Bowel Troubles

Liver pills, cathartics, mineral waters, often make Constipation worse. They merely irritate the bowels and force them to move—stop taking purgatives and the bowels become "tight" again.

"Fruit-a-tives" are the one certain cure for Constipation

because their action is upon the liver, "Fruit-a-tives" are a liver tonic. They stimulate the secretions of bile by the liver, this bile causes the bowels to move in the natural, regular way and completely cures Constipation.

"Fruit-a-tives are fruit juices with tonics and antiseptics added. In "Fruit-a-tives" one atom of bitter replaces one atom of sweet in the fruit juices, forming a new compound which is many times more active, medicinally, than the fruit juices could possibly be. 50c. a-box—$2.50 for 6 boxes. At all dealers'.

Fruit-a-tives

OR (FRUIT LIVER TABLETS.) 114

I.C.R. SURPLUS FOR LAST YEAR OVER $93,000

INTERESTING STATEMENT IN COMMONS BY MINISTER OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

Earnings for the Six Months Ending December 31 Were $4,425,213, Leaving a Surplus of Revenue Over Expenditures of $370,656.

OTTAWA, March 22.—The Hon. H. R. Emmerson delivered his annual statement today on the Intercolonial Railway. He spoke for over four and a half hours, giving a great mass of valuable statistics on the canals and railways. He showed that since 1897 nearly $24,000,000 had been expended on the canals. There were under his department, one way and another, including all its branches and the Railway Commission, Transcontinental and Intercolonial Railways, about 14,000 persons.

The total increase in mileage in 1906 over 1896 was 5,131 miles, with a total increase of railway subsidies during that period of $15,360,508.

The surplus on the I.C.R. for the year ending June 30 last was $93,881, and there was a betterment on the P.E.I. Railway, as compared with last year, of $116,157.

The earnings on the I.C.R. for the six months ending December 31 were $4,425,213, leaving a surplus of revenue over expenditures of $370,656.

This was accomplished notwithstanding the expenditure for a heavy judgment in court on a case outstanding since 1893, and a large increase in wages, which were now $1,000,000 more than in 1900. Then, too, the price of ties, spikes, coal and all kinds of materials used for railways was largely increased. The cost of labor was greatly increased since 1903.

He said in Toronto that the I.C.R. was carrying freight not only cheaper than any railway on this continent, but in the world. He was challenged in the House after he had made that statement. He did not refute it at the time, but said he would prove it at a later date. He purposed to do so now. He read a long statement showing that the I.C.R. freight rates were lower than any of the other roads, and, as the distance was increased the greater was the difference between the Government line and other railways. For 700 miles, for instance, the I.C.R. charged 52 cents for first class and the others charged $1.06. The special rates were also lower. When he made that statement in Toronto it was absolutely correct, and the I.C.R. freight rates were the lowest in the world.

Englishman Suicides at Montreal.

MONTREAL, March 21.—Jack Freebody, a young Englishman, apparently very well connected, committed suicide early this morning by cutting his throat in the boarding house in which he resided. His intimates tell a pathetic story of how he came out here from England, leaving his fiancee behind, haw he worked and finally went back for her to find that she had married his elder brother. Later on, it appears the girl resolved to forsake her husband to follow the fortunes of her first love, and she is now on her way to Canada.

Workman Meets Horrible Death.

LONDON, Ont., March 22—Caught by a belt his body whirled around for over a minute and literally ground to pieces, Fred Howe met a horrible death at the McLeary Co's works this afternoon.

TARIFF REFORMERS LACK A LEADER

LORD CURZON THE FORLORN HOPE OF OPPOSITION IN BRITISH HOUSE.

LONDON, March 22.—In political circles the greatest interest is being evinced in the future of Lord Curzon. It is practically certain that this brilliant Oxford scholar will accept the Vice Chancellorship of Oxford University. This is an important post, but beyond that the whole Conservative party look to Lord Curzon to take the lead in the struggle for tariff reform in the near future. Lord Curzon is, in fact, now looked upon at the Charlton Club as the successor of Mr. Chamberlain, about whose health no one behind the scenes attempts to prevaraicate. Mr. Chamberlain, it is known, will never again appear in public, and it is to Lord Curzon that the whole party is looking for a leader. He has definitely promised to stand for Parliament next autumn. Meanwhile Mr. Balfour, with his evasive speeches, is becoming more and more unpopular and distrusted even among his closest political colleagues. Lord Curzon will remain quietly in the country house he has taken near Oxford and will be seen little in London this season.

TRAINMEN AND CONDUCTORS ON LINES WEST OF CHICAGO VOTE FOR A STRIKE.

CHICAGO, March 20.—Trainmen and conductors of all railroad systems running west of Chicago have, by an overwhelming majority rejected the advance in wages offered by the railroads, and have voted that a strike is necessary to enforce heir demands. This information reached the city last night, in advance of official canvass vote, which wil begin tomorrow. The result of the vote will not be officially announced before the beginning of next week. Unless the railroad managers recede from their position and make further concessions a strike of 50,000 men, which would practically tie up every road in the west, appears imminent.

Can Consumption be Cured?

There is plenty of indisputable evidence to prove that Consumption has been cured even after the symptoms were well defined and the **lungs actually involved.**

On the other hand, there has always been a point beyond which the disease has been considered incurable. Until a comparatively recent date this point had a place at a very early stage of the malady, but modern scientific discovery and common-sense methods of treatment have gradually moved the hopeless point further and further back, until now the Consumptive is not "given up" until the very last stage of the disease is reached.

Nothing in recent years has done so much to improve the chances of Consumptives as the advent of

FERROL

In fact, it is claimed that, with plenty of fresh air, sunlight and comfortable surroundings, **FERROL has pushed the hopeless point to the limit,** that is to say, where these fail the chances of cure are very slim indeed.

FERROL does not kill the germs of Consumption (anything that will do that will kill the patient), but **FERROL** does the work by **repairing the waste tissue, enriching the blood, toning the nerves,** in short, by **building up the whole system** and thus enabling nature to expel the disease.

The only possible chance of curing Consumption is by **proper nutrition,** and **FERROL** is the only **perfect nutrient,** because it combines in palatable and easily digested form the very essentials of life—**Oil, Iron and Phosphorus.**

We feel some diffidence in claiming that **FERROL** will cure Consumption, lest we be misunderstood, but we have not the slightest hesitation in stating that it is an infallible cure for BRONCHITIS, CHRONIC COUGHS, CROUP, WHOOPING COUGH, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, SCROFULA and all wasting diseases.

For restoring lost weight and building up the run-down system **FERROL is absolutely without an equal.**

For Sale at CANADA DRUG AND BOOK CO.,

Exclusive Agents for Regina.

L.I.D. COUNCILLORS IN CONVENTION

A PERMANENT ORGANISATION FORMED—LARGE NUMBER OF DELEGATES PRESENT.

Between fifty and sixty delegates and representatives of local improvement district councils met here yesterday in convention for the purpose of forming a permanent organisation in accordance with the resolution passed in convention held at Grenfell on the 16th November last year.

S.Chivers-Wilson, who occupied the chair, in opening the proceedings dwelt upon the importance of such an organisation as it was proposed to form, especially in view of the municipal legislation which the Government would undoubtedly introduce as the result of the investigation made by the municipal commission which had been sitting and taking evidence in different parts of the province. Such an organisation as that proposed, said Mr. Wilson, was intended to be in no way antagonistic to the government, but to assist them in every way in achieving what all had at heart, the improvement of the roads and bridges throughout the province.

Officers and Executive

Upon proceeding to the election of officers for the permanent organisation, the following were elected:

Pres.—H. Chivers-Wilson.

First Vice-Pres.—W. McCorkell, Fleming.

Second Vice-Pres.—W. P. Osler, Wolseley.

Third Vice-Pres.—W. H. Brierley, Grenfell.

Sec.-Treas.—G. Fitzgerald, Grenfell.

Executive Committee — W. H. Chambers, Douglaston; W. J. Foster, Carnduff; A. H. Salmon, Riga; A. J. Bradley, Weyburn; J. Duncan, Abernethy; D. K. McLeod, Francis; David Vansen, Julian; John Heast, Oxbow; D. Wilson Paul, McDowell; R. Pascoe, Moose Jaw; J. Acker, Saskatoon; J. Trauberg, Stockholm.

The following committee was elected to draw up resolutions to be submitted to the convention when it meets again at 8 o'clock this morning: R. Percy, Fleming; A. A. Campbell, Carylye; J. R. Mitchell, Grenfell; W. J. Vancise, Grand Coulee, and Simon Gower, Loon Creek.

List of Delegates

The following is a list of those in attendance at the convention:

William Hy. Chambers, Douglaston; Samuel Martin, sec. 2 B. 2, Douglaston; W. P. Osler, 9 E. 2., Wolseley; Jas. Russell, 10 P. 2., Craven; J. M. Hurst, 1 A. 2., Oxbow; John J. Campbell, 13 A. 3, Davidson; A. H. Salmon, 6 B. 1, Riga; R. Percy, 6 A. 1, Fleming; John Sutherland, 13 S. 2, Strassburg; Cecil E. Gates, 13 S. 2, Strassburg; W. Linnell, Summerberry; M. E. Olmstead, 3 E. 2, Misdale; Geo. G. Thompson, 9 E. 2, Ellisboro; J. C. Moore, 8 P. 2, Regina; G. H. Potts, 13 C. 3, River View; G. Slater, 5 D. 2, Stoughton; J. A. Wilson, 8 S. 2, Belle Plaine; S. Gower, 11 M. 2, Loon Creek; J. H. Brierey, 8 D. 2, Grenfell; W. Henry, Ferguson, 3 A. 2, Amburton; Andrew Martin, 9 N. 2, Pilot Butte; Chas. Magnuson, 3 E. 2, Misdale; R. Sanguins, Stoughton; Samuel Getty, 9 W. 2, Caron; John Wood, 8 R. 2, Pense; W. J. Vancise, 8 K. 2, Grand Coulee; M. McDougall, 6 A. 1, Moosomin; W. Z. Foster, 2 B. 1, Carnduff; J. R. Moore, 6 J. 2, Tyvan; A. A. Campbell, 4 B. 2, Carlyle; Lewis Gabriel, 11 B. 2, Dubuc; Jas. McAlister, 9 R. 2, 17, Pense; F. W. Fost, 22, B. 3, Rosthern; J. R. Mitchell, 19, D. 2, Grenfell; Wm. B. Blizzard, 4, 9, D. 2, Grenfell; M. Van Dusen, 4 H. 2, Fillmore; Ira B. Brown, 1 D. 2, Blenfait; J. B. Morton, 4, C. 2, Kisbey; B. J. Frieson, 22, A. 3, Rosthern; J. R. Dimin, 11 H. 2, Abernethy; W. H. Simpson, 6 A. 2, Faremeade; C. A. Armstrong, 8 A. 2, Whitewood; Donald McLeod, 8 A. 2, Parkin; Samuel Sell, 8 A 2, Whitewood; G. W. T. Partridge, 4 J. 2, Weyburn; Howard Cadwell, 3 C. 2, Willocks; J. L. Cowan, 2 A. 1, Carlevale; J. C. Warner, 6, B. 2, Fleetwood; Jas. Keith, 7 B. 2, Fitzmorris; Samuel McLundy, 7, D. 2,; H. Chivers-Wilson, 9 P. 2, Regina.

L.I.D. COUNCILLORS' CONVENTION ENDS

(From Saturday's Morning Leader.)

Morning and afternoon sessions were held yesterday of the Local Improvement Districts convention, animated discussions taking place on several subjects of general interest.

One of the matters which received considerable attention was the government's proposal, as set forth in circular letter No. 21,000 of the Department of Public Works, to employ permanent foreman and road gangs. A motion moved by A. H. Salmon endorsing that proposal met with strong opposition, the meeting as a whole being evidently antagonistic to it.

It was urged by those who spoke against the motion, that such permanent government gangs would give very poor results, delegates even going so far as to affirm that local men would do as much for $1 as Government men would do for $3.

The suggestion made by several delegates that the district councils should direct the spending of the money on improvements in the different districts, was offered by the president, S. Chivers-Wilson, who stated that the manner in which the money was voted by the Legislature precluded that. He believed, however, that the districts should advise as to the amounts to be spent in the districts. He did not think that they should do anything antagonistic to the Government; let them rather see how things worked out, though they might perhaps go on record as doubting the feasibility of the scheme. He would like to see the Government educated up to seeing that L.I.D. councillors were the men who should be the authorities on local improvements in their districts. If the Government did this he believed it would stay in power for the next fifty years.

Mr. Gower said that so far as his district was concerned, he had always been consulted with regard to work done in it.

Upon being put to the meeting, the motion was defeated, only four voting in favor of it.

The following motion was then passed unanimously:

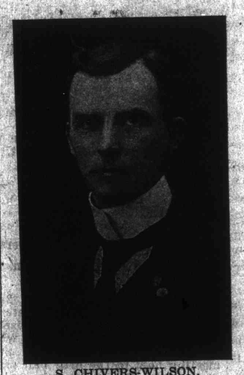
"That this association opposes the principle of public expenditure set forth in circular No. 21,000 sent out to the local improvement districts by the Department of Public Works, believing as we do that the local improvement districts should superintend all such expenditure."

Noxious Weeds

A protracted discussion then took place on the question of noxious weeds inspection, some considerable discontent being shown with the present methods of inspection.

The president, however, thought that it was hardly fair to blame the Government for the sins of the inspectors until it had been made acquainted with the inspectors' shortcomings. If, after their attention had been drawn to any specific case, the Government did not take action, then it would be time enough to blame the Government.

Mr. Gabriel, of Dubuc, thought



S. CHIVERS-WILSON.
President of the Saskatchewan Association of Local Improvement District Councils.

that local men were the ones to look after weeds. He did not have great faith in Government officials.

The following motion was moved by Mr. McPhee, seconded by Mr. Bulmer:

"That authority should be given to councils to have noxious weeds destroyed at the expense of the Government."

S. Gower moved as an amendment:

"That councils be authorised to appoint weed inspectors to work in conjunction with the Government inspectors, the Government to defray any expenses incurred."

The amendment carried.

Another interesting debate occured upon the question of exempting abandoned homesteads, the delegates practically without exception objecting that such exemption was unfair to settlers, who were being taxed for local improvements.

The following motion, moved by R. Percy, seconeded by Mr. Mitchell, was carried:

"That in the opinion of this meeting the present system of exempting Dominion Government lands, Railway and Land Corporation reserves and abandoned homestead lands from taxation is inequitable and a great injustice is done settlers who have been improving and developing the country in the past, and that all such lands should be called upon to pay their just share of local taxation from the date of formation of the district in which situated, from at the latest the year 1902."

In connection with the appropriations for local improvements the following motion, moved by Mr. Mitchell and seconded by R. Percy, was carried:

"That appropriations for the improvements of roads within the Local Improvement districts be based as far as possible on estimates furnished by the Secretary-Treasurers of districts on behalf of councils, such estimates to be based on the amount of taxes assessed.

"That after the votes have been passed by the Legislature the Secretary-Treasurers of Local Improvement districts shall be advised by the Government of the amount appropriated for expenditure within the district."

The next annual meeting of the association was fixed for the second Tuesday after the meeting of the Legislature.

What Ails You?

Do you feel weak, tired, despondent, have frequent headaches, coated tongue, bitter or bad taste in morning, "heartburn," belching of gas, acid risings in throat after eating, stomach gnaw or burn, foul breath, dizzy spells, poor or variable appetite, nausea at times and kindred symptoms?

If you have any considerable number of the above symptoms you are suffering from biliousness, torpid liver with indigestion or dyspepsia. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made up of the most valuable medicinal principles known to medical science for the permanent cure of such abnormal conditions. It is a most efficient liver invigorator, stomach tonic, bowel regulator and nerve strengthener.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is not a patent medicine or secret nostrum, a full list of its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. A glance at its formula will show that it contains no alcohol, or harmful habit-forming drugs. It is a fluid extract made with pure, triple-refined glycerine, of proper strength, from the roots of the following native American forest plants, viz., Golden Seal root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Queen's root, Bloodroot, and Mandrake root.

The following leading medical authorities, among a host of others, extol the foregoing roots for the cure of just such ailments as the above symptoms indicate: Prof. R. Bartholow, M. D., of Jefferson Med. College, Phila.; Prof. H. C. Wood, M. D., of Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., Author of American Dispensatory; Prof. Jno. M. Scudder, M. D., Author of Specific Medicines; Prof. Lawrence Johnson, M. D., Med. Dept. Univ. of N. Y.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., Author of Materia Medica and Prof. in Bennett Medical College, Chicago. Send name and address on Postal Card to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive *free* booklet giving extracts from writings of all the above medical authors and many others endorsing, in the strongest possible terms, each and every ingredient of which "Golden Medical Discovery" is composed.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. They may be used in conjunction with "Golden Medical Discovery" if bowels are much constipated. They're tiny and sugar-coated.

CLEARED $8,000 PER ANNUM IN LUMBER TRADE

INTERESTING EVIDENCE BY ALD. WILKINSON BEFORE LUMBER COMMITTEE.

Indian Head, Milestone and Sintaluta Men Prevented from Going Into Business Because Lumber Associa- Declined to Admit Them.

OTTAWA, March 21—At the meeting of the Lumber Committee today Ald. Wilkinson, of Regina, was still on the stand. During his evidence he said: "J. Kellett, 1903 Henry avenue, Winnipeg, Man., called at my office in Regina and showed me a letter addressed to him from the Globe Lumber Company of British Columbia dated Sept. 15, 1906, in which they threatened to blacklist mills which sold to the Regina Lumber and Supply Company at list prices.

"This occurred on Dec. 20, 1906. Kellett came to me thinking I was in the lumber business. I read the letter which he showed me, and I called in my book-keeper and showed it to him."

The witness said that J. Glenn, of Indian Head; Glenn Bros., of Milestone, and G. P. Glass, Sintaluta, were prevented from going into business as the lumber association declined to admit them to membership. He understood that a Rouleau member of the association was put out of business by establishing a yard for the Regina Supply Company without the permission of the retail association.

The witness presented a resolution of the Regina Board of Trade regretting the high prices of lumber and the hardship of settlers because of this.

The winess repeated that the prices were a great drawback to settlement and also to people living in town He put eight thousand dollars into the lumber business and this capital earned him eight thousand per year, or one hundred per cent while he remained in business. His competitor in the same town had retired from business and is now residing on the Pacific coast. He believes that the lumber dealers were prosperous and instead of making twenty per cent were making anywhere from thirty to eighty per cent.

In regard to prices for lumber, the witness said that it cost the same in Regina whether brought from Prince Albert or the Mountains. The freight rate in the former case was seventeen cents and the latter thirty cents, yet there was no difference to the consumer and he could not explain why. He did not see why lumber could not be purchased as cheap in Regina as at Calgary.

In concluding his evidence Ald. Wilkinson read a letter written by himself to the committee in which he drew an illuminating picture of the West and of the desirability of wiping out all narrowing down of boundaries to east and west, and instilling into the people, east and west, north and south, the patriotic sentiment of a united Canada. As he read from his letter "Let there be no east, no west, no north, no south, but one great Dominion," the committee cheered the sentiment. He had no doubt as to the existence of a combine in lumber. What the West wanted was the right to buy and sell, protection for Western homes, and they expected that the committee would recomend such legislation as would be in the best interests of the country. Manitoba had some competition and, as far as Saskatchewan and Alberta were concerned, they had to look for a supply from British Columbia. He suggested that the Federal Government make an arrangement with the provincial governments in regard to timber lands, so that the provinces could deal satisfactorily with the matter. The witness further suggested that commisioners be appointed at the various commericial centres in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Albert, such as Winnipeg, Brandon, Regina, Moose Jaw, Calgary and Edmonton, whose duty it would be to makean inspection as to the grades of lumber being sold by dealers, and the consumers be allowed to buy their lumber at a price so as to allow only $2 over the wholesale price, one dollar to go to the public treasury and the other dollar to the dealer. This would give the local dealer a margin of profit and enable the consumer to buy at a small advance over the wholesale price.

Contracts Went to Local Men.

SASKATOON, Sask., March 22.—Tenders for the laying of 27,000 feet of sewer and water pipe, for building a concrete foundation for the water tower on the south side and for a frame building to house the water tower were all awarded this morning by the City Council. All the contracts go to local men. The job of pipe laying goes to the Saskatoon Construction and Engineering Company for $68,777. The same company were given the contract of building the water tower foundation for $2,970, while Neil Stewart is to be given the work of building the frame housing for the water tower at $3,972.

INHUMAN PARENTS:

Two Newborn Babes Found Frozen to Death in Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG, March 22.—Lying in the snow, apparently deserted by their unnatural parents, the dead bodies of two newly born babies were found this morning, one that of a girl, on Nena street, opposite No. 127, and the other a boy, on the ice a few feet east of the Osborne street bridge. In neither case was there anything to give the slightest clue as to who were the parents of the frozen babies.

Prepare your horses for spring work by using

REGINA VETERINARY STOCK FOOD

Prepared after the formula of Dr. J. A. Armstrong, Dominion Government Veterinarian

The Regina Veterinary Stock Food Co.
Box 483

You Need Not Take Our Word for it

We are Willing that You Shall be the Judge ::

If "Knight's of Raymond" Sugar is not the Purest, Sweetest Sugar you have ever used

Then too, Knight's of Raymond Sugar is an Alberta grown product, and is extracted in the West by Canadians.

Buy and Try

Knight's of Raymond Sugar, if your grocer does not carry it write for trial sack :: ::

FREE: A Recipe for making New England Toffee. Mention your grocer's name and DEPT. 125 and write

Knight's Sugar Factory
RAYMOND, ALTA.

SMELTER FOR GOBALT DISTRICT

OTTAWA AND NEW YORK CAPITALISTS ANXIOUS TO ERECT $500,000 SMELTER.

OTTAWA, March 22—Ottawa and New York capitalists have organised and applied for the incorporation of a company to build an electrical smelter for the Cobalt district. On obtaining the charter the company proposes to erect a $500,000 smelter near Cobalt. They claim they will smelt and refine ores at about half the cost of the old process. It will be the first of its kind on the continent. The process is the invention of J. H. Reid, of Newark, N. J.

To demonstrate its superiority the company proposes to erect in Ottawa a small 24 ton capacity plant to be in operation about May 1. While the electrical furnaces are in successful operation in Germany, the continuous separating process contemplated is new though a simple invention. About fifteen prominent Ottawa men are interested in the project. Other units will be added to the first plant as the work develops. The probable site is on Montreal River or at New Liskeard. The company is capitalized at two million dollars.

LADY OF 77 ROUTS BURGLARS.

Mother of New York Comptroller Shoots at Midnight Intruders.

NEWARK, N. J., March 22.—Although she is 77 years old, Mrs. Frances Metz, mother of Comptroller Metz, of New York city, surprised and put to rout two husky burglars who were ransacking her home, in this city, in which she lives alone.

Mrs. Metz was wakened by the burglars in packing up her silver and jewelry. Seizing a revolver, she found them, and they fled through a window, with her in hot pursuit.

As they went over the backyard fence she shot three times at them, and they dropped their booty.

THAW EXPECTS TO BE ACQUITTED

ALREADY PLANNING WHAT HE WILL DO WHEN HE REGAINS HIS FREEDOM.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Overjoyed at the prospects of an early ending of his trial, Harry Thaw, it is reported, is already making arrangements as to what he shall do upon his expected release—for the prisoner is absolutely sure he will be set free.

Among other things, it is said, he will at once investigate the condition of his will and codicil and also whether his marriage is strictly legal under the laws of Pennsylvania, as it has been testified that he was insane at the time he made his will and when he was wed. To insure the legality of his marriage with Evelyn Nesbitt, the prisoner, it is said, has decided to go through a second ceremony with her if there seems to be any possibility of an annulment.

That Justice Fitzgerald will appoint a commission in lunacy to inquire into the present mental condition of Harry Thaw seems a foregone conclusion.

Stole Brass from the C.P.R.

WINNIPEG, March 21.—Max Swereda, charged with stealing brass from the C.P.R., was this morning in the police court found guilty and sentenced to serve five years in the penitentiary. Swereda has been pilfering brass from the Canadian Northern and Canadian Pacific railways here for several months. The value of the metal taken amounted to many hundreds of dollars, and the railways, as well as city detectives, have been working on the case since the first of the year. Swereda has previously been convicted of a serous crime and has served several years at Stoney Mountain.

Penny Postage For Australia.

MELBOURNE, March 22.—The Commonwealth government has decided to introduce next session a bill establishing penny postage throughout Australia to all parts of the Empire and to all countries which will deliver penny letters from Australia.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

Pure, Wholesome, Reliable

Made from cream of tartar derived solely from grapes, the most delicious and healthful of all fruit acids.

Its use is a guarantee of perfect food and a protection against the ills that follow the use of alum, alum-phosphate and other low grade powders.

The mixtures called baking powders that sell for ten or twenty-five cents a pound, or a cent an ounce, are all alike, made from alum and costing less than three cents a pound.