

- (b) A person shall be considered to be subject to the legislation of France during a period of presence or residence in Canada only if that person makes compulsory contributions pursuant to that legislation during that period by reason of employment and self-employment.

ARTICLE 16

Calculation of Benefits under the Old Age Security Act

1. If a person is eligible for a benefit or an allowance under the *Old Age Security Act* solely through the application of the totalizing provisions of Chapter One of this Part, the competent institution of Canada shall calculate the amount of the benefit or allowance payable to that person in accordance with the provisions of that Act governing the payment of a partial benefit or allowance, exclusively on the basis of the periods of residence in Canada that may be considered under that Act.
2. If a person is entitled to a benefit in Canada without recourse to the provisions of this Agreement but has not resided in Canada for the minimum period required by the *Old Age Security Act* to be eligible for the benefit outside Canada, the benefit shall be paid to the person outside Canada, only if the period of insurance or residence, when totalized in accordance with Chapter One of this Part, is at least equal to the minimum period of residence in Canada required by the *Old Age Security Act* to be entitled to the payment of a benefit outside Canada.
3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement:
 - (a) The competent institution in Canada shall not be required to pay an Old Age Security benefit to a person who is outside Canada unless that person's periods of insurance or residence, when totalized as provided in Chapter One of this Part, are at least equal to the minimum period of residence in Canada required by the *Old Age Security Act* for the payment of a benefit outside Canada.
 - (b) The allowance and the guaranteed income supplement shall be paid to a person who is outside Canada only to the extent permitted by the *Old Age Security Act*.