Agricultural.

Fallowing.

This, though the foundation of all tillage, is shamefully mismanaged in Ireland—Winter fallowing commences with three-fourths of Irish farmers, in December, whereas it ought to have been concluded two months before.

Let us suppose the common case of taking possession now of a farm with a due proportion of stubble fields, under the ordinary dominion of couch-grass and weeds, and some fields cleared of the potato crop. It is fair to assume that such a farm is in a worn out condition, and totally unfit for a succession of crops, without rest or the abundant application of manure, to supply previous deficiencies and exhaustion. Now the first work to be executed is to plough in the stubbles, and this is to be effected by yoking 4 strong horses or oxen to plough 12 inches in depth, (if the soil will permit such depth,) in order to bury the weeds, and to bring to the surface some of the subsoil, even though it be yellow clay.

If circumstances render it inconvenient to occupy a team of four horses at the work, the same depth of ploughing may be obtained by two ploughs (each drawn by a pair) following each other, or by one plough going twice in the same furrow.

I am so fully impressed with the conviction, that although the English system of using four and six horses or oxen is pursued to an extravagant and absurd excess, it is economy to use them occasionally in these combinations of force: and while our great improvements in the form of the plough and its management have rendered it matter of reproach or ridicule to employ more than a pair of horses in its draught, we should be careful not to discourage the use of four, unless the pair be of a powerful description. I sometimes fear that we have led our poor farmers into error by laughing them out of their old-fashioned yoke of four garrons and causing them to substitute two of the same inefficient class.

The necessity for very deep ploughing in such a case as I have supposed, and indeed in all cases occasionally, (once in five or six years) is not sufficiently understood. This necessity may be thus explained.

In deep soils, of a cohesive nature, the advantage of loosening the particles of clay to a considerable depth is very great, (as will appear more fully when I shall come to the subject of crops) and especially before the winter rains shall have rendered the working of such soils difficult and injudicious, and before the setting in of the frost which has such beneficial effects in pulverizing the earth exposed to its action, and in dissolving the various roots and leaves of weeds and grasses contained in it.

If farmers were fully sensible of the importance of this agency, they would not defer, as they sometimes do until spring, when frost cannot be expected, and too frequently until Christmas, the fallowing of their stubble fields; and all such careless agriculturists may be assured, that the quantity of oats or barley produced from land exposed to the influence of the atmosphere, during the whole winter season, will *greatly* exceed the produce from soil not ploughed until immediately before sowing time. And this rule extends even to the instance of grass seeds which seldom fail to grow in soil that has been under an entire winter's fallow.

"The vicissitudes of heat and cold, or of a higher and lower temperature, alternately expand and contract the moisture contained in the soil, by which its particles lose their cohesion and lie at sensible distances, as if they had repelled each other, giving admission to the air to enter and remain stagnant. While the soil continues in this state, the pressure of the atmosphere and its own gravity in some degree counterbalance the repulsive force, and preserve the happy medium of fertility. And when it has continued in this state during the winter, the particles being already separated, the repellent power which is excited by the spring drought, in a crude soil, and sometimes goes to an injurious height which cannot act upon them.—In this manner early ploughed land attains a consistence, better adapted to the purposes of vegetation than mechanical labour can rates its parts: it *does not easily yield up* its water to exhalation, and it gives the most commodious reception to the roots of vegetables."*

*There is a great objection on the part of our farmers to raise the subsoil, if it be apparently of unproductive quality: yet its exposure to the air soon renders it prolific, as every one knows who has observed the productiveness of even the worst yellow clay, when thrown up as a fence; besides, the undersoil frequently produces valuable effects as an alternative or corrective of opposite qualities; if it be sandy, by tending to separate the particles of a stiff upper soil; or if tenacious, by giving consistency to a light and porous surface. On all soils an occasional deep ploughing is required; if the land be deep and cohesive, it will operate usefully by rendering a sufficient body of the earth friable, and consequently pervious to the roots and fibres of the plants which it is to nourish; and if the land be loose and shallow, deep working will add to the staple of the soil. Between these two extreme cases, are comprehended all other cases and varieties of soils, which are consequently involved in the same rule, more or less.

As to the precise depth, in all instances, no fixed direction can be given, but twelve inches may be stated as the maximum of depth for a winter fallow; and whenever this degree of depth can be given for an occasional ploughing, I strongly recommend that it should be afforded, without any dread that the unproductive substance, for the first time raised, will do mischief, for this when exposed by degrees to the air, and properly combined with the worn surface, will soon become fertilized.

It is wretched husbandry to postpone to a late season the ploughing of stubble fields, in order that cattle may browse upon the green herbage which they produce: the gain in this way is a positive loss—in time, in cleanliness, and in subsequent tilth. If the land be retentive of wet, I recommend the following *ordinary* treatment of stubble ridges, premised to be of the narrow limits usual in this country. This mode, practised by a gentleman in the County of Carlow, I have already had occasion to notice; but as this is its legitimate place, here it must again be introduced:

The ploughman instead of taking off his first furrow slice of stubble ridge from the old deep furrow, begins by drawing his two first slices to the *centre* of the ridge: he then throws two light slices into the old furrows, and divides the remaining portions of these ridges so as to form two ribs of each original ridge, the intervening furrows of which should be cleaned up, either by a double mould-board plough passing once, or a single one twice. According to the usual mode in such cases, the ploughman inverts the order of his ploughing, beginning instead of ending by filling up the old furrows, and concluding his labours without bringing into exercise a *fresh* portion of earth, or giving a sufficient degree of convexity to the surface.

Potato or turnip land when cleared, and not sown with wheat, should be *ribbed up* during the winter. Land treated in this manner will be in a fine condition for barley or oats in the ensuing spring, and will be easily levelled down again by the plough: by no other mode will so great a portion of surface be exposed to the atmosphere, nor such perfect drainage be secured—a material point, if the soil be tenacious of water.

If the inclination of a field be considerable, it is obviously injudicious to run the furrows up and down the slope, which would occasion manures and the finer particles of the earth to be washed away from the higher land, and deposited in undue proportion at the lower extremeties of the field. In a field so situated the ploughman should draw his furrows in the contrary direction,

* Naismith.

ECONIUM OF SOCRATES UPON AGRICULTURE—"Agriculture," says Socrates, "is an employment the most worthy the application of man, the most ancient and the most suitable to his nature; it is the common nurse of all persons, in every age and condition of life it is the source of health, strength, plenty, and riches, and the mistress and school of sobriety, temperance, justice, religion, and in short of all virtues, civil and military."

Experiment on Soda as a Manure.

(*Correspondence of the Mark Lane Express.*)

SIR,—In answer to a query of your correspondent, "Agricola," respecting the properties of Nitrate of Soda, or Cubic Nitre, as a manure, I have to state, the quantity required per acre is 112 to 130 lbs., and the best mode of applying, it is, first to sift all the small from it, and then to crush the cubes so as to render the whole about the same size; this may readily be accomplished by spreading it on a cloth on the barn floor, and running a roller over it a few times; it may then be sown (broadcast), either alone, or mixed with coal ashes or fine mould, in the proportions one-third nitre, to two-thirds of the other substance, and this will probably ensure its more equal distribution over the land. It will not be necessary to use either bush or other harrow, as it will dissolve in one night, nor does the land require any previous preparations for its reception.

This applies to all kinds of grain, pasture, clover, &c., and the period for using it is from the middle of March till May, when the plant is making its first effort; for turnips, it is best to drill, or sow it with the seed. I am, &c.

A BUCKINGHAM FARMER.

P. S.—A neighbour of mine informs me, that on a piece of wheat which was nearly destroyed by the wire worm, he tried the experiment on one-half the field, on which part the result was highly successful, whilst on the other part, the crop was entirely lost.

The Conjugation Dutchman.

Two English gentlemen once stepped into a coffee-house in Paris, where they observed a tall, odd-looking man, who appeared not to be a native, sitting at one of the tables, and looking around him with the most stone-like gravity of countenance upon every object. Soon after the Englishmen entered, one of them told the other that a celebrated dwarf had arrived at Paris. At this the grave-looking personage above mentioned opened his mouth and spake. "I arrive," said he, "then arrivest, he arrives, we arrive, you arrive, they arrive." The Englishman, whose remark seemed to have suggested this mysterious speech, stepped up to the stranger, and asked, "Did you speak to me, sir?" "I speak," replied the stranger, "thou speakest, he speaks, we speak, you speak, they speak." "How is this," said the Englishman; "do you mean to insult me?" The other replied, "I insult, thou insultest, he insults, we insult, you insult, they insult." "This is too much," said the Englishman; "I will have satisfaction; if you have any spirit with your rudeness, come along with me." To this defiance the imperturable stranger replied. "I come, thou comest, he comes, we come, you come, they come;" and thereupon he arose with great coolness, and followed his challenger. In these days, when every gentleman wore a sword, duels were speedily despatched. They went into a neighbouring alley; and the Englishman, unsheathing his weapon, said to his antagonist, "Now, sir, you must fight me." "I fight," replied the other, drawing his sword, "thou fightest, he fights, we fight," here he made a thrust, "you fight, they fight," and here he disarmed his adversary. "Well," said the Englishman, "you have the best of it, and I hope you are satisfied." "I am satisfied," said the original, sheathing his sword, "thou art satisfied, he is satisfied, we are satisfied, you are satisfied, they are satisfied." "I am glad every one is satisfied," said the Englishman; "but pray leave off quizzing me in this strange manner, and tell me what is your object, if you have any, in doing so." The grave gentleman, now, for the first time, became intelligible. "I am a Dutchman," said he, "and am learning your language: I find it very difficult to remember the peculiarities of the verbs, and my tutor has advised me, in order to fix them in my mind, to conjugate every English verb that I hear spoken. This I have made it a rule to do; I don't like to have my plans broken in upon while they are in operation, or I would have told you this before." The Englishmen laughed heartily at this explanation, and invited the conjugating Dutchman to dine with them. "We will dine," said he, "then will dine he will dine, we will dine, you will dine, they will dine, we will all dine together." This they accordingly did; and it was difficult to say whether the Dutchman ate or conjugated with most perseverance.

QUACK MEDICINES.—The advertisement of various quack medicines, which are now in vogue, are well hit off in the following extract from a puff in a late Cincinnati paper One single pill, worn in each pocket, will instantly give ease and elasticity to the tightest pantaloons. A like quantity will create an appetite in the most delicate stomach, or physic a horse. One pill dissolved in a bucket of rain water, will be found a perfectly water-proof lining for canal embankments; placed in steam-boat boilers, they will effectually prevent their bursting, and greatly increase the speed of the boats. As for their medical qualities, they are a remedy for effectually cooling St. Anthony's fire and stopping St. Vitus's dance; they will radicate the red gum in teething, they reduce white swellings, and cure blue devils, yellow, scarlet, or any other colored fevers; they cure also the thrush in children, and the pip in hens, the staggers in horses and the night-mare in owls. But further enumeration is unnecessary; suffice it to say that this medicine is a combination upon new principles discovered by the present proprietor's immortal grandmother. They are a perfectly innocent preparation, and may be taken with entire safety by the nursing infant as powerful and harmless.

LUDICROUS INSTANCE OF QUACKERY.—Dr. F., a physician of Montpellier, was in the habit of employing a very ingenious artifice. When he came to a town where he was not known, he pretended to have lost his dog, and ordered the public crier to offer with beat of drum, a reward of twenty-five Louis to whoever should bring it to him. The louis to whoever should bring it to him.—The crier according to direction, took care to mention all the titles and academic honours of the Dr., as well as his place of residence. He soon became the talk of the town. "Do you know," says one, "that a famous physician has come here; a very clever fellow, and very rich, for he has offered twenty-five louis for finding his dog." The dog was not found, but patients were.

SIR COLIN CAMPBELL.—The Highlanders in Glasgow having resolved to present to their countryman, Sir Colin Campbell, G. C. B., a gold mounted snuff horn and a gold *cuach*, or drinking cup, also to entertain him to a public dinner, communicated their intention of so doing to Sir Colin, from whom they have just received a reply, written on the 7th instant, in which he states that he must unfortunately decline the proposed dinner, as his stay in England is limited to a few days. We perceive by the "Court Circular" that Sir Colin had the honour of being invited to Osborne on Thursday, returning to town yesterday, and we believe that the gallant general leaves London for the Crimea to-day, proceeding *via* Paris and Marseilles. At the particular request of her Majesty Sir Colin sat for a photograph likeness, being the first occasion on which he consented to hav his portrait taken.—*London Examinee December* 15.

"A certain amount of opposition," says John Neal, "is a great help to man. Kites rise against, and not with the wind. Even a head-wind is better than none. No man ever worked his passage anywhere in a dead calm. Let no man wax pale therefore, because of opposition. Opposition is what he wants, and must have to be good for anything. Hardship is the native, soil of manhood and self-reliance. He that cannot abide the storm without flinching or qualing, stripe himself in the sunshine, and lies down by the way-side, to be overlooked and forgotten. He who but braces himself to the struggle when the wind blows, gives up when they have done, and falls asleep in the stillness which follows."

An Irish contemporary says:—"Three years ago a man in Kilkenny cheated us out of twenty shillings, and now his son cheats us out of about the same amount. The young man's propensity to cheat is probably *the only thing he ever became honestly by.*"

CLINTON.

Kertland & Gilkison,

CIVIL Engineers, P. L. Surveyors, and Land Agents, Clinton and Elora.

W. S. GILKISON, Clinton.
H. KERTLAND, Elora.

September 14, 1855. 10-m

Frederick Wilson,

CONVEYANCER, Auctioneer and General Agent, Clinton, C. W.
☞ Agent for the Division Court. 2-m

J. Stewart,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Stratford. 1-tf

Dr. Cole,

CLINTON, Huron Road, (Mr. Thwaites's former store.) late of Stanley,

August 10, 1855. 1-tf

GEORGE M. TRUEMAN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Clinton and Goderich;
Licenced Auctioneer

FOR the town of Goderich and for the Townships of Goderich, Hullet, Stanley, Tuckersmith, Hay, Usborne, Biddulph, Stephen, Colborne, Ashfield, and Wawanash.

N. B.—Sales respectfully solicited and all orders by Post will receive prompt attention.

Clinton, at Rattenbury's Hotel, every Wednesday.

Goderich, Office at Market Square. 2-m

CITY HOTEL, CLINTON.

WILLIAM RATTENBURY begs to inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to supply all the Luxuries and comforts of Canadian Life, to such travellers as shall honor him with their company.

WM. R. has just completed a large House sufficient to satisfy the most fastidious in the land. It is situated in the centre of the unequalled Town of Clinton.

Clinton, Aug. 10, 1855. 1-m

VICTORIA HOTEL,
BY
WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

THOSE who travel the road from London to Goderich, cannot avoid noticing the new Hotel on Victoria Street, known as the Victoria Hotel. This house is conducted by William Campbell. Its stable is superior; with a careful hostler in attendance. Its bed rooms are airy, spacious, and kept clean, and its table is furnished with whatever the season and country can produce. Those who love retirement, fair dealing, and economy, are respectfully invited to call.

Clinton, August 17, 1855. 2-m

BRIDGEWATER HOTEL.

JOSEPH WALKER—2½ miles from Clinton, will be happy to accommodate travellers and those inhabitants of Clinton who will favor him with a call will find a most agreable place of recreation in his extensive gardens and very superior Trout stream.

N. B.—The attention of Anglers is called to the above. The board is cheap, and there is also excellent shooting n the neighbourhood. 2-m

THE CLINTON DISTILLERY AND STEAM MILLS.

LUMBER sawed to order. Whiskey, Lumber, Wheat, Flour, and Bran always on hand.

RANCE & BROTHER.

Albert Street, Clinton, Huron. 2-m

O. S. Doan,

TANNER and Currier, Main street Clinton.—Cash for Hides. 2-m

Dr. Burnham,

CLINTON, Victoria Street.

August 10, 1855. 1-m

CLINTON PUMP FACTORY by Daniel Mulloy.

August 17, 1855. 2-m

King & Henderson,
CLINTON,

HOUSE PAINTERS and Decorators. All orders executed with neatness and despatch. 2-m

Wm. Rowel,

HORSE-SHOER and general Backsmith.—All work done promptly and in a superior manner.

Clinton, Aug. 1855, 2-m

The Clinton, Paris and London TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

IS now opened with a large assortment of goods of a most superior description.

Fashions regularly received. Fits guaranteed asy and graceful for Court, Ball-room or City.

M. M'KINNON 16-m

Isaac Grigg,
CLINTON,

LATE of Montreal, Professed Horseshoer.—The anatomy of the foot having for many years formed his chief study, he feels fully confident to give entire satisfaction to those who intrust their horses to his charge. 2-m

James McDonald,
CLINTON,

CARPENTER, Joiner, and Builder, Victoria street, Clinton, C. W. 2-m

Henry Johnson,

HORSE-SHOER and general Blacksmith.—All orders promptly attended to!

Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

Charles Dayment,
CLINTON,

CARPENTER and Builder, Sash and Blind Manufacturer. A large assortment of the above articles on hand.

Dinsley Terrace, Clinton, Aug. 1855. 2-m

Clinton Brick and Tile Yard.

PARTIES about to build can obtain Bricks of the very best quality, and above the standard size, for $6,00 per thousand at

T. EASTS.

Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

West & Rumble's
WAGON, CARRIAGE, AND PLOUGH MANUFACTORY.

PERSONS requiring any of the above articles can be supplied with the very best of the kind at the well known establishment, formerly occupied by Messrs Denslay & Sons, Main Street, Clinton, C. W.

Henry S. Lines,

FROM London, England, Cabinet Maker, Carpenter, and Builder. Plans and Specifications drawn up. Estimates made out and Contracts taken.

Woodland Villa, Clinton, C. W.

Aug. 16, 1855. 2-m

Clinton Livery Stables.

JAMES LEE still supplies the public with Horses, Carriages of the best description as heretofore.

Victoria St., Clinton, C. W., 2-m

Wm. Butcher,

BRICKLAYER and Builder. Stucco work done in the most approved moderd style.—Houses built by Contract.

Main Street, Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

JAMES CARR,
CLINTON BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.

J. C. Engages to supply Ladies and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes of every description, of the best quality, and at the lowest possible prices.

Clinton, Aug 17, 1855. 2-m

Wm. Rowel,
CHAIR AND BEDSTEAD FACTORY.

A LIBERAL per centage will be given to Agents. A good Turner and Chair Maker wanted, to whom high wages will be paid. Apply at the Robinson Hall Saloon, London.

Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

FOR SALE AT CLINTON.

A FRAME HOUSE 22 by 32 feet and 20 feet high and corner Lot, in the remarkably thriving town of Clinton, and near the Railroad Depot.

Apply at the Robertson Hall, Saloon, London, C. W. 2-m

ROYAL WESTERN HOTEL, Clinton.

H. J. MIDDAUGH, lately of Goderich, having rented this well known and popular House, situated in the central part of Clinton, and refurnished it throughout, is prepared to accommodate his guests in as good and comfortable style as any Hotel in Canada West.

Clinton, Nov. 5, 1855. 25-m

CLINTON.

Robert C. McMullen,

NOTARY PUBLIC, Law, Land, Insurance, General Commission and Division Court Agent—Conveyancing of all kinds executed with care, and titles examined.

Christina-st., Port Sarnia, County of Lambton. 12-y

CLOTHS! CLOTHS! CLOTHS!!

CAMPBELL & FRASER have just received an immense stock of cloths of this fall's importation, being the largest and most complete ever exhibited in this part of Canada, and consisting partly of West of England Broadcloths, Doeskin and Cassimers, Scotch and Canadian tweeds, Overcoatings of the latest style, Full Cloths, Sattinetts and Vestings of superior quality, which we are prepared to sell by the yard or otherwise, as parties may wish, at a small per centage.

All garments executed in a style inferior to no house in Canada.

We earnestly solicit an inspection of our splendid Stock which we are confident possesses qualities sufficient to recommend itself.

CAMPBELL & FRASER.

Clinton, Oct., 16, 1855. 19-m

A BARGAIN.

10 ACRES of Good LAND to be disposed of, in the suburbs of Clinton, and on the high road to Goderich, and a good orchard and small house on the property, which is well calculated for a beautiful residence or a market garden.

Apply to DR. BURNHAM, Clinton.

Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

CARS OFF THE TRACK!!
BUT NO ONE INJURED.

SMITH & FISHER may still be found at their Store in CLINTON, selling (goods even *Cheaper* than they have done heretofore.

Among their Stock may be found a large and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware,
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE,
Ready-made Clothing, and Boots & Shoes,

The facilities which they possess of purchasing Goods will enable them to maintain the name which they have already gained of SELLING CHEAP.

They are now receiving their

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

and would invite all to call and examine for themselves. No charge made for shewing Goods.

A Branch of the Upper Canada Bible Society Depository. Bibles and Testaments with and without Psalms, at Toronto prices.

Clinton, Sept. 7, 1855. 8-m

GOLDEN SADDLE.

R. LEE,

Saddle, Harness, and Trunk Maker,
VICTORIA STREET, CLINTON, C. W.

R. L. RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Clinton and surrounding country, that he has always on hand a choice selection of British and American Sadlery, fancy and Team Harness, Trunks, Valices, Bridles, Whips, &c., &c., made of the best materials, and workmanship, which he can confidently recommend, and of which he respectfully solicits an inspection.

REPAIRING in all branches promptly attended to and on reasonable terms.

August 31, 1855. 6-m

CLINTON STORE.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his customers in Clinton and surrounding country, that he still continues doing business in the brick store on the corner of Huron and Albert streets.

Parties establishing a family trade with him will find a great advantage from the system he has adopted of marking all his goods in *plain figures* at the *lowest price.*

W. C. invites an inspection of his stock of **Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware Crokery** &c., all of which he guarantees of the very best description and at such moderate prices as are sure to satisfy all who may favor him with their patronage WILLIAM COATS.

Clinton, Aug. 1855 2-m

CLINTON.
Tailoring and Habit Making
ESTABLISHMENT.

MESSRS. JACKSON & BROTHERS will continue to receive the *Largest Selections* of the most approved

European Fashions,

in the *Huron District.* Every article bought at this establishment, warranted to fitor the money returned.

—*CLOTH HALL, MAIN ST., CLINTON.*

July 24th, 1855. 1-m

George Wright,
BUTCHER &c., CLINTON.

G. W. BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Clinton and neighborhood that having purchased the business and premises of James Lee, Victoria Street, he hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of that patronage, which the public so liberally afforded to his predecessor.

Cash paid for fat Cattle and Pork.

All orders punctually attended to.

Fresh Sausages always on hand.

N. B.—An apprentice wanted immediately. 19-m

J. JACKON'

French Boot & Shoe Emporium.

THIS Establishment, where every article in the above line can be had of the *Best Material* and on the

Most Reasonable Terms.

The quality and variety of style and price never has been offered in Western Canada before.—All of which he *Warrants.* Our motto is

"*Small Profits and Quick Returns.*"

CLINTON, July 24th, 1855. 1-m

Clinton Removal.

MOORE & HUNTER have removed their Business to the large New Store in the centre of Clinton.

Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

Clinton Wagon Shop.

THE Subscribers beg leave to announce to the inhabitants of Clinton and the surrounding country, that they have commenced the business of

WAGON MAKING

in all its branches, on the corner of Albert and Princes streets, opposite Rance & Brother's Steam Mill, where they are prepared to manufacture *Wagons, Carriages, Buggies, &c.,* of the latest improved style, for service and durability equal in material and workmanship to any other shop in Western Canada, and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Repairing done on short notice and low prices. SIMMONS & Co.

N. B.—An *APPRENTICE WANTED* in the Blacksmithing department.

Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

CLINTON
Fanning Mill Factory.

THE Subscriber, (successor to Neil McTaggart & Co.,) continues the business of Making *FANNING MILLS* on the premises lately occupied by them in Clinton. His long experience in the busines enables him to turn out Mills second to none in Canada.

Farmers, give them a trial.

MALCOLM McTAGGART.

Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

Clinton Cabinet Warehouse.

T. STEVENSON, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, begs leave to announce to the inhabitants of Clinton and the surrounding country, that he has opened his new establishment in Main Street, where he is prepared to furnish every article in his line of business, such as Tables, Bedsteads, Sofas, Sideboards, Bureaus, &c., &c., and hopes by strict attention to business, to meet a share of public patronage.

Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

CLINTON
TIN AND STOVE WAREHOUSE

EVERY variety of Tin-ware, Stove, Stove Pipes and Eave Troughs of all patterns at London Prices.

JOHN REID.

Clinton, Nov. 5, 1855. 25-m

CLINTON
Upholstery and Cabinet Manufactory.

THE Subscriber having opened his commodious premises on Victoria Street, is prepared to furnish the Palace or the Peasant's Cot with the newest fashions and at the lowest prices.

WILLIAM SHAW,

Clinton, Nov 5, 1855. 25-m

CLINTON.

Crown Inn, Brucefield.

SBOGS would call the attention of Travellers to the above Hotel, it having been greatly enlarged and otherwise improved. Parties favoring him with a call, will find accomodation unequalled in the vicinity.

In his new and excellent stables, there is room for upwards of one hundred horses.

Brucefield, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

BRUCEFIELD, COUNTY OF HURON.

JOHN COPELAND informs the travelling public that he has completed his new and commodious Brick Hotel, where they may rely upon obtaining every possible comfort and accommodation.

Brucefield, C. W., Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

THE WELLINGTON ARMS,
BAYFIELD.

TRAVELLERS to and through Bayfield, and the public generally, will find good accommodation for man and beast, and a hearty welcome, at this Inn. No pains are spared to make people comfortable by the proprietor,

W. WELLINGTON CONNOR,

Bayfield, Sept. 21, 1855. 12-m

Look Here.

BUILDING and House Carpentering work done in all its branches, by

WILLIAM LITTLE.

Clinton, Aug. 17, 1855. 2-m

CLINTON AGAIN.

MOORE & HUNTER, thankful to the inhabitants of Clinton and its neigborhood for past and present supports, beg to inform them that in consequence of the enormous increase of patronage they have received, since their removal to their new establishment, (being *second to none* in the united Counties,) beg to intimate that they have now received a large and

Valuable Stock of Goods,

suited for the present season, all of which have been selected with care, comprising every variety of articles required by their numerous Customers and which will be disposed of on their usual liberal system.

The Stock embraces an endless variety of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY &c. In which, having purchased on most reasonable terms, they defy competition,

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

50,000 Bushels of Wheat, and 10,000 bushels of Barley.

☞ Hurrah for Clinton. ☜

Clinton, October 13, 1855. 19-m

Competition is the Life of Trade.

J. D. SHARMAN,
(Successor to R. TWAITS, Clinton,)

IS now receiving a large and superior selection of

Shawls, Cashmeres, Cobourgs, Merinos, Plaids, Prints, &c.. Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Tweeds, Pilots, Full Cloths, Sattinetts, &c. Blankets, Sheetings, Tickings, and Flannels, Shirtings and Factory Cottons, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

Groceries and Liquors,
CROCKERY, GLASS, HARDWARE, &c.

J. D. S. is positively enabled to sell a large portion of the above goods at a *Price fully one-Fourth Less* than any house north of London. The Dry Goods have been selected with the greatest care, by one of the first buyers, in Canada and are calculated to give the highest satisfaction in every respect.

☞ STORE and TAVERN-KEEPERS supplied at the *VERY LOWEST LONDON WHOLESALE PRICES.*

Clinton, October 22, 1855. 21-m

Clinton.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a first class Watchmaker, where an excellent business is doing. Apply at the Robinson Hall Saloon.

Oct. 25, 1855

New Map of the Town of Clinton.

THE Subscribers have now in the hands of the Lithographers an urbn New Map of this flourishing Town, which they will be prepared to issue in a few days. The Map is compiled from original survey, shows all the late additions, and may be relied upon as being correct in every particular.

To ensure a copy make early application at the office of the subscribers, Albert Street, Clinton.

Nov. 21, 1855. KERTLAND & GILKISON,
31-m E. E. & P. L. S.

CLINTON.

THE Beacon Fire and Life Insurance Co., T. S. Byers, Esq., Clinton, has been appointed Agent for this Company with whom assurances can be effected. 25-m

City Hotel, Clinton, Dec.'10, 1855.

CLINTON.

A RARE chance for a first-rate Blacksmith. The Shop and Business of the late Isaac Grigg, Esq., to be let with immediate possession. For position the shop is unequalled in this Flourishing town.

*** Apply at the Robinson Hall Saloon, Dundas street, London, 41-m

CONTINUATION SALE OF TOWN LOTS
Belonging to the
PUGH ESTATE, IN CLINTON,
COUNTY OF HURON.

G. W. TRUEMAN has the pleasure to announce that in fulfilment of the engagement made at the sale of lots belonging to the

PUGH PROPERTY,

In the town of Clinton, in October last, and to accommodate the numerous intending purchasers who were disappointed by the interruption of the sale (owing to bad weather) on that occasion, he will offer to public competition, on

Wednesday, January 16, 1856,

FIFTY VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

Comprising some of the most eligible portions of that splendid property, either for building or for investment. Several of the Lots which were sold at the previous sale will have HANDSOME RESIDENCES erected upon them during the coming season by merchants and landed proprietors of Clinton and the vicinity, by which the Lots now offered for sale will in a short time be rendered more valuable.

A FOUNDRY is also about to be built on North street, in the near neighborhood of some of the lots now to be sold. A number of lots on Erie street, between the Railroad and College Square will be offered at this sale, as well as some on Huron Street, between Erie and Mailand streets.

TERMS:—This being a continuation of the sale of October 31, 1855, the terms will be the same, viz:—Five Pounds currency on each lot to be paid at the time of sale; one fourth of the remainder, with interest, on the 4th of May, 1856, and the balance in three equal instalments with interest from the day of sale the interest to be paid half-yearly. Plans of the property can be seen at the Robinson Hall Saloon, London, Rattenbury's Hotel, Clinton, Middaugh's Hotel, Clinton, Wood's Hotel, Stratford, and at the Auctioneer's Goderich.

The sale will take place, weather permitting, on the ground; if not, at the Royal Western Hotel, and will commence at 12 o'clock precisely.

36-t.

STRATFORD.

John J. E. Linton,

CONVEYANCER, Notary Public, Com'r. Q. B., Stratford. 1-tf

Mitchell Hotel,

BY JOHN HICKS—Every attention paid to the comfort and convenience of Visitors.

Stratford, Aug. 1855. 1-tf

WOODS'
ALBION HOTEL,
STRATFORD.

THE Subscribers beg to announce that they have recently opened their LARGE BRICK HOTEL; and they trust that their experience in Hotel keeping, will enable them to give satisfaction to the travelling community and the public generally; and they will spare no effort to deserve and retain the reputation they have already gained of having not only the "*largest* but the *best* Hotel in the Huron Tract"

JAMES & PETER WOODS.

Stratford, Aug. 1, 1855. 1-tf

Town Lots in Stratford.

THE Subscriber offers FOR SALE several very desirable and beautifully situated Lots on the North side of the River, desirably suited for Cottage or Villa Residences.

He also offers for lease, several valuable building sites in the centre of the town, and well adapted for stores or other places of business.

Terms Reasonable. W. F. McCULLOCH.

Aug. 1855. 1-tf

TOWN LOTS IN STRATFORD.

THE following Lots are FOR SALE on reasonable terms:

Lots 106 and 107, on St. Michael Street;
" 31, 32, 60 and 61, Elizabeth Street;
" 7 and 8, Mornington Road.

The above Lots are situate on the North side of the Avon: and the beauty and healthy character of the locality, adapt them admirably for private residences.

W. F. McCULLOCH.

Stratford, Aug. 1855. 1-tf

Water Power.

CANADIAN LETTERS PATENT, 1854.

THE undersigned begs to inform the owners of Water Power, in the Counties of Huron and Bruce, that he holds the right to manufacture, vend and sell,

GATIS' PATENT CENTRAL DISCHARGE
WATER WHEEL,

and is prepared to execute all orders for the same.

In recommending this Wheel to parties using Water Power, the subscriber claims no more advantages for it than it possesses, feeling confident that it recommends itself wherever introduced.

Further information can be had on application to the subscriber, and any infringement on the right, will be dealt with as the law directs.

A. B. ORR.

Stratford, August 1855. 1-tf

HARRISON & CANA,

AUCTIONEERS for the town of Stratford, townships of Downie, Ellice, North and South Easthope, &c.

Orders received at their Office, Stratford Hotel, promptly attended to.

September 8th, 1855. 14-tf

GODERICH.

Tavern and Splendid Farm on Lease.

TO be let for such term of years as may be agreed upon, that old Established Tavern known as Cook's Inn, with the valuable farm attached thereto. The farm has about

SEVENTY ACRES CLEARED,

and is in a high state of cultivation. The Tavern is situated on the Huron Road about ten miles from Goderich and 2 from Clinton.

Application to be made on the premises, or by letter (post paid) to Clinton Post Office to.

ROBERT COOK.

Goderich Township, Aug. 29th, 1855. 27-m

NEW DRY GOODS,
MILLINERY
And Clothing,
AT THE
MANCHESTER STORE,
WEST STREET, GODERICH,
TWOMEY & GOODING.

August 1855. 1-m

Dr. Hamilton,

REMOVED to the residence lately occupied by Mr. Sheriff McDonald, Light-House Point.

Goderich, Aug 10. 1855. 1-tf

IMPORTANT
To those who wish to buy Groceries Cheap.

THE Subscriber having purchased from S. Whitter, Esq. his Stock in trade &c., at an immese reduction under cost, will offer for sale the whole of the Goods, together with an excellent assortment of

Groceries, Wines, Brandies, Whiskey, &c,

recently bought expressly for the trade, at prices which cannot fail but help to produce a favorable impression on all who make Goderich their Market town.

☞ Call and examine prices and stock at the sign of the Tea Chest, opposite the Huron Hotel, Kingston Street.

ANDREW JOHNSTONE

Goderich, July 11th, 1855. 2-m

British & Canadian Insurance
AGENCY, GODERICH, C. W.

BEACON Fire and Life Insurance Company—Capital £150,000 stg., No. 6, Waterloo Place, London, England, Office next door to the Bank of Upper Canada.

W. A. S. WILLIAMS,
1-tf Agent at Goderich.

NEW GROCERY!!
ON KINGSTON STREET, GODERICH,
In the Store lately occupied by F. J. Ferguson, Opposite the "Huron Hotel."

THE Subscribers have received to-day Steamer "Canadian," a

NEW LOT OF GROCERIES,

Which will be open for sale in the above building, on Monday the 11th inst.. As they will sell only for

Cash or Country Produce,

The public may rely on Goods being sold at a small advance on cost. We are determined to adhere strictly to one price. Small profits and quick returns.

TWOMEY & GOODING.

N.B.—We have also received to-day a fresh supply of Dry Goods at the Manchester Store, West Street. T. & G.

Goderich, 6th June, 1855. 1-m.

THE BAYFIELD
Carriage and Waggon Shop.

THE Subscribers beg to inform the Public at large, that they have commenced Business in the flourishing Village of Bayfield, the corner opposite Mr. Loomby's Hotel. We have on hand a good assortment of seasoned Lumber! And are prepared to execute orders with neatness and despatch!

Patent Axletrees!

Of the latest improvement made to order.

People wanting Waggons would do well to call and see for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

Cheap for Cash or short Credit.

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG.
CHARLES McGREGOR.

Bayfield, March 12, 1855. 11-m

For Sale.

LOT 6 Con. 5, Township of Usborne, in the County of Huron. For particulars, apply at the Crown Land Office to

COLIN CLARK.

Goderich, Aug. 10, 1855. 1-tf

NEW BOOKS!

LEWIS ALLEN, begs to inform his friends and the public of Goderich and Clinton, that he has now ready for their inspection a large assortment of the

NEWEST PUBLICATIONS

which he will dispose of on reasonable terms.

L. A. has always on hand a quantity of Stationery and ROOM-PAPER.

Periodicals supplied monthly. 1-m

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to A. LEYS, by Note of Hand or Book Account, are requested to call and have them settled immediately; otherwise they will be placed in the hands of the Clerk of the Division Court for collection.

JOHN STEWART.

Goderich, Aug. 10, 1855. 1-m

Just Received

A QUANTITY of Ladies' Fashionable Bonnets very cheap. For sale by

BENJ. PARSONS.

West St. Goderich, Aug. 10, 1855. 1-tf

COLBURN HOTEL,
GODERICH.

JOHN PATCH having leased the above well known Hotel from the proprietor, Robert Ellis, Esq., begs most respectfully to inform the public and travelling community that his Hotel is now open for their accommodation, and he would assure all his