our Frontiers as far as the Lakes, but likewise the British Trade in some other Branches, which the Parliament of Great-Britain seem to have much at heart, viz. Naval Stores; for the Soil on both Sides of the Mobawks River being as rich as it is possible (I believe) for any Land to be, will be found the most proper for raising of Hemp, of any Part of America, and the whole Country round it being sull of the largest Pines, the royal Navy is as likely to be well provided with Masts there, and at as cheap a rate as any where else. But I have already too far presum'd on your Excellency's Patience.

Cadwallader Colden.

To this it may not be improper to add the following Orignal Letter.

From J. A. Esq; to Mr. P. C. of London, shewing the Success of the Measures taken at that Time.

SIR,

New-York, 1740.

F you should be at the Pains to read these printed Papers, it will be a Pleasure to you to hear of the Success of the Measures taken by Governor Burnet for redeeming the Indian Trade out of the Hands of the French. He has succeeded far above our Expectations.

Governor Burnet, through his earnest Application, and at first chiefly with his Money, Credit, and Risque, erected a Trading-House and Fortiscation at the Mouth of the Onondagues River, called Osneigo, where the Province of New-York supports a Garrison of Soldiers, consisting of a Lieutenant and twenty Men, which are yearly relieved.

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