

loss of the Spaniards consisted of about one hundred and fifty men killed, and two hundred and fifty wounded. The French made nine hundred prisoners, and took more than fifty pieces of cannon in the batteries. To counterbalance this misfortune, it is said, that the Constitutionalists under RIEGO have gained a complete victory over the French in the Streets of JAEN, in which seven hundred of the latter were killed on the spot. The last accounts represent Riego as rapidly advancing upon Madrid, where it is hoped he will be equally successful.

An Extraordinary meeting of the *Cortes* was held on the sixth of September. In the evening, all the Ministers of State being present, the following message from the King, was read to the Assembly by the Speaker. "*Gentlemen Deputies*—On that important day on which the ordinary *Cortes* in the present year, closed their session, I announced to you, that, if circumstances should require it, I would seek in the extraordinary *Cortes*, a means of safety for the vessel of State. An exposition which my Ministers are, by my order, to submit to you, will shew that the vessel of the State is on the point of being wrecked; if the *Cortes* do not exert themselves to save it. What is to be laid before you will also palpably evince how ineffectual have been all the efforts made to obtain an honourable peace; because the enemy, bent upon pursuing his purpose of interfering, against all right, in the affairs of this kingdom, persists in not treating but with me alone and free, and will not consent to regard me as free unless I go to place myself amidst his bayonets. Inconceivable and ignominious freedom, whose sole basis is the disgrace of delivering yourself at discretion into the hands of your enemy! Make provisions, Gentlemen Deputies, for the exigencies of the country from which I should not, and will not, ever separate my lot, being convinced that the enemy holds as naught reason and justice, unless they be supported by force; examine quickly the evil and the remedy.

By a proclamation of the Military Governor of Cadiz, *Don Manuel de Latre*, we observe that every male between the ages of eighteen and forty-five was to present himself within three days after the 4th of September, to the Constitutional municipality, to be armed and embodied for the public service—that requisitions were issued for forty thousand sand bags, and for provisions and munitions of every description; and, in short, that every preparation was on foot for holding out to the last extremity.

GREECE.—It is said that the Castle of Morettimo, in Candia, has been taken, and that the Greeks were bombarding the Castle of Cance, by land and sea. Niketatos has arrived before Patras with 15,000 Greeks, to prevent any further landing of Turks. In Livodia, Odysseus has defeated in five different encounters the body of troops there. The naval fleet of the Greeks, it is said, and we believe it, have gone out to meet the Turks on their return. The Iriots have 14 fire ships with them. It is reported that the Persians have made peace with the Turks. A letter from Smyrna, dated 17th of July, says, that great fears are entertained there and at Constantinople of the safety of the Europeans; in consequence of the subscriptions in England in aid of