

Progress of the War

(Continued from page 2.)
ures supplied by the Italian com-
municate which reports the cap-
tures of 100,000 prisoners and
more than 2,200 guns. Within a
week the Austrian armies have
been as badly routed as the Rus-
sians in the summer of 1917 fol-
lowing the failure of Brusiloff's
attack. The Italians have land-
ed at Trieste. In the west first
class operations are being con-
ducted, the Germans retreating on
a wide front. Their divisions are
undermanned and their batteries
under-gunned. In Flanders the
British, French and American
units have made a deep advance
to the line of the Scheldt, but
here the enemy withdrew volun-
tarily, offering little resistance be-
yond that supplied by machine
gunners and long range guns.

London, Nov. 4.—An armistice
between Austria and the Italian
forces came into operation at
three o'clock this (Monday) morn-
ing, according to an official an-
nouncement. London, Nov. 3.—
An armistice with Austria was
signed this afternoon by General
Diaz, the Italian commander in
chief, according to an official an-
nouncement made here this even-
ing. The text of the statement
reads: "A telephone message
has been received from the prime
minister in Paris saying that news
has just come that Austria-Hun-
gary, the last of Germany's prop-
has gone out of the war. "The
armistice was signed by General
Diaz this afternoon and will come
into operation tomorrow morning
at three o'clock. The terms will
be published Tuesday."

London, Nov. 4.—Breaking
deeply into the enemy positions
along a thirty mile front today
the British captured more than
ten thousand prisoners and two
hundred guns, Field Marshal
Haig reports tonight. The Brit-
ish have entered Oisy, and fur-
ther north have captured Lan-
crecies. From the latter point to
just west of Guise, which is still
in the enemy's hands, the British
advanced along the Sambre-Oise
Canal and the Oise. Fighting
is proceeding around Lequesnoy,
where the Germans launched a
heavy counter-attack.

The line of the Sambre Canal
was stormed, and the British
made an advance of more than
three miles beyond it to the east.
Gen. Haig's statement, says:
"This morning troops of the
Fourth, Third and First British
Armies attacked between the
Sambre Canal, Oisy and the
River Scheldt, north of Valenci-
ennes. On the whole of this
thirty-mile front troops from the
United Kingdom and New
Zealand have broken deeply into
the enemy's positions. Over ten
thousand prisoners and 200 guns
are already reported captured."

Washington, Nov. 4.—An arm-
istice terms to be offered Germany
have been agreed upon unani-
mously and signed by representa-
tives of the Allied and the
United States at France. It
accepted they mean surrender
and the immediate end of the
war, leaving final peace terms to
the discretion of the victors.
Secretary Lansing announced the
agreement tonight. The condi-
tions follow the outline given by
President Wilson of what he re-
quired to preserve the supre-
macy of the Allied arms and
render Germany powerless to
renew hostilities. Secretary
Lansing announced the agree-
ment tonight, saying that diplo-
matic unity has been completely
achieved under conditions of ut-
most harmony. It is under-
stood the terms are to be sub-
mitted to Germany immediately
and that their publication in full
will follow shortly. The state-
ment has been authorized that
the drastic conditions under
which Austria dropped out of the
war today furnish an accurate
indication of their nature.

Washington, Nov. 4.—Three
hundred thousand Austrian sol-
diers and not less than 5,000
guns had been captured by the
victorious Italian armies before
the armistice went into effect at
three o'clock this afternoon, said
an official despatch tonight from
Rome. This included all cap-
tures since the offensive began
October 24—

Local and Other Items

All German mercantile vessels
interned in Chilean harbors have
been seized by the Chilean
Government.

German authorities have been
notified by the Dutch Govern-
ment that no refugees will be
permitted to cross the Belgian
Netherlands frontier.

American troops occupying the
village of St. Martin Riviere, on
the British front, found within
the bell of the church a power-
ful bomb connected by wire with
the monstrance on the high altar.
The removal of the monstrance for
benediction would have caused
the wreck of the church upon
kneeling worshippers, American
engineers have prepared a report
upon this attempted crime.

Contracts have been placed by
the United States with the Brit-
ish Government for the manu-
facture of 1,800,000 pairs of trou-
sers and 1,400,000 coats for the
American expeditionary forces,
acting Quartermaster General
Wood announced in Washington
on the 4th. At the same time
supplementary orders were placed
for 1,000,000 yards of cloth to
be used in the manufacture of
officers' uniforms.

A drowning accident occurred
off Georgetown harbor Sunday
morning, the victim being a
young man named Rogers about
18 years of age who was cook on
the schooner Swan. This schooner
which was loaded with produce
by Messrs. Poole and
Thompson for Newfoundland,
was homeward bound and when
off Panmure Island the main
boom jibed, knocking Rogers
overboard. The vessel was at
once put about and efforts made
to recover the man but without
avail. The "Swan" then put
back to Georgetown and reported
the accident and set sail again.
The deceased belonged to Marys-
town, Newfoundland, and was a
relative of the captain, whose
name is also Rogers.

The influenza scourge, with
which the city has been afflicted,
has now almost spent itself.
There are yet, it is true, several
cases pending, but so far as we
know there are no new ones.
The ban on the churches was re-
moved at a meeting of the board
of health on Thursday evening of
last week, and the ringing of the
bell in the tower of St. Dun-
stan's Cathedral, at a quarter to
seven on Friday morning, was
the first intimation that a great
number of citizens had of the re-
moval of the interdiction. It can
easily be imagined how great
was the relief felt by the people
generally, that once more regular
services would be held in the
churches, and that, generally
speaking, public meetings of
one kind or another could
be held. The usual services were
held in the Cathedral on Friday,
Feast of All Saints, and on Sat-
urday Feast of All Souls. After
Benediction on Friday evening
A Te Deum of thanksgiving was
sung. On Sunday last, reference
was made at all the Masses in
the Cathedral to the epidemic,
and how it had affected the
Cathedral congregation. It was
announced that, during the
month of October there were
fifty-two burials in the Catholic
Cemetery. It is possible that as
many more took place in the
other cemeteries. This would
seem to indicate that the influ-
enza and pneumonia consequent
upon it, had claimed somewhere
in the vicinity one hundred vic-
tims in Charlottetown and Roy-
alty. At the eleven o'clock Mass
on Sunday, his Lordship the Bishop
was the preacher. He prefaced
his sermon with very touching
references to the scourge through
which the congregation had pass-
ed, and went on to show that
afflictions such as these, from
time to time, fall upon the heads
of people because they seem al-
together to forget God. There
was no doubt, he felt sure, that
the epidemic through which we
had just passed, and from which
the whole world is suffering, was
a punishment for the wickedness
of the people. War, famine and
pestilence usually accompany one
another.

SEALD TENDERS addressed
to the undersigned, and endorsed
Tender for Heating Main Build-
ing, Military Hospital, Charlot-
teton, P. E. I., will be received
until 12 o'clock, noon, FRIDAY,
November 8, 1918, for the heating
apparatus to main building, Char-
lotteton, P. E. I., Island, Military
Hospital.

Plans and Specifications can be
seen and forms of tender ob-
tained at the office of the Chief
Architect, Department of Public
Works, Ottawa, the Superintend-
ent of Dominion Buildings and
the Superintendent of Military
Hospitals, Charlotteton, P. E. I.,
the Superintendent of Dominion
Buildings, St. John, N. B., and
the Inspector of Dominion Build-
ings, Halifax, N. S.

Tenders will not be considered
unless made on the forms sup-
plied by the Department and in
accordance with the conditions
set forth therein.
Each tender must be accom-
panied by an accepted cheque on
a chartered bank payable to the
order of the Minister of Public
Works, equal to 10 p. c. of the
amount of the tender. War Loan
Bonds of the Dominion will also
be accepted as security, or war
bonds and cheques if required to
make up an odd amount.
By order,
R. C. DESBOCHERS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, Oct. 28, 1918.
Nov. 6, 1918—11

DIED.

ROBINS—At Morell east on
October 29th, J. H. Robins
aged 54.

READY—At South Boston, on
Oct. 5th Maggie dearly be-
loved wife of Timothy E.
Ready, formerly of Cove Head
Road. May her soul rest in
Peace.

COMPTON—At Bangor, P. E. I.
on Oct. 30th, 1918, Emma
Brian, beloved wife of Wm. D.
Compton in the 59th year of
her age.

BRADLEY—In this city, Nov.
3rd, Mrs. Edward Bradley,
aged 28 years. R.I.P.

PRAUGHT—At Albery Plains
on Oct. 23rd, Alphonus E.
Praught, aged 26 years. R.I.P.

MONAGHAN—At the City
Hospital Nov. 3rd, Annie
Monaghan aged 27 years.
R. I. P.

LARTER—In this city, Nov. 3,
1918, George Ernest Larter at
the early age of 28 leaving a
wife and four children to
mourn. R. I. P.

CONNORS—At the residence of
his daughter Mrs. James Mc-
Innis, Upper Queen Street,
Charlotteton, on Nov. 5th
John Connors, aged 84. R.I.P.

CURRIE—In this city on No-
vember 5th inst. Donald Cur-
rie aged 74 years. Deceased
belonged to West River, where
he was born and reared on a
farm. He himself, in due
time, became a successful
farmer. He was a man of
more than ordinary intelligence,
who kept himself posted on
current events. He was a
strong conservative and
for a time, represented his
native constituency in the Legis-
lative Assembly. Six years ago
he retired from farming and
came to reside in Charlot-
teton. Since 1912, he had
been Sergeant-at-arms in the
Provincial Legislature. He
leaves a widow three sons and
two daughters to mourn.

The Market Prices.
Butter.....0.50 to 0.50
Eggs, per doz.....0.50 to 0.55
Fowls each.....1.00 to 1.30
Chickens per pair.....1.00 to 1.25
Flour (per cwt.).....0.00 to 0.05
Beef (small).....0.10 to 0.15
Beef (quarter).....0.03 to 0.11
Mutton per lb.....0.11 to 0.00
Pork.....0.20 to 0.22
Potatoes.....0.60 to 0.65
Hay, per 100 lbs.....0.85 to 0.90
Black Oats.....0.80 to 0.85
Hides (per lb.).....0.16 to 0.17
Calf Skins (per lb.).....0.35 to 0.00
Sheep Pelts.....1.25 to 1.50
Oatmeal (per cwt.).....0.00 to 0.00
Turnips.....0.20 to 0.25
Turkeys (per lb.).....0.25 to 0.30
Peas Hay.....20.00 to 20.00
Straw.....0.60 to 0.60
Ducks per pair.....1.55 to 2.00

FOOTWEAR
FOR
Fall and Winter
All our New Fall Shoes are
here. This year we have many
special lines in each depart-
ment.
Amherst Work Shoes
These shoes are the best heavy shoes made. See
our many lines for men, women and children.
Heavy Rubbers
The kind that keep you warm and dry. We sell
the INDEPENDENT MAKE—Canada's Best.
We are agents for Queen Quality, Invictus, Clarke
Bros. and Amherst Shoes.
BARGAINS
Button Boots for Women, worth \$6.00. Now \$3.98.
Button Boots for Women, worth \$4.00. Now \$2.98.
ALLEY & CO.
135 QUEEN STREET.

NOTICE
Military Service Act, 1917.
EMPLOYMENT OF MEN IN DEFAULT
UNDER THE MILITARY
SERVICE ACT.
The following Regulations, recently approved by
the Governor General in Council, impose strict
obligations upon every employer TO ASSURE HIM-
SELF THAT EACH OF HIS EMPLOYEES OF
MILITARY AGE AND DESCRIPTION IS IN
POSSESSION OF DOCUMENTS PROVING
THAT HE IS NOT IN ANY WAY IN DEFAULT
UNDER THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT.
An employer who is charged with having a
defaulter in his employ must be able to prove
THAT THE MILITARY SERVICE PAPERS
ISSUED BY THE REGISTRAR OR MILITARY
AUTHORITIES TO THE EMPLOYEE IN QUES-
TION WERE PRODUCED FOR HIS INSPEC-
TION at the time when the employee was taken into
his employment, and that it was reasonably estab-
lished to his satisfaction that the man was not in
default under the Military Service Act. It should be
clearly understood that the Canadian Registration
Certificates given on June 22, 1918, at the time of
general registration, in no way define the status of a
man under the Military Service Act.
REGULATIONS.
"106. Every person who
employs or retains in his service
any man who has deserted or
is absent without leave from
the Canadian Expeditionary
Force, or who is in default in
the performance of any obli-
gation or requirement for re-
porting or for military service,
imposed upon him by the Act
or Regulations, or any procla-
mation thereunder, shall be
guilty of an offence punishable
on summary conviction by im-
prisonment not exceeding six
months, or by a penalty of not
less than One Hundred Dollars,
and of not more than Five
Hundred Dollars, or by both
such imprisonment and fine,
unless such person prove that
he made due inquiry and
that THE MILITARY SER-
VICE PAPERS ISSUED BY
THE REGISTRAR OR THE
MILITARY AUTHORITIES
TO THE MAN SO EM-
PLOYED OR RETAINED
IN HIS SERVICE WERE
PRODUCED FOR HIS IN-
SPECTION, and that it was
reasonably established to his
satisfaction by such inquiry
and papers that the man was
not a deserter or absent from
the force without leave, or in
default in respect of any of
the obligations or requirements
aforesaid."
"106A. Every person who
HARBOURS OR CONCEALS
OR IN ANY WAY ASSISTS
ANY MAN WHO IS A DE-
SERTER OR ABSENT
WITHOUT LEAVE FROM
THE CANADIAN EXPE-
DITIONARY FORCE, or
who is in default in the per-
formance of any obligation or
requirement for reporting or
for military service, imposed
upon him by the Act or Regu-
lations, or any proclamation
thereunder, shall be guilty of
an offence punishable upon
summary conviction by im-
prisonment not exceeding six
months, or by a penalty of not
less than One Hundred Dollars
and of not more than Five
Hundred Dollars, or by both
such imprisonment and fine,
unless such person prove that
he was not aware and had no
reasonable ground to suspect
that the man so harboured,
concealed, or assisted was a
deserter or absent from the
forces without leave or in
default in respect of any of the
obligations or requirements
aforesaid."
MILITARY SERVICE
BRANCH.

Your Soldier Boy Wants
HICKEY'S TWIST
No matter where he is, or what a her tobacco he can
get, the Island soldier whochews tobacco is never satisfied
with anything but HICKEY'S TWIST.
In hundreds of letters from the boys in Flanders, France,
England and the trailing camps, they ask for HICKEY'S
TWIST—and the 10th took along 20,000 figs with them.
Send your soldier boy a pound of HICKEY'S with the
next parcel.
Hickey & Nicholson, Ltd
CHARLOTTETOWN.

CANADA,
Province of Prince Edward
Island.
In the Probate Court.
Estate of
John G. Graham, late of Gas-
peraux, in Kings County, in
the said Province, Farmer, de-
ceased, testate.
To the Sheriff of the County of
King's County, or to any Con-
stable or literate person
within the said County:
GREETING.
WHEREAS William McLure of
Murray Harbour North in Kings
County aforesaid, farmer, and
William N. McKay of the same
place, farmer, Executors of the
last Will and Testament of the
said John G. Graham, deceased
have by their Petition now on
file prayed that all persons inter-
ested in the said Estate may
appear and show cause if any
they can why the accounts of the
said Estate should not be passed
and why the said Estate should
not be closed.
You are therefore required to
cite all persons interested in the
said Estate to appear before me
at a Probate Court to be held at
my Chambers in the Law Courts
Building in Charlotteton in
Queen's County in the said Pro-
vince on Friday the twenty-
second day of November next
(A. D. 1918) at the hour of
Eleven o'clock forenoon to show
cause why the accounts of the
said Estate should not be passed
and the Estate closed.
Given under my hand and
the Seal of the said Court
October.
A. D. 1918.
(Esigned)
ENEAS A. MACDONALD,
Judge of Probate

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY AID
VICTORY LOAN
As an instance of how science and industry have co-operated in helping to win
the war, it is interesting to note that Sir Thomas White, K. C. M. G., Minister of
Finance, has made a special "His Master's Voice" Record for the purpose of
actually informing the Canadian Public in his own voice concerning the need of
the second Victory Loan.
Science has thus made it possible for the voice of the Finance Minister to be
heard in thousands of places in every part of the Country at the same time.
The illustration shows Sir Thomas "caught in the act" as he made his special
recording at the laboratories of the Berliner Gramophone Works, Ltd.,
Montreal.

OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS
The proceeds of this Loan will be used for War purposes only, and will be spent wholly in Canada.
THE MINISTER OF FINANCE OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA offers for Public Subscription the
Victory Loan 1918
\$300,000,000. 5 1/2% Gold Bonds
Bearing interest from November 1st, 1918, and offered in two maturities, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber as
follows:
5 year Bonds due November 1st, 1923
15 year Bonds due November 1st, 1933
Principal payable without charge at the Office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the
Office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlotteton, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary
and Victoria.
Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest, at any of the above-mentioned offices.
Interest payable, without charge, half-yearly, May 1st and November 1st, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered
Bank.
Principal and Interest payable in Gold
Denominations: \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000.
Issue Price: 100 and Accrued Interest
Income Return 5 1/2% per Annum
Free from taxes—including any Income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of
Canada.
The proceeds of the Loan will be used for war purposes only, including the purchase of grain, foodstuffs, munitions
and other supplies, and will be spent wholly in Canada.
Payment to be made as follows:
10% on application; 20% January 6th, 1919;
20% December 6th, 1918; 20% February 6th, 1919;
30% March 6th, 1919.
The last payment of \$1,100% covers 50% balance of principal and 1.10% representing accrued interest at 5 1/2% from
November 1st to due date of the respective instalment.
A full half year's interest will be paid on May 1st, 1919, making the cost of the bonds 100 and interest.
Subscriptions may be paid in full at the time of application at 100 without interest, or on any instalment due date
thereafter together with accrued interest at the rate of 5 1/2% per annum.
This Loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are charge upon the
Consolidated Revenue Fund.
The amount of this issue is \$300,000,000, exclusive of the amount (if any) paid for by the surrender of bonds of
previous issues. The Minister of Finance, however, reserves the right to allot the whole or any part of the amount subscribed
in excess of \$300,000,000.
Conversion Privileges
Bonds of this issue will, in the event of three issues of like maturity, or longer, made by the Government, during the
remaining period of the War, other than issues made abroad, be accepted at 100 and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash
for the purpose of subscription to such issue.
Payments
All cheques, drafts, etc., covering instalments, are to be made payable to the Credit of the Minister of Finance.
Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture, and the allotment to certificatees.
Subscriptions may be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount subscribed. Official Casseways will forward sub-
scriptions or any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank will accept subscription and issue receipts.
Subscriptions may be paid in full at the time of application at 100 without interest, or on any instalment due date there-
after together with accrued interest to time of making payment in full. Under this provision, payment of subscriptions may
be made as follows:
If paid in full on or before Nov. 16th, 1918, pay without interest, or 100%.
If remaining instalments paid on Dec. 6th, 1918, balance of 90% and interest, (\$20.48 per \$100.)
If remaining instalments paid on Jan. 6th, 1919, balance of 70% and interest, (\$20.50 per \$100.)
If remaining instalments paid on Feb. 6th, 1919, balance of 50% and interest, (\$21.54 per \$100.)
If remaining instalment paid on Mar. 6th, 1919, balance of 30% and interest, (\$21.10 per \$100.)
Denomination and Registration
Bonds, with coupons, will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000, and may be registered
as to principal. The first instalment on these bonds will be due on May 1st, 1919.
Fully registered bonds, the interest on which is paid direct in the name of Government cheque, will be issued in
denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$25,000, \$50,000, \$100,000, or any multiple of \$100,000.
Payment of Interest
A full half year's interest at the rate of 5 1/2% per annum will be paid May 1st, 1919.
Form of Bond and Delivery
Subscribers must indicate on their application the form of bond and the denominations required, and the securities so
indicated will be delivered by the bank upon payment of the subscription in full.
Bonds of this issue will be available for delivery at the time of application to subscribers desiring of making
payment in full. Bonds registered as to principal only, or fully registered as to principal and interest, will be delivered to
subscribers making payment in full, as soon as the required registration can be effected.
Payment of all instalments must be made at the bank originally named by the subscriber.
Non-negotiable receipts will be furnished to all subscribers who desire to pay by instalments. These receipts will be
exchangeable at subscriber's bank for bonds on any instalment date when subscription is paid in full.
Form of Bonds Interchangeable
Subject to the payment of 25 cents for each new bond issued, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons, will
have the right to convert into bonds with coupons and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert into fully
registered bonds without coupons, at any time, on application to the Minister of Finance or any Assistant Receiver General.
Forms of application may be obtained from any Official Casseway, from any Victory Loan Committee, or member
thereof, or from any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.
Subscription Lists will close on or before November 16th, 1918
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
Ottawa, October 28th, 1918.

Behind the Gun the Man - Behind the Man the Dollar
Make Your Dollars Fight the Hun
ADVERTISE IN THE
HERALD