Junior Department

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The Junior League Is It Necessary? If So, Why? TT

In our last issue we endeavored to show the necessity of the Junior League from the Nature of the Child. This sec-tion of our series of articles will try to show the necessity of the Junior League because of the Church's Needs.

THE NEEDS OF THE CHURCH MAKE IT NECESSARY

All will admit that the Church needs It may be as well added that workers. It may be as wen and a But the Church needs devoted workers. But even devoted workers are not all. The must be intelligent also. The Church re quires people who do, who do willingly, who do willingly and well. Such workers who do willingly and well. Such workers are not very numerous. Neither are they easily found. What then? The Church must make provision for a constant acces-sion of such workers. Not only people who are good, but who are good for something, are needed. How are they to be obtained ? Two ways are open. They are 1 By conquest from without, 2. By culture from within. The former of these two plans is seen in the ordinary revival effort wherein persons are won to the Kingdom by conquest from the ranks of Satan. It has brought thousands into the working forces of the Church ; but of these many have regretted that so large a proportion of their best years of service for God have been wasted before they were led to serve Him at all. The way proposed in the Junior League is not opposed to this work of revivals ; but it aims to retain for the service of the aims to retain for the service of the Master even the youngest, and to so cul-ture them for use that they will grow both more scholarly and skilful in all matters pertaining to practical Chris-tianity as the years go by. The Junior League stands, therefore, for the training of workers, devoted workers, devoted in-telligent workers. It plans to teach the young both the Why and How of Chrisyoung both the why and How of Chris-tian work. Too many in the Church know what is needed; but they either cannot or will not do it. To know what is required, to be willing to attempt it, to do it with intelligence as marked as the devotion shown, thus insuring a measure of success, is the object of the Junior League workers and members through-out. . . . If such culture begins in the out. . . If such culture begins in the early life of the child, he may be so accus-tomed to work in and for the Church and its Head, that he will consider it, as it ought to be, a perfectly natural situation for him to occupy. Too many children have been undervalued by the Church, neglected by it, allowed to drift out of its associations, and after a few years special revival effort has been strenuously made to reclaim these youths who should never have been lost. The Junior League never have been lost. The Junior League believes that the Church's duty is to keep, to educate, and to use all its children, to educate, and to use all its children, and its constitution and plans of work are founded on this thought. The Sunday Schools, Catechumen Classes, Mission Bands, Bands of Hope, and kindred socie-ties, at work among the young have all done greatent services that some of them done excellent service ; but none of them done excellent service ; but none of them have so wide a scope nor so extensive a programme as the Junior League. In short, the Junior Epworth League is the only society in Methodism that is cal-culated to fill the place and do the work in all its phases. Others are partial. This stores abundant source for a complete size gives abundant room for a complete curriculum of study and practical service. We trust we have made it clear that the Church must make provision for a con-tinual accession of devoted and intelli-

It needs but to be gont workers mentioned that failure to make such provision means loss. And no trophies by way of conquest from without can repain way of conquest from without can repair this loss. A year of possible service for God, once lost is forever lost. The way of wisdom is that of prevention. If a child is early enlisted and trained for God he is saved both soul and life. Not only the eternal salvation of the soul is demanded; but the salvation of the pres-ent life and its utilization for Christ. Lose a child and you lose years of possible service, to say nothing of his influ-ence for evil on others during his life of We cannot afford to lose our chilain sin. We cannot allord to lose our cannot dren for their own sakes. We dare not let them be lost for the sake of their in-fluence. The Church needs children also We dare not to brighten it and to keep its heart and spirit young. A home without children in it is a dull and cheerless place. A congregation without the children is the same. Dr. Dryasdust is not yet dead in many of our churches. Fossilized churches and ministers would be impossible with plenty of children present in sible with plenty of children present in the services. Many ministers would be better appreciated in their pulpit minis-trations if they but learned the art of Many ministers would be preaching so that the children could understand them. This would mean a more simple presentation of truth that is in simple presentation of truth that is in full accord with the mind and method of Jesus Christ. The Church needs children to retain its own vitality and attractive-Hence we conclude that both for its own life and the successful execution of its mission the Church needs the children, and the Junior Epworth League properly understood and efficiently oper ated will go a long way to the supply of this double want. Do not forget it : this double want. Do not forget it : The needs of the Church make the

Junior Epworth League a necessity !

(To be continued.)

Weekly Topics

Nov. 12 .- " A story of a loving daughter." Ruth 1, 14-18; 2, 11, 12.

The story of Ruth is one with which our young people are somewhat familiar, yet it should be retold in the League meeting, so that even the youngest may know somewhat of its beautiful lessons. The story is dated in the "days when the judges ruled." There was a famine in judges ruled." judges ruled." There was a famine in the land. A man named Elimelech, with his wife and two sons left Bethiehem-judah and went to live in Moab, where they might obtain food. There Elimelech they might obtain food. His sons, who both married there, also died, so that Naomi, widow of Elimealso died, so that Naomi, widow of Elimé-lech, and her two daughters-in-law were left alone. Naomi, learning that there was food again in her own land, longed left alone was nood again in her own hand, ionged to return. She started to go, and her daughters-in-law went with her. But after they had travelled some distance, Naomi, thinking that she was taking the young women away from their own country and friends, told them to return They did not want to leave her. Repeated advice on Naomi's part, however, induced Orpah, one of the young women, to re-turn; but nothing could persuade Ruth to leave the older woman. So together they went on to Bethlehem, where the old friends of the deceased Elimelech welcomed his widow and her daughterwelcomed his widow and her daughter-in-law, Ruth, among them. So the two widows, the older and the younger, dwelt of barley harvest when they arrived in their home town. As the custom was, Ruth asked to be allowed to go into the fields and clean for theory they were fields and glean, for, though they were once rich, they were now poor. Naomi told her to go, and, as it happened, Ruth went into a field of Boaz, who was a rela-tion of Elimelech, her father-in-law. This man Boaz was rich. Coming into the fields among the reapers he saw the strange woman, and enquired who she was. He gave instructions to his men to

use her well, so all through the barley and wheat harvests Ruth gathered among the sheaves until she had quite a large store. Eventually Boaz and Ruth were store. Eventually Boaz and Ruth were married and lived happily. They lived in Bethlehem and became the parents of Obed, who was the father of Jesse, and he Obed, who was the father of Jesse, and he in turn was the father of David. So, from being a power and obscure young woman, Ruth, by earme one of the great and diligence day and an ancestress of the Lord Jesus Christ. A splenthe Lord Jesus Christ. . . . A splen-did opportunity is presented in this lesand opportunity is presented in this les-son to teach the girls lessons of dutiful-ness at home. We suggest the following stanzas as a recitation at your meeting by one of your ablest boys :

GIRLS THAT ARE WANTED.

The girls that are wanted are good girls. The girls that are wanted are good girls Good from the heart to the lips; Pure as the lily is white and pure From the heart to the sweet leaf-tips. The girls that are wanted are home girls-

Girls that are mother's right hand. That fathers and brothers can trust to,

And the little ones understand.

Girls that are fair on the hearth-stone, And pleasant when nobody sees.

Kind and sweet to their own folks,

Ready and anxious to please.

Ready and anxious to please. The girls that are wanted are wise girls, That know what to do and to say, That drive with a smile and a soft word The wrath of the household away.

The girls that are wanted are girls of

Whom fashion can never deceive,

Whom faishion can never deceive, Who can follow whatever is pretty, And dare what is silly to leave. The girls that are wanted are careful girls.

Who count what a thing will cost, Who use with a prudent and generous

hand. But see that nothing is lost.

The girls that are wanted are girls with hearts,

They are wanted for mothers and wives ;

Wanted to cradle in loving arms

Wanted to cradie in joying arms The strongest and frailest lives. The clever, the witty, the brilliant girls There are few who can understand : But, Oh ! for the wise, loving, home girls

There's a constant and steady demand.

-"Our Missionaries in Japan." Nov. 19.-Isa. 52. 7.

This is the Monthy Missionary Study the League. Japan is the oldest forof the League. Japan is the oldest for-elgn mission field of the Canadian Meth-odist Church. It was started in 1873, odist Church. It was started in 1873, when Drs. Cochran and Macdonald were sent out as leaders in the work. Japan was at this time just being opened up to commerce with the Western World. Only in six treaty ports and their neighbor in six treaty ports and their neighbor-hoods, however, was any foreigner per-mitted to reside. Our first missionary stations in Japan were at Shizuoka and Tokyo. Dr. Cochran in Tokyo and Dr. Macdonald in Shizuoka soon had the work well in hand. In 1876 two new workers (Drs. Eby and Meacham) were sent out. The work grew so that after ten years there were nearly three hundred members and nine native ministers, in addibers and nine native ministers, in addi-tion to the missionaries sent out from Canada. In 1882 the W.M.S. commenced work in Japan. Miss Cartmell was the first missionary sent out by that society. Since then the field has been so well worked that now there is a separate Japan Conference, and the W.M.S. has a large number of workers there. In all the Canadian Methodist Church has sent out over sixty men and women mission out over sixty men and women mission-aries, and more are being sent every year. aries, and more are being sent being sup-Some of the missionaries are being supported by the contributions of t Leagues. Every League should have the branch of the Forward Movement at work