

PRESENTATION AND ADDRESS TO THE REVEREND FATHER EDWARD MURRAY, OF WOLFE ISLAND.

On last Wednesday a number of the Catholic gentlemen of this city waited upon the Rev. Father Murray, at his residence on Wolfe Island, and presented him with a valuable gold watch, purchased at a cost of \$150, from Mr. Spangenberg of this city. On the inside of the case is the following inscription beautifully engraved by Mr. Ireland:—Presented to Father Edward Murray by the Catholics of Kingston, November, 1869.

Mr. Murray is a nephew of His Lordship, the Right Rev. Bishop Horan, and has been connected with the Parish of Kingston for the past two years, during which time he has been exceedingly popular with all classes, and the address truly represents his opinion. He has been lately removed to Wolfe Island to take the place formerly occupied by Father Graham.

The following address was read by Mr. Macarow:—

To the Rev. Father Edward Murray:—REV. AND DEAR SIR,—The Catholics of this city cannot allow you to depart from them, and assume the duties of your new mission, without giving expression to the feelings of love and respect they bear towards you.

As a Priest, your conduct has been marked with exemplary zeal for religion, sincere piety and active benevolence—while your social intercourse amongst us has been kind, courteous and unassuming.

While we deeply regret the necessity that separates you from the Catholics of Kingston, we cannot help congratulating the people of Wolfe Island on having secured the services of a Gentleman already distinguished in the Church for his learning and ability.

In losing you the poor of the city have lost the services of a kind and zealous pastor—ever ready to minister to their wants—and from his limited means, ready at all times to afford them a generous assistance.

Be assured, Reverend and Dear Sir, the recollection of your many good and charitable acts will long be remembered by the people of Kingston, and we beg of you to accept our best wishes for your continued happiness and usefulness in your new home.

In conclusion we beg your acceptance of the accompanying gift as a slight token of our respect and esteem at parting with you.

Signed on behalf of the Catholics of Kingston,

D. MACAROW, M. SULLIVAN, M. FLANAGAN.

Kingston, 10th November, 1869.

The Reverend Gentleman responded at some length, thanking the Catholics of Kingston for their kind and valuable gift. Some of the happiest days of his life he had spent in Kingston, and he would long remember the kindness and generosity of his friends on the present occasion.

GLENGARRY, Nov. 15th 1869.

Mr. Editor,—As some future historian of the Catholic Church in Upper Canada, may yet be consulting files of the TRUE WITNESS for information, allow me to correct a misstatement in the following obituary notice of the late Rev. Mr. Brennan, inserted in your issue of the 12th inst:—“At the time of his ordination there were only three Roman Catholic Priests in Upper Canada, two of whom are still living—the Very Rev. Vicar General Gordon of Hamilton, and the Rev. Mr. Lalor, of Picton, Ont.”

Now, there can be no objection to the praise awarded to these gentlemen; but why ignore the names of gentlemen who were then—and some of them—for many years labouring in the same vineyard. Why ignore the names of the Very Rev. W. P. McDonald, Editor of The Catholic, Rev. Messrs. John McDonald of Perth, Angus McDonnell, William Fraser, John McDonald, Joseph Crevier of Sandwich, — Fluet of Amherstburg, — Campion, &c., &c. Some of these priests were active missionaries before the three gentlemen referred to had commenced their Latin. A conversation with some of the old people of St. Raphaels might convey some interesting information to the writer of the above mentioned notice on the subject of Priests and their labours for the good of Religion.

Yours, &c. TAN MHAC VAN MHIC TAN.

MONTREAL, Nov. 14th, 1869.

We, the Officers and Committees of St. Anne's Temperance Society, beg to offer our most sincere and respectful condolence to the bereaved family and friends of the deceased Patrick Crowe, who has been a true and faithful member of our Society, and a good Christian.

Signed on behalf of the Society, M. FARMER, Pres., T. MATHEWS, Sec., T. PHELAN, T. PRICE, J. HARDING, M. BURKE.

At a meeting of the Catholic Young Men's Association of Belleville, held in their Hall, Jones' Block, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 2nd, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—John Fahy, President; John Copeland, 1st. Vice do; John Grainger, 2nd do do; John Foy, Treasurer; John O'Donoghue, Rec. Secretary; W. V. Lynch, Corresponding do, Committee of Management—James Mesagher, J. K. Grainger, P. M. Nulty, P. O'Brien, Francis Flynn, Thos. McNamara, John Johnston.

FINANCIAL REMINISCENCES.—Some years ago, when the Hon. George Brown was loudly proclaiming the financial injuries which Upper Canada suffered from the union with Lower Canada, it became the duty of all the Ministerial or Conservative organs, even in Upper Canada, to develop and to demonstrate a contrary thesis, and to establish that Upper Canada

had obtained a great deal more than her just share of the public expenditure. At this moment, when the division of the total liabilities of the old united Province between the two Provinces is becoming one of the questions of the day, we find one of our French contemporaries at Quebec not unnaturally reverting to these facts and figures, if facts they were. The Canadian accordingly quotes the Leader of November, 1859, and shows that that journal proved that Upper Canada had profited by the sums disbursed for public works to an amount more than double that of Lower Canada, and that a surplus of more than \$1,200,000 in the shape of annual interest, was paid for the debt incurred for Upper Canada above that which had been incurred for Lower Canada. The same and other Conservative journals, adds the Canadian, demonstrated that out of \$54,810,639, which the public works had cost up to 1859, \$36,871,582 had been expended in Upper Canada. The London Free Press goes on to say, also set forth that the public debt had been augmented in favor of Upper Canada by an amount of \$19,000,000 greater than in favor of Lower Canada. Le Canadian says it is to be presumed—presumptions are, however, not always conclusive—that these journals, which are now as before Ministerial, will not deny their own figures and calculations. It also hopes that the Lower Canadian Ministers will take note of these admissions, and will not consent that the public debt should be equally divided between the Provinces. It would be, it reasons, especially monstrous that this should be done, inasmuch as Upper Canada entered the old union with a large debt, while Lower Canada had a clear balance in the Treasury.—Mont. Herald

EXTENSIVE ROBBERY.—Some time ago, Mr. Ogilvie, residing on Sherbrooke street, engaged a cook, She came with the best of recommendations, both as to skill and honesty. The woman was accomplished in her art; she could get up such dinners! There were no little secret among side dishes and sauces she did not know of. In fact she was a treasure, and was paid accordingly. Mr. Ogilvie and family went, a short time ago, to England, leaving the precious cook in charge of the house. On his return he found his house in rather a dismantled condition. Knives, forks, spoons, bed clothes, lace curtains and many other valuable articles had disappeared. The detectives were all notified of the theft, and Cullen and Lafon were specially set to watch the case. Their suspicions were at once directed to the excellent cook. They arrested her last night, and, on searching her trunks, found articles sufficient to convict her of the theft.

Among them was a fine silk umbrella, with Mr. Ogilvie's name on it. The woman, after being put in the cells, got very much frightened, and sending for the detectives, confessed the crime. The bulk of the stolen goods, she said, were in the possession of a man named Gorman, on Bonaventure street. Lafon and Murphy at once repaired to the place indicated and, after a short search, found the missing articles. They were stowed away in bundles, baskets and trunks, and nearly filled a sleigh. The value of the whole was probably about \$300. In looking over the goods the detectives found many articles which must have been stolen years ago. It would seem as if the woman had been thieving at every place she went to for the last three years. Among the stolen articles are sheets belonging to one person, fine damask napkins to another, a lot of fine point lace, long missed by some former mistress, toys taken from the nursery, tea and sugar stolen from the kitchen, and in fact everything necessary, except furniture, to set up house-keeping. The woman's name is Eliza Napier, she is 27 years of age, and by no means bad looking. It is said that she is waiting to marry a soldier.

The surveyors who recently explored the country to the northward by order of the Provincial Government, report that it is covered with heavy timber, and splendidly adapted for settlement. Some of the Three Rivers' lumbermen are extending their researches in that direction, and particularly in the valley of the Mintawa, with the object of beginning operations in the course of the present winter. Settlers are also pouring into the new district, and a road is about to be opened up through it. The country wants the “back bone,” which this and other available districts to the west and north would speedily give it were they densely settled, and the Northern Colonization Railway cannot but powerfully contribute towards that highly desirable main spring of our future wealth and prosperity. Most of the tract in question is finely sheltered by the mountain ranges which run from west to east, and, strange to say, the climate is even milder than in the more southerly tract along the northern branch of the Ottawa.—Mont. Gazette.

The provisions of the new Act respecting winter vehicles will go into effect on the 1st of December in the counties of Huntingdon, Beauharnois, Chateauguay, Laprairie, Naperville, St. John's, Missisquoi, Iversville, Shefford, Bromes, Stanstead and Compton. The principal clause of the act alluded to reads as follows:—“No one shall use any kind of winter carriage on any of the Queen's highways or on any public road, unless the horse or horses, or other beasts of draught, shall be harnessed abreast, or placed in such a manner that one or both runners run in the track or tracks of such horse or horses, or other beasts of draught. Provided always that when there is but one horse or other beast of draught, or two horses or other beasts of draught, are not harnessed abreast, then, and in such case, the left runner shall run in the track of such horse, horses, or other beasts of draught.” The penalty for each infraction of the act is one dollar and costs of suit, or eight days' imprisonment. It would be very desirable to apply the act to this vicinity, as well as to the Eastern Townships.—Mont. Gazette.

DIVORCE.—The last number of the Dominion Official Gazette contains a notice from Mr. J. B. Livermore, of Montreal, to the effect that he will apply at the next session of Parliament for a divorce. This, says Le Journal, is the first application from one of our countrymen for an act of that description.

Mr. Blake has given notice of a motion to take effect on the 18th inst. His motion, divided under 13 heads, affirms that the Parliament of Canada violated the spirit of the Confederation act, when it passed an act last session augmenting the subsidy to Nova Scotia, that Ontario as the largest contributor to the revenue must suffer much by such liberality, and that an address be presented to Her Majesty asking her to disallow that act.

Quebec municipal affairs are getting into a critical state. In the year 1870, city bonds to the amount of one million dollars will become due, and unless some satisfactory arrangement can be effected, the city will find itself in a state of bankruptcy, and holders of real estate may, within six months, be called upon to pay a tax of ten shillings in the pound.

GALLANT ACT.—On Tuesday last Miss Tremblay, a resident of Murray Bay, fell off a plank crossing into the Murray river, and would have been drowned but for the timely assistance of Dr. J. Hamel. The gallant gentleman was returning from a visit in the upper part of the village when hearing the cries of the drowning girl, he plunged in without hesitation, and succeeded in rescuing her despite the great rapidity of the current at the place of the accident.—Quebec Daily Mercury.

OTTAWA, Nov. 16.—The following is the personnel of the new Cabinet:—Sir John A. Macdonald Minister of Justice; Sir George E. Cartier Minister of Militia and Defence; Sir F. Hincks, Minister of Finance; H. N. Mr. Kenny, President of the Council; Hon. Joseph Howe, Secretary of State for the Provinces; Hon. Mr. Langevin, Minister of Public Works; Hon. Mr. Campbell, Postmaster General; Hon. Mr. Chapais, Receiver General; Hon. Mr. Mitchell, Minister of Marine and Fisheries; Hon. Mr. Tilly, Minister of Customs; Hon. Mr. Dunkin, Minister of Agriculture; Hon. Mr. Morris, Minister of Inland Revenue. When Mr. McDougall is appointed Governor of the North-west Territory Mr. Langevin will take the office of Minister of Public Works, and Hon. Mr. Aikin become Secretary of State. Hon. Messrs. Dunkin and Morris were sworn into office this afternoon, and Hon. Mr. Aikin was sworn in as member of the Privy Council, without office. For the present Mr. McDougall keeps the office of Minister of Public Works.

The trustees of a school near Welland discharged the teacher a few days ago on the following grounds: The school was at a very low ebb; not one of the pupils could tell the number of letters in the alphabet; they had never been taught the alphabet; they knew nothing about punctuation; they never heard of it.

Toronto, 18th inst.—The old St. Joseph Convent on Lower Street was burnt down last night. It has lately been used as a dormitory for infirm old men, and the rest as a school. The building was valued at \$5,000, and it is not known if it was insured.

Toronto, Nov. 16.—About 4.30 this morning, a private party was mounting guard near the powder magazine, at the west end of the Drill Shed, two shots were fired at him in rapid succession. He immediately returned the fire, but it is to be feared missed the would-be assassin. The guard turned out and searched the vicinity, but without success. In the morning it was found that a ball had penetrated the sentry box and stuck in the fence on Wellington Street. Exertions are being made in the city to capture the scoundrel, but without success.

Toronto, Nov. 16.—The Daily Telegraph of to-day has the following startling despatch from its correspondent at St. Paul Minnesota: Letters from reliable parties in Pembina, published in the St. Paul press, confirm the rumor of the expulsion of Governor McDougall and party from the Red River territory. The Governor had advanced two miles beyond the frontier and stopped at the Hudson Bay Company's post, sending Mr. Provencher forward to confer with the insurgents, who numbered about 600. Mr. Provencher was made prisoner and Mr. McDougall was surrounded in the fort. Owing to the numbers of the attacking party no defence could be made. On the 2nd November the Governor was escorted across the line and is now encamped near Pembina, in Dakota territory. The insurgents, who consisted of French and half breeds, did not offer any violence. A provisional government has been organized, and the determination of the insurgents to resist Canadian domination is loudly expressed. Their proceedings are supposed to have been instigated by American emissaries, with the view of bringing about annexation. Governor McDougall is said to have applied to the Ottawa Government for troops. His family intend returning to Canada. The Hudson Bay Co's officers and the Scotch and other British settlers will support the Governor, but it is uncertain whether they will organize a military force in his support. The insurgents are only partially armed and equipped.

At the Southwark Police Court, on the 2nd Nov., the Rev. Henry Bate Jessop, a clergyman connected with the diocese of Ontario, Canada, was charged, on remand, with assaulting James Haley, one of the porters employed at the Canterbury hall. He was also charged with being drunk and riotous. It appeared from the evidence given on a former occasion that about a quarter past 9 on Tuesday night, the 26th ult., the prisoner was ejected from the Canterbury hall for misconduct, and when he got to the door he struck the complainant over the right eye with his walking-stick, inflicting a wound. A constable came up and took him into custody, when he was under the influence of liquor and very violent. Mr. Partridge, after hearing the evidence, considered the prisoner was not a fit person to be at large, and accordingly he remanded him, so that some of his friends might come forward to take care of him. Mr. Partridge told the prisoner that since he was brought to fore him on the last occasion he had received several letters from various gentlemen who had known his history, and from their account it appeared he had been confined in a lunatic asylum in Canada for two years. His worstip also said he was informed prisoner had received remittance from his friends in Canada, which as soon as he possessed he expended in less than a fortnight. Haley, the prosecutor, said he had no wish to press the charge. Mr. Partridge said the prisoner could not be allowed to go at large unless some of his friends came forward to take care of him. He had received an intimation from some persons who were willing to send him back to Canada in a few days, and he thought it would be the best thing that could be done with him. The prisoner said he was extremely sorry for his misconduct and was willing to go to Canada, but not in the steamer, as he was so well known. He trusted that when he got away from London he should be able to break off his bad habits. He had two children in Canada. He admitted that he had been in confinement there but only nine months, and that after a heavy loss, the death of his wife. Mr. Partridge told him that he must remain in custody until some of his friends came forward to take care of him. He would be discharged as soon as he obtained two sureties in £50 each to keep the peace for six months. He had no doubt such security would be entered into in a few days, and that he would be removed to Canada. The prisoner thanked the magistrate for his

kindness, and was removed to Horse-monger-lane goal.

The following is from the St. Johns News. Where, oh where, is the wealthy Montrealer who intends to follow B. P. Gregoire's noble example?—We have been informed of an incident in St. Denis, on the Biobellan, which deserves to be recorded. A simple laborer named B. P. Gregoire lately devoted the savings of his life-time—some \$700—towards the establishment of a public library in his native village. Being a bachelor, and having few wants, though already well advanced in age, he thought the best use he could make of his money was to apply it to the instruction of the people. He appreciates the benefit of education from being utterly unlettered himself. Rev. Mr. O'Donnell, Cure of the parish, seconded his views, presided at the purchase of the books, and invited all his parishioners to avail themselves of this good fortune. The library is now put up; books are in circulation, and a moderate fee demanded of the readers will enable the custodian to keep up and develop the good work. Is not the deed of the poor, uneducated man a fine example to the rich?

THE RED RIVER AFFAIR.—THE STATEMENT.—The St. Paul Press of the 11th November thus strips this affair of the portentous coloring sensationally affixed to it:—“We learn from Mr. Sandford, who arrived yesterday from Fort Garry, that the reports received here greatly exaggerated the threatened movement of the half-breeds to prevent the entrance of Governor McDougall, and that in the end it dwindled down to a very farcical demonstration indeed. A posse of about a hundred half-breeds started for the frontier to carry out their purpose of intercepting to new Governor, but the party was rapidly diminished by desertion till it numbered only about fifty men, who amused themselves by barricading the road over which the Governor was to pass. But upon the Governor's arrival a few moments conversation served to satisfy them of the innocuousness of his intentions and, of their own accord, removed the fence from his path, and though not a little mortified at having made such asses of themselves, escorted him with every mark of respect and hospitable courtesy to the capital of his new dominions. We have heretofore referred to the hunting expedition to the Red River, which was organized by Mr. Sandford, who brought his own horse waggons and outfit from Canada, by way of Superior and thence to Red River by way of Sault Ste. Marie, where Mr. Sandford has a hunting lodge, and where he is accustomed to spend a portion of his summers in the vigorous sports for which the woods and lakes of that vicinity afford such ample resources. At Clearwater the hunting party was joined by Hon. Joseph Howe, who accompanied them to Red River, and who returned some ten days ago.”

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

Frampton, P. Cassidy, \$2; Aultsville, T. Shee, \$1; Lyn J. Rolland, \$1; Leeds, T. Scallon, \$2; Seneca, M. Sweeney, \$1; Kennew, Rev. P. Rougier, \$3; Port Mulgrave, N. B.; Rev. D. O'Connell, \$2; St. Eloi, Rev. J. B. Blanchette, \$2; Knowlton, Mrs. J. Kilmartin, \$2; Toronto, O. Cashman, \$2; Amherstburg, Very Rev. P. Laurent, \$2; Woodstock, J. Dunn, \$2; Napanee, T. Trimble, \$2; Hillier, J. Vicent, \$2; Oronona, Rev. F. Gauthier, D. D., \$3; Fox River, Rev. F. X. Bosc, \$2; Coteau Landing, J. Birmingham, 50c. Per Rev. D. O'Connell, South Douro—P. Sheehan, \$1; J. Leahy, Peterboro, \$3. Per Rev. J. O'Brien, Brockville—J. Flood, Caintown, \$2. Per J. J. Lawlor, St. John, N.B.—Rev. P. Farrell, Peterboro, \$6; Rev. P. Bradley, Cape Bald, \$2; H. Toomey, Carleton, \$1. Per J. O'Reilly, Hastings—J. Smith \$2; J. Armstrong, \$2; J. E. Howard, \$2; Mrs. Graham, \$2. Per Rev. K. A. Campbell, Atherly—J. Healin, \$4. Per M. R. Rae—A. R. Kennedy, St. Raphael, \$2.

Married.

At St. Antoine, Abbe, on the 16th instant, by the Rev. Mr. L. L. Pomerville, Parish Priest of St. Jean Chrysostome, Mr. Edward Gorman, to Miss Mary Wright, only daughter of the late James Wright, and the late Mary O'Donnell.

Died.

In the Township of Sheffield, on the 12th instant Patrick M. Mullen, Esq., aged 62 years. Deceased was a native of Newry, County Down, Ireland. His many good and noble traits of character endeared him to all that knew him, and he was followed to the grave by the largest funeral procession ever seen in said Township. His many magnificent benevolent contributions to objects of charity will cause his name to be cherished in the hearts of the poor and afflicted of this vicinity for many years.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Nov. 22, 1869. Flour—Pollards, \$3.20 to \$3.30; Middlings \$3.50 to \$3.60; Fine \$3.90 to \$4.00; Super. No. 2 \$4.30 to \$4.40; Superfine \$4.30 to \$4.35; Fancy \$4.75 to \$4.80; Extra \$4.80 to \$4.95; Superior Extra \$5.00 to \$5.10; Bag Flour, \$2.18 to \$2.20 per 100 lbs. Oatmeal per brl. of 200 lbs.—\$4.20 to 4.40. Wheat per bush, of 60 lbs.—U. C. Spring, \$0.95 to \$0.90. Asbes per 100 lbs.—First Pots \$5.25 to \$5.30 Seconds, \$4.80 to \$5.00; Thirds, \$4.20 to 0.00.—First Peas, 5.65 to 5.70. Pork per brl. of 200 lbs.—Mess, 28.50 to 29.00;—Prime Mess \$22.00; Prime, \$21.00 to 00.00. BUTTER, per lb.—More inquiry, with latest sales of common to medium at 20c to 21c—good per choice Western bringing 00c. to 00c. CHEESE, per lb.—12 to 13c. LARD, per lb.—16c. Barley per 48 lbs.—Prices nominal,—worth about \$0.00 to \$0.00. PEAS, per 60 lbs.—\$0.70.

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

Nov. 22, 1869. Flour, country, per quinta s. d. 12 0 to 12 3 Oatmeal, do do 13 0 to 13 3 Indian Meal, do do 8 9 to 19 0 Rye-Flour, do do 00 0 to 00 0 DAME PRODUCE. Butter, fresh, per lb. 1 3 to 1 8 Do, salt do (inferior) 0 11 to 1 2 FOWLS AND GAME. Turkeys (old), per couple 10 0 12 0 Do (young), do do 6 0 to 7 6 Geese, do do 7 0 to 7 6 Ducks, do do 3 0 to 3 6 Do (wild), do do 3 3 to 3 6 Fowls, do do 2 0 to 3 0 Chickens, do do 2 0 to 2 6 Pigeons (tame), do do 1 0 to 1 3 Partridges, do do 3 0 to 3 6 Hares, do do 1 3 to 1 6 Rabbits (live) do do 0 0 to 0 9 Woodcock, do do 3 0 to 4 0 Snipe, do do 1 8 to 2 0 Plover, do do 1 0 to 1 3 MEATS. Beef, per lb 0 4 to 0 9 Pork, do do 0 7 to 0 9 Mutton, do do 0 4 to 0 5 Lamb, do do 0 4 to 0 6 Veal, per lb 0 0 to 0 0 Beef, per 100 lbs 26 00 to 28 00 Pork, fresh do 10 00 to 11 00 GRAIN. Wheat, per minot 00 0 to 00 0 Barley, do (new) 3 3 to 3 6 Peas, do do 5 0 to 5 6

Table with 4 columns: Item, Unit, Price 1, Price 2. Includes Oats, Buckwheat, Indian Corn, Rye, Flax Seed, Timothy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Table with 4 columns: Item, Unit, Price 1, Price 2. Includes Potatoes per bag, Card, per lb, Eggs, fresh, per dozen, Haddock, Turnips, Onions, per minot, Maple Syrup per gallon, Maple Sugar, per lb, Honey, Cheese, do, Apples, per barrel, Hay, per 100 bundles, Straw.

COLLEGE OF OUR LADY OF THE SACRED HEART.

The Rev. Fathers of the Congregation of the Holy Cross, have the pleasure of being able to inform the parents of their pupils, and friends of Education in general, that the commencement of the different Classes, in the College of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, Oute des Neiges, will take place on Thursday next, 25th November, Festival of St. Catherine, and anniversary of the opening of the first school in Montreal by the venerable Sister Bourgeois. On VILLANDRE, S. F. O., 21st 15.

TEACHERS WANTED.

WANTED for the Roman Catholic Separate School at Lindsay, a Head Master One holding a First Class Normal School certificate preferred. Applications with testimonials, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until first of January next. JOHN KNOWLSON, Secretary.

Nov. 12th, 1869.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TWO TEACHERS WANTED in the Parish of St. Sophia, County Terrebonne, one capable of teaching French and English, and one the English language only. Female Teachers preferred. Address,—

PATRICK CARRY, Sec. Treas., St. Sophia, Terrebonne Co. P. Q.

INFORMATION WANTED.

OF John Graham, or of any of his sons, Peter, Michael, or Patrick, who emigrated from County Wicklow, Ireland in 1851, and when last heard of as being at Montreal. Any information will be thankfully received at this office, by the daughter of the said John Graham—Dolly Graham, now Mrs. John Ferguson, Galveston, Texas, U. S.

SITUATION WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN who has taught in Nova Scotia since December 1861, and who holds a First-Class Provincial License for that Province will be open to an engagement after the 31st inst., the expiration of his term. Can come well recommended by his Parish Priest and the Inspector of Schools &c., to all of whom he can refer. Any good school acceptable, yet would infinitely prefer a Catholic Separate one. To obviate disappointment no communication can possibly be attended to before 6th November. Address, “Teacher,” office of this paper.

WANTED.

A Clergyman living in a Country Place wants a housekeeper. Apply at the Office of this paper.

WANTED.

A FEMALE TEACHER for the Catholic Separate School, Arthur Village. One able to play the Harmonium would be preferred. Apply, enclosing testimonials, to R. R. MAURICE, L.D.D.

GEO. A. CONSITT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY. PREST, CO. LANARK, ONT.

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PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, SUPERIOR COURT District of Montreal. DAME FRANOIS E. CARLISLE, Plainiff.

SAMUEL McOONKEY, Defendant. Notice is hereby given that the above named Plaintiff has instituted an action en separation de biens against her husband the above named Defendant. CARTER & HATTON, Attorneys for Plaintiff. Montreal, 26th October, 1869. 1m11

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, SUPERIOR COURT District of Montreal. In the matter of John Desjardins, Trader, of the Parish of Vaudriol, District of Montreal. Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on the seventeenth day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon or as soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said act. JOHN DESJARDINS, By DESJARDINS & DESJARDINS, Attorneys ad Litem Montreal, 6th October, 1869. 1m9

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, SUPERIOR COURT. Dist. of Montreal. In the matter of GEORGE WILSON, of the City of Montreal, Shoemaker. An Insolvent.

On Monday, the twenty-seventh day of December next, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act. Montreal, 24th Nov., 1869. GEORGE WILSON, By C. P. DAVIDSON, His Attorney ad litem. 4115.