

ature
kward
alway
rays
erwise

er

(I place),
pose, dis-
pose, re-
se, inter-
purpose,
r-impose,

l,-ition,-
-t,-ition,-
osed ; re-
decompos,-
er,-able ;
undecom-
undepos-
ly,-tion -
pos,-ing,;
or,-itory,-
pos,-able,-
tion,-ed ;
pos,-able,-
ed ; pro-
postpon,-
; repos,-

al,-edness,-it,-ition,-itory ; unreposed ; suppos,-able,-er,-ition,-itory ; unreposed ; suppos,-able,-er,-ition,-itional ; ititious,-ly,-ness ; itive,-ly ; itory ; presuppos,-al,-ition ; transpos,-al,-ition,-itional,-itive ; untransposed ; appositive, apposite,-ly,-ness, ap-position ; prepositional, prepos,-itive,-itor,-ituro.

In like manner, the learner should select any root on pages 244-65, and with prefixes and suffixes form all the derivatives he can, giving the meaning of each; as, from **jungo** (*I join*), **junctus** (*joined*):—

Junction, juncture, a union

join, to unite

joiner, one who joins ; a carpenter

joint, a union of two parts, which admits motion ; a hinge

jointly, in a united manner ; together

adjoin, to join to

adjoining, continuing, near to

conjoin, to join together

conjoint, conjoined, united

conjointly, in union

conjugal, joined together ; relating to marriage

conjugate, to join together ; to give the inflections of a verb

conjunct, united

conjunction, act of joining

conuncture, meeting of events

disjoin, to separate

disjunction, separation, disunion

enjoin, to command

injunction, order, precept

subjoin, to add under

subjunctive, annexed

subjugate, to conquer

subjugation, act of subduing

subjugator, one who subdues