From the London Christian Observer.

> \&T. PHILIP AND JAMES. (Sre the Collect.)

Holy Jesus, Su: ©ur lest,
$A_{s}$, by passion strongs possest,
Tharugh this world of sin we stray,
Thou to guide us art the Way.
Holy Jesus, when the nịght
Of error blinds our clouded sight,
Round the chcering day to thrunv, Sariour, then the Trulth art thou.
Holy Jesus, when our pow'r
Fails zs in temptation's hour,
All unequal to the strife;
Thou to aid us at the Life.
Who tiund reach this hearen? home;
Who would to the Father come;
Who the Father's presence sce;
Jesus, he must come by thee.
Channcl of the Faller's grace,
linage of lhe Father' face,
Savinur blest, incamate Son,
With the Father thou art one.

## BIOGRAPHY.

the late rey. john simons, pector of paul's cbay. We announced in our last the sudden but tianquil departure of this aged and venerable clergyman. He was in his usual health and spirits on the morning of the last Lord's day, and read the Morning Service at church.-- He was frequently in the habit of exroming the lessons as he read them, and he did so on the last ofcasion on which he was ever to minister to his people upou earti. He then ascended the pulpit, and took for the sulject of his discourse that remarkable passage in 1 Thessalonians iv. 13, wher the aposile sraaks in such consolatory accents concerniig them who die in the Lord. He had not spoken above a quarter of in linur, when he said to hi congregation, that he belieced they sometimes though he judged of them harshly and uncharitably, but, addressing them as his dear poople, he assured them this was not the case, that it was only that he felt the importance of eternity and the value of their immortal souls, and surrounded as he hiaself was with so many mercies, he remeabered "the fime was short." He had scarialy uttered these words when he said, "bat 1 feel faint, and I fear I shall not be able to go on.' He instantly fell down ii the pulpit, and never spoke again.

He was immediately taken out of the pulpit and carried to the Rectory, followed by his weeping people, who behtlu for the last time that visage which had been fan.iliar to most of them from their infancy. He never entirely recovered bis consciousness; but at one time his lips moved, and it seemed as if the were in prayer. Whether this was the case or not, the mortal conflict was neither painful nor prolonged. He lingered during the remainder of the Lord's-D. Hay , and at a quarter before seven o'clock on Monday morning, he fell as'eep in Jesas.

He was within a month of completing his 83d year, but neither his nontal nor bodily vigour appeared to be seriously impaired. He was frequent:y in the habit of sayinr, with that pieasastry which was peculiar to himself, that his " eye was not dim, nor his natural force abated." Aud, according to all appearance he might have lived for many years to come. Fen wen were lietter lown to the religious public than Mr. Simons; he had been for no less than fifty-seven yeau; Kector of Paul's Cray; he had lived on familial terms with almost every man who, during that per ma, bad occupied a prominent station in the Cimistian community: his hospitality was unbounded and, blessed with: atapte means, his house and his board were welcome in iill who loved the Lord Jesus Christ in sincerits.

His mind was of a peculiar sharacter. Remarkable for the acuteness of his; perception, the refinement of his taste the ard wis of his feelings, the strength of his memory, and the force of his imagination, he wanted the power of concentration, and consequently he excell. it more in conversation than in the pulpit, and was m: re remarkable for his strik-
ing observations and lively illustrations, than for the
expression of any connected train of thought or ar-t the strength of his cunvictions, and he spoke strongly. grment. In carly life he had distinguished himself He was persuaded that whatever tended to lerd away as a first-rate classical scholar at Eton College, from the erystal fountains of cternal truth, was evil; where he was educated on the foundation, and to the and because many seem to rest more in commeitalast he delighted to recal the recollection of his ear- ries and expostiong than in the Scriptures, he was lystulies, and not unfrequently wonld illustrate some led to denounce all commentaries in language which text in Scripture or some point of Christian doctrine conveyed an impression stronger than what was consoby a quotation from Homer or some other of his fa- nant with the dictates of his own calm and deliberate vourite Greel poets.

The following is the character given of him by one His loss will be deeply deplored by a large circle of his former pupils, extracted from the interesting of attached friends to whom his memory is endeared memoirs of the Rev. Cornehus Neale, published by by a thousand pleasing recollections. By the poor Messis. Seeley.
'My friend Cornelius,' says the writer, ' with his cess, his charities were scattered with a lavish and two brothers, was committed to the tuition of an even a prodigal ha: ${ }^{\text {d, }}$, but in this, as in many other reeminently picus and gifted master, the Rev. John spects, it might be said of him that 'even his failSimons, L L. D., Rector of Paul's Cray, in Kent. ings leaned to virtue's side.
'Our tutor was a man in whom Christian piety, He was in every respect a remarkable character. characterised by great fervour and spirituality, was His life te used to say had been a constant miracla, combined with a remarkable degree of ardent sensi- and certnin!y there were many remarkable inslances, bility, rich imagination, and cultivated state. He of the providence of God connected with his history. watched over our studies with parental kindness and It was under the ministry of the late Rev. Richard Christiar carefulncss; and while he led us on through'Cecil, that he was first led to seek the glory of salthe paths of classical adornment with a kindling spi- vation by fre grace. He had been previously seekrit all his own, he disciplined us "line upon line" in ing peace of mind in self righteousness, but he heard the sacred writings by his morning and eveniug ex-Mr. Cecil pronounce the text, 'Thou will keep him positions, by his frequent remark in conversation, in perfect peace whose mind is staid upon thee, behis Scripture examinations on Sunday evenings, and cause he trusteth in the,' and from that moment he especially the daily habit of our writing a short re-saw with wonder and astonishment, that it was not ligious exercise on the portion of Scripture expound ed by him in the Mornirg Prayers. Thus we received an education not less religious than literary; nor that it was io the finished righteousuess of the Lamb s it possible to calculate the ultimate benefit, nor of God, and by faith in his alonement, that the guilt will be found to have resulted from such tuition and $\in d$
example to those who enjoyed it, especially as con-
trasted with the moral injury they would have sustained by having been thrown into the generality of schools, so marked by neglect of the great study.'
That Mr. Simons had many eccentricities cannot be doubted. He was, indeed, as he used himself jocularly to observe, a man 'per se,' and he was not to be judged of by the ordinary standard. But, amidst all his eccontricities, there was one peculiarity which shone forth conspicuously. Wherever he was, at home or abroad, he never forgot his calling as a minister of Christ. He was, indeed 'instant in season and out of season,' and 'the end of his conversation was Jesus Christ, the same yesterday, today, and forever.' He had a very happy method of at once coming to the point, and exhibiting the Gospel even to those whom he merely encountered accidentally, whether it might be while walking in the Gields, or on the road, or in a stage-coach. To the great truths of the Gospel he was most ardently attached, and whatever discussion he admitted in re gard to less important topics in relgion, he never for one moment, 'gave place by subjection,' to any who ventured to impugn the grand foundation of the sinner's hope, salvation through the righteousness of
God co-equal and co-eternal Son, and applied by God co-equal and co-eternal Son, and applied by he holy spirit.
This excellence in his character was strikingly manifested in the case of the Irving heresy. Mr. Simons had been much flattered by $\mathrm{BI}_{\mathrm{M}}$. Irving, who certainly at one time entertained for him a great ad miration. Mr. Irving had described him, in exagcrated phrase as a giant in spirituality; he had said he li:d met many intellectual men, but that this was the first man in point of spirituality. There can be no doubt that praise was grateful to Mr . Simons, and he was not insensible of this distinction of being thus singled out by one of Mr. Irving's grasp
of mind. But the moment he and his followers proof mind. But the moment he and his followers pro-
ceeded to attack the foundations of the Gospel, and by blaspheming the sinless perfections of our incarwate Lord, Mr. Simons forgot all other feelings in his one grand aim to vindicate the truth of God; and it is not to be doubted that his efforts were in some nstances greatly hesscd.
He was also remariabie for his knowledge of the Bible. He was indced 'mighty in the Scriptures,' The Word of God was lis daily and almo:t hourl: tudy, and although he had real and studied more than half the commentarits, and was himself daily commenting in his conversation, he was in the hathit f denounciag the evil ot commentaries in no very meacured teras. The fact was, that Mr. Sinions never studied to express himself in very guarded language. He spolse from the iulness of his bcart and

His end, too, was peace; and we cannot inagine any termination to tis eartbly career, more suited to the character of the man. He died, as it were, in the midst of his people, and with the words of salvation, almost quivering in his lips. The little interval of unconscious existence which elapsed between the moment when he was first struck by the band of death and the time of his departure only served to deppen the impression on tie minds of those who beheld their venerable pastor borne from bis pulpit to he bed of death.
On Monday next, lis remains are to be carried o their resting-place in Paul's Clay. The Rev. Mr. Baker is to preach on the occasion, and wa undertand that many of Mr. Simons' numerous friends are likely to attend.-Correspondent of the Record, Aug. 11.

GROWTHOFTHECHURCHINOHIO.
The last Episcopal address of Bishop Mcllvaine records the following remarkable statistics. May our sister diocese break forth on the right hand and on the left, and may ber growth in grace be equal to ber gronth in stature !
It is gratifying and encouraging to comfare the present condition of the diocese as represonted by the number of ministers and Churches in conparison with its slate a few years since.

In 1826, there were, besides the Bishop, only three officiating ministers. In December of 1832, when I first visited the diocese, the number of the Clergy, including the Bishop, was sevesteen. It is about three years and niue months since that time, and now, alter the ordinations at this Ordination, our clergy will be forty-six.
In December 1832, the Churehes ccrisecrated were six. Besides which were two log houses used as Churches, and the building recently sold by the parisb of St. Paul's, Cincimnati, and which, so far as I can learn, was consecrated. Since December 1832, twenty nell Chmiches, npai:y ath of them well built and excelient ecifices have been consecrated; three are ready for cosscortion; four more are nearly completed, and severa! are in chiferent degrees advanced. Twenty-four new parishss have been forned since the same date. Mayy more might easily have been added, had it scemed expedient to organize them, where the materials were rady, without any good prospect of their being spedily supplid vith the ministry.-Missionary.
' To justify a sinner, to new create him from a wicked person to a righteous man, is a greater ast, saith $S t$ Augustime, than to make such a new heaven and cath as is cluy? made.'-Han. for Ragation.

