

Summer Coughs

Are often hardest to shake off, and frequently lead to consumption. Better have them cured promptly by Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, the best remedy for healing the lungs and curing all kinds of coughs and colds.

AT OTTAWA.

(Special Correspondence to THE HERALD.)

OTTAWA, June 9.

Twice during the past week has the order of business been varied by a scene of wild tumult. Both events were connected with the subject of the most intense interest to Canadians—the war in Africa.

On Thursday the House of Commons adopted a loyal address to the Queen, congratulating Her Majesty on the recent success of British arms in Africa, and on the prospects of an honorable peace. The Premier proposed the motion in a speech suitable to the occasion and Sir Charles was equally happy and eloquent in seconding the motion.

It remained for Mr. Bourassa, the member for Labelle, the individual chosen by the Premier to act as Secretary to the International Commission, to sound the note of discord. It will be remembered that Mr. Bourassa condemned the offer of a Canadian contingent for Africa, resigned his seat, and appealed to the electors of his constituency in Quebec provinces to join him in the condemnation. When he appeared on the hustings condemning the participation of Canada in the wars of the empire, he had another Liberal member from that province to speak with him at his meetings. The Premier and the other ministers did not say a word in opposition to the course of their supporter, and when he was again elected, his return on the anti-British platform was heralded in the Government press every where as a Liberal victory. He appeared in triumph at the House of Commons. Mr. Tarte introduced him as a Government supporter, and he took his seat behind Sir Wilfrid. From that position he raised his voice in protest against the loyal address to the Queen, and voted against it.

SPAKING UNDER DIFFICULTIES. The uproar began when Mr. Bourassa accused the British Government of making an unjust war on the African republics, and declared that the war was the work of ambitious Tory jingoes in alliance with capitalists who wanted to increase their dividends. The shouts of dissent, derision and anger grew louder when Mr. Bourassa declared that the war reflected no credit on British military power, since the whole force of the Empire, with 200,000 of the best troops in Britain and the Colonies had been successfully opposed for eight months by a handful of peasants drawn from a population of 250,000 men, women and children. The member for Labelle declared that England would not gain an ounce of glory from that achievement. His voice at this stage was drowned by shouts of "shame," "traitor," and cries of dissent. Finance Minister Fielding protested that Mr. Bourassa had a right to a hearing as it was a free parliament. The Finance Minister found that it was not only a free parliament for Mr. Bourassa to talk to his constituents against the British cause, but equally free for other men to say what they thought of Mr. Bourassa. The latter seemed to be quite pleased with the disturbance he was making, and went on to charge that Britain was depriving the Boers of their liberties, and would be obliged to keep 100,000 men in Africa to hold the suppressed people in subjection.

A SCENE. When he had finished Dr. Moutagne was on his feet. The member for Hildimand did not condescend to answer Mr. Bourassa. "I think the best answer to the speech is to give three cheers for the Queen." That was all he said. One hundred and twenty men were on their feet in an instant. Scores of hats were in the air, and such cheers were given as are not often heard in any country. The excited members, with utter disregard of parliamentary usage, struck up the National Anthem and sang it through with all their might.

THERE WERE OTHERS. Mr. Bourassa did not cheer, nor sing nor rise. Neither did Mr. Fielding. Nor yet did Mr. Fisher. The Solicitor General sat still, and about a dozen government supporters did likewise. The Premier was seen to half rise but did not join in the applause, and almost immediately resumed his seat and sat silent during the singing of "God Save the Queen." This singular refusal to join in the applause could not be due to a desire to keep to the traditions of the House. Three or four times since 1896 has the House of Commons stopped proceedings to sing God Save the Queen. Once this was done when Mr. Fielding concluded his budget speech and when he falsely claimed to have given a tariff preference to Britain. Another time was when the House adopted Dr. Russell's motion commending the Fielding tariff. The anthem was then started on the government side to make political capital for Mr. Fielding. The Finance Minister had no objections to it then. But when the cheer and the song are started in honor of the success of British arms abroad, it is another story. Our ministers keep their seats.

Mr. Charlton rebuked Mr. Bourassa, and at the end of the debate Sir Wilfrid commended free speech, but expressed the opinion that Mr. Bourassa's words were not opportune. That may mean that in the opinion of the Premier the language

of his supporter, admirer and protégé is better suited for a stump in Labelle, and other places where it can be used to make capital against the Tory fanatics and imperialists; but it is a fact that Mr. Bourassa spoke in the House exactly as he has spoken at Liberal meetings in Quebec province, and almost exactly as Mr. Tarte spoke at St. Vincent de Paul and elsewhere. He has spoken just as he promised to speak when his candidature had the approval, and his victory called out the congratulations of the government. The trouble with Mr. Bourassa is that he is vain and ambitious, and instead of reserving his anti-British speeches for the places where Sir Wilfrid thinks they may do the most good, he persists in speaking them where they will make the greatest sensation. But it need not be supposed that there is any serious quarrel between Mr. Bourassa and his leaders. There is great campaign work ahead for the member for Labelle. Mr. Bourassa remarked that while he would be alone in the House there were others who would speak as he did if they spoke their minds.

PROTEINE VS. VITAMINE. The other noisy episode occurred on Wednesday and grew out of representations made by Mr. Monk, the member for Jacques Cartier. Mr. Monk's story is this. When the second contingent went to South Africa Dr. Devlin of Montreal offered to sell the government a concentrated emergency food. At that time the government permitted Dr. Devlin to make a practical test of food on five members on the permanent force at Kingston. These men agreed to live for thirty days on protine, and they came out so well at the end of the test that the substance was accepted as a suitable emergency ration. After the test of Hatch's food had established its merit, some difficulty occurred between the proprietors of the preparation and Dr. Devlin. The doctor transferred his services to another dealer and to another food called Vitamine. When the second contingent was mustered, Dr. Devlin appeared at Ottawa asking for an order for the emergency rations. What he had now to offer was not the Protine patented, made by Hatch, and tested at Kingston on the soldiers, but the Vitamine, which had not been tested at all. The Hatch food was still available, and had been tried at Kingston, but the other was bought by the minister, without a test, without analysis, and on the same day on which the goods were offered to the Government. Dr. Borden seems to have had no evidence that the ration he bought was of the same character, or as good as the one tested. The only testimony before purchase appears to have been that offered by the contractor himself, who having transferred his own interest from one food to the other, was also able to transfer the interests of the Government as well.

THE PROTEINE DEBATE. The Military Gazette was the first paper to expose this transaction, and Mr. Monk then obtained further knowledge. A package of the vitamine was bought from the dealer who said it was the same as that sent to Africa. It was submitted for examination to Professor Horsley, who reported that it contained less than one-third the nutriment that was found in the same bulk of food tested in Kingston. Mr. Monk stated in the House that the food bought was an ordinary domestic preparation such as may be bought at 15 to 20 cents per pound. The Government paid \$2 per pound for 2,300 pounds. It is fair to say that Dr. Borden claims to have obtained an article equal to that tested. Monk is so well satisfied to the contrary that he asks for an investigation. He has a half promise that the inquiry will be allowed him, though he must first take the responsibility of making a formal charge. The Solicitor General, who lost his temper in the discussion, dared Mr. Monk to make a charge that the food bought was not the same as that which had been proved by the Government. Mr. Monk said that this was just what he proposed to do, and he intended to go further and charge the Minister himself with culpable negligence. Of course it was pointed out that there could not be a greater offence than that of providing inadequate or comparatively useless food to be used by the soldier in times of great extremity. The strongest language was used in denouncing such a crime. Whether that crime has been committed remains to be tested on inquiry.

A SMALL ROW. A disorder in the House occurred over the temporary refusal of the Minister of Militia and the Solicitor General to bring down the contract for the vitamine. The ministers had read from the papers, and by a well known parliamentary rule they were bound to lay them on the table when asked to do so. The speaker was called upon to compel the production

of the papers, and after a stormy scene, he ruled that the documents should be handed over. Before the rule was obeyed there was a long and hot debate, three or four members being on their feet at once for a considerable period. The minister made several attempts to explain his position in a second speech but the opposition refused to hear him until he had sent his papers to the clerk's table. This he eventually did, and white-winged peace floated once more over the Chamber.

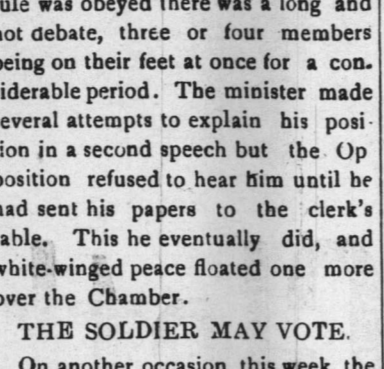
THE SOLDIER MAY VOTE. On another occasion this week the opposition rose to their feet to cheer a remark of Solicitor General Fitzpatrick. He and his colleagues did not appear to more than half appreciate the compliment. The occasion was the announcement by the Solicitor General that the government proposed to strike out of the Election Bill the clause which deprived Canadian soldiers and Mounted Police of the right to vote at elections. This feature of the bill was strongly opposed at the first reading by the Conservatives, but the government defeated the disfranchisement of the soldiers as perfectly proper legislation. Since then the patriotic protest of the people of Canada has compelled the government to come to some decision. By a happy accident Mr. Fitzpatrick announced the surrender of the government on the same day that the word came of the Boer surrender of Pretoria.

AGAINST THE MACHINE. Three weeks had passed since the rejection of Mr. Borden's motion about the Huron and Brockville election frauds. The Royal Commission which was to be appointed at once, has at last been selected. Judges Boyd, Falconbridge and McTavish will form a court from which a fair enquiry may be expected—if the government does not interfere. When Sir Wilfrid read the terms of the Commission, Sir Charles offered further suggestions to make the enquiry thorough and complete.

IN SUPPLY. The House has been voting supply at a good rate of speed, though not so fast as the Premier would have liked. It seems necessary to make enquiry into certain items of expenditure. But in the absence of the Minister of the Interior and the Minister of Public Works who have large spending departments, it is impossible to learn much about some of them.

SALT RHEUM.

A Severe case Permanently Cured by



"I had Salt Rheum in my face and hands for three years and could not get anything to cure me till I used Burdock Blood Bitters. On taking the first bottle there was a great change for the better and by the time the second bottle was finished I was completely cured and have had no return of the disease since."

MISCELLANEOUS.

Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia.

Athletic Applicant—Do you need a strong man? Manager (of a dime museum)—No, I have one. But I'd give \$75 a week for a good living skeleton.

Athletic Applicant—All right. I can train down to it in a month.

Street Incident.

"My Dear Sir," exclaimed Lawyer Bartholomew Livingston, meeting the Rev. D. Arbibid Windham on the village street, "What does this mean? I thought you were laid up with all sorts of bad diseases?"

"And so I was," replied the reared gentleman, "I had an attack of indigestion, and from that time on my whole system has been in a disordered condition until I began taking Hood's Sassaaparilla, which has put me on my feet and cured all my stomach troubles."

"I don't doubt it," said the lawyer. "This same medicine cured my wife of rheumatism and my little girl of scrofula. When they say it's the best medicine money can buy, they only tell the truth."

"Yes, yes, so they do," replied the minister, and the two passed on.

Tourist—Which is the best inn in which to stay the night—the Red Pig or the Queen Elizabeth? Native—Well, they do say there be fewer at the Queen.

Tourist—What—visitors? Native—No; fleas!

"The torture of toothache is quickly relieved by Low's Toothache Gum. Price 10 cents. Refuse substitutes."

Squire (engaging coachman)—Are you married? Coachman—No, sir. These 'ere scratches came from a cat.

Smith—Every Englishman is willing to bear arms for his country. Brown—Yes, and every Scotchman is willing to bare legs.

Severe Headaches.

"For some time I was troubled with very severe headaches. I tried Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders and got immediate relief."

MRS. N. BURKE, Lindsay, Ont.

"England is fighting at very close quarters just now."

"Where?"

"In Ashanti."

"I purchased a bottle of Dr. Low's Worm Syrup for my little girl two and a half years old, and gave her the medicine. The result was the passed fifteen round worms in five days."

MRS. B. ROY, Kilmnagh, Ont.

Jags—Did you ever see a cake walk? No; but I've seen a cracker box.

Hagyard's Yellow Oil reduces swelling, allays inflammation, takes out pain and cures cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, stiff joints, etc., more effectively than any other remedy.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

A SARNIA LADY

Tells How Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Cured Her Nervous Troubles and Strengthened Her Weak System.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are an inestimable boon to anyone suffering from any disease or derangement of the heart or nerves or whose blood is thin and watery.

Mrs. E. Horning, of 115 George Street, Sarnia, Ont., is one of those whose experience with this remedy is well worth considering.

It is as follows:—"I am pleased to recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills to anyone suffering from nerve trouble, no matter how severe or how long standing."

"For years my nerves have been in a terribly weak condition, but Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, which I got at Geary's Pharmacy, have strengthened them greatly and invigorated my system, leaving me no excuse for not making known their virtues."

"I cannot refrain from recommending these pills to all sufferers as a splendid cure for nervousness and weakness."

"Take heed Will Surely Speed."

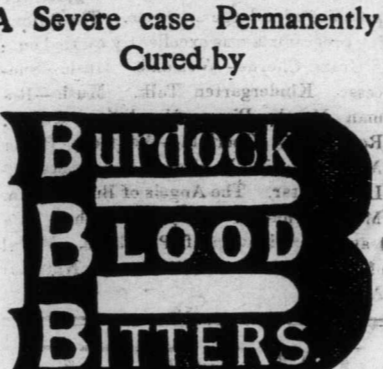
Be sure to heed the first symptoms of indigestion, nervousness and impure blood, and thus avoid chronic dyspepsia, nervous prostration and all the evils produced by bad blood. Hood's Sassaaparilla is your safeguard.

It quickly sets the stomach right, strengthens and quiets the nerves, purifies and vitalizes the blood and keeps up the health tone.

All liver ills are cured by Hood's Pills. 25 cents.

The Old Reliable Remedy for Diarrhea and Dysentery.

DE FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY



Grandma Mrs. Thos. Sherlock, Annapolis, Ont., recently writes: "My little girl, three years of age, was taken very bad with diarrhea, and we thought we were going to lose her, when I remembered that my grandmother always used Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and often said that it saved her life. I got a bottle and gave it to my child, and after the third dose she began to get better and slept well that night. She improved right along and was soon completely cured."

MISCELLANEOUS.

At a medical examination of voluteers for service in South Africa one was found to have very bad teeth! He did not see how this should be any drawback. "For," said he, "I thought we had to shoot the Boers. I didn't know we were to eat them!"

Pain Killer cures all sorts of cuts, bruises, burns and stings. Taken internally it cures diarrhea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain Killer, Perry Davis', 25c. and 50c.

Angry-looking woman—You go away from here or I'll call my husband.

Woman.—How d'yer know he ain't?

Woman.—I've allus noticed him, that when a man is married to a woman that looks like you do, he's never at 'ome except at mealtimes.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Doctor—What you need, my man; is exercise in the open air.

Patient—Good heavens, doctor, that's what I don't need—I've been teaching my wife to ride a wheel.

Dear Sirs,—Within the past year I know of three fatty tumors on the head having been removed by the application of MINARD'S LINIMENT without any surgical operation, and there is no indication of a return.

CAPT. W. A. PITT, Clifton, N. B., Gondola Ferry.

Ferdinand (of Boston)—Which would you sooner be descended from—a king, a duke, earl or baronet?

Amos (of Moose Meadow)—Oh, I'd rather be a parachute jumper, and descend from a balloon.

The Best Medicine

Mrs. Alma Goggin, Cape Bell, N. B., says: "I had an attack of Liver Trouble and Indigestion, and decided to take Laxa Liver Pills. They had a better and more lasting effect than any remedy I ever took."

The minister, Parson Downycouch, was at dinner with the Chase family. Johnny spoke up and said: "Can a church whistle?"

"Why do you ask, Johnny?" asked the clergyman, kindly.

"Because pa owes \$2 back seat rent, and he says he's going to let the church whistle for it."

After the clergyman had taken his departure there was a vocal solo by Johnny.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

"If I say," said the teacher, "The pupil loves his teacher," what sort of a sentence is that?"

"Sarcastic," said the boy.

Tired Housekeepers.

Disordered Kidneys bring them a multitude of pains and aches.

How often women give out before the day's work is fairly begun and sink into a chair utterly worn out.

But the housework must be done even though the back does ache, and the head feels ready to burst.

These women can't understand why they are never strong, why the night does not bring rest, why they are always tired, have no appetite and seem to be pained and ached all over.

As a rule the real cause of the trouble is the last one thought of. It all comes from the kidneys. These delicate little filters of the blood, get out of order, and as a result the uric acid and other poisons that they ought to carry off are sent back into the system.

There's no use trying to get relief until the kidneys are restored to health.

The easiest, safest, quickest way to accomplish this is to take Doan's Kidney Pills—nature's own remedy for all kidney diseases and derangements.

Mrs. Martha S. Frost, Little River, Digby Co., N.S., recently writes as follows:—"I have much pleasure in stating that Doan's Kidney Pills have wonderfully improved my health. I had been suffering with lame back for a number of years and as the time I began taking Doan's Pills I was almost unable to do any housework."

"I have used three boxes and must say they have taken the pain out of my back and restored my strength. I don't think there is any other medicine equal to Doan's Kidney Pills for kidney troubles."

JOHN F. JOHNSON, F. F. KELLY, Executors.

North British and Mercantile INSURANCE COMPANY

ASSETS - SEVENTY MILLION DOLLARS.

The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the world.

This Company has done business on the Island for forty years, and is well known for prompt and liberal settlement of its losses.

P. E. I. Agency, Charlottetown.

HYNDMAN & CO. Agents.

Queen St., Dec. 21, 1898.

Those remnants of print cotton

at 8c. are the biggest bargains yet. They are (quite English you know), and guaranteed to wash and be cheap at 14c., but cheaper at 8c.

PROWSE BROS.

REMNANTS—You can buy remnants of print cottons, grey cottons, white cottons, remnants of flannellets, cloths, dress goods, tickings, nearly half price. Come soon before they are all gone.—J. B. MacDonald & Co.

A SNAP

IN Coffee!

This week we offer a nice tin containing One pound of Fresh Ground Coffee for

28 CENTS.

In addition to the Coffee there is in every tin a fine Glass Tumbler of good quality. Which You Get for Nothing.

Call early and see them, as we have only a limited number on hand.

BEER & GOFF,

GROCCERS.

A. E. ARSENAULT. H. R. MCKENZIE

ARSENAULT & MCKENZIE

Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

(Late of the firms of Charles Russel & Co., and F. V. Knox, London, Eng.)

OFFICES—Chambers Block, Charlottetown.

Aug. 30, 1899—y

A. A. McLEAN, L.B., Q.C.,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary,

BROWN'S BLOCK. MONEY TO LOAN

CARD.

ANTOINE VINCENT, Architect and Sculptor, Dorchester Street, West, is prepared to execute orders for Monuments and Church-work, in Altars, Statuary, Holy Water Fountains, &c. Work done promptly.

August 2, 1898—6m

Dr. J. C. Houston

Physician AND Surgeon.

SOURIS, P. E. ISLAND.

GRADUATE McGILL UNIVERSITY, 1898.

OFFICE: Next door to Merchant's Bank.—April 4th, 1900, 3mos.

EPPS'S COCOA

GRAPEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Purity, Superior Quality and highly Nutritive Properties. Specially adapted and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold in quarter-lb. tins, labeled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

BREAKFAST SUPPER EPPS'S COCOA

Oct. 5, 1898—30c

Farm for Sale!

On Bear River Line Road.

That very desirable farm consisting of fifty acres of land fronting on "The Bear River Line Road" and adjoining the property of Patrick Moriarty and formerly owned by John Fiddgen. For further particulars apply to the subscribers, executors of the late William Fiddgen, or to James H. Reddin, Solicitor, Cameron Block, Charlottetown.

JOHN F. JOHNSON, F. F. KELLY, Executors.

Jan. 31—1f

North British and Mercantile INSURANCE COMPANY

ASSETS - SEVENTY MILLION DOLLARS.

The strongest Fire Insurance Company in the world.

This Company has done business on the Island for forty years, and is well known for prompt and liberal settlement of its losses.

P. E. I. Agency, Charlottetown.

HYNDMAN & CO. Agents.

Queen St., Dec. 21, 1898.

Wool, Wool, Wool,

Wanted, 15,000 Pounds Washed Wool,

For which we are prepared to pay the highest in Cash, Oxford Tweeds, Ready-made Clothing, or any goods in our store.

Oxford Manufacturing Co

D. A. BRUCE.

WHOLESALE

100 doz. Galvanized Pails

40 tons Barb Wire

20 tons Black do.

10 tons Paris Green

40 tons Bar Iron

8 tons Sheet Iron

15 tons Paints

100 Boxes Glass

100 doz. Shovels

400 doz. Arcade Files

2000 Kegs Cut Nails

1000 Kegs Wire Nails

250 Boxes Horse Nails

250 Kegs Horse Shoes

1000 Rolls Building Paper

Shelf Hardware and Stoves.

Fennell & Chandler.

Choosing a Bicycle!

In choosing a bicycle you must judge by appearances. You must judge by reputation and reliability. If you stop to think you will acknowledge that for years the wheels of reliability have been the

Massey-Harris,

Cleveland, Welland Vale!

Season after season these bicycles have led in improvements that have won the praise and patronage of the general public, and for 1900 with the five-fold facilities of capital and equipment at the disposal of their makers, places them in a sphere of their own.

Material and Construction Guaranteed by the

Canada Motor & Cycle Co., Ltd.

TORONTO, CANADA

MARK WRIGHT & CO., Agents, Charlottetown.

Write for Catalogue.

Bazaar Bookstore!

Formerly F. J. Hornsby,

MORRIS BLOCK

Books, Stationery,

Fancy Goods, Toys,

Wall Paper.

A complete Stock of authorized School Books, Pens, Inks, Paper, Slates, Exercise Books, Scribblers, always on hand.

Lowest prices, prompt attention to customers. Your patronage solicited.