ent breeds; inappropriate coops, and not nearly enough even of them; the usual amount of igmorance, or even worse, on the part of the Judges in awarding prizes, are a iew out of the long list now lying before us. And why should these things be? Because the management of this class of the exhilition is placed in the hamds of incompertent and incapable men, utterly ignorant of the duties they undertake, and criminally careless of the interests committed to their charge; because the judges appointed by such persons are chosen-not with a view to their proficiency in poultry knowledge, nor for their adeptness in discriminating between two evenly matched pens of fowls, but because tiney are the representatives of certain favorite localities prominently represented at the Council Board, or the untlinching supporters of some well-known exhibitors, whose love of poultry consists in the amount of prizes they pocket annually, and the eclat attachel to the receiving of such, together with the subsequent benefits derivel as poultry breeders whose stock take first-class prizes at the first and principal exhibition of the Province. These are some of the reasons why this state of things exists.

But the time has arrived for an end to be put to such despicalle proceedings. The poultry breeders of the Province of Ontario have a right to expect-nay, to demand-that their principal exlibition shall be fairly and properly conducted, that even-handed justice shall be meted out to all exhibitors alike, regardless of allotherconsiderations than thatof merit in the specimens shown; yet it is a notorious fact that the very contrary is the case. Unprincipled and incompetent men are almost invariably appointed as judges, prizes are awarded in many cases to specimens wholly unworthy of the least notice. Disreputable exhibitors, aware of this fact, take advantage of the ignorance or credulity or favoritism of
the judges, and, ly the most direct means, seek to influence their julgments, even supposing them capable of giving a fair one. A most notable instance of this occurred at the last exhilition. Two persons, shall we say gentlemen?-one a judge, the other an exhibitor, both from the same locality-after the fowls were placed in their show pens and before the judges commenced their labors, made a carcful survey of each coop; those of the exhihitor carefully examinel, and their merits accurately pointed out, whilst the defects in others were as carefully noted. Is it necessary for us to add that this exhibitor had a lion's share of the prizes awarded him. Who will have the hardihood to assert that this model judge assumed his duties with an unbiassed mind? what language is too strong to be used in depicting the conduct of this model pair? and yet they are but fair specimens of the class of men who lave acted as judges and exhilitors at our Provincial Exhibitions for the last twenty years. We beg to inform this pair of worthies-judge and exhibitor-that their names are now in our possession, to be pulbished hereafter should occasion require it.

As alrealy stated, we did not attend the exhibition in person, and cannot therefore undertake to point out separately whercin the judges acted wrong in awarding prizes, but we have undoubted authority for saying that in many instances their judgments were wholly erroneous and without the least shadow of justification in awarding prizes to some of the specimens which were honored with them. We cannot; however, pass over unnoticed a flagrant act of favoritism evinced by the judges toward one exhibitor. A prize was offered for "the best collection of fowls owned and exhibited by one person." Any ordinary individual would understand the word "collection" in this case to apply only to such coops of fowls as were placed

