

6 1918

ST. CONTINENT

Halifax Ship-Says Plant enlarged.

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JOHN CATTO & SON

TORONTO

PLOT IN IRELAND

A REAL DANGER

Edward Shortt Tells House of Commons of German Propaganda.

CARSON GIVES OPINION

Says Government is Crawling on Knees to a Particular Church.

London, June 25.—Edward Shortt, secretary for Ireland, speaking in the house of commons today on the Irish question, said he hoped to satisfy the house that the German plot in Ireland was a real and imminent danger to this country.

IN MONTREAL

The Canada Food Commission

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come home early and without any

It seems rational to insult a

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of 82 cents

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one mo, 40c

Brantford.

Store Closes Saturdays 1 p.m. during summer months.

Silk Sport Coats

Lovely collection of Ladies' Fibre Silk Sport Coats, in choices of newest styles, showing every new idea of

Wool Spencers

Single and Double Knit Spencers, in all-wool or silk and wool, with or without sleeves. Shows a well chosen

Vivella Flannels

We recommend Vivella as a perfect washing flannel and unequalled for its durability. Shown in immense quantities of plain colors, as well as fancy designs, in every required shade.

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THE WEATHER

Metecological Office, Toronto, June 25.—(3 p.m.)—Light showers have occurred today in many parts of the western provinces of Ontario and Quebec

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Prince Rupert, 44-50; Victoria, 50-70; Vancouver, 50-72; Kamloops, 58-80; Calgary, 44-76; Medicine Hat, 56-76; Battleford, 46-70; Prince Albert, 49-65; Winnipeg, 52-78; Port Arthur, 44-62; Parry Sound, 54-74; London, 56-80; Toronto, 52-72; Kingston, 52-76; Ottawa, 52-78; Montreal, 58-78; Quebec, 48-70; St. John, 46-68; Halifax, 50-64.

Probabilities: Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay; Ottawa, Upper St. Lawrence, and West Shore and Maritime—Moderate winds; fresh change in temperature. Lake Superior—Moderate to fresh winds; a few scattered showers, but mostly fair.

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—Fine and moderately warm.

THE BAROMETER.

Time. Ther. Bar. Wind. 8 a.m. 55 29.52 2 N.E. 11 a.m. 58 29.52 2 N.E. 2 p.m. 60 29.52 2 N.E. 4 p.m. 62 29.52 2 N.E. 8 p.m. 67 29.52 2 N.E. Mean of day 62. Difference from mean, 3 below; highest, 7; lowest, 55; rain, .02.

STREET CAR DELAYS

Tuesday, June 25, 1918. King cars delayed 5 minutes at 1.06 p.m. at G.T.R. crossing by train.

King cars delayed 5 minutes at 10.10 p.m. at G.T.R. crossing by train.

Bathurst cars delayed 7 minutes at 7.15 p.m. at Front and John by train.

RATES FOR NOTICES.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, each line 50 cents. Additional lines, each 25 cents. No Lodge Notices to be included in Funeral Announcements.

Funeral Notices, each line 50 cents. Additional lines, each 25 cents. For each additional line of notices of a funeral, 25 cents. Cards of Thanks (Reverence), 1.00.

DEATHS.

CREW—Suddenly, the result of an accident, Danny, youngest son of Catherine and the late Richard Crew, aged 7 years 4 months.

Funeral from the family residence, Superior avenue, Mimico, on Thursday afternoon, June 27, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Norway Cemetery. (Motors.)

FRED W. MATTHEWS CO.

Established 1892. FUNERAL DIRECTORS. 665 SPADINA AVE. TELEPHONE COLLEGE 791

No connection with any other firm using the Matthews name.

ning of the war a pamphlet entitled "Ireland, Germany and the Freedom of the Seas" had been in circulation in Ireland since the outbreak of the war.

It was here the speaker said the government had found Germany was in touch with Ireland, and made reference to the collapsible boat in which the prisoners in the tower had landed.

It was a very peculiar coincidence, Mr. Shortt continued, that upon Prof. Edward De Valera, member of parliament, and Sir Euan Clarke, a prominent Sinn Feiner, was found the text of a letter written to him by another interned man, which made allusion to something which the speaker had said two months after the German offensive began, and that De Valera was reminded that the end of May would be the end of the war.

Ronald McNeill, Unionist, interrupted the speaker, and asked: "Has the writer been shot?"

Mr. Shortt, "and unless we are forced by those who call themselves interned prisoners, we have no desire for any more executions, and the safety of the realm without any more executions, we want to do so. If it is otherwise, the responsibility will be upon those who force it, and not upon us."

Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster leader, said that if the premier believed, as he said, that the German plot was in the war, in trying to bribe Ireland into conscription, thereby incurring a grave political risk, breaking the ties of the Unionist party, he ought, in taking this desperate course, at least to have determined to go right thru to the end.

He said, "has gone to lengths in opposing conscription which no civilized modern community ought to tolerate by means of ropes and ladders. Although the government must be allowed to endure all this indignity and humiliation, you are crawling upon your knees to a particular church."

Went's Anti-Conscription movement, Mr. Shortt said, was a recrudescence of drilling, seditious speaking, outrages and midnight raids for arms. When he and Viscount French went to Ireland, he added, they came to the conclusion that as a preliminary to any form of conscription it was essential that Ireland should be given the opportunity of coming forward voluntarily to take its part in the war, and the cabinet had adopted this view.

"The government," Mr. Shortt continued, "is determined to put down disorder. There is no democrat who could allow peaceful citizens to be killed for a moment's resistance, or for the opinions, and the government does not intend to allow it."

Mr. Shortt said that men of all political opinions and religions had come forward to assist in recruiting, instancing one man who had signed the anti-conscription declaration and Col. Arthur Lynch, who fought against the British in the South African war.

In moving the adjournment of the house of commons to permit of the debate on the Irish situation, Mr. Shortt said that when the premier explained early in April the policy of the government, namely, to deal with home rule and compulsory military service for Ireland, there was every appearance that both these plans could be carried out to a satisfactory conclusion. The Irish convention had concluded its labors, which offered a unique opportunity to settle the Irish question. He did not believe the labors of the con-

CONSTANT PAIN AFTER EATING

The Tortures of Dyspepsia Corrected by "Fruit-a-lives."

St. Martin's, N.B. "For two years I suffered tortures from Severe Dyspepsia. I had constant pains after eating; pains down the sides and back; and horrible bitter stuff often came up in my mouth.

"I tried doctors, but they did not help me. But as soon as I started taking 'Fruit-a-lives,' I began to improve, and this medicine, made of fruit juices, relieved me when everything else failed.

"MRS. HUDSON MARSHBANK." 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

THIRD CANADIAN HOSPITAL BOMBED

Site Has Been Occupied by the Red Cross for Eighteen Months.

WING CUT IN HALF

Helpless Patients, Cut Off by Flames, Were Brought Down Ladders to Safety.

Ottawa, Ont., June 25.—The following article by Roland Hill, the correspondent at Canadian army headquarters in France, has been received by the militia department.

Following the bombing of two Canadian hospitals near the coast, the Huns have taken toll from another Canadian hospital whose walls during the March fighting sheltered thousands of wounded. Canadian nurses, doctors and officer patients were among the number of those who were killed or seriously wounded. The Canadians have occupied the site for over 18 months, the roofs were painted with great red crosses, and the buildings have never been used for military purposes since the war began.

German squadrons which have often flown over it in daylight raids have hitherto dropped no bombs near the buildings.

Last night one three-story wing, which was about 200 yards long, was cut clean in half by a huge bomb, and then caught fire. Bravely the staff of the hospital started to rescue helpless patients cut off by the flames in an adjacent wing. Doctors and orderlies brought them thru shattered windows, down ladders to safety.

The first bomb exploded on the second floor, and into the operating room, where the night staff were working on some urgent cases that had just been brought in. The operating theatre was blown free by the first explosion, and left isolated on a burning beam, and a few minutes the whole operating room was a flaming tomb, and burning tubes of ether and hydrogen added to the ghastliness of the sight.

Fortunately two other surgical teams had just hurried in their ward and had gone to the mess for midnight supper, or the casualty list of doctors and nurses would have been much heavier.

Some of the personnel whose quarters were on the top floor of the wrecked building had marvelous escapes. One corporal who slept directly over the operating theatre was blown free by the first explosion, and left isolated on a burning beam, and was only rescued with difficulty by means of ropes and ladders. Although badly scratched he worked heroically in saving the patients.

vention were dead, but only held in abeyance, and he hoped that a short time that the work had been done in the convention would make itself felt.

Appeals to Carson. Mr. Lloyd George appealed to Sir Edward Carson to show the same spirit he displayed two years ago, and subsequently, "in using his very great influence to give the government the blood Ulster to try to secure some measure looking to the willing consent of the Irish people to imperial unity."

The government, he said, stood by the policy it had proclaimed on April 9, but in the method of administering it the government must be assisted by the men it employed with the administration of Ireland.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES

Infantry. Killed in action—C. McNally, Kingston Station, N.B.; H. Dorey, Newburn, N.S.; D. Cameron, Dominion No. 1, N.S.; H. D. Spencer, Great Village, N.S.; J. J. Bloomfield, Hampton, N.B.; J. E. Noble, Shubenansie, N.S.; D. Young, Truro, S.S.; H. K. Kendrick, East Pubnico, N.S.; W. R. Ross, Margaree, N.S.; P. E. Doucette, Tusket Hill, N.S.; W. Smith, Ashfield, N.S.; T. Eastham, Hamilton.

W. Gray, Vancouver.

MACHINE GUN CO.

Wounded—G. McGraw, Calhoun, N.B.

Wounded—J. P. Clement, Turbine, Ont.

CRITICIZED ORDER AND'S FINED \$500

Farmer Has to Pay Heavily for His Utterances in Brantford Court.

Brantford, June 25.—"We had just as soon be under Prussian rule as under the present rule in Canada." For the utterance of these words, or words approximating these, J. A. Cross, a farmer residing on Tutela Heights, was shortly afternoon today fined \$500 and costs by Magistrate Livingston, who, together with Crown Attorney Wilkes, gave Cross a strong raking over the coals for the general tenor of his language.

"I have already remarked that a lot of these farmers should have been put in jail," was one of the comments of his worship after the presentation of evidence.

The charge laid against Cross was that of a breach of the order-in-council of April 16, whereby adverse statements against the United Kingdom, or any of the allies, are prohibited under heavy penalties.

Cross partially admitted the use of the expression, saying that he might have meant to say that the United Kingdom was represented by A. J. Wilkes, K.C., county crown attorney, and the defendant by W. McEwen, M.P. Evidence was given by members of the Houlding family, John A. Mrs. George Houlding, Stewart Houlding and Reeve Rupert Greenwood. All told of conversations with the defendant in which he had criticized the government for breaking the promise that farmers' sons would be exempt after they had received absolute exemption. It was the order-in-council affecting farmers' sons—the same which brought about the meeting of the farmers of this section here and the deputation to Ottawa—which brought out Cross' remarks.

Cross when called upon to give evidence, stated that he referred to the government as a scrap of paper, and he did not think that in saying that he was going to the front the bounds of rightful criticism.

Cross told of having two farms, one ten miles from the other, with a total acreage of 12 acres. He had an adopted son yet at home, while his other son had recently been drafted. His parents, he said, were English and he had been born in England.

M. W. McEwen, for the defence, contended that Cross had merely exercised the rights of free speech, the rights of other citizens all over the country.

The magistrate: "I have already remarked that a lot of these farmers should have been put in jail."

Mr. McEwen contended that the attitude of the farmers was generally one of being patriotic, and that they were not to be treated as a class of law-breakers. Mr. Cross should be singled out for treatment when no others were molested.

"I have to say is that some people have been lax in this connection," the magistrate replied.

Mr. McEwen contended that if any farmer in this country was to pass a law prohibiting criticism of it as a government, then it was Prussianism indeed. The defendant was merely exercising the right of common Canadian citizenship.

Had Gone Too Far. Crown Attorney Wilkes thought that Cross had gone too far in his statement. Liberty of speech was not license. There was a war on, and people had to bear their tongues. The language used had certainly been detrimental to the cause of the country in the war. It could be construed as a challenge to the government as to prevent young men from enlisting or giving their best efforts in the service. When sons and daughters were being sacrificed, it was an insult to have any man say that he would "just as soon be under Prussian rule as under the present rule."

The magistrate took the view that as the government had seen fit to cancel all exemptions, no one had the right to criticize the government, certainly not after the order-in-council of April 16. The people to whom he had addressed his remarks thought that his words were traitorous. The remark recorded was directly and squarely within the meaning of the order-in-council, and was something which it was hoped would be stopped. It was a serious thing to create dissatisfaction when there was a war on. Cross was for many years a resident of Townsend, Norfolk County. He was a member of the deputation of Brant farmers who went to Ottawa, and he had participated in the farmers' meeting of last year.

CHESTERFIELD SAID

"Whatever is worth doing at all is worth doing well."

This principle has been applied to the manufacture of "Wool Watch" which cases for more than 30 years.

This trade mark is never placed upon any case unless we cannot fully warrant as to quality and workmanship.

AMERICAN WATCH CO. OF TORONTO

Wool Watch

HOLSTEIN CATTLE BRING BIG PRICES

More Than \$22,000 Paid for Fifty-Five Thoroughbred Animals.

Hamilton, June 25.—Fifty-five head of cattle sold for over twenty-two thousand dollars at the first annual consignment sale of Holsteins at the Jockey Club this afternoon. It was the biggest sale of its kind ever held in this city, and while no record was broken the bidding was consistent, and the majority of the animals went for good prices. While buyers were present from many of the provinces, Ontario cattlemen, with the exception of R. E. Griffith and Jack Miner, both of Gray County, were all the buyers.

Stock was offered for sale by the Lakeview Stock Farm, Bronte; Manor Farm; Clarke's; Bridgeway Farm, Palerino; W. G. Bailey, Paris; J. W. Richardson, Colborne; H. Dymond, Dundas; C. V. Robinson, Welland; J. W. G. Grimby, Riverdale; Joanna Pontiac, a one-year-old bull, consigned by J. W. Richardson, Colborne, brought the top price of the sale when it went to C. Blavin of Malton for \$2000. Sixteen other Leaning Dutchland, Lakeview Stock Farm, a three-year-old bull, was knocked down to R. Cooper, Brantford, who sold the \$106,000 bull recently in the United States, paid \$1400 for Lakeview Canary County, a four-year-old cow, with an average test of 5.12.

Spirited bidding occurred for possession of Lakeview Rattler, a ten-year-old cow, and the Canadian champion in 1914, and which changed hands for \$125. W. L. Shaw, Newark, finally won out with a bid of \$1375.

The total of all sales was \$22,360. Col. W. B. Kelley, Syracuse, N.Y., and R. E. Hager, Brantford, were the auctioneers with T. A. Dawson and G. S. Gooderham, sale managers, and the assistance of the animals and their prices are as follows:

Harvey A. Sawyer, Brantford, Ont., Lakeview Mona, Rattler, cow, 4 years, \$300.

David H. Cameron, Varno, Ont., Manor P. H. Maud, cow, 5 years, \$225.

R. E. Griffith, Brantford, Ont., Hengerville Queen, cow, 4 years, \$225.

George Coles, Brantford, Ont., Canary Colanthe Abberker, cow, 2 years, \$245.

John C. Brown, Brantford, Ont., Rattler, cow, 2 years, \$250.

A. Merryweather, Brantford, Ont., Bonnie Stacie Echo, cow, 2 years, \$200.

J. E. Brethour, Brantford, Ont., Molly Temple, cow, 4 years, \$140.

Thomas McVittie, King, Ont., Lakeview Rattler, cow, 1 year, \$260.

Hammond Hospital, Brantford, Ont., Segs Rattler, female calf, \$130.

Cummings and Goslin, Cumming's Brantford, Ont., Wayne Kordyke, cow, 2 years, \$255.

H. S. McLeod, Niagara Falls, Ont., L. A. Cameron, cow, 4 years, \$200.

George Coles, Brantford, Ont., Premier Johanna Poeh, female calf, \$170.

D. J. Cameron, Brantford, Ont., Johanna Kordyke Luraine, cow, 4 years, \$500.

Thomas McVittie, King, Ont., Pontiac Springbrook Beauty, cow, 1 year, \$1100.

J. S. Baird, Scarborough Junction, Ont., Sylvia Keyes, Johanna, female calf, \$90.

W. B. Newman, Brantford, Ont., Rattler, cow, 10 years, \$2175.

R. E. Cooper, Brantford, Ont., Leaning Dutchland, bull, 2 years, \$1225.

Hexter Brothers, Niagara Falls, Ont., Manor P. H. Maud, cow, 5 years, \$100.

John C. Brown, Brantford, Ont., Lakeview Dutchland Duchess, cow, 2 years, \$320.

Thomas McVittie, King, Ont., Laura Hengerville of Oak Park, cow, 1 year, \$250.

C. Hardy, Brockville, Ont., Lakeview Dutchland Artis II, cow, 2 years, \$275.

W. H. Cherry, Hagerville, Ont., Lakeview Dutchland Artis I, cow, 1 year, \$225.

T. A. Spratt, Billing's Bridge, Ont., King Nicolo Sadie-Keys, bull calf, \$195.

Douglas M. Boyd, Brantford, Ont., Manor P. H. Flower, cow, 6 years, \$1000.

THE STERLING BANK OF CANADA

SAVE, Because

The best of men judge you not by what you spend, but by what you have saved.

Amusements.

ALLEN TODAY

ELSIE FERGUSON

"A DOLL'S HOUSE"

MADISON BLOOR AT MONTAGU LOVE

"THE CROSS BEARER"

REGISTRATION

Certificate Holders

ANSTAY & BROMLEY

77-79 PETER STREET, TORONTO.

ALREADY PREPARE FOR FALL WHEAT

Lake Erie Counties Will Sow Largely Increased Acreage This Fall.

The following is a summary of reports made by agricultural representatives to the Ontario Department of Agriculture:

The leading feature of the returns is the statement that preparations are already being made in several of the Lake Erie counties for a largely increased acreage of fall wheat.

The middle two weeks of June were cool, and vegetation was unusually slow for the season. Corn, especially that grown for the factories, seems to have received a setback. This period also was rather dry, but a good rain on the 21st relieved the situation in this respect.

Prosts visited some districts on June 19-20, but the injury done to growing crops was not serious. Spring grains are in head, and are very promising, especially oats.

What is left of fall wheat looks much better than was expected earlier in the season.

Beans Looking Well. Brant states that beans are looking very well, as files and other insects have done little damage so far. One farm in Dundas is reported to be growing 100 acres of beans, some of which were nipped by frost on the night of the 19th.

All root crops are doing well, sugar beets giving particularly good promise. Potatoes are in blossom so far, many parts of the province, and will be dug earlier than usual.

In Essex early tomatoes are already on the market, and are bringing \$1 for an 11-quart basket.

Flax is doing splendidly in Huron. One grower brought a sample to the market that measured 30 inches in length.

Clover is not turning out as well as was expected a few weeks ago. A considerable acreage of both clover and alfalfa has already been cut for hay and stored.

Apples, more particularly the earlier varieties, promise a fair yield,