

IATIONS

ZODIAC.
s the face &
eck. [head
- - arms
- - breast
- - heart
- - bowels
- - reins
- - secrets
- - thighs
- - knees
- - legs
- - Feet

MORNING AND EVENING PLANETS.

VENUS will be visible after sunset, in the West, until the 14th of May, the day of her inferior conjunction, and afterwards in the East, in the morning before sunrise, the remainder of the year. She will be most brilliant on the 7th of April, and on the 19th June; about which time, she may be seen by the naked eye, without difficulty, even amidst the brightest sunshine. Venus will be eclipsed by the Moon in forenoon of the 26th of March, and at about 3 o'clock in the morning of the 12th September; both of these occultations will probably be visible in Nova-Scotia. MARS will be in quadrature on the 9th of January, in opposition on the 17th April, and again in quadrature on the 30th of July. Mars rises on the 1st of January, about half an hour after midnight; on the 17th of April he rises at sunset, and in December he sets about 8 P. M. At the time of his opposition in April, his distance from us being less than one quarter of what it was in May, 1840. Mars will shine with great splendour, and will easily be distinguished, in the East, shortly after sunset, by his brilliant red light. JUPITER will be in opposition on the 5th June, and in conjunction on the 22d of December.— This planet is always easily distinguished by his beautiful white light, which, though inferior to that of Venus, is by far, more brilliant than that of any other Planet or Star. SATURN will be in opposition on the 21st of June, and in conjunction on the 27th of December. Throughout the year this Planet will be a few degrees east of Jupiter, and consequently, easily distinguishable. URANUS, or HERSCHEL, will be in conjunction on the 10th of March, and in opposition on the 14th of September. MERCURY, the least of the old Planets, is but seldom seen by the naked eye, and it is not, even under favourable circumstances, seen more than two hours before the rising, or after the setting of the sun. The following will be the most favorable time for viewing this Planet in Nova-Scotia in 1841: Mercury generally appears like a red Star of the first magnitude.

Feb'y. 25 to March 7, in the evening after sunset, bearing W. by S.
June 10 to June 25, " " W. N. W.
Nov. 25 to Decr. 13, in the morning before sunrise, E. S. E.

Beginning and length of the Seasons.

		h.	m.	s.
Winter begins	1840, Decr. 21	0	58	35 a.
Spring	" 1841, March 20	2	13	29 a.
Summer	" " June 21	11	19	20 m.
Autumn	" " Sept'r. 23	1	19	32 m.
Winter	" " Decr. 21	6	41	29 a.