round beetle-green spangles, which form what are called COVERTS—A bright red bay, each feather distinctly and "steppings."

TAIL-Black, tinged with green.

Tail Coverts should be spangled, though at present the color should be the same width. spangling is so large it only shows a slight lacing of gold Secondary Flight Feather round the feathers.

### SILVER-PENCILLED COCK

NECK HACKLE, BREAST, THIGHS AND FLUFF, BACK AND SADDLE, SHOULDERS AND WINGBOWS—A silvery white.

Wing Coverts—The bottom web or visible part of each feather is white. The top web or invisible part of each teather is coarsely pencilled. A slight and indistinct bar of black is admissible.

SECONDARY FLIGHT FEATMERS—As white as possible, though the top web or invisible part of each feather is generally black or coarsely pencilled.

·TAIL-Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS—A solid rich black, laced all round with a narrow strip of white.

### SILVER-PENCILLED HEN

NECK HACKLE-Silvery white.

Breast, Thighs, Back and Saddle, Shoulders, Wing Bows and Wing Coverts, Tail and Tail Coverts—Silvery white, each feather distinctly and evenly pencilled straight across, with fine parallel lines of a rich beetle-green color. The pencilling and the intervening ground color should be the same width.

SECONDARY FLIGHT FEATHERS—These should be pencilled as much as possible, but the marking is naturally a trifle coarse.

## GOLD-PENCILLED COCK.

NECK HACKLE, BREAST, THIGHS AND FLUFF, BACK AND SADDLE, SHOULDERS AND WING BOWS—A bright red bay.

WING COVERTS—The bottom web or visible part of each feather is a bright red bay. The top web or invisible part of each feather is coarsely pencilled. A slight and indistinct bar of black is admissible.

SECONDARY FLIGHT FEATHERS—A bright red bay, though the top web or invisible part of the feather is generally black or coarsely pencilled.

Tail-Black.

SICKLE FEATHERS AND TAIL COVERTS—A solid rich black, laced all round with a narrow strip of gold.

# GOLD-PENCILLED HEN.

NECK HACKLE-A bright gold.

Breast and Thighs, Back and Saddle, Shoulders, Wing Bows and Wing Coverts, Tail and Tail

COVERTS—A bright red bay, each feather distinctly and evenly pencilled straight across with fine parallel lines of a rich beetle-green color. The pencilling and the intervening color should be the same width.

SECONDARY FLIGHT FEATHERS—These should be pencilled as much as possible, but the marking is naturally a trifle coarse.

### BLACK COCK AND HEN.

DDLE, SHOULDERS AND WINGBOWS—A silvery white.

WING COVERTS—The bottom web or visible part of each and especially on the sickle feathers and tail coverts; tay ather is white. The top web or invisible part of each approach to bronze or purple tinge should be avoided.

### SCALE OF POINTS.

Silver-spangled Cock.	Silver-spangled Hen.
Comb	Comb
100	
Gold-spangled Cock.  Comb	Gold spangled Hen.  Comb
Gold or Silver-pencilled cock.  Comb. 10 Face 5 Earlobe 10 Ground color. 30 Size, style and condition. 15 Tail 30	Gold or Silver-pencialed Hen.  Comb