

occupent. 7. Agricolae silvam intrant ut rem explorent. 8. Nautae incolas insulae ex silvis fugant. 9. Caesar exercitum in Britanniam transportat ut bellum renovet. 10. Indigenae insulae nautas in aquam praecipitabant. 11. Caesar cum nautis in insula hiemabat. 12. Spes praedae nautas excitabat.

Translate into Latin:

1. Caesar summons the sailors with the intention of transporting his army to the island.
2. The general takes his army over to the island with a view to getting possession of the harbour.
3. To pacify the army Caesar puts the senate to death.
4. The general is putting the senate to death that he may be praised by the inhabitants of the island.
5. The sailor enters the forest to investigate the matter.
6. The army put the sailors to the sword in order to pacify the inhabitants of the island.
7. Caesar renews the war for the purpose of pacifying the army.
8. Caesar summons the islanders for the purpose of investigating the matter.
9. The sailors enter the forest with the intention of taking possession of the town.
10. Caesar spends the winter on the island in order to mollify the inhabitants.
11. The hope of booty was inciting the sailors to¹ war.
12. The plunder was being concealed by the sailors behind the altar of the goddess.

¹ *Ad* with the Acc.