

OUR DESERTER IS HOME.

Mr J. B. Snowball has finished his business in England, has returned home, and if he has time at all, will try to get up to Ottawa for the few last days of the Session, to represent the County. Of course, if it interposes in any way with Mr Snowball's business, he will not go, he proved that by going to England, and now that he is in for political hanging at next election, he may as well swing for an old sheep as a lamb. Some men have a great deal of—not moral courage but—check, and it ever any man had, or badly needed such a quality today, that man is Mr Snowball. To think of a man going through this County two and a half years ago, denouncing his opponent because he did not live on the Miramichi, declaring he was no longer fit to represent the people because he was not living in Chatham or Newcastle, laying down the principle that the Elect of the people ought to be accessible to the people, ought to be always on the spot, and at his post when the people wanted him, and then to think that man, one week after the Parliament opened, with the greatest public question ever concerning Canada before the House, setting sail for England to attend his own business, is to furnish a case of hardihood, contempt for public opinion and disregard for his own pledges, and vaunted principles never equalled in this Province before. And to think of the same man, being able to meet the voters which he has so deluded, without blushing, is to furnish a case of "check," that is quite without parallel. He told the people of Amwick, and elsewhere, "I may not be perfect; I do not say I will prove myself a statesman of the first order in Ottawa, for I have not had the experience, but of this be assured, I will be found always at my post (cheers) when the people want me, and shall do the very best I can." (Great cheering.)

A voice in the crowd—"We hear ducks!—you will do like Hutchison beyond." "There now I am glad the slander has been uttered in my hearing. If you are men oppose me fair. Fight me with square weapons—don't accuse me of sin. I will never commit. The man who would desert his post, and go off attending to his own private business, and the Parliament sitting would be a contemptible man—and lay whatever other sin you like to me, but don't charge me with this. (Cheers.) This scandalous prediction has been set about—but time alone can refute it. If I do as a few claim I will, then call me base, call me a deceiver, say I came here and laid down principles I'm blessedly violating, say all my protestations against Mitchell were clap trap deigned to gull you, and catch your votes—and branding me as a deceiver, never give me your votes again." A voice—"That's fair." Another voice—"We'll take him at his word." Now it was too bad, wasn't it, to slander Mr Snowball so? You see the time has come to pass to prove if what the voters charged against him was true and if he has shown him fairly full. He has stood by his post like a man, has gone to Ottawa to attend his public duty there even though he had business in England!! He has redeemed the pledge he made upon the hustings and the people will not call him a "deceiver," and will vote for him again!!!

PERNICIOUS SWARMS.

Talk about the clouds of locusts in the days of Pharaoh! they were small in number, or in nuisance, to the swarm of Grit "supplements" that have been flooding the country for six weeks. Every Grit newspaper that comes to our office, has had from three to four different supplements containing Blakes speeches on the railway resolutions, or a manifesto against the railway policy. Some of them came in this direction too, and the "places" was filled Meramec is—Down the river the stuff was sent in such volume that the poor people thought they were having Venues snow storm with a vengeance. It is nice employment truly for our mail carriers, conveying tons of this stuff all over the Dominion and in country places hauling six or seven hundred weight of such rubbish through the snow drifts. But the worst of all is the defrauding of the revenue in franking cargoes of such worthless stuff.

The postmaster in a little country way office down a river wrote us the other day: "I have now received six bundles of printed matter against the Government and the railway, each bundle not weighing less than one hundred lbs. They expect me to distribute it: what ought I do?" Yours, etc.,

To which the Editor replied:

"If I were you, I would not distribute a single bundle—keep it—your will find plenty of use for it—either to cover some of your outlandish, or to light your fires. More than this, I were you, I would refuse to give a sheet of paper, even though asked for it. You ought to keep one bundle of it, to light at the political funeral pyre of our absent member at next election." Yours, etc.,

A QUESTION OF VERACITY.

The alleged offering of a seat in the Legislative Council to P. G. Ryan of Gloucester, has now come down to a question of "veracity" between the member for Gloucester and the Hon. Attorney General, the Hon. Surveyor General and the Hon. President of the Council. The three latter gentlemen say the Government were approached by friends of Ryan on the matter, that it was Ryan's friends who opened the negotiations, and while Patrick does not deny this, he does deny it was done with his consent, and affirms that the Attorney General denies that the latter gentleman said "it would be all right so far as he was concerned."

First and foremost there is the testimony of three gentlemen against Mr Ryan, and secondly Mr Ryan's past record is not at all favorable to the assumption of veracity on his part. Mr Ryan has been caught in a great many fibs since he came to the Legislature first, some of them of little consequence, some serious enough. Last winter he stood up in the House and stated he was able to prove that corruption existed in the Surveyor General's Dept., and became sponsor for stories circulating through a little mean, spiteful clique. But he failed to prove his charges and more than this some of those he made investigation traced to himself, and he stood convicted of wilful untruth—the most numerous of all sins—nor had he enough of the good-faith in him, to make amends for what he had done, by stating in the same place where he said he could prove corruption that he did not and could not prove it. Until Mr Ryan has succeeded in burying his record, and has assured himself that like Barquo's ghost it will not again start up to confront him, he ought to carefully avoid all confessions with Honorable gentlemen in the Assembly, on questions of "veracity."

THE TRANSVAAL WAR.

British arms have sustained a heavy and humiliating defeat in the Transvaal at the hands of the boers. Our readers are aware that the Transvaal is a district of Cape Colony, South Africa, that it was one time a Republic of Dutch boers, but in 1877 was annexed to the British territories. Months ago the boers broke into rebellion, and for a long time the British Government refused to assist the Colonial troops, contending that they should, under the circumstances fight their own battles. But public opinion would not tolerate the wantonness of leaving a handful of Colonial soldiers at the mercy of an enraged Colony, and Gladstone began to move towards reinforcements and peace. The shaky, nervous way he went to work, called forth loud censure, but when he announced the other day that peace was about to be concluded between both sides, his supporters bowed their heads with an air of impatience, and said, "I told you so," but the conservative said "We shall have to see the articles of peace before we believe a peace has been concluded." Almost the next news that reached London was that Sir George Colley had been killed, and his troops almost totally annihilated. The latest account says, "When the ammunition failed the slaughter was fearful. Finally, the British made a desperate but unsuccessful rush. The 6th lost fought their way back to the camp. It is stated that only seven men of the 8th survived. The camp is being fortified at every point." So much for Gladstone's policy—"peace at any price."

J. L. Stewart who was official reporter of the Assembly Debates in Fredericton last winter, and who failed to get the same employment again this winter, has nothing but ingratitude for and impudent references to the Local Government in the columns of the Halifax Herald. When the cause of his mean little spite becomes plain, J. L. Stewart appears rather contemptible.

Our articles on the proposed telegraph line from Chatham to Lunenburg have been referred to favorably by several upper province papers, English and French—and we have much hope that the beginning of summer will see the end of such a completion.

Down in Sir Leonard's city, the city that he has blasted and ruined by his N. P. the Customs revenue for February past, was \$7,387 in excess of the revenue for February 1880.

Victor Hugo will shortly publish a Manifesto in favour of "unoppressed Ireland." Longfellow has just passed his 74th year.

BLAIR'S FALLACIES.

Blair thinks the "sanitary" members are all green. He has said this and again, "a man has no trouble if he only know how to handle them, to appeal to their prejudices properly." He is making a study of this, and surely Hon members cannot be blind to it. Those great speeches he makes on "economy," "retrenchment," turning the government out of doors, &c. he laughs heartily about among his friends, and when the latter say to him "Blair, you are advocating pernicious doctrines" he replies, "We have to catch those country members somehow."

The other day he pointed to the new provinces as examples of inexpensive systems of government, but for the last two weeks we have been publishing a call for lenders for the construction of a Lieutenant Governor's residence in Winnipeg. Here is a portion of the call:—



NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Lieut. Governor's Residence, Winnipeg, Manitoba," will be received at this office until TUESDAY, 15th day of March next, for the completion of the above works.

E. H. ENNIS, Secretary. Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Feb 23

Blair holds up Manitoba as a model, yet Manitoba has no Governor's residence, but is going to build one, and we who have one, are to turn out its occupant, and nail up the doors. Mr. Blair, this all too thin.

The very moment that Hon Benjamin R. Stevenson became speaker, that very moment the supply of Government paper to David Main of the Courier stopped. And when that very moment David Main has been opposed to the Government for its extravagance and what not.

DEATH OF MGR. CAZEAN.

Our Quebec correspondent writes us:

DEAR SIR: Unquestionably the Irish Catholics of this city and surroundings have lost their best friend in the demise of the good, the kind, the "Irishman's friend," Right Rev. Charles Felix Cazeau which occurred on Saturday morning about one o'clock, after only one week's illness, in the 74th year of his age, and his 52nd in the priesthood. In the hope that this letter will be in time for Wednesday's STAR, I am purposely brief, but I send you a paper containing full particulars from which you can select, if you think proper, for a later number. I would, however, particularly direct your attention to the very appropriate and well-timed resolutions passed by the St. Patrick's Institute.

The remains were transferred to the Basilica this afternoon, where they will remain till tomorrow morning, attended by an immense concourse of citizens. The members of the Institute attended a corps, and were given the place of honor, seats being specially reserved for them in front of the Sanctuary.

His Grace, the Archbishop and three other Bishops of this Province were present as well as a large number of Priests.

Yours, etc. H. Quebec, 28th, Feb. 1881.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Another Bubble Burst.

FREDON, Mar. 1. (Special to Star.)

It will be remembered that a holy howl went up from the Opposition at the opening of the session against what they called the expensive balls, champagne, suppers, and general spree, indulged in by the Government at the expense of the country, while receiving and attending the English agricultural delegates throughout the Province last fall. The amount in the minds of the Opposition was variously estimated at from three to five thousand dollars, and so exclaimed were they that Mr. Leblond asked for the returns in detail. The Secretary today laid the returns on the table without the formality of an address, and the H. use and country will not be astonished to find that another shell has exploded and that the entire expenditure amounted to only \$518.19. Another collapse.

The Kirk Concert

Last night was admirable in every way, but owing to the storm it was not near so largely attended as if the evening had been fine. The music was excellent, and the proceeds reached \$40 clear.

More Killing A Star reporter hands us an item to the effect that a person on Douglasfield shot two moose on Monday last. We have heard of several moose and caribou being killed lately, and the other day saw two or three fresh killed caribou heads in town. Do the people know this is unlawful, that whoever kills a moose or caribou from 1st Feb. to 1st Aug. in any year incurs a penalty from \$10 to \$50? Are our laws a force? Is there any officer to protect our game? Have we any Game Commissioner? Who will answer these queries?

PARNELL'S ANCESTORS.

On his father's side Mr. Parnell can boast of a distinguished ancestry. The representative of a younger branch was raised to the peerage in 1811, as Baron Compton, for they were originally a Chester family. Mr. Parnell's great grandfather, Sir John Parnell, was Chancellor of the Exchequer, Privy Councillor, and Lord of the Treasury in the Irish Government for a considerable period between 1782 and 1880. It is recorded in Burke that he was strongly opposed to the Act of Union between Great Britain and Ireland. A generation or two further back Mr. Parnell counts among his ancestors two Judges and one Lord Chief Justice of the Irish Court of King's Bench, so that a triple stream of the blood-judicial flows in his veins and there is no wonder that during the recent trial for conspiracy he felt at ease in a place where several of his family had presided. But

THE MOST NOTABLE SCION OF THE STOCK.

shooting out close to the root, since he was the son of the first Parnell known to fame, was the celebrated Dr. Parnell, the poet Archdeacon of Clogher, and the friend of Swift and Pope. In 1712, when Oxford and Bolingbroke were supreme in the councils of Queen Anne, Swift and Parnell were together in London. They ran in couples, their pursuit was the same, though Swift's was the keener, and he was too imprudently entrenched in his own superiority to be capable of feeling jealous of his brother person. On the contrary, he patronized him infinitely, took him to all the great houses, introduced him to the whole round of his aristocratic friends, and prided himself upon having so arranged matters that the Ministry appeared to be more anxious to become acquainted with Dr. Parnell than Dr. Parnell to become acquainted with the Ministry. "I hoist up Parnell," he writes in his journal to Stella, "partly to spite the envious Irish folk here."

Supposing Mr. Blair were in future to refrain from offering abusive and absurd motions of want of confidence to the house, he would earn the credit of inaugurating one step in the direction of reform. Mr. Blair's obstruction to business in crying for reform every year, costs the country far more than the institutions he asks to have swept out of the way.

Said Hon. J. J. Fraser, speaking in the House of the unstable Edward Willis, M. P. P.:

"If there was a gentleman who during his political career had pursued a wriggling course, it was the member for St. John. He was the very embodiment of change."

How good—how true to life! The New York Herald in an interview with the great Jay Gould, learns that "there is nothing in the Panama Canal. It would not pay. Business across the Isthmus will be done by railways, not by canal."

Speaking of the British defeat in the Transvaal the Montreal Witness says the impression that "one Englishman can lick ten foreigners" is sometimes erroneous.

All the Irish Catholic Bishops in their Lenten pastorals, express the strongest sympathy for the Irish people, and the hope that the Government will do the people justice.

Our despatches show that another Opposition bubble has come to grief—E. Hutchison's bubble.

The British Government has only made half the usual grant this year for the Halifax Garrison.

Various Matters.

We condense the following from our New-Canada weekly: On Friday last a down freight train met a mishap about three miles from New-Canada. A rail broken by the engine wheel threw the following cars off the track smashing up two of the flat cars.

The brethren of St. John Lodge of Free Masons held a social party on Wednesday evening last in Bathurst.

Rev. H. H. Barber lectures on "The Tower of London" Friday evening next, in Newcastle. This will no doubt be a very interesting lecture.

Rev. J. W. F. Melvin of Chatham left here for Ontario Monday evening for the good of his health. The ladies of the Methodist Church have organized a sewing circle in Chatham.

A Cough, Cold or Sore Throat should be stopped. Neglect frequently results in an incurable Lung Disease or Consumption. Brown's Bronchial Troches do not disorder the stomach like cough syrups and balsams, but set directly on the inflamed parts, allaying irritation, give relief in Asthma, Whooping Cough, Catarrh and the Throat Troubles which Singers and Public Speakers are subject to. For thirty years Brown's Bronchial Troches have been recommended by physicians and always give perfect relief. Having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation they have attained well-merited rank among the best staple remedies of the age. Sold at 25c a box every where.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a Bill will be introduced at the coming session of the Local Legislature to establish an additional polling place in the Parish of Nelson. Nelson, 28th Jan. 1881.

Sheriff's Sale

To be sold at Public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 1st day of March next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 5 o'clock p.m.

All the Right, Title and Interest of Henry Sergeant, in and to all of the several lots or parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Parish of Hibernia and County of Northumberland, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:— All that lot or parcel of land situate in the Parish and County aforesaid, bounded in front or northerly by the Lower Bay du Vin, Bay of Shore, easterly by lands owned by John O'Neill, westerly by lands occupied by Thomas Lewis and in rear by the back line of said lot, having a frontage of 33 rods more or less, and containing 53 acres more or less.

Also, all that other lot or piece of land situate, lying and being in the Parish and County aforesaid, and bounded in front or northerly by the base line of the front lot, westerly by lands occupied by John Walsh, easterly by lands occupied by Patrick Walsh and in rear by wilderness lands—having a frontage of twenty six rods more or less and containing fifty acres more or less, and being the lot of land and premises on which the said Henry Sergeant at present resides.

Also, all that other lot or piece of land situate in the parish and County aforesaid, bounded on the northerly side by lands occupied by John O'Leary, westerly by lands owned by Michael Carr, easterly by wilderness lands and southerly by lands owned by the late Thomas Sergeant, deceased—being a meadow lot.

The same having been seized under and by virtue of Executions issued out of the County Court at the suit of Henry O'Leary against the said Henry Sergeant and Thomas Sergeant, and out of the Northumberland County Court at the suit of Thomas H. Elougher against the said Henry Sergeant.

JOHN SHERIFF, Sheriff of Northumberland County Sherif's Office, Newcastle, 16th February, A. D. 1881.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Parliament Buildings, Winnipeg, Manitoba," will be received at this office until Tuesday the 15th day of March next, for the completion of the above works.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of J. P. M. Leclair, Architect, Winnipeg, and also at the Department of Public Works Ottawa, and at Mr. Malley's law office.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their usual signatures. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque equal to 5 per cent of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, E. H. ENNIS, Secretary. Department of Public Works, Ottawa, Feb 23

NAUTICAL ACADEMY.

MULLINS BUILDING, NO 1 NORTH WHARF ST JOHN, N. B.

Candidates for Certificates of Competency for Masters and Mates taught by McNally's Method by CAPTAIN P. CASSELY,

Pupil of McNally, and Daniel Dias, formerly assistant of McNally, of the late firm of McNally & Sexton

GRANITWARE.

I have received a large stock of granitware, consisting of all articles hitherto in the line, among which are Pans of all kinds, Pressure Pots and Kettles, Tea and Coffee Pots, &c. &c. glazed in a porcelain and guaranteed never to rust.

H. P. MARQUIS, Canal-st., Chatham Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, get at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief to the little one. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the preparation of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere at 25 cents a bottle.

\$5 Sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish everything. \$10 a day upwards is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes. Capital not required. Ladies make as much as men, and young men and girls make great money. No one who is willing to work fair is made more money every day than can be made at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address L. Hallett & Co., Augusta, Maine oct30sawly

Harnes.

Harness.

Having commenced business in my new factory, I am now prepared to manufacture Harness of all descriptions. Collars a specialty. A few of those celebrated

VICTOR HUGO COLLARS

always in stock. Carriage trimmings neatly executed. Orders from abroad punctually attended to and shipped with care.

A. H. PALLEN, Opp. Ulster's Stables Chatham Feb 23 1881

CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at the Post Office on FRIDAY, 1st April, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mail, open contract for four years, 24 weeks each way, between New-Post Office and Railway Station, from 1 July 1881. The conveyance to be in a suitable vehicle drawn by one or more horses, subject to the approval of the master General.

The Mails to leave Newcastle Post Office four times per day in time to connect at the Railway Station with Day and Night Mail Trains going both north and south. Returning to the Post Office immediately after the arrival of a mail train.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office Newcastle.

JOHN McMILLAN, P. O. Inspector. Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John 17th Feb'y 1881.

Boot & Shoe STORE!

The Subscriber offers the most select stock of BOOTS AND SHOES, for

Men's, Ladies' and Youths'

Wear.

Ever before offered in the trade

And Low, For CASH.

ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

FELT HATS

Latest Style for Men's and Boy's

Also a large assortment of HATS MADE by leading Fashioners. All Low For CASH.

ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF

NOTION WATERPROOF COATS.

Heavy and Fine Robes, &c.

Parties visiting the City will find me in

SHARKEY'S New Building,

QUEEN STREET,

JUST BELOW THE BURKE HOUSE

THOMAS LUCY

relocated, Sept. 1, 1881.—

LEMON'S

VARIETY STORE

FREDERICTON, N. B.

established 1814, and has kept up to the times. Bro a little one it has grown to be a strong one.

We thank our patrons for past favors, and solicit a continuance of their trade.

All the people within fifty miles must know where LEON'S ORIGINAL VARIETY STORE is, and that in it they can find the largest, best selected, and Cheapest Stock of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS in the City.

LEMON'S VARIETY STORE is a household word.

We don't have to pay any \$450 Store Rent, as we own our Establishment. Our expenses are small. As a buy our goods for cash, consequently can sell them cheaper than any other storekeeper.

We employ workmen in our CABINET WORKSHOP making

Furniture to Order.

We have more goods than Money, as for money will give the best value to all who are in want of the goods we keep.

LEMON & SONS.

Fredericton, Sept. 18, 1880.

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at the Post Office on FRIDAY, 1st April, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mail, open contract for four years, 24 times a week each way, between Chatham Post Office and Railway Station, from 1st July next.

The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle drawn by one or more horses, subject to the approval of the Postmaster General. The Mails to be conveyed four times per day, or more or less frequently as may be required from the Post Office to the outgoing train and from the morning train to the Post Office at such hours as the Postmaster General may from time to time direct.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Chatham.

JOHN McMILLAN, P. O. Inspector. Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, Feb. 18, 1881—Feb 19, 81