LAW SOCIETY OF UPPER CANADA.

Principal, N. W. Hoyles, Q.C. Lecturers, E. D. Armour, Q.C.; A. H. Marsh, B.A., LL.B., Q.C.; John King, M.A., Q.C.; McGregor Young, B.A. Examiners, A. C. Galt, B.A.; W. D. Gwynne, B.A.; M. H. Ludwig, LL.B.; J. H. Moss, B.A.

This School was established on its present basis by the Law Society of canada in 1880 under the Upper Canada in 1889, under the provisions of rules passed by the Society in the exercise of its statutation. the exercise of its statutory powers. It is conducted under the immediate supervision of the Legal Education Committee of the Society, subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society and the provisions of the Society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the society subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society subject to the society subject subject to the society subject to the society subject to the soc control of the Benchers of the Society in Convocation assembled. Its purpose is to secure as far as possible discountry in Convocation assembled. is to secure as far as possible the possession of a thorough legal education by all those who enter upon the all those who enter upon the practice of the legal profession in the Province. To this end, with cartain and province of the legal profession in the province. To this end, with certain exceptions in the legal profession in the Providence their studies prior to its acceptions in the cases of students who had begun their studies prior to its acceptance. their studies prior to its establishment, attendance at the School in some cases during two, and in others at the school in some cases during two, and in others during three, terms or sessions, is made compulsory upon all who desire to be admired three, terms or sessions, is made course in upon all who desire to be admitted to the practice of the Law. The course in the School is a three vegre' course to the practice of the Law. The term or session commences on the the School is a three years' course. fourth Monday in September, and ends on the last Monday in April, with a vacation commencing on the vacation commencing on the Saturday before Christmas and ending on the Saturday after New Year's day, and another at Easter, commencing on the Christmas and ending on the Christmas and ending on the Saturday before Good Friday and another at Easter, commencing on the Christmas and ending on the Christmas and ending on the Saturday before Good Friday and another at Easter, commencing week. Thursday before Good Friday and another at Easter, commencing week. Admission to the Law Society and concluding at the end of the ensuing week. Admission to the Law Society is ordinarily a condition precedent to attendance at the Law School.

Even St. at the Law School. Every Student-at-Law and Articled Clerk, before being allowed to enter the School, must present to the Principal a certificate of the Secretary of the Law Society about 18 per 18 Secretary of the Law Society, showing that he has been duly admitted upon the books of the Society, showing that he has been duly admitted upon the books of the Society. the books of the Society, showing that he has been duly admitted term. Students, however, residing alexander paid the prescribed fee for the terms. Students, however, residing elsewhere, and desirous of attending the lectures of the School, but not of qualifying themselves to practice in Ontario, are allowed, upon payment of the usual terms of the usual terms without admissions. allowed, upon payment of the usual fee, to attend the lectures without admission to the Law Society sion to the Law Society. Attendance at the School for one or more terms is compulsory on all students and all the school for one or more terms.

compulsory on all students and clerks not exempt as above. Those students and clerks not exempt as above.

Those students and clerks, not being graduates, who are required do attend, or who choose to attend, the first year's lectures in the School, may so at their own option either in the first year's lectures of their attendance in the first year's lectures in so at their own option either in the first year's lectures in the School, may ance in chambers or service under strend, or third year of their attendance in chambers or service under strends. ance in chambers or service under articles, and may present themselves for the first-year examination at the raticles, and may present themselves such the first-year examination at the close of the term in which they attend such lectures, and those who are lectures, and those who are not required to attend and do not attend the lectures of that year may present it tures of that year may present themselves for the first-year examination at the close of the school term in the first-year examination at the close of the school term in the first-year examination. close of the school term in the first, second, or third year of their attendance in chambers or service under and the second of their attendance in chambers or service under and their graduin chambers or service under articles. Students and clerks, not being graduates, and having first duly provided the students and clerks, not being graduates, and having first duly provided the students and clerks. ates, and having first duly passed the first-year examination, may attend the second year's lectures either in the second, third, or fourth year of their attendance in chambers or service the second, third, or fourth year of the second year. attendance in chambers or service under articles, and present themselves for the second-year examination at the second-year the second-year examination at the close of the term in which they shall have attended the lectures. They will be attended the lectures. attended the lectures. They will also be allowed, by a written election, to divide their attendance upon the second year's lectures between the second and third or between the third and control or b and third or between the third and fourth years, and their attendance upon the third vear's lectures between the fourth years, and their attendance in chambers or service under assistance and fifth years of their attendance on the chambers or service under assistance. in chambers or service under articles, making such a division as, in two opinion of the Principal, is reasonably near to an equal one between the attendary, and paying only one fee for the full place. ance, however, upon one year's course of lectures cannot be commenced until after the examination of the preceding year has been duly passed, and a student completed to the preceding year has been duly passed, and a student completed to the preceding year has been duly passed, and a student completed to the preceding year has been duly passed, and a student completed to the preceding year has been duly passed, and a student completed to the preceding year has been duly passed, and a student completed to the preceding year has been duly passed, and a student completed to the preceding year has been duly passed. or clerk cannot present himself for the examination of any year until he has completed his attendance on the land the examination of any year until he has

completed his attendance on the lectures of that year. The course during each term embraces lectures, recitations, discussions other oral methods of instruction embraces lectures, recitations, discussions of the course under the and other oral methods of instruction, and the holding of moot courts under the