

ARCHBISHOP CONNOLLY.

The Most Rev. Thomas L. Connolly was born at Cork, in 1814. He was educated at Rome, where he became a member of the Capuchin order. Leaving the Eternal City at the close of his period of study, he proceeded to the city of Lyons, where he was ordained to the priesthood. His first ministry was in the city of Dublin, where he remained four years. In 1842 he accompanied the late Archbishop Walsh to Halifax as Secretary. In 1845 he was appointed Administrator of Catholic affairs in Halifax and Vicar-General of the diocese. In 1852 the Pope constituted him Bishop of St. John, N. B., in succession to Bishop Dollard. After seven years' service as Bishop of St. John, he was, in 1859, on the death of the late Archbishop Walsh, appointed Archbishop of Halifax, which office he held for seventeen years. The Archbishop was a prominent man outside of his own diocese, and few Canadians took a more active and influential part in the great work of Confederation. He was also distinguished for his liberal-mindedness, as evidenced from this tribute by Rev. Mr. Grant, one of the principal Presbyterian leaders of the Maritime Provinces: "He deserved well of this city and this Dominion of ours. He was a man of peace, ever seeking to build bridges rather than dig ditches between men of different creeds. He was a great man, with an eye that discerned any spark of greatness in others, with a noble scorn of all that is base, and with resolute strivings after great things. He was a good man, beloved by the poor, by all he ever employed, and by all who really knew him."

ARREST OF THE CAYUGA MURDERERS.

The circumstances of the murder of the aged farmer McDonald by the Youngs, who broke jail on the eve of their execution, has created so intense a sensation throughout the West, that the news of their arrest is worthy of being chronicled, both pictorially and otherwise, as we do to-day.

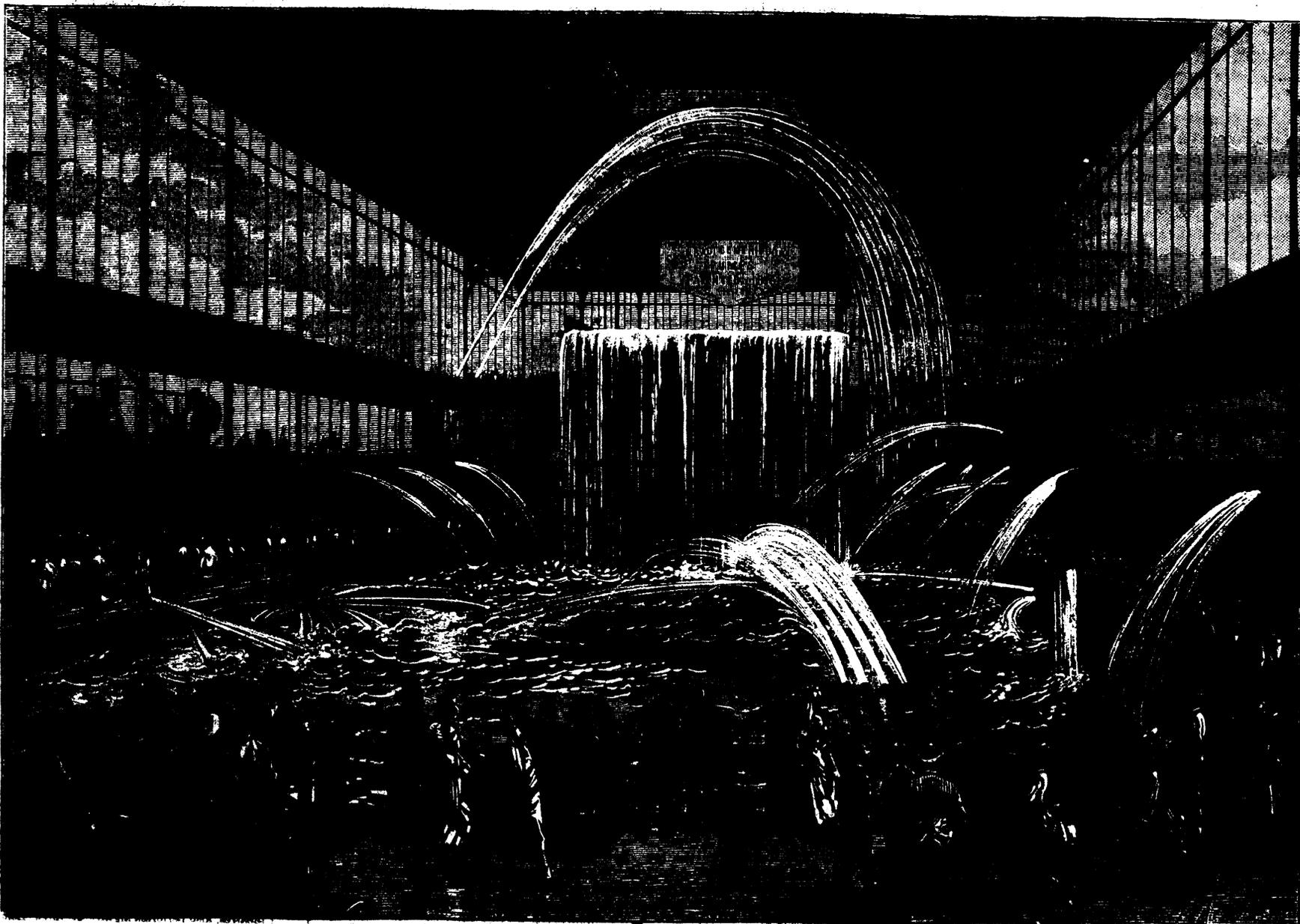
Chief Logan, and other leading members of the Hamilton force, from time to time had been receiving information which warranted them in supposing that the fugitives from justice were secreted in the county and not many miles from the city. A few evenings since the intelligence as to their hiding place became more positive, and the Chief determined to make a raid with his men, and if possible secure the outlaws. Accordingly between one and two o'clock, a.m., Chief Logan, the two detectives, Sergeant McMenemy and several constables started for Mr. Aley Binkley's farm in Glanford

OUR CANADIAN PORTRAIT GALLERY.



No. 283.—THE LATE ARCHBISHOP CONNOLLY, OF HALIFAX.
FROM A PHOTOGRAPH BY NOTMAN.

(near the dividing line between that township and Ancaster).
The party, fully armed, arrived there at 8-15, and, after having taken in the surroundings, proceeded to a barn located in an out-of-the-way place on the premises, and assumed a reclining position to await daylight. Their scouts were sent out to view the lay of the land, and orders being passed to all to "close in" the barn was surrounded, and the door opened. It was found that the entire west side of the building was completely packed with hay, from the floor to the rafters. Men were sent aloft, but no trace of human beings could be found. Just then one of those on duty outside, discovered (through a crack in the boards) a pair of boots, and further investigation being made, a rendezvous was discovered on the inside about four feet above the ground in the hay. This extended along the side and end of the building. It was found that the murderers were here concealed, and when the first one of the police presented himself, John Young immediately assumed the defensive and pointed his revolver, with the remark that he would shoot if any one dare intrude. Sergeant McMenemy was not daunted by threats. He caught hold of the murderer's arm, and, whilst Constable Campbell held him by the leg, wrenched the weapon from his grasp, at the same time following this exploit by dragging Young out of his hiding place. James William Young, the nephew of the captured John, seeing that there was little chance for him against such odds, crawled back into the hay, and McMenemy followed him. Detective Rousseaux and others of the force ran to intercept, and, as Young turned the hay mow, he pointed his cocked revolver in the Sergeant's face. The officer immediately struck at the revolver and aimed a blow at Young, which appeared to intimidate him, as he turned off into another avenue, and having got as far as he could, he again wheeled about and fired at McMenemy. Shots were then exchanged, but without serious injury to anybody. The hunted convict then turned in another direction (unseen at the time by his pursuer), and managed to reach a position facing the centre of the barn. Here he put his revolver to a small aperture under the beam and fired. Constable Spence, in self-defence, returned the fire. One of the boards was then pried off, and the desperado was pulled out on to the barn floor and handcuffed, in the same manner as his uncle had been a few minutes previously. The revolver he had in his possession was a superior seven-inch Colt's. Two young women named Barber were also taken from the hay-mow, but allowed to depart. A carriage was then procured, and Chief Logan, Sergeant McMenemy, Detective McPherson and Constable McFiggis, with the prisoners securely ironed, started for Cayuga jail.



PHILADELPHIA.—THE TANK AND CATARACT IN MACHINERY HALL.