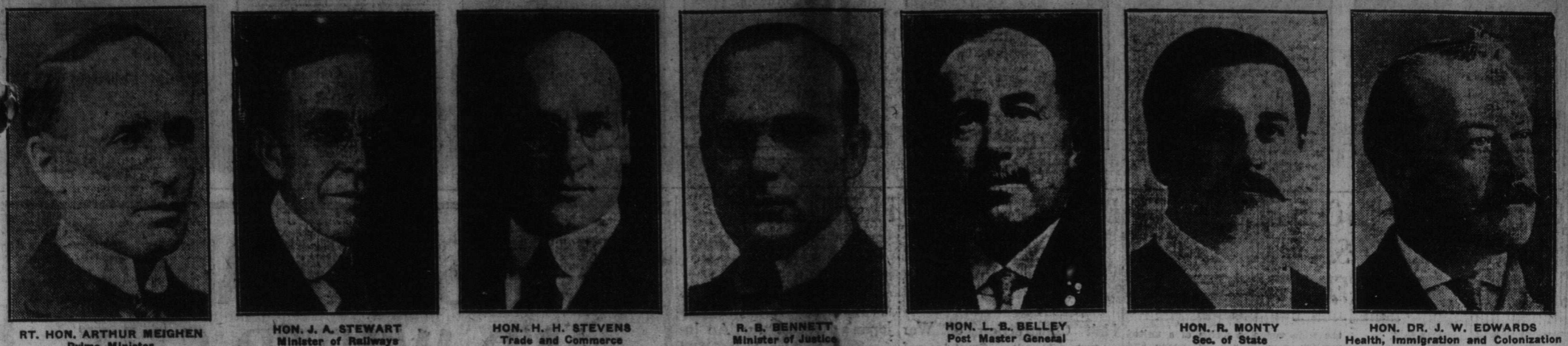


# The St. John Standard

VOL. XIII., NO. 163. SIXTEEN PAGES. SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1921. MILD WITH RAIN. TWO CENTS

## ADVISORS TO PREMIER MEIGHEN --- THE MEN



RT. HON. ARTHUR MEIGHEN Prime Minister. HON. J. A. STEWART Minister of Railways. HON. H. H. STEVENS Trade and Commerce. R. B. BENNETT Minister of Justice. HON. L. S. BELLEY Post Master General. HON. R. MONTY Sec. of State. HON. DR. J. W. EDWARDS Health, Immigration and Colonization.

### ROUSING RECEPTION GIVEN HON. DR. BAXTER AND COL. MACLAREN AT FAIRVILLE

Temperance Hall Crowded With Electors Who Manifested the Keenest Interest in the Remarks of the Various Speakers, Who Dealt With the Leading Issues of Campaign in Thoroughly Convincing Manner.

Fairville accorded a rousing and enthusiastic reception to Hon. Dr. J. B. M. Baxter and Dr. Murray MacLaren at the meeting held yesterday evening in the Temperance Hall, Main street. The building was crowded to the doors, and the keenest interest was manifested in the remarks of the various speakers who dealt with the principal issues of the campaign in a thoroughly convincing manner. Hon. Dr. Baxter, who returned in the afternoon from Nova Scotia where he had been speaking at Truro and other places, aroused his audience to the highest pitch of enthusiasm in a masterly speech. The policy set out by the Minister of Customs and Excise at Lorneville, on Saturday evening of Canadian goods over Canadian roads was loudly applauded; and Dr. Murray MacLaren declared that he heartily concurred and supported the Hon. Dr. Baxter in that attitude. The chairman for the occasion was Robert Catherwood.

Long and prolonged cheering greeted the Hon. Dr. Baxter when he was called upon by the chairman to address the meeting. In his opening remarks, the Minister of Customs and Excise declared that he always felt very much at home in addressing an audience at Fairville. Some years ago he had first addressed audiences there on behalf of other people, but, subsequently, there came a time when he had spoken on his own behalf in seeking their suffrage. Hon. Dr. Baxter referred to his first election in 1911 as being for St. John County to the Legislature, and the following provincial elections in which he had been re-elected, and thanked the people of Fairville for the support which they had accorded to him. A change had taken place, and he had left the provincial arena on request of Premier Meighen, and a number of occasions with his followers in the Legislature.

When we follow the Meighen Government, declared the speaker, we know exactly where we are going. The same thing applies to the Wood-Crerar party, except that it is heading in a very wrong direction. In regard to the Liberal Party, however, Mackenzie King left us many tracks that no one knew which one would follow and he, evidently, had no desire to be explicit in the matter during the campaign.

When Has Govt. Erred? "What is the matter with the present Government?" asked Hon. Dr. Baxter. "It has absolutely nothing to answer for. Had the country done anything improper in incurring the war debt for the name of Canada and the salvation of liberty?" The Minister of Customs and Excise did not think that the people of Canada would condemn a party which had carried out the policy that had been supported by the country in the election of 1911. "Was it, then, because the Government had been unfaithful in connection with any of the expenditures?" Hon. T. A. Crerar and Hon. A. K. McLean had been members of the Government when the expenditures were voted, and it was open to either of those gentlemen, or any other members of the opposition, to point to any single item that could be questioned. This challenge had been given on numerous occasions by the Meighen Government, and it had never been accepted. The reason was that no improper conduct on the part of the Government could be shown in any manner."

Preference To Returned Men "Again, there possibly might be men who felt disgruntled because they had not been able to secure positions, but the Government had made up its mind that preference had in all cases to be given to returned soldiers. This might not possibly appeal to every person, but Hon. Dr. Baxter felt sure that if the matter received careful consideration, it would be realized that the Government's policy was the proper

### GOVIN THE TOOL OF MONTREAL CORPORATIONS

Official Organ of Wood-Crerar Party Makes Sensational Charges Against Quebec Leader.

### VESTED INTERESTS SUPPORT LIBERALS

Big Railway Corporations and Other Interests Concentrating Their Guns on Meighen

Special to The Standard  
Ottawa, Nov. 18.—The Farmers Sun, official organ of the Wood-Crerar party in Ontario, this week featured a sensational charge that powerful Montreal corporations are rallying behind Sir Lomer Gouin in an attempt to make the ex-Quebec Premier, Prime Minister of Canada, and thus promote big business policies. Under the heading, "Vested Interests now Support Liberals," the Sun declares that inquiry on its part has revealed that big railway corporations and certain other branches of big business are parties to the proposed coup, and that this alliance has begun concentrating its guns upon Premier Meighen. The paper goes on to say:

### Thermometer Recorded 71 Yesterday, Following Few Days of Extreme Cold.

New York, Nov. 18.—Unusual Indian summer enveloped New York today with a record temperature of 71, the hottest Nov. 18 known to the local weather bureau. A "trough" of low barometric pressure, extending from the lake region to the Rio Grande, thus halving the United States into cold and warm portions, was said to be responsible for the meteorological freak. High pressure of the Atlantic coast also caused southerly winds. Weather bureau experts said while the "trough" remained intact the east would get warmer and the west colder. Continued high temperature was the forecast for tomorrow.

### Miramichi Now Full of Smelts

Unemployed to Ask Permit to Fish Ten Days Before Legal Opening Date.

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 18.—As a means of relieving unemployment along the Miramichi, it has been suggested to Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Minister of Fisheries, by J. S. Martin, M.L.A., that smelt fishing be permitted in the river ten days before the legal opening date, which is December 1. The Miramichi is now full of smelts.

### Portuguese Sailors Undergo Terrible Experiences

Forced to Subsist Many Days on Beans and Boiled Sea Water.

Madrid, Nov. 18.—Despatches from Las Palmas, Canary Islands, today report the terrible experiences of the crew of the Portuguese schooner Troviscal, which left Havana Sept. 11 for Las Palmas, and finally reached her destination after a voyage which lasted sixty-two days. Driven out of her course by storms, her provisions and water became virtually exhausted after she had been at sea for a month, and the crew was forced to exist for the most part on beans and boiled sea water, supplemented by the small amount of rain water that was caught by spreading sails as receptacles. When the Troviscal reached port the sailors were so weakened by their experiences that they were scarcely able to walk. At the request of the Portuguese consul in Las Palmas the captain was placed under arrest.

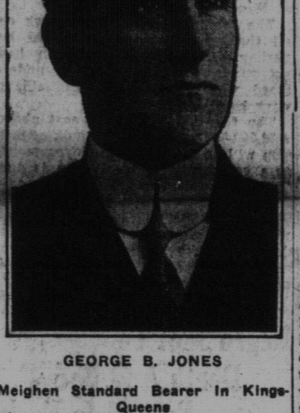
### Mystery Death At Sydney, N. S.

Body of Man Found by Wayside With Forehead Crushed in.

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 18.—An enquiry was ordered tonight by Coroner Townsend into the death of Wm. Axworthy, 40 years old, who was this morning found dead in a ditch on Vulcan Ave. His forehead was bruised and a large stone covered with blood was lying nearby. Pending the enquiry the police are investigating reports that Axworthy had recently quarrelled violently with an acquaintance. He is survived by a widow and nine children.

### CAMPAIGN ISSUES CLEARLY DEFINED BY SIR GEORGE FOSTER AT GAGETOWN

Tells Electors There Is Great Difference Between Farmer of East and Those of West—Reviews Splendid Work of Government in Its Efforts for Returned Men—George B. Jones Ably Discusses Tariff Question.



GEORGE B. JONES Meighen Standard Bearer in Kings County

### New York City Has Warmest Day of November

Thermometer Recorded 71 Yesterday, Following Few Days of Extreme Cold.

### The Jones Platform

He first referred to his platform as laid down in his speech of acceptance when the nomination was tendered him at Sussex, the taking over of the Valley Railway by the Dominion Government, the reduction of freight and express rates on the old I. C. R. to pre-war levels, the nationalization of the ports of St. John and Halifax, a fair and equitable tariff, and a promise to support all legislation in the interests of the farmers of New Brunswick. He dealt with some of Mr. Crerar's mis-statements. First, he referred to Mr. Crerar's break with the Union Government which his followers would like to have the electors believe was on high moral grounds. The facts were Mr. Crerar left the Union Government because they refused to guarantee the price of wheat at \$3.77 per bushel. Had this policy been adopted, it would have meant the farmers of New Brunswick today would have been paying \$70.00 per ton for middling and \$20.00 per barrel for flour, instead of \$35.00 and \$11.00. The farmers of New Brunswick might wish as must justice ask the Dominion Government to bonus them for growing potatoes as the western grain growers had for putting up this proposition.

### Farmers Turn Against Crerar

He then referred to the net that all the farmers of the West, the grain growers, were not in sympathy with Mr. Crerar and his policies and referred to the resignation of Joshua Fletcher, President of the Grand Prairie District United Farmers of Alberta, as a protest against the course being pursued by the Wood-Crerar combination. Mr. Jones made a passing reference to the famous Export Company of Mr. Crerar's which, in one year, showed profits of \$50,000.00 on a cash investment of \$100,000.00, a nice little profit of only 50 per cent. And he also referred to the fact that the grain growers, of which Mr. Crerar is head,

Gagetown, Nov. 18.—There was not an auditorium in the village large enough to accommodate the electors of Queens who gathered here tonight to hear Sir George E. Foster and George B. Jones, government candidate in Royal, discuss the issues of the political campaign. The meeting was held in the Court House, and long before the hour for opening the programme the room was filled to overflowing. It was an audience that came to hear and be instructed, and all returned to their homes with something to think about. All speakers were given attentive hearing and were well received. Thomas W. Gilbert was chairman. The first speaker was David Hipwell. He was introduced by the chairman and said he, like the rest, had come there to hear Sir George Foster, and would not take up much of their time. He was very pleased to be at the meeting, and extended a welcome to the distinguished speaker from New Brunswick. He was also glad to be on the platform with that prominent labor, millman and farmer, George B. Jones. He thought the qualities of the Meighen Government well worthy of support. While not an active politician, he felt it his duty at this time to do his best to bring about the return to power of the Government which had during the war given the people such splendid administration.

### Meighen's Record Clear One

Referring to Mr. Meighen and his record, Mr. Jones said even his opponents had to admit that he was a man above reproach and well worthy of support, and referred to the statement of Dr. McAllister, the Liberal candidate in Royal who, on nomination day, said "He was personally acquainted with Mr. Meighen and he wanted those present to understand that G. B. Jones, the candidate of the National Liberal-Conservative Party, was following a real man in every sense of the word."

Mr. Jones quoted a number of figures showing that the duty levied under the Meighen administration was at least five per cent. less than that under the Laurier administration. He also used a number of figures showing the duties which would exist under the new Fordney tariff of the United States and the present Canadian tariff.

### Canadian Butter . . . . . 8c. per lb. Cheese . . . . . 2c. to 3c. per lb. Eggs . . . . . 2c. to 3c. per dozen

At the present time the voters of the Dominion were called upon to elect 234 representatives who would form the next Parliament. This Parliament would be divided into three groups, the National Liberal-Conservatives, the Liberals and the Farmers, and there might possibly be a small group of Labor; but, in the main, it would be the three groups. The question in the minds of the people today

### Duty of Voters.

(Continued on page 2)