# LS! BELLS!

factors and heap contactly i factors and heap contactly the Beheel House and Plants-corrigiton of Hangings-from the Jeat stock, and the sume process in manufactur-experience of thirty years, improvements, and at ea-ing, enables us to obtain the bining also, in extraordinary

ive been cast and sold from he best videone of their su-cen Gold and Silver medals awarded for the "best Bells ity of tone." We pay parti-ting up Peals or Chimes, and ad by ss. Our establishment and Chimplain Canada, and ry direction, which brings en w York. Cash paid for old avels, Comparese, Transits, le, of superior workmanship, her by snall or otherwise will n

A. MENEELY'S SONS larch, 1855. received and information gi-T. Haszard's Book and Sta

DATS.

AATS. ring been for several years ling Ship, Fishing, and Plea-la, begs leave to retarn thanks t he has hitherto experienced stify his friends and the public ing preparations for a larger ness, and that, for the purpose sons who may favor him with atlemen have kindly consent-i--

rson, of the Steamer ' Rese.'

rson, of the Steamer 'Rese.' an, Charlottetown. n, Tignish. in, Iankeeper, Sammerside. tor, Eag., Kildare. ion, dimensions or build (whe-), delivered in Charlottetown, mptitude. Workmanship and 'the best description. Produce in payment, if desired. CHARLES M'QUARRIE.

7 GOODS. s received, per Brig Attwood, nd other recent arrivale, the lich are offered cheap for Cash. y Goods. y Goods. eas. Jakum. h to 7-8ths, taile, Spikes,

ool Seap, k Candles,

ar, &c. LONGWORTH & YATES.

ttetown, June 17th, 1853. F P. E. ISLAND.

to shew the Electoral District o. T. HASSARD's Book Store Y TO LEND.

Office of CHARLES PALMER, town. AYER'S

# PILLS. E PURPOSES OF A

PHYSIC.

risted a public demand for at if which could be relied on as to in its operation. This has t that demand, and an exten-has conclusively shown with uphots and a setup. The conclusively shown with uphots and a setup. The second setup of the second physical gift, but not carry to physical gift of the second second and irritation of both over way of them produces on much distant to be derived from yours on irritation or pain, a previously existing obstruc-in a bowels. Being purely etter that any medicine should Mutu directions for their menopedity cured by these, we compliant, in its various forms for Languer and Lass of Ap-y returns in the low etter carry a mark since relief in Cos-c, Aprentery, Humors, Serri-divith, surfues a return the other of the blood ; in sheet, any etter bits gift in the state and prompt and since relief in Cos-c, Aprentery, Humors, Serri-divith, with search and the other of the blood ; in sheet, any etter in the state and the other of the Beart, Palmer & Serri-bide. They should be freely of the press, to purify the blood target on the state and the state and return, and restores the signer of the blood, and, by their in the blood and, by their in the state and restores the signer of the blood, and, to the signer of the blood and, by their in the state and restores the signer of the blood and the state and the state of the blood and the state and the state of the blood and the state and the state of the blood and the state and the state of the blood and the state and the state of the blood and the state and the state of the blood and the state and the state and the state of the blood and the state and the st chergizes of the whole organism, al done is advantageous, even derangement exists, but un-noid never be carried too far, medicine roduces the strength, s. The thousand casses in which cannot be enumerated here, but selves to the zeason of avery afdently believed this plit will pose than any thing which has able to mankind. When their rows, the public will no longer to employ when in need of a



## Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Saturday, December 31, 1853.

# Haszard's Gazette.

Established 1823.

ine. One fo Advertises until forbid.

GEORGE T. HASZ IRD, Proprietor and Publishs Published every Wedneiday and Saturday morning Office, South side Queen Square, P. E. Island. T a a ss-Annual Subscription, 15s. Discount for ca

TERMS OF ADVERTISING. For the first inaction, occupying the space of 4 lines, including head, 2a. - 6 lines, 2a. 6d. -9 lines, 3a. -12 lines, 2a. 6d. -18 lines, 4a. -20 lines, 4a. 6d. -20 lines, 5a. 30 lines, 5a. 6d. -36 lines, 6a. - and 2d. for each additional line. One fourth of the above for each continuence. Advectisements seat without limitation, will be continuent

MAILS. THE MALS for the neighbouring Provinces, &c., will be forwarded on and after the 15th December instant via Cape Traverso and Cape Tormenti

Tormentine. They will be made up on that day, and every fel-lewing Friday, at 12 o'clock noon, and a mail for England will be made ap every week at the same time, and forwarded to Halfax. THOMAS OWEN, Postmaster General. General Post Office. Dec. 5, 1853.

Georgetown Mails. THE MAILS for Georgetown sntil farther Notice, will be made up and forwarded every Monday and Friday morning at nine o'clock. THOS: OWEN, Postmaster General. May 2, 1853.



COMMISSARIAT. DRAFTS at sight on the Commissariat Chest at Helifax, will be given in exchange for Britsh Coise, or Mexican Dollars, at par. JAMES B. LUNDY, D. A. C. G. Commissariat, P. E. Island. 22d Nov., 1853.

A CARD. THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Public, generally that he has commenced business as, a

Commission Merchant and Auctioneer. At the corner of Queen & Sydney Streets, and hopes by promptness and punctuality to merit a share of their patronage. ARTEMAS G. SIMMS.

Temperance Hall Company. A T A MEETING of the Directors of the above Company, held in the Temperance Hall, this evening, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted viz:-"Resolving. That the Treasurer (Mr. John W. Morrison) be instructed to take the necessary legal

morrison ) be instructed to take the necessary legal measures for the recovery of all unsettied Subscriptions to the Temperance Hall Company." By Order, J. B. COOPER, Sec'y. Charlottetown, March 17, 1858.

A CARD. A GARLE. THE undersigned having this day entered into *CO-PARTNERSHIP* as GENERAL and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, their Business here-tofore carried on by them individually, will in future be conducted under the Name and Firm of *LONG*-wave neuron of the second seco

be conducted users, in stand and the stand of the stand o June, 16th, 1853. N. B. The AUCTION basiness will at all times receive their best attention.

BOATS. THE Subscriber having been for several years amployed in building Ship, Fishing, and Plea-sure BOATS of all kinds, bega leave to return thanks for the generous support he has hitherto experienced in that line, and to notify his friends and the public to here the he in whither preserving for a leaver possible of execution than his proclamation of the Empire. He proposes, in short, taking the Empress Eugenie to England, for the purpose of introducing her in person to his good friend, ally, and cousin, Queen Victoria! To describe the sensation which a large, that he is making preparations for a larger and more extended basisees, and that, for the purpose of accommodating presens who may favor him with Orders, the following gestlemen have kindly consent-od to set as his America. tt as his Ag

THE EMPRESS EUGENIE. This curious communication comes from the Parisian correspondent of the London "The speculation of the week has all

"The speculation of the week use as been concerning probability (not the possi-bility) of the truth of a most wonderful ru-mour which has been set afloat, and is dis-cussed with as much defence and opposition -a though it were already officially confirmcussed with as much defence and opposition as though it were already officially confirm-ed. The first colouring given to the tale has been bestowed by the non-success of the journey to Compeigne, which was in-tended to rouse the Empress from the state of discouragement and apathy into which she had fallen, and which is beginning to give great uncasiness to those who love her, but which has failed in its object most com-pletely. First of all, the miserable state of the weather, which impresses a deeper

pietely. First of all, the iniserable state of the weather, which impresses a deeper gloom on that country than any other; then the souvenirs which the visit was intended to conjure, instead of producing the tender emotion, the birth of which the place had first borne witness, somehow seemed to awaken sentiments of a totally different na-ture end to increase the melaneable de n'st borne witness, somenow seemed to awaken sentiments of a totally different na-ture, and to increase the melancholy de-pression which has settled like the witches curse upon one who was not so very long ago the gayest being in the world. It seems, indeed, as if the spot were fatal to all mirth. The last visit in dismay, when Edgar Nay received the bullet intended for the Empe-ror, and which has disabled him ever since, and prevented his official attendence at court till the other day, when the tar rush-ing at the horse which bore the confress, tore open the wound scarce healed is yet, and left him more crippled than before. The last event is said to have completed the evil effects of the journey to missing to leave not only the atmosphere of the court, which weighs like lead upon her soil, but to travel out of the very land, has seizd upon the Empress. Even the direction of

upon the Empress. Even the direction her flight, which was once limited with buing desire to Spain and her mother's hou as now become an object of indiffere has now become an object of indifference. North, south, east, or west was said to be all alike to her, provided France be left be-hind. This dream of change has become one sole object of her life, and every other pursuit than that of preparation for depar-ture, has grown utterly distasteful. So far the truth. Now for the suppositions and deductions which have, as usual been ardeductions which have, as usual, been ar

har the truth. Now for the suppositions and deductions which have, as usual, been ar-rayed as realities by the very people from whom they first emanated. The Emperer-in order to dissipate the malady, which has laid such hold upon the very nerve and spirit of his fair young wife, after calcula-ting and weighing in his mind the various advantages to be obtained by a journey abroad, and rejecting the Rhine aud other autumn sojourns, has at last hit upon the most wonderful stroke of policy hitherto in-vented by his hold and fertile brain, finer in its way than the coup d'etal, more auda-cious than the Orleans confiscation, more cunning than the escape from Ham, more self-reliant than the *chauffources* of Strats-burg or Boulogne, and more apparently im-possible of execution than his proclamation

have built fine prison-houses for them-mas-sive and safe! But does that mend the mat-ter-does that cure the disease is vice less productive among us? Ask the records of the courts-ask the daily items of our

the courts—ask the daily items of our newspapers. But blessings upon some wise and good men, who have taken the initiatory steps in this needed reformation. Visit that plague-spot once of the city—the iniquitous Five Points, and see what they are doing there. Blessings upon the silf-sacrificing men and women engaged in that noble cause. They have struck at the rod, and ere many years roll over, we shall behold the healthy flourishing tree. Vice and crime will be banished, and the prison-doors will grow rusty. rusty.

bainshet, and the preductors will grow rusly. Why should we not, therefore, introduce *Temperance* in the school-room—in the pub-lic school—the high school—the academy —the college? Temperance should be as much a study as history or mathematics. There should be books specially prepared for it. The thousand advantages of absti-nence, and the myriad evils following from a contrary course should be fully and clearly set forth. Catechisms should be prepared by comp-tent minds, with simple and easy questions and answers for the very youngest scholars. Physiology, so much taught now, should go hand-in-hand with the study of Temperance. As the pupil advances he snould go hand-in-hand with the study of Temperance. As the pupil advances he could be taught to see how that beautiful piece of mechanism, the human body, be-comes marred and disordered—how insiduously the prison paves the way for death in thonsand forms!

O, there is work to be done here, for the rising generation; a world of work. Who will set about it—who will write the first class book on Temperance? Who will first incorporate the study of it as a brauch of a thorough English education,—Union Ark.

THE MAINE LAW .- A strong effort is being made in Pensylvania to secure, during being made in Pensylvania to secure, during the coming session of the Legislature, the passage of an act similar in its provisions to the celebrated Maine Law. No man, who, honestly expresses his sentiments, can besi-ture to during that the passage of such an act, and its rigid enforcement by the officers of the law would be of vast service in im-proving the morals and manners of thou-service to most useful citizens. In the billadelphia, we are ashamed to say, the during increa-

d drunkenness is fearfully increa-

in the saily manifest to the actual observed of every man, from the enormous number of every man, from the enormous number of every man, from the enormous plate minifrooms in every ward in the city. The most melancholy fact connected with this subject is that the strongest sup-part these places of iniquity receive is from the young men, the very flower of our popu-lation. Go into any of these places and you will find that nine-tenths of the persons haunting them are less than thirty-years of age—a vast mojority not ower twenty. Now this is fearful, and calls alout for restraining measures to check the tide which is thus sweeping the future-hope of the State to de-struction. Whether the Maine Law will accomplish all that its warm friends expect struction. Whether the Maine Law will accomplish all that its warm friends expect we know not, but this we do know, that we go for it, under the strong conviction that no other remedy, has been devised which has called forth such strong opposition from the grogseller, and, therefore, we think this must be the shoe which pinches the toe Fellow Who would discountenance th

attendant maladies. Now there is no re-medy for the evils referred to, but taking advantage of the summer, and enjoying as much bodily exercise and out door recreation as possible. It is quite a mistake to consider the labor of the day as equivalent to exercise. Work of any kind is a mere routine process, carried on with but little variety of circumstances, and a mere change of scene and air are beneficial. To derive the greatest amount of benefit from exercise, it should be combined with amusement, and thus a botanic and rural amusement, and thus a botanic and rural hunt is both pleasurable and recreative. If this important fact was borne in mind by parents, teachers, and employers, much fewer would be the victims to licentiousfewer would be the victims to licentious-ness, drunkenness, and disease. Athletic sports; and out-of-door exercise of every description, are no less conducive to the perfect health of the young of both sexes. Wherever there is a physical depression, there must be a disposition to resort to mental, moral, or injurious physical stimu-lants.—Farmer and Mechanic.

BLESSINGS OF THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC. There are some "facatical individuals" who are continually moaning about the evils of the Liquor Traffic, and are endeavouring to get a law passed to suppress it. Poor infatuated mortals! They would de-prive their fellow-creatures of the privilege of getting drunk! Infamous outrage on the rights of American citizens!-Down with rights of American citizens!-Down with such odious doctrines! Give the people the right to get gloriously drunk when and where they please. Getting drunk helps a man on so rapidly in the world, it renders his family so astonishingly happy, and raises him in the esteem of his fellow-men. Besides, Liquor helps digestion-can't get along without it, unless the "fanaticat" wish to kill off the human family with dyspepsia! Then there are the housewives who know how to serve up rare dishes, are they to be

Then there are the housewives who know how to serve up rare dishes, are they to be deprived of the necessary ingredients to do it? Are the people to be deprived of rich preserves, pies, &c., to please a few fana-tics? No! the Liquor traffic ferever! If people will get drunk constantly, it is no fault of the Liquor Traffic; if they couldn't get drunk perhaps they would do something worse. The Liquor traffic is not to blame for the faults of human nature, and that man is not capable of self-government.

up in its passage, through the system, and thus diffuses a feeling of lightness and cheerfulness over body and mind. Recreation should be taken which will exercise all the muscles. Most of our city employers compet the workers to stand or sit in unnatural positions, using only a few of their muscles, while the others remain comparatively inactive. Tailors, sawyers, shoemakers, watchmakers, and many o-thers, such as cotton spinners, dress-mak-ers, present either awkward movement in limbs or eyes, or are sickly or sallow look-ing. Such parties are commonly affects with indigestion, giddiness, headache, or diarrhea. Merchants, storekcepers, law-yers, writers, &c., pass weeks without ex-ercise in the open air, and when opportu-nity offers, they have lost the inclination. These parties suffer from indigestion, cos-tiveness, cancer of the stowach, and all its attendant maladies. Now there is per-endy for the syle informed to how they be identified. The taste that had been displayed in the dress then upon the part circulation of the blood and all its attendant maladies. Now there is per-medy for the syle informed to how they could not be identified. The taste that had been displayed in the dress then upon the part of the store is percould not be identified. The taste that had been displayed in the dress then upon the body, although much faded, betokened that its now loathsome occupant had not been reared in the dens of filth and infamy. The Coroner was notified; an inquest held, and Potter's Field now numbers among its inmates the once, doubtless, loved and lov-ing-Unknown."-America's Own.

ONE KISS BEFORE PARTING.—A lady of fashion (the well known Marchioness of Finsbury) had been loitering for nearly an hour in a fashionable music-shop. She had purchased a copy of nearly every piece of music that had a sentimental tale. She had sent into her carriage a whole canter ury full of "Love" going through every mood of the feeling, past, present, or future, and was following their example, when she paused upon the step, as if meditating whether she would take it, or some other whether she would take it, or some other step that was evidently turning itself over mind. The shopman who had been some-what moved by the tender tone of voice in which she had asked him, "Wilt thou have me then as now?" watched her with anxiety that betrayed itself to plainly in the adjustment of his shirt-collar, and the ar-rangement of his hair. Suddenly the Marchioness seemed resolved. As with one bound she cleared the pavement and, breathbound she created the pavement and, breath-less pale, her auburn ringlets fluttering in the wind, stood once before the admiring shopman: "I had nearly forgotten" she said, in a voice that seemed to veil her blushing words--- "Dear! dear! I cannot tell where words—" Dear! dear! I cannot tell where my head is to-day. I have come back to ask you if by chance—"" Here she pansed, as if to take new courage, whilst the trembling shopman poised his two thumbs elegantly on the mahogany counter, and leant his body inquiringly for-ward. "You can give me one kiss before parting!" "Ma-a-a-a-d-a-m!" exclaimed the astonished shopman. "I want you," repeated the Marchioness, "to let me have one kiss before parting, if you nlease" one kiss before parting, if you please." She raised her beautiful blue eyes full upon his. Springing over the counter, he seized hold of the Marchionese's fair form, and, hold of the cuarchiness s ist norm, and, then and there, gave the kiss so earnestly begged for. To his great astonishment, the only return the Marchiness made was to give him a tremenduous box on the ear. This was followed by a volley of blows dealt by her parasol over his head, that never ter-minated till the police came into the shop.

The affair was carried to Bow S

LEPARED BY S C. AYER. Practical Chemist, WELL, MASS. or Box. Five Boxes for \$1. SOLD BY T. DESBRISAY, & Co.,

General Agen And by Russ. Owns, Georgetown, Ann Nurnanan, St. Pater's B Franzen, St. Eleanor's Boar, Grand River, In Board, Eleanor's L. Housars, J. Housars, Bellens, **General Agency**  ed to a

Boats of any description, dimensions or build (whe-ther Clinker or Carvel), delivered in Charlottetown, er Clinker or Carvel), delivered in Charlottelowa, elsewhere, with promptitude. Workmanship and aterials warranted of the best description. Produce cattle will be taken in payment, if desired. CHARLES M-QUARRIE.

BELLS! BELLS! BELLS!

Additates : BELLES : BELLES : THE solventrem nanufactury and keep constantly on hand, all sizes of Church, Factory, Steam-bort, Ferry, Locomotive, School House and Planta-tion Bells, with the set description of Hanging. These Bells are made from the čest stock, and the mail aires and ergo the sime process in manifactur-ing as Church Bells. An experience of thirty years, within a great many recent improvements, and an en-tiraly noise method of easting embles us to obtain the most methodized to easting embles us to obtain the most method of casting endies us to obtain the most method of casting endies us to obtain the most method of casting endies us to obtain the

mote meleditous tous, combining also, in extraordinary instance. The second se

Board Picken UP on the 21st October last, between Big Meminegash and Horas Pond. The owner can have the same by proving property and pying aspenses, by applying to ROBERT M\*INNIS. Big Meminegash, Dec. 36th, 1833.

the announcement has created in certain re-unions would be utterly impossible. No one pauses to examine into its truth, so ne away are we all by the agit

excitement of the moment, and the loudes discussions are carried on at every cafe and discussions are carried on at credy cars and reading room concerning the effect this ex-traordinary measure will produce, before it is even certain that the thing has ever been contemplated. Above all, the indignation with which the rumour has been received

by the English is the most amusing to wit-ness. They cannot realise the idea of a ness. They cannot realise the idea of a visit of this nature, and designate the step as one more extraordinary than any which has been taken yet."

### TEMPERANCE A PART OF EDUCATION

ion an

There are vast sums of money expended, aud a great waste of time and labor, in hopeless efforts to reclaim the confirmed inebriate—the thousands who have become fixed in their drinking habits—who have grown great in the use of subset exists

incluint of the thousands who have become fired in their drinking habits—who have grown grey in the use of ardent spirits. They tell you, they cannot do without it— that their toddy or their wine is as essential to them as their bread or their beef. Now there is some truth in this plea; experience every day confirms it. Need we wonder at the feeble headway the cause of the wrong end—we are working downwards, also, to little purpose. The disease lies at the wrong end—we are working downwards, also, to little purpose. The disease lies at the root of the tree, and vain is it to lop off the branches. It is the same with crime. What a harvest is growing up in the children of the uncared for poor—the denizens of the dock, and the market-house, the little pil-ferers that swarm like flies about the busy mart of commerce? In a few years behold the market house-breaker—the assessin of our midnight walks! O, yes, we

citizens, vote for it, and work for it!-

### PHYSICAL RECREATION.

PHYSICAL RECREATION. Bodily exercise is one of the most impor-tant means provided by nature for the maintainance of health, and in order to prove the advantages of exercise, we shall show what should be exercised, and the modes by which it may be adopted. The human body is in a reality a machine, the various parts of which are beautifully adapted to each so that if one suffers all

adapted to each so that if one suffers all nust suffer. The bones and muscles are the parts on which motion most depends. There are 400 muscles in the body, each performing a specific duty.—They assist the tendons in keeping the bones in their places and put them into motion. Whether performing a specific duty.—They assist the tendons in keeping the bones in their places and put them into motion. Whither we run, walk or sit, or stoop, bend the head, arm or leg, or chew food, we may be said to open or shut a number of hingsa, or ball and socket joints. It is a provision of nature that, to a certain extent, the more the muscles are exercised, the stronger do they become; hence mechanics, laborers, farmers and others, are stronger and more muscular than those whose lives are passed in easy, light, and professional duties. Be-sides strengthening the limbs, muscular ex-ercise has a most beneficial influence on the circulation of the blood and on respira-ion. The larger blood vessels are gener-ally placed deep among the muscles, con-sequently when the latter are put into mo-tion, the blood is driven through the arte-ries and the verses with greater rapidity than when there is no exercise; it is more completely purified, as the action of the in-sensible perspiration is promoted, which relieves the blood of many matters taken

Traffic after reading the following? No same person would wish to denvise sane person would wish to deprive mortals of such luxury, or put the stuff that reduces our fellow-creatures to such a state beyond their reach! It is related in the Daily Times, the place described is the locality of Five Points.

"During one of the oppressively warm days which we have endured of late, the days which we have ensured of mee, in narrator was called to visit one of the dila-pidated and filthy habitations of Cow Buy. He was informed that a corpse lay unshroud-ed in one of the upper rooms, and straightway proceeded to ascertain whether such was the case. The story was true, and the scene before him was such as to shock every human sensibility. The writer has witnessed the mangled bodies of the living and the dead, mingling, a homogenous mass, with broken cars and shattered mass, with broken cars and shattered engines; has seen the writhings of the mortally scalded victims of the steam-boiler explosions again and again; has viewed, day after day, the scores of the dead that hay so long in an advanced state of decom-position on the river's shore at Yonkers, thet the burning of the states of the states.

thy so long in an advanced state of decom-position on the river's shore at Yonkers, after the burning of the steamer Henry Clay,—but never has he witnessed, in a single scene, such to sickening in all its variety as that which presented itself to the gentleman who gave us the description. "The building is five stores in height, and its crumbling walls, green from the accumulation of noxious "apours, surround-ed near one hundred miserable creatures of orime and starvation.—The room in which the copye lay is about twelve feet square, and it it wenty wretches, white and black, reside. The effluvia that filled the roos when our narrator entered, was most intolerable. The body had been

was soon dismissed, upon it being expla that "One Kiss before Parting" was was the title of a song, which the unsophisticated shopman, blissfully green from his native fields had never heard of before. It was a favorite joke with the old Duke to ask the Marchioness whenever she was at the piano if she would mind giving just "One before Parting."

# A WATCH STOLEN BY A RAT .- One night

last week the overseer of a farm , Huntly laid his watch on a table in his sleeping apartment, previous to going to bed. Towards morning he was aroused by a crash of something that had fallen, and a rattling sound, as of something being dragged along the floor. He immediately got up, and found his watch was gone. He lost no time in pursuing the thief, following the direction of the sound, when he came upon the watch at the mouth of the rat's hole, into which the rat had entered, taking with him the whole of the guard chain, and Huntly laid his watch on a table in his hole, into which the rat had entered, taking with him the whole of the guard chain, and was only prevented from taking in the watch by the case springing open from the fall, which made it require more room then the hole would admit of. As it was, the rat did not seem disposed to lose his prize, but kept a firm hold of the guard when the owner tried to mult form his to pull it from his

"Ned, who is the girl I anw you walk-ing with?" "Miss Hogg." "Hogg, Hogg —well she's to be pitted for having such a name." "So I think," rejoined Ned. "I pitted her so much, that I offered her mine, and she's going to take it presently. He that loses his conscience has nothing left worth keeping. Satan, as a master, is bad; his work much worse; his wages worst of all.