had determined to train her children with as much care as she had been trained herself. The Prince of Wales, we understand, is every way worthy of his illustrious parent; of this we shall soon have an opportunity of judging for ourselves, since he will visit many of our large cities in the ensuing autumn. There can be no doubt of his receiving a reception due to his position and the great interests he represents.

The titles of the Prince of Wales are Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg Gotha, Duke of Cornwall and Rothesay, Earl of Chester, Carrick, Dublin, Baron Renfrew and Lord of the Isles. These titles he derives partly by inheritance and partly from creation, from the circumstance of King Edward I. having, in politic concession to the Welsh chieftains, created his heir "Prince of Wales," a few days after his birth, which took place in Caernarvon Castle. A few days afterwards he was created Earl of Chester, which title has been retained up to the present time. This was the unhappy Edward II. who was so barbarously murdered by Mortimer in Berkeley Castle. The Scottish titles of the Prince are derived from Robert III., in whose reign they were invested in the heir apparent of the Crown of Scotland. His Irish titles were conferred on the present Prince of Wales by Queen Victoria, on the 10th of September, 1849, in commemoration of her visit to Ireland. In the House of Lords he is known as the Duke of Cornwall.