Sebeck: Nicholas Biddle, Port

Liverpool, 12s 3d.
y gale of the last three days con-
ted.
Globe, 137 days from Newport,
rrived.
ncisco, May 11—Flour is quiet
sactions. Wheat and Oats re-
er quotations with light sales
2 35.
isco, May 11—Flour—Very firm
advance.
3@3 10.
ed $2 32 to $2 55, choice $2 40
30@2 35, choice $3 40; some par-
ng $2 50.
iverpool, 12s 3d.
Ship Coquimbo, Pt Madison.
n currently reported to-day along
t that the steamer Pacific, from
Victoria, had foundered at sea,
n all on board. The report pro-
painful anxiety. No dispatches
ceived from any source and the
r as can be ascertained, are witho
test foundation.

oundland is Dis-
sfied with the
Treaty.

, N. B.—The fishery provisions
y of Washington are strongly
here. Hopes are expressed that
t be ratified by the Canadian

asque, May 10—The ship City
om London, bound for Quebec,
off Dead Island on the night of
s a total loss. The crew were all

Oregon.

, May 11—Hutchinson, Kohl &
ip Constantine arrived at three
morning from San Francisco.
a large passenger list. The
fornia will sail for Puget Sound
at 4 o'clock p. m. on Thursday.
me and opposition steamer Con-
l sail on Saturday at 4 p m.
are fixed at $20 cabin and $10

rable number of people are go-
t Sound with the obj ct of settl-
ers for Monticello took yester-
0 new comers and a good many
oing to-day.
, May 10—Stmr Constantine ar-
is morning. Oriflamme arrived
orning.

West Indies.

, Jamaica, May 6—The ad-
of the Haytien Treasury has
esignation of the whole Cabinet.
nt threatens to resign. Lesguet,
y of Finance, is denounced as
old woman, but beyond charges
y nothing has been alleged
There is no expectation of a

Persia.

May 11 — Specials from Bom-
famine in Persia from lack of
sands are dying.

LAYED DISPATCHES.

pril 10.—On Friday last, a well-
owd broke into a shed where a
kept—a brand new guillotine,
ere, on a new and improved
and dragging it to the foot of the
Voltaire, broke it into pieces
it, amid the applause of the

April 24.—Parliament has passed
l.
April 24.—The King of Bavaria
a letter to Dr Dollinger, de-
sentence of excommunication
against him.
April 24.—An immense number
ufacturers and employes bearing
ainst the proposed watch exc se,
in the neighborhood of the Par-
lding this afternoon, and crowded
ches to the House of Commons. A
of police was on the ground and
in maintaining order although the
noisy and turbulent. A large
from East London approaching
yard, was dispersed by the police
danger from the accumulation of
s of people.
ouse of Commons, George Dixon,
m Brimingham, gave notice of a
inst the tax on watches. At the
he argued to demonstrate the
Lowe's reasons for expecting a
nue from increasing the activity in
ics and diminishing the price of
The sum total demanded by the
t he said, was inordinate and un-
n time of peace.
mbers denounced the proposals of
, as unduly interfering with every
of industry.
plied and pointed to the postpone-
army regula ion bill as calculated
the demands, and remove the
the budget which were objected
generally defended his recommen-
d especially that for the watch tax,
impost bore equally on all classes

London *Times*, April 10th: Ex-
periments were made on the Euro-
via Teheran, to work direct with
transmission between England and
bay and London, interchanging
fectly, and a commercial message
Bombay direct from London at
d was instantaneously acknow-
his is the first occasion on which
h has worked direct without any
ion between England and India.
e from London to Bombay by the
pean line is six thousand miles.

evil is one of the greatest triumphs
kill. This triumph is achieved by Dr
inegar Bitters. They build up, fortify
te the whole system, thus enabling it
elemental causes of disease. Hence
y as a protective medicine in districts
air and water are impure. The
d most susceptible organisation is
oof against all malarious disorders by
or two doses daily as a preventive.

The Weekly British Colonist

Wednesday May 17th 1871

The Joint High Commission.

Our eastern exchanges contain what purports to be the text of the 'Treaty of Washington 1871.' It is substantially the same as that published in this journal on Thursday, but it is somewhat more explicit. In the first place, Newfoundland is, as we suspected, included in the arrangement, and the consent of its legislature will be necessary to a ratification of the Treaty. In the second place, it is provided that the Queen of Great Britain and the President of the United States shall each appoint one member of a Commission of Arbitration, and both of these powers jointly shall appoint a third; but if they cannot agree, than a third member shall be appointed by the Emperor of Austria. The Commission so constituted shall meet at Halifax, Nova Scotia, as soon as possible after it shall have been appointed, and shall be charged with the duty of deciding as to the relative value of the privileges conferred upon the citizens of both countries under the fishery arrangements, and of deciding what sum, if any, either party shall pay the other in consideration of any excess of privilege. It is also provided that the Convention or Treaty is to take effect six months after the ratification of the same by the various parties thereto, and is to continue in full force for a term of years to be fixed by the Joint High Commission. The foregoing, taken in connection with what has already appeared in these columns, will convey a tolerably accurate idea of what is, in all probability, the basis agreed upon by the High Commission, in so far as the fishery question is concerned. As we anticipated, the proposition to dispose of the Canadian fishery rights in this way is not regarded favorably in that country. The Toronto *Globe*, in a leading article upon the subject, says:—'The suggestion of giving up to Canadians the right of fishing in waters which the Americans themselves have to a great extent abandoned, as an offset to the surrender of valuable in-shore fisheries, is certainly, taken by itself, one-sided enough. But the provision for arbitrating in reference to the difference of value in what has been surrendered by each party, brings it very much to the settlement proposed by the Americans from the beginning of the negotiation, namely, a purchase by them from our Government of free access to all the Canadian fishing grounds. But of this our friends across the lines may rest perfectly certain—that no such settlement will ever be agreed to by the Canadian people. When they are ready to sell Maine to Canada for cash, Canada may sell her fisheries for cash. But not till then. Our neighbors can secure easily and frankly all the fish advantages they have ever enjoyed, or the Canadians themselves enjoy, but it can only be by a treaty of commercial reciprocity for mutual advantage, just and acceptable to both parties. The action of the Imperial Government may force upon the people of Canada the sale of their fisheries, but a feeling will be excited by it among our people that every true Canadian would deplore.' The language of our contemporary is emphatic enough; and we are disposed to think that it fairly expresses the sentiment of the country. Some of the other journals are less temperate in their animadversions. From all that we are able to gather, British Columbia is not included in the arrangement. Nor would there appear to be much occasion to regret this, even were the Treaty likely to be ratified by Canada. Had fish oils been amongst the articles admitted free in the United States, we should feel more keenly than we do the exclusion of British Columbia. As the matter appears to stand, however, there seems to be little either to gain or lose. We cordially concur with our Toronto Contemporary in the opinion that Canada should only throw open her valuable fishing-grounds to citizens of the United States upon a basis of reciprocal trade which would secure to the whole Dominion a full and substantial equivalent.

Saturday, May 13.

Farewell to the Stage.—Mr E C Melville, a most deserving actor is about to doff the sock and buskin and don the rough habiliments of an 'honest miner' on the gold-lined hills of Omineca. Being not overburdened with the wherewithal, his many friends have tendered him a benefit performance, and several amateur performers have generously volunteered their services. Monday evening has been selected for the entertainment, and everybody ought to buy at least one ticket for so worthy an object.

The California's Passengers.—The California sailed for Victoria and Sound ports at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A full list of the passengers will be found under the telegraphic heading. Among the passengers is the Hon A N Richards of Brockville, Ontario, who, it has been said, will be the third Judge. See our Exclusive Dispatch.

From the N. W. Coast.

The Hudson Bay Co's steamer Otter returned from the North yesterday afternoon. She arrived at Skeenamouth Saturday morning, April 29th, having made the run up from Victoria in 66 hours, including stoppages at Nanaimo, Alert Bay and Bella Bella. She left Skeena the same day at 8 a m, Fort Simpson on Sunday morning at 6 o'clock, Massett on Monday evening at 5 o'clock, and arrived at Fort Wrangel next day at 1 p m. The Stikine river was still closed by ice and no communication was had with the mines. The river was not expected to open for six or eight days. The weather during the winter had been severe and more snow had fallen than the Indians recollect for a number of years past. The Otter left Fort Wrangel on Wednesday, May 3d at 8 p m for the Queen Charlotte coal mine at Skidegate, but during the following afternoon was obliged to anchor on account of a heavy southeast gale off the mouth of Rosa Spit, Q C I, where she remained until Sunday morning, when there being no indication of the wind abating, she started and beat down to Skidegate, and arrived there at 8 p m. Next day, May 8th, took on board 50 tons of coal and some passengers and freight and left for Fort Rupert.

Arrived at Rupert on Wednesday at 6 a m, at Comox on Thursday at 6 a m and at Nanaimo at 9 the same evening. The U S S Lincoln left Nanaimo about 4 p m on Thursday for Sitka and the bark Shooting Star sailed at the same time for San Francisco.

The bark Atalanta was towed over from the Sound yesterday afternoon by the steamer Goliah.

The Otter experienced a succession of S E winds during the whole trip.

Colonel Shaw's at Home Lecture.—This gentleman who, a few weeks ago, visited the Pacific Coast as special agent for the Inman Steam Packet Company, and sojourned at Victoria, has reached home, and has delivered before the Mechanic's Institute of Paisley a very interesting lecture on Canada. He touched lightly upon British Columbia, the importance of which as a 'Pacific ocean outlet of British as well Canadien trade,' he said is being just understood. Manitoba is alluded to as import and fertile, and Canada, its institutions, public works and public men are extolled in the highest terms. As a field for immigrants attention is especially directed to Canada, where all the necessaries of life and some of the luxuries are easily obtainable. Amusing anecdote is narrated of an immigrant of a few months' residence, writing from one of the cities of Ontario, saying—'I am not at all satisfied with the place. Marmalade is 1s 6d. and tapioca 1s the lb. I should not persuade any one to come out here.' But he says nothing about mutton, beef and pork being from 2d to 6d a lb. A minister of the Church of England, when called to account for the gross incorrectness of his statements concerning Canada as a field for emigrants, says in the London *Times*, June, 1870:—'Oranges and marmalade are double the price they are in England,' and he defies his questioner—Mr White, the Ontario Government Commissioner—to contradict that! The same gentleman (January 3d, 1871) has changed his opinion and writes to another newspaper—'Never did I, in my three years' residence in Canada, see a beggar. The laborer earns his dollar a day and walks about proud, independent and free. No starvation in Canada.' Half a century ago a dense forest was all that was visible where now stands the city of Ottawa. And the very spot amid fertile fields, and all the tokens of modern progress can be pointed out from the towers of those legislative halls where, within the memory of those yet living, the Scottish emigrant, in utter loneliness and despair exclaimed—'Oh, Lord, have compassion on me, a poor unfortunate Scotchman, 3000 miles from my own country and 75 from anywhere else!'—the latter distance referring to Prescott, on the St Lawrence.

Death.—Yesterday, at the French Hospital (where he received the kindest attention), after a long illness, died Mr P F Corbiniere, an old and respected resident. Mr Corbiniere was a native of France, a pioneer of California and a resident of Victoria since 1858. He had the misfortune, some years ago, to lose a son—a fine young man—by drowning at Langford's Lake, since which occurrence his health failed. The funeral will take place to-morrow.

Queen Charlotte Island Coal Mine.—Among the passengers yesterday from Queen Charlotte were Messrs T Fawcett and T Russell and seven workmen from the Queen Charlotte coal mine. The Otter brought down 50 tons of coal, and there are 50 tons left behind. The total amount taken out since last October was only 100 tons, and the seam is said by the workmen to be running out, having narrowed to two feet. To get out the coal four feet of slate has to be worked. A Mr Gilpin and one man were left in charge of the property.

The Rumor.—Quite a flutter was occasioned in this community yesterday morning by the rumor (which will be found in our Dominion Mail Summary) that Hon Dr Helmcken is to be appointed Lieutenant Governor of this colony under Confederation. Without attaching much importance to the rumor, we take occasion to say that if British Columbia is to have a local man for Governor we do not believe a selection could be made that would give more general satisfaction.

Departure of the Pacific.—At seven o'clock last evening the steamship Pacific began to creep out of the harbor. Her movements were observed by large crowds of persons. Once or twice she seemed destined to strike rocks on either side of the narrow channel, but careful management on the part of the Captain prevented disaster. It took 22 minutes from the dock until she rounded Shoal Point and was clear of all obstructions.

What a Sham!—The Mace-Coburn fight. See our Exclusive Dispatch.

Remanded.—Qua Whaen and Harry, the two Indians under arrest on the charge of being implicated in the murder of the Greek fisherman, were before the Police Court yesterday and further remanded until Monday next.

Letters received from Ottawa yesterday state that it will be impossible to proclaim Confederation before the 20th July, in consequence of the anticipated delay of Hon Mr Trutch in making the passage to and from England.

Court of Sessions.—A Special Petty Session will be held at the Police Court, Victoria, on Thursday the 1st day of June, proximo, for the purpose of granting licences for the sale of wines, spirits, &c., wholsale or retail.

Passengers.—The following passengers sailed on the Pacific last evening: Wm Wilson & wife, Mrs E White, Geo. Phillippo, J M Bochanon, Dr Goldenbum, D Morrisson, E Hand, John Rosa. Several intended passengers backed out at the last moment.

The Prince Alfred.—This steamship is not expected to reach Nanaimo before the latter part of the present month. She is being overhauled and refitted for the carriage of passengers and coal.

Assault.—Jim, a Fort Rupert Indian, for assaulting Jenny, a Fort Rupert squaw, was yesterday fined $10, or in default of payment 14 days' imprisonment.

Charge of Theft.—J S Reid, on a charge of stealing a plane, the property of Mrs Cameron, was yesterday before the Police Court and remanded for one day.

Due.—The brig Robert Jones from London will be due here about the 14th June, when she will have been 150 days out.

Agricultural Society.—An election for officers of this society will be held at the Institute Rooms at 1 o'clock to-day. A punctual attendance is requested of all members.

Prospecting.—A party will leave town in a few days to prospect Jordan and Sombrero rivers for gold.

The Concert on the 23d will be under the patronage of Governor Musgrave, Captain Herbert and the Officers of H M Fleet.

Direct Steamer.—There is no intelligence with respect to the movement of a direct steamer.

Bread and Butter.—As bread ascends butter decends. Fresh Island butter 37½ cents per lb., yesterday.

Loading.—The bark Mountain Ash is loading at London for Sproat & Co.

White sugars have advanced half a cent per pound at San Francisco.

Exports.—The Pacific carried coal and a quantity of wine and skins.

European Mail Summary.

(Dates to April 8th.)

The Westmeath Committee has made its report, and is believed to endorse the gloomy picture drawn by Lord Hartington of the condition of that county and of parts of the adjoining counties. Mr Healy, M P, is better and is slowly improving in health. The Liberal candidate for South Norfolk is Mr R T Gurdon, and the Conservative Sir R F Buxton, the views of Mr Tysten Amhurst as to the Game Laws not being satisfactory to many of the tenant farmers. The Corporation of Dublin has passed (but not unanimously) a resolution acknowledging the gracious reception accorded by Her Majesty to the deputation which recently waited upon her. It is reported that the mansion of Mr Conolly, M P, has been purchased and will be prepared as a Royal residence for the Queen or the Prince of Wales. An indignation meeting was held in St James' hall to condemn the conduct of the House of Lords, and of the Bishops especially, in resisting the Bill for legalizing Marriage with a Deceased Wife's Sister. The proceedings were very noisy, owing to the presence of a body of Republican sympathisers who clamored for the abolition of the House of Lords and the Monarchy. The Duke of Beaufort has discontinued the employment of gamekeepers, intrusting the game to the care of his tenants, who are to receive one half of that which is killed on their respective farms. The Duke of Newcastle's trustees have also given over the shooting upon the Marton property to the tenants. Mr Algernon Swinburne, the poet, has been dangerously ill, but is reported to be recovering. The boys at the Wellington Reformatory at Pennycuick near Edinburgh, mutinied, overpowered the warders, and eighty of them have effected their escape. Several savage outrages are again reported from Ireland. A young man was brutally murdered at Glendream, Tipperary, in the hearing of persons who made no effort to assist him. Two young men were stabbed in Donegal, but the motive of the crime is unknown. Mr R—'s offer to restore Christ Church Cathedral, Dublin, at a cost of £50,000 has been accepted. The National Press urge a combination of Irishmen at home and abroad into an Irish confederation, with a view to procure their liberation and the independence of their country. The Civil Service estimates show that for the year 1871-72 the total sum asked for is £10,645,544. The vote for 1870-71 was £10,126,735, exclusive however, of £152,924 for services included in the grants, but omitted from the estimates because of their discontinuance. The Lords of the Admiralty, according to the Army and Navy *Gazette* are to be urged by many of the practical members of the House of Commons to build several fast cruisers of the Alabama class as at this moment we are very deficient in ships of that kind.

Dominion Mail Summary.

Our Canadian exchanges are to the 24th ultimo.

The *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent gives the following, under date April 18th and 19th respectively:—It is said that Hon Mr Tilley is about to retire from politics altogether, as it is said he declines the Lieutenant-Governorship of British Columbia..... It is stated here that the Government intend to follow up the practice pursued with reference to the older Provinces, and appoint Dr Helmcken Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia.

The same authority says:—The meeting in aid of St John's College, Manitoba, was held in the Chapel of Ease tonight, Bishop Lewis in the chair. Addresses were delivered by Archdeacon McLean and Hon. Messrs. Tupper, Tilley and Morris, Dr Schultz and Hon. Malcolm Cameron. Resolutions were passed, and a considerable sum collected.

The Toronto *Telegraph* of 20th says. Sir George E Cartier and Hon Mr Trutch are in Montreal at present. Sir George will remain till the end of the week, and Mr Trutch will leave for England by first steamer, where he will probably receive a decoration in reward for his Confederation labors. The statement that Sir John A Macdonald is to be made Governor-General of the Dominion is denied.

The Nova Scotia Government, as reconstructed, will stand as follows:—Hon Wm Annand, M L C, President and Treasurer. Hon H W Smith, MPP, Attorney-General. Hon Wm B Vail, M P P, Provincial Secretary. Hon Wm Garvie, candidate for Halifax, Commissioner for Mines and Works. Hon Edmund P Flynn, MPP, Commissioner of Crown Lands. Hon Richard A McHeffey, M L C. Hon John Ferguson, M.P.P. Hon James Cochrane, M P P. R Robertson, MPP. The last four without office.

It was reported at Ottawa that Mr Simpson, member for Algoma, has been appointed a Commissioner to negotiate in conjunction with Governor Archibald, treaties with the Indian tribes in Manitoba and the North West, and that a grand Council will soon be held at Fort Garry, in pursuance of that object.

The *Globe's* Ottawa Correspondent repeats the rumor that Sir John A Macdonald will seek employment in the Imperial service.

The following is from Halifax, under date April 18th:—Baron Liegar leaves for England after the Joint High Commission closes. Sir Hastings Doyle will administer Government in his absence not at Ottawa, but at Halifax, which will be temporarily the seat of Government. It is as yet a question whether Sir Hastings can continue to hold the Governorship of Nova Scotia, if not Sir Edward Kenny will be appointed administrator. The local elections will take place on Tuesday, May 16, nomination, May 19th.

Sir George E Cartier declines to occupy a seat in the Provincial Legislature of Quebec. In answer to a deputation which waited on him on the 21st, he recommended that Montreal East should choose a practical man who could could give himself wholly up to their local interests.

Returns from the Ottawa district show that 13,000,000 feet of lumber will be ready for the market this summer.

The great international regatta is appointed to come off at Halifax on the 29th, 30th and 31st of August.

It is expected that two battalions of volunteers will be organized in Manitoba and that a Deputy Adjutant General and Brigade Major will be appointed for that Province, which will probably be constituted District No 10.

The Manitoba news is to the 5th ult. The Legislature was about to adjourn for the Easter holidays. The election committee reported in favor of Mr James Cunningham and against Mr John Taylor, as member for Headingly Division. The House adopted the report, unseating Mr Taylor, by a vote of 13 to 7.

In the New Brunswick Legislature a series of resolutions, asking better terms from the Dominion, were introduced and passed unanimously. The New Brunswickers rest their claims chiefly upon the alleged fact of better terms having been given to Nova Scotia, Manitoba and British Columbia.

The Ottawa correspondent of the *Globe*, under date April 20th, says: It is reported that the Government is about to put on detached parties of engineers to explore a line for the Pacific railway. A commencement is to be made to the north of Lake Nipissing. Parties will be placed at different points to the north of Lake Superior. Explorations will, it is said, be made to British Columbia.

The St John, N B, *Globe*, an anti-Confed., alluding to the fact that British Columbia is now virtually a member of the Dominion, facetiously remarks—'Canada has at last got "one foot on the Atlantic and the other on the Pacific," and she is satisfied; but she has so much strained herself in order to accomplish the feat [place the *feet*?] that it is very doubtful whether she will ever again resume her former strength and energy.'

In Berlin they have 'Homes for the Homeless,' an extensive collection of buildings. These are now undergoing improvements which will make them ornaments to the part of the town in which they are situated. These buildings are divided into separate apartments for homeless women and children and homeless.

AUCTION

SALE OF

REAL ESTATE,

LUMLEY FRANKLIN

Is instructed, by order of the Administrator of the Estate of Marine Planch, to sell on TUESDAY, May 23, 1871, at his salesroom, Fort street, Victoria, at 12 o'clock, noon, the following valuable property:

Victoria—Subdivision 2, of Town Lot 124, Victoria.

Victoria—Town Lot 1244.

Nanaimo—Lot 6, block 57.

Nanaimo—Lot 9, block 16.

Terms Cash—25 per cent on fall of the hammer, balance on completion of purchase.

Conditions of Sale may be seen at the office of the Auctioneer, or of Mr A R B Davie, Solicitor, Fort street, on and after the 15th day of May instant.

Costs of Purchase at buyer's expense.

LUMLEY FRANKLIN,
my13dw Auctioneer.

GRAND AMATEUR

Vocal & Instrumental

CONCERT,

IN AID OF THE

Orphans of St. Ann,

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR,

Captain Herbert,

And the Officers of Her Majesty's Fleet

—AT—

THEATRE ROYAL,

—ON—

Tuesday Eve'g May 23d

MANAGING COMMITTEE

E Grancini	H Nathan, jr
Peter McQuade	F Garesche
T J Burnes	

TICKETS.....ONE DOLLAR
RESERVED SEATS.....25cts. Extra
my13dw

MISSING.

JOSEPH WOLF, AGED 23, WHO LEFT Mainz in 1868. Particulars respecting the said Joseph Wolfe will be thankfully received and forwarded to his parents by THE SUPERINTENDENT MAGISTRATE, Victoria, Vancouver Island.
April, 26th, 1871.
ap27d&w Guardian and Sentinel copy.

MORTON'S

CAMOMILE PILLS

ARE CONFIDENTIALLY RECOMMENDED AS A simple but certain remedy for Indigestion. They act as a powerful tonic and gentle aperient, in all cases requiring a mild aperient; safe under any circumstances; and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits derived from their use.

Sold in boxes at 1s 1½d, 2s 9d and 4s 6d, by Chemists, Druggists and Storekeepers in all parts of the world. Orders to be made payable by London Stamps.

Prepared only by THOMAS MORTON, Patentee, 127 Strand, London, W.C.

Jules Rueff,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

Ex Recent Arrival,

—AT—

LOWEST MARKET RATES.

LIVERPOOL SALT—Coarse & Fine,

FLOUR—National Mills, Extra

SUGAR S. I. Nos. 1 and 2.

SUGAR—California Crushed

YEAST POWDERS,

OYSTERS,

LOBSTERS,

PEACHES, Etc., Etc.

—ALSO—

A General Assortment of

Groceries & Case Goods

J. RUEFF,

my4 WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

TENDERS.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR Cementing and Painting the Building.

Specifications of the proposed work may be seen at the Office of Wallace & Hutcheson, Yates Street, where Tenders will be received up to the 20th inst.

The Lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

Victoria, 3rd May, 1871. my4

EX CLARA LIGHT.

NEW GOODS—WINES AND LIQUORS, and a large addition to our stock of

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

my10 A. GRANT & CO., Yates street.