

Manner of speaking

25. A senator desiring to speak in the Senate shall rise in his place and address himself to the rest of the senators.

Two or more senators rising to speak

26. When two or more senators rise to speak, the Speaker shall call upon the senator who in his opinion first rose in his place; but a motion may be made that any senator who has risen "be now heard" or "do now speak".

Right to speak

27. A senator may speak to any question before the Senate, a question of privilege, or upon a point of order, or upon a motion or an inquiry, or in making a mere interrogation, but not otherwise except with the consent of a majority of the Senate which shall be given or withheld without debate.

Speaking only once

28. A senator shall not speak more than once to any question or other matter before the Senate except in explanation of a material part of his speech in which he may have been misunderstood, and then he shall not introduce new matter.

Right of final reply

29. A senator who has moved the second reading of a bill or made a substantive motion or an inquiry shall have the right of final reply.

Closing of debate on reply

30. The final reply provided for in Rule 29 closes the debate. It is the duty of the Speaker to ensure that every senator wishing to speak has the opportunity to do so before the final reply.

Mover or seconder may speak later

31. A senator who moves an order of the day or seconds a motion, but does not speak to it at that time, may address the Senate on the subject at any subsequent period of the debate.

No debate on mere interrogation

32. A debate shall not be in order on an oral question, but brief explanatory remarks may be made by the