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The Toronto World.

A NOVEL
By the author of "THE HEAVENLY TWINS."
"IDEALA."
By Sarah Grand.
The Toronto News Company,
Toronto.

FOURTEENTH YEAR — THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 14 1893. — SIX PAGES. — ONE CENT.

WAS THIS MAN SHEARIN'S PAL

TWO ALLEGED MEMBERS OF THE GANG ON TRIAL.

The Men Who Were With Pat Shearin When He Was Shot Dead at Port Dalhousie in an Attempt to Rob the Toll House Known to the Police—The Kettleby Postoffice Burglary.

Postoffice robberies were of so frequent an occurrence last summer that the police authorities all through the country were apprehensive that there was a gang systematically touring the country. When Pat Shearin was killed at Port Dalhousie it was thought that the gang was effectually broken up.

On Thanksgiving night Kettleby postoffice, a place about 20 miles north of Toronto, was entered and the safe blown open. Sixty-three dollars, a quantity of stamps, three watches, three razors, three plugs of chewing tobacco, two small bottles of perfume and a small bag of lozenges were taken.

On the following Sunday Detective Harrison of No. 2 Station, acting on information that he received, arrested Charles Jacobs, who was living at 93 Chestnut-street, and Baker, alias King, on suspicion of being the thieves. He searched the house and found the three razors, the perfume, the tobacco and the lozenges. The police authorities are of the opinion that Baker was implicated in the Danville postoffice robbery when $1200 was stolen and also in the Port Dalhousie affair when Shearin was killed. There were four men in the Kettleby robbery, but Rutledge and Black, two of the slickest cracksmen in America and who are believed to have been in the deal, escaped.

Jacobs and Baker came up for trial at the session yesterday. The police have woven a strong chain of circumstancia' evidence around the prisoner.

The Evidence Against the Accused.

Jesse M. Walton was the first witness alled. He identified some of the articles produced as his.

Martin Forbes, ticket agent at the Union Station, sold four tickets to King station on the 22nd. King is the nearest station to Kettleby.

Mrs. Lizzie O'Hanley, 93 Chestnut-street, the woman with whom Jacobs has been living for the last three years and whose love for him has waned told a very damaging story. Baker and Jacobs left Thanksgiving morning, she said, to go to Detroit, but returned on Friday morning. They had a quantity of candy, tobacco, razors, and about $60 in money. Baker gave her $25 to keep. Jacobs had borrowed $5 from her to take the Detroit trip with the previous morning. Jacobs told her they "did a job" with two other men.

Witness said that she was worth $1400, and that she owned several houses. She lived with Charlie because she couldn't get rid of him.

Reached on His Pals.

Detective Harrison had a talk with Jacobs in the cells after he was arrested, when the prisoner broke down and gave three of his pals away. Baker was one of them. Jacobs was a little under the influence of liquor. "I gave him a drink of whisky, as he said he had a headache."

Farmer Story, con. 4 of King, saw four men dawling along the road towards Kettleby about 9 o'clock on the evening of the burglary.

Miss Scopshire and Michael Harper of King were coming home from a party about 4 o'clock Friday morning. They saw four men walking briskly towards Aurora.

"You're a Liar From the Heart."

John A. Macdonald, storekeeper, King, positively identified Baker as one of two men who bought some biscuits and cheese at his place about 7 in the evening.

"You're a liar from your heart," shouted Baker.

This concluded the prosecution.

Albert Jacobs, a brother of the prisoner, was put in the box to prove an alibi for the prisoners. He said that he had had a drink with both prisoners at Simcoe-Queen-streets on Thanksgiving night about 6.40.

Charles Jacobs, the prisoner entered the box and testified on his own behalf. He gave a very plausible explanation of his whereabouts on Thursday and Friday nights. He denied borrowing any money from Mrs. O'Hanley. Mrs. O'Hanley's story he denounced as a fabrication from beginning to end.

The articles produced were left there by a man Mrs. O'Hanley had in the night before. He denied telling Harrison anything. He accused Detective Harrison of choking him and blacking his eye the night he was arrested while he was in the cells.

Crown Attorney Dewart read Jacobs' previous record

of conviction, which was rather a black one. In 1881 he was sentenced to 2½ years for burglary, in 1883 seven months for receiving goods, in 1884 two months for larceny, in 1885 three years for larceny, in 1888 two months for carrying a concealed weapon, in 1891 two months for shopbreaking.

Beads of perspiration stood on Baker's brow when he told his story. In all except a few details it was essentially the same as Jacob's. His memory, as far as a year ago is concerned, was very defective. He could not remember where he was then. Last summer worked for a time, he said, in Port Arthur for a man named Harvey. Did not know which street it was in. For a man who claims to have lived the major part of his life in Montreal, he showed a lamentable want of knowledge of the town. Lawyer R. D. Mills, on behalf of the prisoners, made a very eloquent address to the jury. The judge deferred his charge till to-day.

OUR TRADE WITH BRITAIN.

Decrease of Both Imports and Exports During November.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—The exports from Great Britain to Canada declined 26 per cent. during the month of November, but increased 19 per cent. for the 11 months of the year. The imports from Canada decreased 13 per cent. for November, and the 11 months imports of cows decreased from 118,000 pounds to 28,000 pounds, wheat and flour from 2,000,000 pounds to 1,400,000 pounds, wheat from 3,500,000 pounds to 2,800,000 pounds.

Friday, Nov. 10, '93.

Received fresh from the country to-day 3800 lbs. choice large roll butter, which we will sell in any quantity at low prices. Skeans Dairy Company, 291 King west. Telephone 2298. 246

Somebody said to somebody that somebody told him the only place he could ever get suited when buying clothing was at the Army & Navy stores.

Cleveland and Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—The House has adopted the Hitt resolutions calling on the President for information regarding Hawaiian affairs.

Keep your eye on the manufacturing rooms of the Army & Navy. See the hundreds coming and going with arm and wagon loads of work. Support home manufacture.

LABBY'S LAUNDRY LIBEL SUIT.

His Exposure of the Female Home for Inebriates Upheld by the Jury—A Strange Institution.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—The action to recover damages for libel brought by Mr. and Mrs. Zirenberg of the St. James' Home for Female Inebriates against Mr. Henry Labourchere, the well-known Radical member of Parliament and proprietor of Truth, was decided this afternoon, the special jury returning a verdict for Mr. Labouchere. A rider was attached to the verdict, declaring that the home should be under the control of the Government.

On Dec. 8, 1892, an article appeared in Truth, headed "Is Zirenbergs a Home or a Jail?" and suggesting that it was really a laundry kept up for the benefit of Mr. and Mrs. Zirenberg, and that the inmates were forced to labor for them, etc. The defence was that the words were in substance true in fact, and as regarded matters of opinion were in the nature of fair comment on a matter of public interest.

The Zirenbergs shortly after began their action for damages. At the opening of the case Mr. Reid, Q.C., who appeared for Mr. Labouchere, stated that the charges made by his client were true, and he gave a long history of the plaintiffs, no part of which redounded to their credit. Women, he said, who were not inebriates had been decoyed and even taken by force into the "Home," where by force, violence, starvation, bullying and beating they were compelled to work for the benefit of the plaintiffs. He cited one case where a woman attired in a ball dress was taken to the "Home" by three men and locked in. The plaintiffs claimed, of course, that there was no truth in Truth's story and that in starting and maintaining the "Home" they had been actuated by the purest motives of love and piety. Mr. Labouchere easily proved by overwhelming evidence that his charges against the "Home" were absolutely true in every particular.

MAN, MONEY AND EGGS MISSING.

A Buffalo Commission Merchant Thought to be in Toronto.

BUFFALO, Dec. 13.—Matthew Ring, jr., partner of the commission firm of Townsend & Ring, has disappeared. With him has vanished between $800 and $900 and 78 cases or 2300 dozen of eggs belonging to shippers.

Mr. Townsend, the senior member of the firm, received a letter this morning from Ring to the effect that he was about to start for Toronto. Ring was in the city yesterday. He drew $440 and collected the rest. Auburn is his home. The value of the eggs stolen is $500.

EVENING WEAR.

New Styles of the Season—Gowns of Social Leaders.

The social season has already been productive of some notable costumes. Some gowns for evening wear are magnificent in colors and materials. A peach-colored velvet dress has a waistcoat of turquoise-blue silk. An emerald-green velvet gown is shot with opalescent tints and bordered with darker green velvet and bands of fur beaver. A costume of black and white striped satin is worn with a cape of crimson velvet and a wide-brimmed black hat trimmed with ostrich plumes. A heavy white silk, brocaded with garlands of pink flowers, is made with a redingote. An ecru silk skirt is worn under a waist of dark green velvet. A showy dress is of black satin, displaying a brocaded stripe in bright colors. Steel-gray silk is combined effectively with cerise satin. A matron of sober years wears gray silk, combined with black moire.

Those who delight in the name and position of social leaders invariably wear Dineens' furs. All season long the well-known showrooms at King and Yonge-streets have been crowded daily by judicious, discriminating and tasteful buyers. And it was conceded all round that no two fur stores in the city carried the varieties shown by W. & D. Dineen; none had more elegant and stylishly-made garments, and nowhere were prices for first-class goods so low. This firm does not handle unsaleable goods. Everything in the stock is of the latest and best. The would-be purchaser may look everywhere if she is in quest of a rich fur garment, but after seeing Dineens' stock she will look no further.

Shoppers seeking holiday presents are making sad havoc among the bargains at Dineens', and the purchaser who waits until next week will be at a disadvantage. A word to the wise should be sufficient.

P. E. I. ELECTIONS.

Premier Peters Said to be Sustained—Returns Not All In.

HALIFAX, Dec. 13.—Charlestown, P. E. I., Liberals to-day won a splendid victory throughout province. Complete returns not yet in, but Government probably sustained 20 to 10. Premier Peters and colleagues elected by good majority. In Charlestown Rogers and Prowse turned Conservative majority of 200 of last election into Liberal majority of about 300. Bentley, leader Opposition, probably slain. All other leading Conservatives defeated.

Mrs. Dixon Acquitted.

MILTON, Ont., Dec. 13.—To-day the case of the Queen v. Matilda Dixon was heard. The prisoner was tried on a charge of altering a note purporting to be signed by John Dixon and Matilda Dixon, payable to D. A. Robson and by him endorsed to William McClelland for $300. Robson stated that he received the note from Mrs. Dixon and paid her $297. Mrs. Dixon denied that she ever saw the note until it was produced in court. She was found not guilty.

In response to a numerously signed requisition Mr. J. Enoch Thompson will be an aldermanic candidate for No. 3 Ward.

Invalid Wine.

Invalid wine, Marsala port, 10 years old, analyzed and strongly recommended for invalids by Dr. A.R. Pyne, Dominion Analyst. The demand for this wine is unprecedented. Price $8 per dozen, 75c per bottle. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street, third door north of King-street.

Academy of Music.

Speaking of the well-known Irish drama, "The Ivy Leaf," which will be Manager Conner's attraction for next week, The Philadelphia Press says: W. H. Power's Irish drama, "The Ivy Leaf," has become known as one of the most popular plays of the times and needs no introduction. Suffice it to say that it was presented last night better than it was ever presented here before.

Dunlop's Roses.

My choicest roses, carnations, chrysanthemums and violets, etc., always on hand at sales room, 445½ Yonge-street. Telephone 4192.

This zero weather very forcibly reminds us of the comforts to be found in one of those $10 or $12.50 Irish frieze ulsters to be got only at the Army & Navy stores.

The Mikado now open. 218 1-2 Yonge-street.

Silver's great sale Friday. See advertisement to-day. No reserve.

Gibbons' Toothache Gum acts as a temporary filling and stops toothache instantly. 246

LUCKEY DIES THIS MORNING.

HALF-PAST SEVEN THE HOUR SET FOR HIS EXECUTION.

Thus Far He Has Made No Confession—Visited by His Brothers Yesterday and Also by Radclive—Everything in Readiness—Two Former Hangings at Brockville Recalled.

BROCKVILLE, Dec. 13.—At half past seven to-morrow morning Charles Luckey will die at the hands of the law for the murder of his father, sister and stepmother. The gallows has been erected in the women's portion of the jail yard, a small enclosure only 20 by 40 feet. From the jail door to the place of execution will be but a few steps.

When Luckey was informed that all hope of reprieve was gone he took the matter quite calmly and appeared as if he had expected such a decision from Ottawa. His counsel, Mr. Lavell, had all along advised him that there was but the slightest possibility of the executive clemency being exercised, and the condemned man had consequently not built upon false hopes.

The Chaplain's Efforts Successful.

Rev. Dr. Saunders of Wall-street Methodist Church has visited him daily and Luckey has prayed long and with apparent earnestness.

"He says that he has experienced a change of heart," said Dr. Saunders after he had left the condemned cell, "but so far he has given no inkling of an intention to confess. This may, perhaps, be due to instructions from his counsel, Mr. Lavell, who had hopes of getting a commutation."

Said Farewell to His Brothers.

The condemned man was visited to-day by his three brothers, John, James and Samuel. Restraint and embarrassment was the only feeling evident during the visit, and all three seemed relieved when it ended.

The P.E. Sizes Him Up.

Radcliffe, the hangman, arrived in town yesterday and this morning visited Luckey's cell and "sized him up." This he makes a point of doing prior to every execution, so that he may know what weight to use. Luckey was informed who the visitor was, but displayed no timidity. The condemned man weighs 180 lbs.

Has Not Confessed.

Despite the earnest entreaties of Dr. Saunders Luckey has declined to make any reference as to his guilt and has neither affirmed nor denied his innocence.

FORMER HANGINGS AT BROCKVILLE.

The Last Execution There Took Place in 1860.

On May 27, 1853, a man named Fell, residing back of Prescott, who had sold a quantity of stock, was attacked and brutally clubbed to death and his pockets rifled. A man named John Simpson was subsequently arrested by James Kincaid, constable, and when placed on trial before Justice Draper on Oct. 27, 1853, he pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to be executed on Nov. 17. When sentence was pronounced the prisoner fainted, but afterwards recovered and was led back to his cell.

His confession was printed in pamphlet form and sold for three pence each. In those days the execution of criminals took place in public, and were attended by immense crowds, who drove from all parts of the country as if to a circus, and the whole grounds in the vicinity of the execution would be packed with people anxious to get a glimpse of the gruesome proceedings, and of the unfortunate victim.

Harter Hanged in 1860.

In June, 1860, two young men, Edgar Harter and Morgan Dockstater, from near Watertown, came across to this side and engaged to work on a farm near Athens. After working a few days they went off hunting and fishing to Charleston Lake, each having a gun with him. Harter returned alone with both guns. Dockstater's body was found with the skull crushed and also a bullet hole in it, while his legs and arms had cords attached to them as if weights had been used to sink the body. Harter was brought back to Canada, and on Nov. 1, 1860, was tried and sentenced to death by Justice Robinson.

The murderer piled up his bedding against his cell door and set fire to it, but the flames were extinguished and the man kept for the gallows.

Wet Kept the Crowd Away.

On Dec. 27 the murderer was hanged. During his incarceration he confessed that he was guilty. On the evening before the execution a public religious service was held in his cell.

According to the report the wet weather "kept many hundred from coming into town to witness the execution." Those who waited near the scaffold for the procession indulged in coarse jests and snowballing. The executioner was disguised, and as the unfortunate boy, who was only 19 years of age, uttered a smothered prayer the trap was sprung. A slight beating of the pulse could be distinguished 11 minutes after the drop.

Harrison's Murderer on Trial.

CHICAGO, Dec. 13.—Assistant State's Attorney Todd opened the trial of the Prendergast case this morning with an address to the jury, in which he outlined the plan of the prosecution. At the conclusion of Mr. Todd's address the court took a recess until 2 p.m., when Mr. Wade, senior counsel for the defence, began his address.

Varsity Student to Med.: Hello! old fellow, where did you buy the swell ulster? Med. to Varsity: Oh! this ulster, I had it made up at that West End tailor's of mine. Cost me $29. I notice you have one, too. What did you pay? I'd rather it than mine. Varsity to Med.: I'll tell you a secret. I bought this at the Army & Navy Stores. It only cost $13.50.

Preparing For Christmas.

George Flack, 66 Edward-street, and Jack Tinsley, 132 Elizabeth-street, were arrested yesterday, charged with stealing a number of turkeys from H. E. Seaton, 325 Yonge-street.

Mrs. Webb, 66 Edward-street, was arrested last night, charged with receiving the stolen fowl.

They all meet on equal terms at the Army & Navy stores, be it the toddler in kilt skirts, or the heavy weight of two hundred and fifty pounds. They all receive the same treatment; nothing but civility and the utmost attention shown to all.

Do You Know John Tomers?

John Tomers of Toronto died in Seattle, W.T., a day or two ago, and an effort is being made to locate his friends. Any one who knows Tomers' relatives should communicate with The World.

The celebrated painting "Jerusalem on the Day of the Crucifixion" at the Cyclorama is on view daily 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. and Saturday evening till 10 p.m.

Important Notice.

Blight Bros., stationers, have removed from The Globe Building, corner Yonge and Melinda-streets, to 65 Yonge-st. 246

Try Watson's Cough Drops.

THE ARDLAMONT MURDER.

Hambrough Was Shot at Short Range Probably Nine Feet—Suicide Was Impossible.

EDINBURGH, Dec. 13.—The trial of Alfred John Monson for the murder of Lieut. Hambrough was continued to-day before the Right Hon. J. H. A. Macdonald in the High Court of Justiciary.

Mr. Steven, agent of the Ardlamont estate, was the first witness called to-day. He testified that the prisoner and Lieut. Hambrough were on the best of terms. When the witness saw the body he noticed a smell of whisky.

The next witness was a man named Dunn. He said he was visiting in the vicinity of the Ardlamont House at the time of the fatality. He saw the shooting parties when they started off. If they continued as they had started it would have been impossible for Monson and Lieut. Hambrough to have met.

James MacNaughton, a gunmaker, of this town, testified that he had taken measures at the Ardlamont estate, in order to ascertain the spread of the shot in the trees. He calculated that the shot that killed Lieut. Hambrough had been fired from a point 20 feet from the trees. MacNaughton testified that he examined the skull of Lieut. Hambrough and, after experiments, concluded that the fatal shot had been fired by a person standing nine feet from the lieutenant. It was impossible for the wound to have been self inflicted.

SUICIDE AT 21.

A Waterloo Farmer's Daughter Cuts Her Throat and Cannot Live.

BERLIN, Dec. 13.—A girl of 21, named Brubacher, daughter of John Brubacher, who lives about five miles from St. Jacobs, in the Township of Wellesley, attempted suicide yesterday, shortly after noon, by cutting her throat with a razor.

Her wounds are of a very serious nature and no hopes are entertained of her recovery.

SUICIDE IN A CISTERN.

An Emily Farmer, Mentally Deranged, Takes His Life.

PORT HOPE, Dec. 13.—Robert Caldwell, 35, a farmer of Emily Township, committed suicide at his father's residence, con. 7, Hope Township, by drowning himself in a cistern during the family's absence. He had been despondent for months, and his friends were making arrangements to place him in an asylum.

KILLED BY THE ERIE FLYER.

An Unknown Man Run Down on the G. T. R. Near Strathroy.

LONDON, Ont., Dec. 13.—The Erie flyer on the Grand Trunk due here at 12.20 p. m. struck and instantly killed an unknown man to-day near Strathroy who was walking on the track. The remains were taken to Strathroy station to await identification. Deceased is a well-dressed, middle-aged man.

The same train struck a sleigh a day or two ago near the scene of to-day's accident, killing two persons.

COULDN'T HEAR AND DIDN'T SEE.

Lost a Foot By Being Struck Down By an Engine.

OTTAWA, Dec. 13.—A man named Roy, who hails from Three Rivers, was walking on the Gatineau Valley Railway track, and being deaf did not hear an approaching engine. He was struck and one of his feet cut off at the ankle. Roy was conveyed to the Water-street Hospital here.

A Coal Car Wrecks a G.T.R. Freight.

LUCAN, Dec. 13.—Yesterday afternoon a coal car on a westbound freight train gave way in the centre and caused quite a spill near here. About a dozen of cars were totally wrecked. No. 2 from Chicago was delayed fully six hours waiting for the debris of the wreck to be cleared off the track. Fortunately no person was injured.

FIGHTING AT RIO.

Commencement of the Long-Looked-for Battle.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—The big battle expected to take place in the harbor of Rio Janeiro has begun. This afternoon the Navy department received the following cable from Capt. Picking:

Rio de Janeiro, Dec. 13.—Copas Island and Erchadas in the possession of Admiral Digama (the insurgent commander). The former is well fortified and is continually firing upon the custom house and naval arsenal with small arms. It is dangerous to land.

Martial law has been declared in Pernambuco, Brazil, but all is quiet there. The American consul at Pernambuco has asked Captain Picking, as a precautionary measure, to send a vessel to that port to protect American interests.

Fifteen Ordered to be Shot.

LISBON, Dec. 13.—The British steamer Nile, which sailed from Pernambusco, Brazil, Dec. 5, arrived here to-day. Just before the Nile sailed the Government had the 15 insurgent officers and the crew of the Guardship Parahybea seized in the harbor carried ashore and stored up to be shot by a party of soldiers. The soldiers fired with great reluctance. With the first volley they killed five. The rest of the prisoners shouted "Long live Mello." The soldiers declined to fire again.

More than a thousand men of different nationalities are missing in Rio. Some of them are supposed to be in jail; others are said to have been executed. Many foreigners are reported to be seized and impressed into the military service of the Government. Most of them have been entered under false names.

It is worth your while considering and taking a look at those boys' reefer overcoats lined with cloth, heavy and warm. All sizes for $2.50 at the Army & Navy stores.

Oysters Cheaper in Toronto Than in Baltimore.

The reason is explained by direct importing from the oyster beds in enormous quantities which gives the benefit to the public, selling at 30c per quart with John Miller & Co., 79, 81 Queen west. 246

A novelty—in our perambulations around town yesterday we happened into the Army & Navy stores, and were shown a novelty—boys' beautifully finished fur overcoats, all sizes. They struck us as being something that would immensely please a boy as a Christmas gift.

Arlington Hotel.

For comfortable bright rooms and combined with reasonable rates and excellent cuisine the Arlington Hotel has not its equal in Toronto and those who desire permanent winter quarters should hasten to make their arrangements before the best rooms are taken. ed

A Question Answered.

The question is very often asked: "Where can I secure a satisfactory investment for my spare money?"

A policy of life insurance on the investment plan is the best channel through which you can secure what you desire, and by taking out a policy on the compound investment plan of the North American Life Assurance Company, Toronto, you will certainly accomplish the desired end. 246

The Army & Navy ulsters have all the freshness chic and swelliness of the up to date tailor-made ulsters. And best of all the prices are only about half what you pay for no better cloth, no better trimmed, no better made, at the ordered tailor shop. The prices are $9, $10, $12.50 and $15. See them.

INDIA'S SILVER EXPERIMENT

CAUSES HER TO ASK A LOAN OF TEN MILLIONS STERLING.

Closing of the Mints Causes a Short Sale of Council Bills and Consequent Deficit—Compelled to Ask a Loan to Meet Its Obligations Payable in Gold.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—Replying to a question asked in the House of Commons to-day by Sir John Lubbock, Mr. G. E. Russell, the Parliamentary Secretary of the India Office, said that the balances in the Indian treasury for the year ending with November were 15,240,000 tens of rupees against 9,100,000 tens the corresponding time last year.

Mr. Russell then moved the second reading of the bill providing for an Indian loan of £10,000,000. He stated that the Government must make certain payments in gold in England. These payments were usually met by the sale of drafts which were subsequently paid in rupees. The payments in England could not be met unless a certain amount of bills were sold. The closing of the Indian mint had been followed by a rise in England, which explained the short sale of bills. During the current year there had been sold £897,000 sterling in drafts, against £6,202,000 during the previous year. The deficiency must be made up. The India Council's borrowing powers would be exhausted in February, and therefore it was necessary to grant the council new powers.

Must Give India a Fair Chance.

Sir Richard Temple, who has held several high positions in the India Government, seconded the motion. He said that a decent margin was necessary in order that the Indian Government might have a fair chance to successfully carry out its experiment of closing the mints.

Danger of Relapsing Into Barter.

Sir John Lubbock declared that the Government seemed to have embarked upon a speculation in silver. It was an obvious consequence of the continued importation of silver into India that bullion should now be utilized where coin was previously used. He thought that there was no danger of the people relapsing to barter similar to that carried on in China, when the currency was dispensed with.

Closing the Mints a Serious Experiment.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, recounted the causes that had led to the closing of the mints. He admitted that it was a serious experiment, but the Government now had to deal with a more serious state of things, as the adoption of a bi-metallic remedy was out of the question. It only remained to close exchanges.

The Right Hon. George J. Goschen, formerly Chancellor of the Exchequer in Salisbury's administration, said he thought that India was being allowed to conduct the loan in a very easy manner. The bill did not provide for repayment or for the rate of interest to be paid. It gave total discretion as to how and what to borrow.

A Present Remedy For An Imminent Danger.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer further said that what India asked was a present remedy for an imminent danger. The Government was compelled to seek a remedy in order that it might fulfil its public obligations. The proposal suggested benefited all classes. The most prominent financiers had decided that the Government must not refuse India's request. He denied that there was speculative action in India. That country expected that there would shortly be a large increase in her exports and a consequently increased demand for bills. The Indian Government believed that the temporary disturbance should be met by a temporary measure. The bill was not saddled with a permanent loan. It was expected that treasury bills would be taken up and then the loan would not be needed.

EDUCATION LESSENS CRIME.

Prince of Wales Opens a School Built on the Site of a Prison.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—The Prince of Wales, in company with the Duke of York, opened the Middletown school at Clerkenwell this afternoon.

The Prince in a speech said he was glad that the site on which there once had stood a detention house had now been devoted to a school. With the growth of population crime in London had diminished in favor of schools. He referred to the Fenian attempt made 26 years ago to-day to blow up the prison. The school board had made a marked advance in education, and this had resulted in a diminution of crime. In 1841 nearly 41 per cent. of married people could not sign their names. In 1891 the percentage of these illiterate persons had been reduced to 6 1-2. A higher standard was now required in public teachers, and there was a greater demand for work of undoubted excellence.

CROFTERS DID NOT PAY TAXES

And the Lands of Many Settlers Were Seized by the Municipalities.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—The report of the commission appointed to carry out the scheme to colonize Canada with Crofters from Scotland and Ireland is unsatisfactory. It is stated at Killarney, Manitoba, the value of crops last year was greater than previous years, but it is added that the settlers failed to meet the first instalment on the advances made to them, and the municipal authorities seized the land occupied by many of the settlers for non-payment of taxes.

At Salt Coats affairs are more satisfactory, although only 18 families remain on the land originally settled by 49 families. There was no immigration in 1893 owing to the fact that the board was in Winnipeg preparing land for settlement.

Children cry for Coughicura. 10 cents

Fashions in men's wear. We were yesterday shown a remarkably handsome garment in a real Irish frieze ulster; the color was a light creamy fawn, the fabric the best, a deep storm collar with five rows of stitching in centre, Buffalo horn buttons, half belt, made up saw edge. It was at the Army & Navy stores and the price only $15.

Try Watson's Cough Drops.

Academy of Music.

Beswick the English magician, is mystifying the audiences in great shape at the Academy this week. Several of his tricks are wonderful, especially the one where he manipulates a large number of flags from two little banners not over four inches long.

Mr. O'Brien's annual exhibition of Water Colors is now open at Matthews' Gallery, 95 Yonge-street.

It shows customers and competitors alike the tremendous power of this young giant; the tremendous power of a perfect organization; the tremendous power of ready cash at a time when money is scarce, does this great sale of ulsters, overcoats and fur goods at the Army & Navy stores. Everything offered for sale was bought for spot cash, and they can therefore afford to give unheard of prices.

To banish coughs and colds use Adams' Horehound Tutti Frutti. Sold by all druggists and confectioners. 5 cents.

THIS MAN IS NOT SANDY M'DUFF.

The British Columbia Murderer Is Not the Party Wanted For Killing Schoolmaster Holton of Essex.

Government Detective Rogers has investigated the report that the man Kennedy now in jail in British Columbia is Sandy McDuff, wanted for the murder of Schoolmaster Holton, near Tilbury Centre, and it proves to be incorrect.

Detective Rogers sent Provincial Constable Hussey of British Columbia the McDuff circulars and description and requested him to make a thorough examination of Kennedy. He did so, and it was established beyond a doubt that Kennedy was not McDuff.

Said the detective:

"McDuff had a big scar on his groin and was of fair complexion, standing 6 feet 1 inch in height. Kennedy is but 5 feet 7 inches tall and is dark.

"We never had the slightest trace of McDuff. He disappeared as completely as if the earth had opened and swallowed him up. It is my opinion that he never left this country alive. It was a desperate gang he was connected with and I am half inclined to believe that he was done away with.

"At any rate, whatever has become of McDuff, you may rest assured that Kennedy is not the man. This man Kennedy is not known by any of the Ontario officers."

BECAUSE HE ADMITTED BIGAMY.

Rev. Mr. Kennedy Appealing Against His Deposition From the Ministry.

In the Court of Chancery yesterday Rev. George Kennedy of Ingersoll, who was expelled from the Methodist Church at a session of the Niagara Conference in June, 1890, because he pleaded guilty to a charge of bigamy, brought suit to recover $568, superannuation allowance with interest for two years, which he claims to have been unjustly deprived of. The church, however, contends that the plaintiff is not entitled to participate in the superannuation fund for the reason that he was expelled in June, 1890, at a meeting of the Niagara Conference at Hamilton, the outcome of a charge of immorality laid by Robert R. Maitland, chairman of the Woodstock district. The charge specified that "on Jan. 22 the plaintiff did appear, accompanied by one Mrs. Macdonald Oliver, before the Rev. C. M. Bartholomew of Suspension Bridge, N.Y., and by the latter was married to Mrs. Oliver, he (the said Rev. George Kennedy) having at the same time a wife still living." In the face of this the plaintiff declares that he was expelled illegally and contrary to natural justice and the written discipline of the church. His case was nonsuited at Woodstock, from which he now appeals and asks for a new trial.

In 1890D. W. Alexander, leather merchant of this city, erected a $35,000 tannery upon the strength of a bylaw granting exemption from taxes for 10 years. He built more houses, however, than the terms of the agreement stipulated, and as a result the council repealed the bylaw. Mr. Alexander is now asking the courts to quash the bylaw.

REV. W. P. WASTELL.

Death of an Old-Time Pastor of Several Canadian Towns.

CLINTON, Dec. 13.—Rev. W. P. Wastell died about 4 o'clock to-day. He was born in London, England, on Aug. 17, 1804. He was ordained at 19 years of age. At 35 he came across the Atlantic to Canada, and officiated at Quebec, Toronto, Montreal, St. Thomas and other places. He came to Michigan in 1853 and located at St. Clair. In 1851 he came to Clinton and was pastor of the Congregational Church several years. In 1872 he retired from the pulpit. He leaves eight children, who are scattered over the United States.

CROSSED THE BAY ON THE ICE.

Two Inches of Frozen Thickness Between the City and Hanlan's.

Messrs. James Rice and Eddie Durnan yesterday morning crossed from Hanlan's Point to the city on the ice and returned in the afternoon, being the first parties to cross this season. The ice is about two inches thick.

The iceboats will be got out on Friday and Saturday, and a race in which 18 boats will participate is being arranged for Tuesday.

Now Open.

The Mikado is now open with a full line of Japanese goods at 218½ Yonge. 46

A Sure Cure For Grip.

If you want to retain your health and be free from grip you must wear Bonner's sanitary wool underwear. It retains the heat and gives to the wearer a warm glow, which you do not get from other makers of woolen underwear. Our price, from $1.50, regular $2.25 goods. If you cannot wear wool we can give you the sanitary arctic, which you can wear, at $1. Scotch lambs wool in fancy striped and plain grey, at 75c each. Bonner's, corner Yonge and Queen-streets. 246

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

The weather after all has but little to do with trade. It's the clothing store that keeps the right kind of clothing at the right prices that keeps busy in all kinds of weather, and in proof of this go where you will, rain or sunshine, storm or calm, you'll always find the Army & Navy stores busy. They stand supreme, head and shoulders above all competitors.

For coughs and colds try Adams' Tutti Frutti Horehound, it will cure you.

Oak Mantels

In Colonial, and other latest designs. Tilings and Brass Goods. W. Millichamp, Son & Co., 234 Yonge-street. tf

An Interesting Christmas Item.

Santa Claus intimates that a merry Christmas should be a condition, not a theory. That Christmas cannot be Christmas to anybody without a present, and that the tie that binds together the hearts of the people at this festive and fraternal season is one of quinn's new fifty cent special Christmas ties.

Coughicura, Greatest Cough Medicine.

They are not fighting for their lives, or hitting a fellow when he's down. They are simply in this fight to advertise the fact that they are fighting the whole gang with prices that lay out all competitors cold as a wedge. When the Army & Navy fight the people know it's an excellent time to buy clothing, whether they want them just at the time or not.

Monumental.

D. McIntosh & Sons, 534 Yonge-street manufacturers and importers of granite and marble monuments. Note address. 246

BIRTHS.

OLIVER—At 125 Borden-street, Toronto, Dec. 13, 1893, the wife of W. H. Oliver of a daughter.

DEATHS.

WARD—At the residence of her sister, Mrs. H. E. Hughes, 46 Kensington-avenue, on Wednesday, Dec. 13, Annie Ward in the 44th year of her age.

Funeral private.

HOWLAND—Tuesday, Dec. 12, of pneumonia, William Holmes Howland, in the 50th year of his age.

Funeral from the residence of his father, Sir William Howland, 215 Simcoe-street, on Thursday, Dec. 14, at 2.30 p.m. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

FREE TRADE A DIRE FAILURE

SENATOR MERRILL ATTACKS THE TARIFF REFORM BILL.

Agricultural Distress in England Caused by Free Trade—The Demand for "Fair" Trade Shows British Discontent With Its "Tariff for Revenue Only"—What Protection Seeks to Do.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—Senator Merrill spoke on the tariff to-day. He said that during all the present generation modern Democracy had been prolific in queer tariff platforms, never right even by mistake, and each one dying unloved before the birth of its quadrennial successor.

British free trade had been on trial long enough to minimize the profits of agriculture in the whole United Kingdom. The silk industries had also vanished. Those of iron were bending and groaning under repeated antagonistic invasions from Germany and Belgium, and the frequent cry for "fair trade" exhibited the popular discontent with free trade. He pointed to the fact that the number of persons engaged in farm work in England and Wales had fallen from a little over two millions in 1861 to a little less than one million in 1891, and said that the extraordinary exodus of workingmen from Great Britain to the United States could not be ascribed to anything other than either the home oppression of free trade or the attractions emanating from a protective tariff.

The Blight of a "Revenue Tariff."

What was it, he asked, that had blighted the vocation of more than a million workingmen and compelled them to flee from their homes to other countries or to seek other occupations? If those who were left behind might answer, whether owners of the soil or laborers, they would with one accord straightway declare that their sufferings had been imposed by a "tariff for revenue only."

Among English farmers free trade had not a rag of reputation to cling to.

Free Trade a Dismal Failure.

In conclusion Mr. Merrill said: "Free trade as an economic science, in the judgment of the world, is a dismal failure." One great difference between those who now favor a protective tariff and those who favor revenue reform appears to be that the protective party seeks to find work and good wages for the many, while the reformers are struggling to find good wages without work for the many in the executive patronage pasture, but that pasture, even with the paramount aid of Honolulu, is likely to be overstocked.

JUMPED THRO' A DOUBLE WINDOW.

Thos. Routledge in Delirium From Pneumonia Walks the Street Two Hours.

WINNIPEG, Man., Dec. 13.—Thomas Routledge, one of the most prominent men in this country, died in the General Hospital here yesterday under peculiar circumstances.

Mr. Routledge was on his annual trip to England to spend Christmas with relatives and on reaching Winnipeg was stricken with pneumonia. During the delirium he escaped from his attendant, and jumping through a double window of the hospital spent nearly two hours in the streets clad only in his night dress, with thermometer 20 below zero.

Chris. Johnson of Winnipeg left his residence last Monday, complaining of illness. Since then the police and his friends have been searching for him without success.

Lord Beresford a Grip Victim.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—Lord Charles Beresford, formerly a Lord of the Admiralty, and who commanded the Condor at the bombardment of Alexandria, is suffering with influenza.

Speaker Peel Down With It.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—The Right Hon. Arthur Wellesley Peel, Speaker of the House of Commons, is suffering with a severe attack of influenza.

RELIEF BY PUBLIC WORKS.

Cincinnati to Spend $50,000 on its Streets to Relieve the Distressed.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 13.—A bill authorizing the city to issue $50,000 worth of bonds for the improvement of the streets and public highways, to relieve the distress of the unemployed, will be sent to the Legislature as