stituents in Three Rivers, as Richelieu is on the whole a safer seat.

A good deal of interest is manifested in Washington to ascertain whether or not Sir John Macdonald will carry out his pledge to send commissioners there immediately after the election. Thus far it cannot be ascertained that any quarters have been engaged at the hotels for Sir John's famous commission, and it is not expected in State Department circles that Sir John's commission will soon appear.

county, Que., is officially announced as 76.

The town of Chatham gave Mr. Campbell, the Liberal candidate, a majority of 62. Hodgins, the Equal Rights candidate, is elected in Carleton by eight majority. The vote stands: Hodgins 1,561, Dickinson 1 552

1,005.
The official count in North Oxford gives
Mr. Sutherland a majority of 1,534. Mr.
Karn recovered 1,010 votes out of a total of
3,544 cast.

3,544 cast.

The official returns make Wm. Paterson's majority in South Brant 542. Total vote—Paterson, 1,963; Cox, 1,421. The returns for North Brant are not yet complete.

The votes secured by each Ottawa candidate are officially given as follows:
Mackintosh 2,929, Robillard 2,403, Belcourt 1,946, Patterson 1,296, Lewis 770.
Nagle 55.

official cast up mofficer on Monday:

...45 ...42—209 ...50— 50 ...66 ...48—114 ...83

1.529

THE WORLD OF WORK.

to be mixed up with politics.

There was a riot of striking East Side cloakmakers on Saturday in New York. It occurred at 133 Broome street, where they attempted to assault a cloak maker who employed non-union men. Four strikers

ING Condon Advertiser. ONE

VOL. XXVIII., NO. 118.

Que., Added to the Liberal Column.

liected by the Returning
Officer's Vete — Mr. Charlton's Splendid Majority.

Istario	. 45	4
depec	. 29	
ova Scotia	16	
ew Brunswick	12	
ew Brunswick		
E. Island		
fanitoba	. 4	
T W Torritories	4	
British Columbia	6	
	-	
Totals	118	
Conservative majority, v Huntingdon and Algoma exclu	vith	Brom 24.
[1987] [1886] (1987) [1886] - 프랑스 (1987) (1987) [1886] (1987) [1886] (1987) [1886] (1987) [1886] (1987) [1886]		

Total.....289 Majority for Allan (Liberal)...59

Majority for Allan (Liberal)... 59

LAURIER SANGUINE OF FINAL SUCCESS.
MONTREAL, March 9.—Hon. Mr. Laurier
fs not at all discouraged with the result or
slarmed at the prospect. The Liberals, he
said, had contended against heavy odds,
the election was precipitated and imperfect
lists used, and the people had not sufficient
time to reflect upon the situation. Yet in
spite of these drawbacks the trend of public
opinion was shown to be clearly against a
policy of restriction. Meantime the process
would go on in Parliament and in the country, and he was as sure of final success as
that right will triumph over wrong. The
contest had solidified the Liberal party,
and any dissension that had arisen would
pass away as the heat subsided.

MR. TARTE'S IOSTION.

Mr. J. Israel Tarte, the famous editor of
Lie Canadien, and the new M. P. for Montmorency, when asked on Saturday if he
would support the Government replied:
"Well, now, I rather prefer not to say just
now. You know the lines on which I ran
for Montmorency. I ran against a Conservative brought out by Sir Hector
Langevin and Mr. McGreevy, and I beat
him by 112 votes. I had the support of
300 Conservatives and a great many Liberals, although some of the latter deserted
"Do you intend to bring the charges

me."
"Do you intend to bring the charges against Mr. McGreevy up in the House? "That is certainly my only reason for wishing to go to Ottawa. On the day the Touse meets I will be in my place and will conce bring the mater before the attended of the House. It will be a very embarsing position for the Government, and less in the meantime they can get rid of McGreevy and the others it is hard to what will be the upshot."
"Then there are others besides Mr. Moreevy concerned?"

reevy concerned?"

"Yes, I may tell you there are, and they oo will be exposed. I have the evidence. nd rest assured when Parliament meets I submit it to them."

"It cost him \$50,000. For fifteen day he had the salcons in his district thrown open, and free drinks were liberally dispensed to his electors. That is one of the means used to send him to Ottawa."

IN BROME, QUE.
MONTREAL, March 9.—One cause and MONTREAL, March 9.—One cause and almost the only cause of regret the Liberals of the Montreal districts have had in the recent elections was the supposed deteat of Mr. Fisher in Brome, but this cause promises to be removed. A recount was ordered on Saturday, and by the evening Mr. Dyer's majority of five was worked down to a tie. The result will very probably place Mr. Fisher at the head of the pull and a good man in Parliament.

poll and a good man in Parliament.

MR. JARRE'S ESTIMATE.

MR. J. Israel Tarte places the Gevernment majority at twenty. He has private assurances from members upon whom the Conservatives count that they will act independent of the Government. Mr. Tarte himself has an open course. He came out against a Conservative selected by Sir Hector-Langevein and Thomas McGreevy, and beat the whole combination by 112 votes.

THE VOTE IN SOUTH HURON.

SAFORTH, March 10.—The official declaration of the result of the election for South Huron shows McMillan (Lib.) 1.845, Weismiller (Ind.) 990, Reith (Ind. Ref.) 54; majority for McMillan 85.

NORTH NORFOLK.

NORTH NORFOLK.

TEETERVILLE, March 10:—Dr. Snider, returning officer, made his official declaration yesterday for North Norfolk. Mr. Charlton's majority is 468 over Dr. Sinclair. This large majority must afford considerable gratification to Mr. Charlton, whose defeat was looked for in some quarters on account of the vote he gave on the Jesuit ** **Etates Bill.**

March 7. At City of Chicago...New York...

Steamers Arrived.

the great apostle of Ireland.

will overflow much of the city.

Clergymen Opposed to Parnellism.

London, March 10.—Most Rev. Bartholomew Woodlock, bishop of Ardagh and Clommacnoise, who has been preaching at Athlone, exhorted his hearers to shun secret societies, as an immediate attempt was being made to entangle young men in the renewal of plottings which have been the curse of Ireland. He was grieved to have to state that certain Catholies of his diocese had broken into a meeting-house while services were heing held, and insulted and assaulted the ministeriwho was conducting the services. The Bishop of Cork denounces the promoters of the proposed Parnellite meeting to be held in Cork on St. Patrick's Day. He says he will not administer to the needs of the souls of his people unless they protest against the desceration of the holiday, as the demonstration would be an insult to the great apostle of Ireland.

vill overflow much of the city.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 10, 1891. BUILDINGS BURNED.

The C. P. R. Roundhouse at the Destroyed—Other Fires. Sault Ste. Maris, Ont., March 10.—First destroyed the roundhouse of the Canadiau Pacific Railroad here Sundaynight, together with an engine and several cars. Loss, 20,000

Collum his ride in the presence of a large concourse of spectators.

L'Electeur (Liberal) prophesies a political crisis in the near future. It says: "The fight of Thursday dealt a fatal blow to the Government of Sir John Macdonald. A blow which it will not survive long." The Montreal Conservative organs claim a majority of 32, and say that Sir John will increase his majority when the House meets.

As Sir Hector Langevin captured two seats, Three Rivers and Richelieu, there will be an election in one or other of them at an early day. It is probable that this, the first of the bye-elections, will come off before Parliament meets. It is likely that the Minister will remain with his old constituents in Three Rivers, as Richelieu is on the whole a safer seat. with an engine and several cars.

\$40,000.

Delhi, Ont., March 10.—A farm house, with contents, belonging to Mr. John Carlyle, two miles east of here, was totally destroyed by fire Sunday morning; insured in the British-American for \$700.

Quebec, March 10.—The Quebec, Montmorency and Charlevoix Railway station was burned down early yesterday morning. The fire originated by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. Loss, \$3,000. The railway's books and records were destroyed. Another fire destroyed the valuable property situated outside of the city limits on Maple avenue, and known as Burrough's block.

STORM AND DISASTER.

Terrific Blizzard in England—Disto Several Steamers. to Several Steamers.

London, March 10.—A terrific blizzard prevails throughout the southwestern part of England. The storm is the severest on record in that section, and it is feared enormous damage has been done. Reports already received show many small vessels have been wrecked off the coast. Hundreds of sheep and lambs have perished.

The steamer Strathendrick, from Cardiff for Sourabaya, collided with the steamer Devonhurst at Sourabaya and sank in 36 fathoms of water. The engineer of the Strathendrick was drowned. The Devonhurst was badly damaged.

hurst was badly damaged.

The steamer Clan Mackay, while leaving
Galle, struck on the rocks and filled with

Galle, struck on the room water.

The steamer Salient, while on a voyage from Rotterdam for Sunderland, broke her shatt and drifted helplessly in a dense snowstorm. The vessel eventually stranded at Filey, a watering place of England, and filled with water. Her captain and crew

Prince Napoleon Dying.

Rome, March 9.—The condition of Prince Napoleon is unchanged. The members of his family with the exception of Prince Victor are hurrying to Rome. Prince Victor declines to make submission, which is the only condition on which his father consents to receive him. Cardinals Bonaparte and Mermillod are in attendance upon the Prince, but they refrain from asking him to become reconciled with the church.

The Worst Storm of the Season. Nagle 55.

Hugh John Macdonald's official majority in Winnipeg is 509. Mr. Dewdney has 934 in East Assiniboia, with two places to hear from. Mr. Turiff will likely lose his deposit. Mr. Daly has 452 majority in The Worst Storm of the Season.

Selkirk.

Mr. King is declared elected to-day for Queens, N. B., by a majority of 29 over Mr. Baird. Mr. Temple was declared elected for York by 227 majority. Mr. Adams' vote in Northumberland was 2,192; Mr. Mitchell's, 1,719; majority for Adams, 473

Ingersoll's Mayoralty Contest. Ingersoll's Mayoratty Contest.

INGERSOLL, March 10.—At the count of ballots held before Judge Finkle, county ballots held before Judge Finkle, county judge, Mr. Buchanau's majority was 24 over Mr. Stevens, with 39 ballots objected to and held over for the decision of the judge. Of the 39 doubtful ballots 20 are objected to by Mr. Buchanan and 19 by Mr. Stevens. At the close of the January election Stevens was declared elected mayor by a majority of 8 votes, and has held the seat since the inauguration of the new council. Mr. Buchanan was mayor last year. The Dublin Trades Council, by a vote of 35 to 3, decided not to take part in the proposed conference at which Parnell has promised to expound his views on the labor question. The ground taken by the Trades Council is that the labor question ought not to be mixed up with polities.

Death of Hon. Gilbert McMicken.
Winniped, March 9.—Hon. Gilbert McMicken died suddenly on Saturday morning, aged 77 years. He was for several years collector of customs at Niagara Falls, and in 1857 was elected M. P. for Welland. He moved to Essex in 1850 and was appointed in 1864 stipendiary magistrate. He successfully quieted the trontier excitement, especially in the cities of Detroit and Buffalo, and received special thanks from Lord Monck. He discovered and arranged the settlement of the disputed line of the settlement of the disputed line of the Flats Canal. He was elected in 1879 to represent Cartier in the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba, and held the seat until 1883, being elected Speaker of the House.

Late Business Changes in the West. KNOXVILLE, Tenn, March 9.— Very heavy rains prevailed throughout this section yesterday. All the streams are out of their banks. A 7-year-old child was drowned yesterday.

CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., March 9.—The Tennessee River here is rising three inches per hour. Experienced river men predict that it will reach ar least 45 feet, which will consider which of the city.

sembly of Manitoba, and held the seat until 1883, being elected Speaker of the House.

Late Eusiness Changes in the West.
Beck, Franke & Co., dealers in drygoods, and J. A. Fuchs, jeweler, both of Berlin, advertise that they are going out of business. The Galt Axle Works have been sold to J. H. Scott, and the London Foundry Company is merged into a joint stock concern under the same name. Wm. Young & Son, tailors, Paris, have sold out to Mauer & Gold, and Geo. Leys & Co., tailors, Sarnia, have disposed of their business. John Peirce, of Parry Sound, has bought the general stock of W. A. Broddy, Uxbridge. A. L. Cook, general store, Walsingham Center, has sold out to E. A. Spera. J. C. Tassie has bought Mrs. P. A. Gurley's general stock at Dresden. The general stock of E. Pedler, Gravenhurst, amounting to \$6,600, has been sold to Danford Roche & Co., of Newmarket, who moved it to that town. The stock of Jas. Calhoun, general dealer, Dundalk, amounting to \$6,600, is advertised for sale.

Mr. Calhoun failed to increase his compromise offer to 60 cents, as required by creditors. J. H. Laidlaw, who succeeded Neil & Laidlaw, jeweiers, at Sarnia, in Jannary, 1888, is in financial difficulty. Being in default with two chattel mortgages his stock has been offered for sale.

At this season of the year Centenelene

At this season of the year Centenelene should be used for chapped hands, face and lips. This is a lotion of superior excellence, put up in 25-cent bottles and sold on a guarantee at STRONG'S Drug Store, 184 Dundas street

GANADA'S FUTURE.

Candid Criticism of Hon. Edward Blake's Letter. The People Have Hope in Their

Country, And Will Compel a Change That Shall Bring Them

Trade Freedom. Complete Reciprocity in Comm

Will Bring Us Prosperity, While Not Requiring the Sacrifice Our Political Status.

I agree with him as to the effects of exravagance in expenditure and restriction in trade, and that the present condition of things continued means still greater inevit-

I am rejoiced to see that he agrees that "unrestricted free trade secured for a long panied by higher duties against the rest of the world) give us in practice the great blessing of a measure of free trade, much larger than we now enjoy or can otherwise larger than we now enjoy or can otherwise obtain; it would greatly advance our most material interests and can help our natural, our largest, most substantial, our most promising industries; it would create; an influx of population and capital, and promote a rapid development of forces and materials now almost unused; in three words it would give us men, money and markets."

markets."
Therefore he is in accord with the Liberal party in that there is absolute need of a change and that Unrestricted Reciprocity would provide the remedy if it could be had.

But he seems to think it cannot be obtained unless through commercial union and finally political union.

Again, first as to the necessity of a change. With all the disadvantages of a campaign sprung upon them, not giving sufficient time to prepare the people for the new issue, there has been in this Province a large revolt against the present Administration.

Prince, but they refrain from asting mine become reconciled with the church.

The Worst Storm of the Season.

CHICAGO, March 9.— Dispatches from various points throughout Minnesota and Northern Iowa, Central Illinois, Southern Wisconsin and Eastern Nebraska, report that the severest snow storm of the winter raged Saturday night and all day Sanday. There was a regular blizzard blowing and the snow is badly drifted. Trains are running behind time, and especially in Minnesota in some localities.

Improvements in Smokeless Gunpowder.

Washington, D. C., March 9.—Advices received by army ordnance officers from abroad indicate marked improvement in the development of smokeless powders during the past few months. So successful have some of the experiments in Germany and France been that our officials are prepared to believe the problem has at last been scleved, and that the day of black and brown prismatic powder for high power as well as small guns is past.

Torono, March 9.—On Saturday evening a Celestial, who gave his name as Tom Lee, was found stark naked on a railway ear on the Esplanade. He could not explain was without a place of habitation, he was without a place of habitation, he was blodged in the police station as a vagrant. Yesterday as he strutted about the corricors dressed up in an old police uniform and a straw hat, he was about the queerest looking sight seen at police headquarters for a long time.

Prince but we proposed the province and a large revolt against the present Administration.

The border counties, educated more quickly, have spoken with no uncertain sound. Thousands of Conservatives, farmers and others went hesitatingly to the station. The border counties, educated more quickly, have spoken with no uncertain sound. Thousands of Conservatives, farmers and others went hesitatingly to the station. The border counties, educated more quickly, have spoken with no uncertain same. The border counties, educated more quickly, have spoken with no uncertain samud. Thousands of Conservatives, farmers

That after thirteen years experience we not only do not manufacture equal to our consumption, but we import \$50,000,000 of manufactured goods in excess of our experts in that line. He sees on the contrary that all the States around us manufacture largely in excess of their consumption.

The producer is hindered and taxed on all sides. The manufacturer languishing for a market can only succeed by the use of a "combine." The whole country cannot and will not be sacrificed for the benefit of the monopo-

(1) As to natural products; (2) As to the manufacturers solely of the atural products of each country; (3) That an agreed tariff could be arranged upon the main raw products of other countries and that there should be reci-

countries and that there should be reciprocity as to the goods manufactured from these products while we maintained our own tariff on all other goods?

The United States must move and evidently is moving towards free trade.

They will progress in that regard quite as fast as we can and the people who fear

___OR___

that their tariff will be unnecessarily high need not be troubled. If we can reduce as fast as they we will do well.

3. I assume that any arrangement made would be of a sufficiently permanent nature to give capital confidence. The certainty that within a few years the American debt will be paid off and that they will have to move towards free trade will assist that confidence.

move towards free trade will assist that confidence.

4. But Mr. Blake assumes that we cannot have these blessings without conditions that mean political union. The people have hope where he has none. I think it is to the interest of the Americans 43 well as ourselves to have "Unrestricted Reciprocity." I think it is to their interest as well as ourselves to have "Unrestricted Reciprocity." I think it is to their interest as well as ourselves to have should not be joined together in a political union. The Southern States would not desire that as adding to the preponderating power of the North. The thoughtful Americans feel that they are quite large enough and too unwieldy as it is. The existence of another strong and progressive nation on the continent would tend more than anything else to prevent the great. Republic with its several diverse peoples in one, from again being rent with internal strife.

Their danger is from within not without. The welding is going on there. They have with the strike with the service efficient of it to do without attemptions.

Their danger is from within not without. The welding is going on there. They have quite sufficient of it to do without attempting to add Canada to the process. We do trade together. We will and must trade together. Is it to our advantage to do so freely and profitably, or must the whole profit go in toll at the border? Surely, with due deference to Mr. Blake, in this nineteenth century two peoples of similar race can agree to trade together without becoming politically one. If the Americans think it to their interest to have free trade between the two countries they will be quite willing to arrange details on a reasonable basis.

quite willing to arrange details on a reasonable basis.

We regret we cannot have his aid. We part (if we must) in sorrow, not in anger; but the Liberal party have put their shoulders to the wheel to secure free trade on this continent WITHOUT LOSS OF OUR NATIONALITY, and they will neither be dissuaded nor discouraged, though he whose aid they would have rejoiced to bave had does not see his way clear to assist them in the struggle.

does not see his way.

In the struggle.

These objections have been heard and answered to the satisfaction of far the majority of the people of the West at least during the present campaign. The work will go on and it will yet end in victory.

Yours truly,

GEO. C. GIBBONS.

DRIVEN TO DESPERATION.

Woman Attempts to Kill Her Drunken, Abusive Husband.

Chicaco, March 9.—Driven to desperation by abuse, the wife of a salesman named Henry Akin, attempted to kill her husband yesterday by shooting him in the head. Akin went home drunk and began quarreling. He seized his wife and was choking her as usual, when she jerked a revolver

ing. He seized his wife and was choking her as usual, when she jerked a revolver from his pocket and fired it in his face. The small children screamed with fear, and the police running in put the wife under arrest. Akin will recover, but will be noseless and bear a scar four inches long across his cheek. DEATH DUE TO DRINK.

DEATH DUE TO DRINK.

A Man Crazed with Rum and Jealousy Commits Two Murders and Ends Eis Own Life.

BATESVILLE, Ind., March 9.—Yesterday John Dirschere, a well-known hotel-keeper, while drinking and mad with jealousy, shot his wife, inflicting a serious wound. Dirschere then placed the revolver at the back of his 3-year-old daughter Myrtle and shot her through the heart.

He also shot his cook, Mary Jones, hitting her in the back and inflicting a flesh wound.

While a crowd which had quickly gath-

The New York Central Railway on Saturday took a formal control of the Herkimer, Newport and Poland Railway. Dr. W. Seward Webb was made president and Frank G. Smith treasurer. The road will be changed to standard guage and extended to a connection with the St. Lawrence River.

The whole country cannot and will not be sacrificed for the benefit of the monopolists.

There must and will be a change.
Mr. Blake's objections to the practicability of "Unrestricted Reciprocity are mainly and wholly, I think
1. The difficulty about raising a revenue.
Now, if Mr. Blake is right that the result of Unrestricted Reciprocity would be to "create an influx of population and capital and promote a rapid development of forces and materials now almost unused; in these words, give us men, money and makets" would that not of itself speedily assist us to raise revenue. Surely it is easier raising a revenue from a growing, rapidly developing people than from a stagnant, overburdened population.

If I understand it, the only burden borne by our Government not undertaken by the had a surplus revenue last year nearly equal to this charge.

Under similar conditions of prosperity, growth and development in Canada as in it the United States, why would not our tariff upon foreign goods be sufficient for in our purposes as theirs has proved to be? Is it unreasonable to suppose that the removal of trade restriction would increase our foreign imports so as to provide within a few years at most a rapidly increasing and all sufficient revenue to not only pay our way, but also to pay our debts?

Why could we not do as well as our neighbors with our better natural resources?

2. Mr. Blake's second difficulty seems to be that it involves an assimilation of tariffs as against the rest of the world.

If it did I think it would be preferable to doing without Unrestricted Reciprocity.

But is it necessary; could it not reasonably be arranged that we should have free trade without assimilation, save at most a regards certain raw material—

(1) As to natural products;

2) As to the manufacturers solely of the care and industry in the proper detection of the decirated engagement of the Duke of Clarence, heir present of the world such as a connection with the St. Law-tone changed to standard gauge and extended to a connection w

Too Much Intermarrying.

London, March 9.—The reported engagement of the Duke of Clarence, heir presumptive to the British Crown, and Princess Marguerite of Prussia has called out criticism among people who think that the old royal families need a little new blood, instead of perpetual intermarrying. The Rev. Hugh Price, a well-known non-Conformiat minister, is credited with the utterance of some strong opinions on the subject. The Duke and Princess are both grandchildren of Queen Victoria, and therefore first cousins.

DERMALINE

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WINTER FLUID

An excellent Preparation for Chapped Hands, Lips and Roughness of the Skin, Etc., Etc.

PRICE 25 CENTS. Cairneross & Lawrence,

CHEMISTS, ETC.,

256 Dundas street, London.

GAME IN ONTARIO.

Its Value to the Farmer Set Forth by a Former Londoner—How Can It Be Preserved?

[From the Toronto Week.]

An important contribution to the inquiries now being made both officially and unofficially into the question of game and fish preservation comes to us in the shape of a small paraphlet by Mr. Edward Harris, of Toronto, formerly of London. The title of this pamphlet, "Is Game of Any Value to the Farmer?" suggests the course of its argument. Mr. Harris sets forth in a striking manner how greatly an abundance of fish and game adds both to the attractiveness and to the economic wealth of a country, and the irreparable loss which is being inflicted upon this Province by the rapid extermination of both. He shows that the legislation hitherto enacted with a view to their preservation, consisting mainly of attempts to establish close seasons, and to limit or prohibit the export and even the sale of game, while it may do something to check the exterminating process, is quite inadequate to stay it. Much more does it fail to restock the forests, marshes and streams. The remedy which Mr. Harris would suggest is, in a word, legislation to encourage game preservation as a business. The results which he claims would follow are indicated in the following extract:

If the farmers were encouraged by protections.

the following extract:

fish, should have in view the benefit of the many rather than the pleasure of the few.

The repreach which it is sometimes sought to attach to "pot-hunting," as if it were less legitimate to kill birds or fish for profit than for sport, must be taken away before the people will heartily sanction and second any protective legislation that may be passed. In regard, to the feasibility of the methods proposed by Mr. Harris, it would be presumptuous in us to express an opinion without fuller wound.

While a crowd which had quickly gathered in the parlor was attending the wounded Dirschere re-entered and fell dead on the floor, having cut his throat with a case knife.

THE RAILWAYS.

The St. Paul and Minneapolis Rate Association will issue a new rate sheet to go into effect on or about the 16th inst. All tickets to Pacific coast points that where formerly sold at unlimited rates will be limited for 30 days under the new arrangement. This is an initial step toward the limited discontinuance of unlimited tickets.

The New York Central Railway on Saturday took a formal control of the Herkimer, Newport and Poland Railway. Dr. W. Seward Webb was made president and Frank G. Smith treasurer. The road will be changed to standard guage and extended to a connection with the St. Law to the first stands of which there are, a connection with the St. Law to the head of the whole subject. The idea for listing the farmers and country people generally in enforcing protective measures, by making it directly to their advantage to do so, is certainly practical, and, for aught we can see, practicable. The main difficulty that suggests itself to us has relation to the size of the farms which would be necessary. In some, at least, of the instances of marked success in England and Scotland referred to by Mr. Harris, it would be presumptuous in us to express an opinion without fuller knowledge of the whole subject. The idea of enlisting the farmers and country people generally in enforcing protective measures, by making it directly to their advantage to do so, is certainly practical, and, for aught we can see, practicable. The main difficulty that suggests itself to us has relation to the size of the farmers and country people generally in enforcing protective measures, by making it directly to their advantage to do so, is certainly practical, and, for all the constitution of enlisting the farmers and country people generally in enforcing protective measures, by making it directly to their advantage to do so, is certainly p might lose much of their force in the case of waste lands, or lands nearly useless for agricultural purposes, of which there are, of course large tracts in many parts of the Province; especially if, as suggested, the fermers and country people themselves should unite in the purchase, protection and use of such tracts as game preserves. Mr. Harris' views are eminently worthy of consideration, and we are glad to see that it is proposed to give his pamphlet a very wide circulation.

Three Fishermen Drowned. ALBANY, N. Y., March 9.—David Sea, burg, Romaine Van Wormer and J. P. Van Wormer, fishermen at Colymans, were drowned in the Hudson last night.

Angostura Bitters is known as the great regulator of digestive organs all over the world. Have it in your house. Ask for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

NEW YORK STORE E.B.SMITH

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ontents of

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of the World.

DRESS GOODS

seen nowhere else.

est and the cheapest.

PRINTS:

Such designs! all manner

of twig, sprig and branch.

No one else has them, and

we do not charge monopoly

prices. Are you interested? If so, we are repaid. Come

and see them.

Among the better stuffs

are Jacquard Brocades at

1 25, in 23 different effects,

nostly of a kind and to be

Norma Chudda Checks,

14 inches, all-wool; the new-

Tinted Beiges in such a variety as to be unrealizeable. Come and see them.