a sentence added specifically stipulating that no person shall be prosecuted for offences of participation in war measures prior to

the signing of the armistice.

Article 7.—Providing for the abandonment or delivery in good order to the associated powers of all roads and means of communication and transportation in evacuated territory, calls for 150,000 wagons (railroad cars) instead of 50,000; 5,000 motor lorries instead of 10,000, and requires that all civil and military personnel at present employed on such means of communication and transportation, including waterways, shall remain. Thirty-one instead of twenty-five days are allowed for handing over the material. Thirty-six days are allowed for the handing over of the railways of Alsace-Lorraine, together with the pre-war personnel.

Article 8.—Forty-eight hours is given the German command to reveal destructive measures, such as polluted springs and wells and to reveal and assist in discovering and destroying mines or delayed action fuses on evacuated territory. No time limit was

fixed originally.

Article 9.—Providing for the right of requisition by the United States and Allied armies in occupied territory, has the clause added: "Subject to regulation of accounts with those whom it

may concern."

Article 10.—Providing for the repatriation without reciprocity of all Allied and United States prisoners of war, including persons under trial or convicted, has the following added: "This condition annuls the previous conventions on the subject of the exchange of prisoners of war, including the one of July, 1918, in course of ratification. However, the repatriation of German prisoners of war, interned in Holland and in Switzerland, shall continue as before. The repatriation of German prisoners of war shall be regulated at the conclusion of the preliminaries of peace."

Article 12.—Providing for the withdrawal of German troops from territory which belonged before the war to Russia, Roumania and Turkey, is rewritten. Territory which belonged to Austria-Hungary is added to that from which the Germans must withdraw immediately, and as to territory which belonged to Russia, it is provided that the German troops now there shall withdraw within the frontiers of Germany "as soon as the Allies, taking into account the internal situation of those territories, shall decide that

the time for this has come."

Article 15.—"Renunciation" is substituted for "abandonment" in stipulating that the teraties of Bucharest and Brest-

Litovsk are nullified.

Article 16.—Providing free access for the Allies into territory evacuated through the German eastern frontier, is changed so as to declare such access is for the purpose of conveying supplies to the populations "and for the purpose of maintaining order," instead of "or for any other purpose."