

CONFERENCE ON THE BIBLE

Was Opened in the Gospel Tabernacle Yesterday.

Dr. Gaebelein on the Second Coming of Christ.

The Meetings Will Continue Until Thursday Evening.

The opening of a five days' Bible conference was held yesterday in Gospel Tabernacle. The programme for those days is an extensive one, and it is expected that the church will be filled for every service. The speakers for the conference are Rev. Dr. A. T. Pierson and Dr. Arno Gaebelein, of New York. Both gentlemen are fluent speakers, and their addresses on Bible study are very interesting.

Yesterday morning a special prayer meeting was conducted by Rev. P. W. Philpott. At the 11 o'clock service Dr. Pierson gave a splendid sermon to a congregation that filled the large auditorium.

A union meeting was held in the afternoon, at which Dr. Pierson and Dr. Gaebelein were the speakers. Rev. Mr. Philpott had charge of the meeting, and opened the services with the singing of several appropriate hymns. This was followed by an address by Dr. Gaebelein. The subject was "The Absolute Necessity of Christ's Second and Visible Coming." The reverend gentleman quoted several passages of scripture to prove that Jesus is surely coming to this world again. Dr. Gaebelein said that Jesus had made three appearances. The first was His coming into the world to die on the cross, to do the work of God. The second, His appearance before God after the crucifixion. This, of course, was not seen by human eyes, but those who are God's people know and believe that such a meeting took place. The third will be His second coming on earth. This time he will come in all the power and majesty of God.

Dr. Gaebelein stated there were many passages in the Bible to which he had not time to refer, which spoke of the second coming of Jesus, and taking the Bible as the proper authority, every one should believe that Jesus is coming, as a fact. The speaker said that the people of this world should live godly and righteous lives in anticipation of Christ's second coming. The doctrine of the coming of Jesus is one of the great doctrines in the Bible, and there is no one who could believe that the Bible says, and not refuse to believe this one doctrine.

The Old Testament prophets in reality demand the second coming of Jesus to prove the worth of their statements. Every Christian who reads the Bible knows how accurately the prophets have predicted the second coming of Jesus, in glory. But to come in glory must not be misunderstood. It is to be a spiritual glory, not that of the pomp and ceremony of the kings of this world.

One reason why Jesus was coming is the fact that many men refuse to believe that He will appear. He will appear to them that they are wrong. When He comes there will not only be the exaltation of the living word of God, but the written word of God as revealed in the teachings of the Bible. Then, again, the words of Jesus Himself demand that He return to vindicate His position. Again and again Jesus made the confession that He was coming again to restore peace to this world.

In the New Testament the Holy Spirit emphasizes the second coming of Jesus Christ. One must remember that the teachings of the New Testament are very clear regarding the resurrection. It emphatically says that there can be no resurrection until Jesus comes again; and we are waiting for the redemption of our bodies by the Master.

Satan has come to the present generation, and controls the country. He is the ruler of the present day. The world has tried legislation and education to down him, and has not succeeded, leaving the people of to-day in a worse position than ever before. This earth is going to keep the curse it received from the fall of Adam, until Jesus comes and creates a new universe for His people.

The speaker said it made him shudder at the manner in which men take the name of Jesus Christ in their vile mouths. In every way, politically, socially or in business, the devil is for Jesus and His cleansing power.

Rev. Mr. Philpott then led in the singing of a couple of hearty hymns, which were followed by an address by Dr. Pierson. His topic was, "The Coming of Christ, the Hope of the Church, and the Hope of the World." The reverend doctor said he agreed perfectly with what Dr. Gaebelein has spoken of the second coming of Jesus Christ, and he sincerely wished that many could grasp the opportunities that are being presented each day to join the church of God and become members of Jesus.

He said, "It will not be in a spirit of revenge, but that of vengeance, which will rightly judge the people for their actions. The speaker characterized vengeance as 'governmental and holy.' The people of this world are not to be guilty of revenge, but to stand aside and let God deal out vengeance at the proper time. Every epistle in the New Testament makes some reference to the second coming of Jesus, and it is a rather notable fact that although spoken of so many times in the Bible, the description of Christ's coming is different in its construction and meaning. As man is made of dust, the same as the earth, so it is that everything pertaining to man has felt the force of his fall, since the beginning of the world. Another transformation must therefore take place before man can be restored to his proper place. Dr. Pierson believed that plagues, pests, insects and the like were a part of the curse that has fallen on the earth. It will be noticed, the speaker said, that all the earth speaks in a minor key, as if it were burdened with some great oppression, and is awaiting the great deliverance, to sing its song in a major key.

Jesus is to come to the world first, and the resurrection of his saints is to follow, every man in his order, and the body of man, which has long been steeped in sin, will be glorified. The reference made in both the Old and the New Testament go to prove that the judgment cannot be avoided. And when that day comes, the child of God will reap the reward of glory, for Jesus will gather together his saints with Him to be glorified ever more. Imagination cannot picture for a man what a great and magnificent gathering it will be on the last day. One does not want the memory of his or her sins to be blotted out,

The Daily Fashion Hint.



Walking hat of rana with scarf of dull green silk and two long quills.

as it would spoil the gratification of a glorified existence. Whatever is given to the Lord during one's life time, will be paid back by God, probably not all during life, but it will surely be received to an infinitely greater extent when Christ comes again. Jesus will call the seions of His nobility when that time arrives, to be presented to the Father. No blemish or impurity will be on those who desire the favor of the Master. The second coming will bring with it the resurrection of the body and the reconstruction of the whole life of the world. The reward of the faithful will be that of everlasting blessedness. The earth will be raised out of its chaotic rottenness and idleness, to a position worthy of a place in God's esteem. Satan is using the greatest of modern inventions to defeat the purpose of the Master, but his end will be an untimely one.

The meeting closed with singing of a hymn.

In the evening Dr. Gaebelein spoke to an audience that completely filled the large auditorium.

This afternoon Dr. Gaebelein gave another address on "The Epistle to the Galatians." This evening Dr. Pierson will speak on the "Bible as God's Book." On Tuesday afternoon Dr. Gaebelein will continue his talk on the epistle to the Galatians, and in the evening Dr. Pierson will speak on the "Bible as God's Book." Wednesday afternoon Dr. Gaebelein will speak on the "Epistle to the Hebrews," and in the evening he will deliver an address on the Jewish question.

Thursday, the closing day, will be marked by two addresses by Dr. Pierson, in the afternoon on "The Bible and the Problem of Prayer," and in the evening "The Bible, the Mystery of History."

Rev. Mr. Gaebelein and Dr. Pierson also preached in Knox Church yesterday.

FOUR ORDAINED AT CATHEDRAL.

IMPERIAL SERVICE AT CHRIST'S CHURCH YESTERDAY.

Candidates Presented by Rev. Canon Sutherland, Sub-Dean, and Ordained by His Lordship, Bishop DuMoulin.

Yesterday morning three deacons and one priest were ordained by His Lordship Bishop DuMoulin in Christ's Church Cathedral before a large congregation. Charles H. F. Smith, Niagara Falls, was ordained priest of the Anglican Church. Gerald C. Potts, B. A., Trinity College, deacon at Christ's Church Cathedral; Chauncey E. Snowdon, Colorado, and Arthur D. Castor, St. Stephen's Church, were ordained as deacons. The service was most impressive. The candidates were presented to the Bishop by Rev. Canon Sutherland, examiner of the district, and Mr. Potts read the gospel on behalf of his fellow candidates and himself. Bishop DuMoulin addressed the candidates in an earnest manner. "My sons," he said, "you will meet with difficulties and disappointments in the good work you have set out to do, but you must always depend on God and look to Him to solve all your difficulties. When dangers and difficulties beset you, trust in Him, and it will not be misplaced. He will guide you through the path of life in the manner in which we are taught it is right to tread."

His address to the candidates was short and to the point, and contained much good advice. He told the four men that they would have not only to fight their own battles, but the battles of many. They would be called on not only to stand forward as their own interpreters of the word of God, but as the leaders of others. The Bishop's address was a heart to heart talk, and it left a deep impression on his hearers. After the address communion was dispensed to the candidates, their relatives and immediate friends.

The four men were examined by Canon Sutherland last week, and passed their test in the best manner. All give promise of being stalwart men of God to spread the gospel and the light.

Neat and Modest.

"Saw something neat and modest in a spring hat to-day."

"What was it like?"

"It was a fine one. It consisted of 67,000 tips snipped from feather dusters, a few of tin cans all around and an electric line curtain effect at the back."

AMUSEMENTS

Probably the announcement of the return engagement of "The Lion and the Mouse" has created more stir among the theatre patrons than any other dramatic offering in many seasons. It has run uninterruptedly in New York for three years. This is a new record in theatrical annals by being the only play to run through the summer season in New York without a single break.

It is perhaps true that "The Lion and the Mouse" which is the most discussed play in America today. In clubs, drawing rooms, street cars and especially in commercial circles the Klein piece is talked of again and again.

Undoubtedly this has proven to be one of the factors in its phenomenal success for every one seems desirous of witnessing this powerful play of American life. Mr. Klein has taken as the theme of his story one of the modern money barons who in his attempt to amass a fortune beyond anything known in the world, tramples all conscience and honesty under his golden heel to accomplish his ends, and because a judge of the Supreme Court hands down decisions diametrically opposed to his interests he forthwith has him removed, and the highest office in the United States is made a plaything by this modern octopus. While the theme is serious in aspect it is said to be full of brilliancy, wit and humor.

The play will be presented at the Grand on Saturday. The sale of seats opens on Thursday.

Geo. Fox's Recital.

Special arrangements have been made to accommodate music students at a concert by George Fox, Jessie Allen, and Cyril Dwight-Edwards, on May 14th, Conservatory Music Hall. Those presenting term cards at Nordheimer's may obtain seats in the last five rows at half price, as it is felt that this excellent concert should be within the reach of all students of music. This will be Miss Allen's first appearance before a Hamilton audience, and she should be accorded a warm reception, being a daughter of Rev. James Allen, formerly pastor of Centenary Methodist Church, in this city.

Rifle Shooting.

Militia Council to Offer a Prize to Rifle Associations.

(Special Despatch to the Times.)

Ottawa, May 11.—With a view to greater encouragement of rifle shooting among members of Canadian Rifle Associations, the Militia Council will offer an individual prize to be known as the "Dominion of Canada Salver" to each gazetted and efficient association for competition during the season of 1908. Prize is a nickel silver ornamental salver, bearing the Canadian coat-of-arms, competitors must be members of the association they represent prior to June 1st and the salver for each association will be awarded the competitor who makes the highest aggregate score for regular seasons shooting at all ranges fixed by rules governing competition.

GARTH STREET MISSION.

The service last evening in Zion Mission, Garth street, was conducted by Rev. R. R. Rowe. The hall was quite full, and the singing hearty and general.

Under the direction of a band of workers from Zion Tabernacle. The preacher took for his theme the story of the Philippians jailer, in asking the important question, "What must I do to be saved?" He showed the importance of this question during the time of shipwreck, or when a building is on fire with the inmates inside, and how much more important in the light of coming dissolution and eternal destiny.

A company of little girls sang a charming chorus.

The newly organized Toronto Master Plumbers' Association have come to terms with the men who struck a year ago. The men go back on the old terms, 27 1/2 cents per hour, for a year and an increase then to 40 cents.

TRAGEDIES AT LAPORTE.

Trying to Connect Lamphere With One of the Murders.

Six Months Old Baby Said to Have Been a Victim.

Laporte, Ind., May 11.—Picking up the shreds of the evidence tending to connect Ray Lamphere with the deaths of Mrs. Gunness and her three children and perhaps also of Andrew Helgelein, is the main purpose of the authorities here to-day. Whether search for more bodies will be prosecuted has not been finally determined, Sheriff Smutzer indicating yesterday that further excavating may be postponed until to-morrow. The sheriff has found difficulty in carrying on this work, because of the morbidly curious persons who have flocked to the place where the ten corpses were discovered last week. On Friday the excavating in the barnyard was hindered and Saturday it was halted by the crowds. It is expected, however, that the number of visitors will be lessened to-day, some 15,000 persons having inspected the grounds yesterday and presuming satisfied their curiosity.

The grand jury was to have met to-day to consider Lamphere's case, but this procedure has been postponed for a week. Experts who were called into the affair by Sheriff Smutzer advised this course, although Prosecuting Attorney Smith had announced that he was ready to go into court with the evidence at hand. Since then the case has been strengthened by the discovery of Lamphere's trunk, containing several letters, which are said to establish his participation in the murder of Helgelein and by the information extracted from a number of persons who were intimate enough with the prisoner to learn from him much concerning his relations with Mrs. Gunness.

If the sifting and sluicing of the ashes in the cellar of the home results in the discovery of more evidence it is likely that the case will be pushed toward a conclusion rapidly. Prosecutor Smith is anxious to bring Lamphere before a jury during the term of court which opens to-day, and will endeavor to clear the docket of several minor cases already scheduled.

The attitude of the defence has not yet been decided. The criminal received stringent orders from his attorneys not to discuss the charges against him, and the attorneys have not committed themselves to any particular line of action. They have been free in announcing theories to account for Lamphere's conduct, and following his arrest, and have also said they established evidence which they say establishes the fact that Mrs. Gunness, and not Lamphere, set fire to the house.

The adult headless corpse found with the blackened bodies of the children was, the southern coroner stated, the chief evidence against the theory that the head was severed by Mrs. Gunness in order that it might be thought that the body was hers. Thus far, however, efforts to substantiate the announcements having been failed, several persons having expressed their opinion that the body was hers. The four physicians who performed post mortem examinations on the corpses do not bear out the contents of the defence. It is thought, however, Lamphere's attorneys have been successful in making the point upon which they will rely, endeavoring meanwhile to swing public opinion in favor of the prisoner.

Political and business friends of Lamphere's attorney have been busy discussing the case whenever opportunity offered. The argument being mainly that Mrs. Gunness was too shrewd a woman to be caught in a fire, and that she must have therefore escaped.

Rigid Investigation.

Laporte, Ind., May 11.—Lemuel Darrow, Mayor of Laporte, after a conference with prominent citizens last night, declared that the investigation into the Gunness murder mystery will be pushed with great vigor.

"Up to the present time," said the Mayor, "there has been only a lukewarm inquiry into the amazing case. 'By this time all the lakes in the vicinity of the Gunness farm should have been dragged. The pond back of the graveyard has not yet been investigated. It will be. Clear Lake and Fish Trap Lake, both west of the farm, will be dragged. I suspect that more tragedies will be discovered.'"

Information obtained to-night seems to add one more to the list of murders committed by Mrs. Bell Gunness. This time the victim is a six-month-old baby. When the Gunnesses came to Laporte in the summer of 1902, they brought with them an infant, always supposed to have been their own. In November of the same year the child died, and was buried in the cemetery. It had all the symptoms of death from pneumonia, and that was the cause that I gave in the death certificate. Oedema of the lungs means that the lungs have become filled with serum or some other throat discharge and that the patient died of pneumonia. It is not at all an uncommon cause of death in infants. But in the light of what we know of Mrs. Gunness to-day there is no doubt in my mind that the strangled or suffocated child died."

Dr. Martin told a correspondent that one day in November, 1902, Mrs. Gunness sent for him to come to see the baby.

"Responded," he said, "and found that while there was some indication of slight bronchial troubles, there was no symptom of any serious illness. The second day after that I was called to the Gunness place. I drove out there and found the child dead. It had all the symptoms of death from pneumonia of the lungs, and that was the cause that I gave in the death certificate. Oedema of the lungs means that the lungs have become filled with serum or some other throat discharge and that the patient died of pneumonia. It is not at all an uncommon cause of death in infants. But in the light of what we know of Mrs. Gunness to-day there is no doubt in my mind that the strangled or suffocated child died."

Dr. Martin is one of those who believe that Belle Gunness is still alive and that the woman's body found in the ruins of her burned home is that of still one more victim of her lust for blood.

"Wasn't she running all around town like a wet hen the day before the fire," he demanded, "complaining of Lamphere, her ex-paramour, having her will made and saying she feared for her life?"

Had Scar on Chest.

Chicago, May 11.—John Larson, of Chicago, a nephew of Mrs. Gunness, expects to go to Laporte to-day or to-morrow to see if he can establish beyond doubt whether Mrs. Gunness perished in the flames of her home.

"Mrs. Gunness received an injury some years ago," said Mr. Larson last night,

The Right House

"HAMILTON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE"

\$15.00 and \$15.50 Ostermoor Mattresses on sale at \$12.88

THE world's best mattress—genuine \$15.00 and \$15.50 Ostermoor's at \$12.88 each. A sale without a parallel. These famous mattresses are sold the world over at \$15.00 for one-piece and \$15.50 for two-piece styles. Sale started to-day and continues all the week—your choice at \$12.88.

You save \$2.12 to \$2.62

OSTERMOOR'S are absolutely the most elastic Mattresses possible to be obtained. They are purer, sweeter and cleaner than any other Mattress the whole world over. They will never mat or pack, become uneven or lumpy and never wear out. They are absolutely non-absorbent and proof against vermin or anything unclean or impure.

If you would know the true luxury of sleep, buy an Ostermoor and your ease and comfort will be assured.

Standard 4-inch borders; double stitched edges and best A. C. A. blue and white or linen and white fancy tickings. Full double bed sizes. Our regular \$15 and \$15.50 lines. On sale Monday and following days, as a demonstration of Right House value-giving power at only **\$12.88**

Big reduction sale of carpets, curtains, rugs and draperies

THE greatest sale of the season, presenting a golden saving opportunity just at the commencement of needtime. A sale involving great varieties of carpets, rugs, linoleums, lace curtains, draperies, upholstery materials, comforters, etc., all at absolute reductions from our regular special value prices. It is your greatest money-saving chance of the year to buy Housefurnishings at reduced prices. No better time to refurbish than now, during this general reduction sale—the biggest and best of the season. Will you share in the savings? The sale will continue this week. Here are just hints of a few of the bargains—A visit is necessary to realize the importance of the savings.

Swiss curtains are reduced

\$2.08, were \$2.88 \$3.88, were \$5.00
\$2.98, were \$3.69 \$4.98, were \$7.00

Princess curtains reduced

\$4.88, were \$7.50 \$9.88, were \$14.50
\$7.88, were \$10.00 \$12.50, were \$17.50

Point d'Arabe curtains

\$6.29, were \$7.50 \$11.29, were \$13.75
\$8.39, were \$10.50 \$11.88, were \$15.00
\$10.63, were \$13.00 \$14.88, were \$20.00

Antique curtains reduced

\$2.08, were \$3.50 \$5.19, were \$5.88
\$3.69, were \$4.29 \$6.88, were \$8.00

Duchesse curtains reduced

\$8.19, were \$10.00 \$10.88, were \$13.50
\$9.88, were \$10.50 \$12.39, were \$14.50

Lace curtains reduced

\$1.00, were \$1.25 \$1.59, were \$2.50

\$1.65 Wilton and Axminster Carpets \$1.23

\$1.15 Hardwearing Brussels Carpets at 89c

80c to 95c All-Wool Carpets at 69c the yard

CORNER KING EAST AND HUGHSON STS. THOMAS C. WATKINS HAMILTON, ONTARIO

and the scar yet remains. It stretches across the chest from left to right, in all about eight inches in length.

"When mother and I went to Laporte at the time of the fire, coming to the confusion we did not look for the scar on my aunt's body, although mother knew it was there. The scar I know positively well is on the body of Mrs. Gunness, and if the one in the undertaker's care at Laporte, which is believed to be the body of Mrs. Gunness, has a scar on the chest, there is no doubt but what it is her body."

PARADISE FOR QUACKS.

Free Play in Sale of Patent Medicine in England.

Great Britain is the happy hunting ground of the medical quack, if one can believe a member of the Chemists' Association of London. He is quoted in Derrick's British Report as saying that two years ago the annual sale of proprietary medicines in Great Britain amounted to \$2,000,000.

In the United States and in most European countries some legislation either exists or has been attempted to limit or to stop the traffic in secret remedies. In England, based on the principle of non-interference, absolute free play is given to it. It has been found expedient for the safety of the public to regulate the sale of poisons, but patent medicines, curiously enough, were exempt from the provisions of the law, a privilege which they enjoy together with legally qualified practitioners.

In most countries the dealing in medicine, drugs and chemicals is reserved only to persons qualified by training, studies and examination—that is, to pharmacists. In England, by a curious misunderstanding of the functions of a pharmacist, he is recognized by law merely as a "poison seller," and any one who places any supply of the public with medicines the identity or purity or therapeutic value of which he may be absolutely ignorant, and by the simple device of packing them as a medicine and keeping the composition secret he is able, by means of advertisement, to substitute himself for competent and qualified medical and pharmaceutical service.

"I seldom make a mistake," said the man as he placed the lighted end of his cigar in his mouth.

"But when I do," he continued, "I rectify it immediately."

And he reversed the cigar and went on with his conversation.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Heaven a strong by forgiving it.—Lancet in Greece.

What the Chinese Do For Hawaii.

Wherever there is a field of rice or any size, several water buffaloes are to be found. Their owners take excellent care of them, and are usually proud of their condition. On one plantation I found a stable in which six of these animals were feeding. The buffaloes, whose chief delight is wading through mud, seem to have an instinctive dislike for the white man, and often refuse to work under their control, and in one or two instances white men have been obliged to seek safety in flight from the rebellious disposition of these beasts. They seem to understand the Chinese language, and know instantly when Chinese men are grunting the wims and under their guidance are perfectly gentle and obedient to every command. I saw an example of their antipathy for our race when a Chinaman allowed a white boy to make an attempt to drive one of his animals. The buffalo at first refused to move, and then, stamping his feet, he started off in the wrong direction and was wholly unmanageable.

A few moments later his master took up the reins, and he became as docile as a pet dog. These animals are healthy and strong, and one working well beats the plough is worth two hundred dollars.

Birds are a pest in rice culture, and all sorts of means are adopted to keep them off the fields. A Chinaman's idea of a scarecrow is a pole with a white flag on the top, and hundreds of these are planted in the fields. Another mode of getting rid of these pests is by beating on tin cans to frighten them away, and often men will shoot and eat them out of sheer revenge. The grasshopper is also an enemy to be dealt with, and attacks the crop while it is yet in flower. Every plantation has a large, concrete floor in the open air, on which to dry the crop. After threshing the rice from the straw, it is gathered into rows and dried while still in the hull, and here the water buffalo is used again, by being hitched to a wooden shovel and driven about the floor until the rice is piled up ready for bagging.

At least five thousand Chinese are employed in the production of rice in Hawaii. They also control the taro patches from which poi, the principal Hawaiian food, is made. Many Chinese are engaged in raising ducks, while the sole occupation of others is the raising of chickens. As eggs retail from twenty-five to sixty cents per dozen, and live chickens from ten to twelve dollars per dozen, this business should be profitable; but there is sometimes considerable loss due to the ravages of a peculiar tropical disease, which is fatal to young chickens. The Chinese produce practically all of the vegetables grown on the islands and sell them from door to door.

The Chinese are, by far, the best workers in the cane fields, are quiet and peaceable in manner and attentive to duty, giving the overseers little or no trouble. Less than two thousand, however, are to be found on the sugar plantations at present, as the Chinese exclusion act settled coolie immigration. A number of the "native born" have become photographers and are employed by Americans. A professional man of Honolulu told me that his secretary, a Chinese youth whom he paid thirty-five dollars per month, was "simply perfect."

Mrs. C. R. Miller in Leslie's Weekly.

Patience, indeed.

"Have you much patience?" asked St. Peter.

"Patience!" echoed the Chicago man.

"Why, I have stood behind a woman in one of those umbrella hats while she fumbled for a nickel on the platform of a pay-as-you-enter car."

"Enough! Enter, my son."—Chicago News.