

The Chatham Daily Planet.

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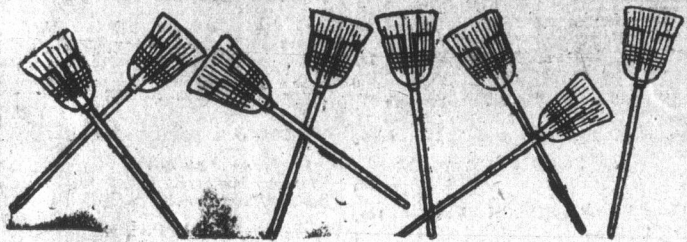
NO. 155

Clean Sweep Sale

CLEAN SWEEP SALE

Clean Sweep Sale

Brooms and Bargaies—that's what we've offering in this great ten days' sale. Best quality broom with the patent spring frame attachment given Free with every purchase of \$5.00 and over. Special reduced prices rule all through the store that will make the first week of July selling a record breaker. Come and see. Saturday was the third day of the sale—don't let the ten slip around without paying us a visit.



Have a Broom?—Nothing to Pay

25c ladies' fine white
Cloth Vests for
15c.

HALF PRICE SALE
—OR—
TRIMMED MILLINERY

25c ladies' laundred
hem-stitched white linen
collars for
14c

\$1.00 shot louisiane silks, the latest silk
for suits and waists, in the most desirable
colors, on sale for
73c

50c men's extra fine French balbrigan
undershirts and drawers, on sale for
43c

30c fine bleached sheet-
ing, 2 1/2 yard wide, on
sale for
22c

HALF PRICE SALE
—OR—
Handsome Belt Buckles

25 pieces plain and
fancy neck ribbons, wide
widths, worth up to 25c
for
12 1/2c

40 in. wide all-wool dress goods in such
desirable shades as navy, brown, black
and myrtle, a pretty new weave, just to
hand, regular price 40c a yd., for
25c

Ladies' black cotton hose, hermsdorf
dye, guaranteed absolutely fast colors,
size 8 1/2, 9, 9 1/2, full fashioned, extra
quality at 20c a pair, on sale for
14c

THOS. STONE & SON

WALL PAPERS.

"MEATS THAT SATISFY"

Unexpected Guests to Tea?

With Laing's Canned Meats in the pantry, you can never be taken unprepared. 40 different kinds—made ready for the table at a moment's notice.

Laing's Canned Meats

save a hostess from embarrassment—enable her to plan the daintiest of luncheons and teas—and lend the spice of variety to every-day meals.

Your grocer should have

Laing's Potted Meats,
Cambridge Sausage,
Corned Beef and the
rest. Let us know
if he has not.

The Laing Packing & Provision
Company Limited, Montreal



LADIES JAP-A-LAC

Registered
"WEARS LIKE IRON"

WESTMAN BROS.

Have a Big Stock of

JAP-A-LAC

In all colors. Call and
get a FREE SAMPLE.

WESTMAN BROS.

Big Hardware

NOW IS THE TIME TO ADVERTISE

THE END OF AUTONOMY

Government Designs the Third
Readings For Wednesday.

House Had Its Working Clothes On
and Put Through Much Overhanging
Work on Monday—Old Matters Well
Cleaned Up—The J. J. Hill Railway
Bill Put Through Last Jumps and
Stands for Third Reading.

Ottawa, July 4.—Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick, before the adjournment of the House last night, said it was the intention of the Government to take up the Saskatchewan bill in committee to day and get it possible, to the second reading. Then on Wednesday it was decided to bring each bill on for the third reading, and on that day dispose of the autonomy bills.

The House, in truth, had its working clothes on yesterday. The hot weather has apparently made everyone from the Premier down to the much-bemused veteran doorkeeper anxious to get away.

Many of the outstanding estimate items were polished off and the slate swept comparatively clean of old matters. The menu dished up consisted of private bills, public bills and estimates. For an hour and a half the chamber of the Commons resembled the Railway Committee after a red-hot sitting.

Stands For Third Reading.
The railway bill that has caused so much stir in committee this session, and which has been provocative of some very plain speaking, was put over the last jumps and new stands for the third reading.

Messrs. Borden and Foster were both absent, and Mr. Barker said he understood that as Mr. Foster wished to have an amendment but could not possibly be on hand to-day, that an arrangement had been arrived at between the members of the Government to defer the bill. Sir Wilfrid said that no such arrangement had been made and insisted that the bill be proceeded with.

Against Foster's Amendment.
The Minister of Railways announced that the Government had considered Mr. Foster's amendment and that it would not be well to impose such restrictions. The amendment was to the effect that before the committee should be permitted to defeat its line into American territory the Governor-in-Council should be satisfied that such defection was necessary in order to overcome some physical difficulty on the Canadian side.

Mr. Henderson of Halton repeated his arguments in favor of an all-Canadian road.

Mr. Gallihier retorted that British Columbia members were quite able to look after the interests of that Province.

Mr. Henderson was very glad to hear it, but showed that in previous instances such consideration for the Province had not been manifested.

The Minister of Justice intimated that certain changes in the wording might be necessary in order that trouble might be avoided in the future. After some further desultory discussion the bill was reported.

Special Tuberculosis Committee.
A special committee is to be organized to look into the question of the suppression of tuberculosis. The matter was brought up by Mr. Perley and concurred in. Those who will form the committee are: Messrs. Barr, Beaudet, Black, Cash, Chisholm, Hughes, Gordon, Hughes (P. E. I.), Johnston (Lambton), Lawrence, Loggie, Miller, Paquet, Parmelee, Roche (Marquette), Schaffner, Scheff (Oxford), Smith (British Columbia), Thompson and Perley.

The Senate will be invited to make it a joint committee.

Praise for N. W. M. P.
When the House went into committee of supply Sir Wilfrid made an extended statement regarding the vote required for the Northwest Mounted Police, and in the course of it paid a high tribute to the work being done by this excellent organization. Col. Hughes thought that the Government should consider the matter of scrip lands for the work of these men in 1885. Sir Wilfrid Laurier contented himself with the remark that the Government did not see its way to reconsider the question at the present time. Mr. Herron also pleaded for a reconsideration of the matter.

After the vote had gone through the new Minister of the Interior put through several items in regard to geological surveys.

A resolution was passed authorizing provision for the inspection of water meters, and an act founded thereon was introduced and read a first time.

The Metric System.

A bill to amend inland revenue act was read a third time. W. F. Maclean drew attention to the fact that large quantities of American raw spirits were being imported and sold as Canadian whiskey. He was assured that such liquor could not have the bonded stamp of the Inland Revenue Department. Mr. Maclean also suggested that if the decimal system of weights and measures were to be adopted in Canada as contemplated in the statute no better beginning could be made than in the Inland Revenue Department. Hon. Mr. Brodeur thought the suggestion an excellent one, and promised to look into it.

W. F. Maclean, when the bill respecting an amendment of the naturalization act was taken up, protested that under existing conditions foreigners coming to Canada and becoming naturalized in reality became Canadians, and not British subjects. The men might go into other countries after becoming naturalized Canadians and become subjects of these countries. The bill was read a third time.

THE BOWLING TOURNAMENT

Eleven Clubs Entered in the Events Held on Tecumseh Park Yesterday

Chatham won the Sutherland Trophy While a Leamington Rink Carried off the Banner News Cup, a Good Day's Sport.

The Annual Bowling Tournament, held under the management of the Chatham Bowling Club, came off yesterday and was an unqualified success. The weather was perfect—a marked contrast to last year—and it may be safely said it was one of the best tournaments ever held by the Chatham club.

There were eleven clubs in competition for the Sutherland and Banner-News trophies and the final results showed that the Sutherland trophy, the first prize, was successfully carried off by the home club, while the Banner-News trophy was won by one of the Thamesville rinks, skipped by L. R. Randall. The grounds were in splendid shape for bowling and refreshments and cigars were supplied in abundance to the visitors. Every one of the clubs were high in their praises of the hospitality of the Chatham Club.

The play opened at ten o'clock with the following players representing the different clubs:—

Thamesville—L. R. Randall, Dr. W. C. Currie, Alex. Mickle, N. K. Cornwall, D. J. Davis, H. Obeay, R. Duncan.

Bothwell—A. D. Graham, R. Avery, J. Reid, John Crotty.

Walkerville—J. R. Coate, J. W. Coatsworth, F. J. White, A. D. Green, E. D. Kerr, S. F. Ladore, F. J. Miller, W. Chater.

Windsor—A. Wigle, E. S. Wigle, Dr. Smith, H. T. W. Ellis, A. J. Arnold, D. M. Eagle, G. Pascaud, J. W. Marshall.

Dresden—T. N. Wells, J. C. Wiley, H. S. McDonald, C. Huff, W. N. Yake, G. E. Weir, C. H. Gordon, W. H. Willson.

Essex—A. H. Murray, E. L. Park, Wm. Laing, W. H. Richardson, A. H. Scarff, J. A. Francis, O. H. Bricker, J. F. Green.

Blenheim—H. M. Winters, L. F. Johnson, R. L. Nelson, Geo. M. Baird, J. H. Ferguson, Geo. J. Gibb, J. Mulholland.

Ridgetown—W. N. Little, A. Long, R. Reid, P. Bowden, J. Bowden, A. Schwidler, W. C. Newman, D. Marr.

Leamington—H. M. Sween, J. A. McDonald, L. Smith, H. Lendon, C. Lendon, Dr. Kennedy, L. J. Wright, A. J. Barker.

Chatham—Robert G. Fleming, J. A. McDonald, J. W. Webb, Mr. McGregor, W. Anderson, W. Merritt, A. H. VonGuntzen and W. Taylor.

The Sutherland trophy was a double event and the first series of games resulted as follows:—

Essex beat Windsor.
Thamesville beat Walkerville.
Dresden beat Bothwell.
Blenheim beat Ridgetown.
Chatham beat Kingsville.

Leamington—Byes.

The losers then started in in single rinks on the second event, the Banner-News trophy, while the winners played on for the Sutherland trophy. The second series resulted as follows:—

Thamesville beat Essex.
Blenheim beat Dresden.
Chatham beat Leamington.

In the next bout Chatham beat Thamesville and then played the finals with Blenheim and won out. Besides the trophy Chatham won four wickets and the runners up, Blenheim won four umbrellas.

The Thamesville rink who won the Banner-News Trophy were, — Alex. Nicol, W. Anderson, Dr. W. C. Currie and L. R. Randall, skip. They also won four gold cuff links, while the runners up, a Leamington rink, won four hammocks.

The Sutherland trophy was held by Ridgetown for the past two years. This is the second time Chatham has won it. Dresden held the Banner-News trophy last year.

Chas. Austin acted as Secretary of the tournament and he made a most capable one.

SERVICE AT ST. PAUL'S.

London Will Honor Ambassador Hay As it Did McKinley.

London, July 4.—A memorial service for the late Secretary Hay will be held in St. Paul's cathedral Wednesday afternoon, similar to that held in September, 1901, in memory of President McKinley.

Instead of cancelling the events which had been arranged for the celebration of the 4th of July in London, it has been decided to postpone them until July 9 out of respect for the late Secretary of State, John Hay.

At Cleveland.

Cleveland, July 4.—The casket containing the body of Secretary John Hay arrived here yesterday and was placed in the auditorium of the Chamber of Commerce, where it will remain under military guard until 9.30 o'clock Wednesday, when it will be taken to the chapel in Lake View cemetery for the funeral services.

The man who has most to say of the danger of money-getting generally has least of it.

Hunger is one of the things that come to the individual who waits.

SMEETILVY HAS NERVE

With Volunteer Crew Goes to Sink the Kniaz Potemkine.

Single Russian Torpedo Boat Destroyer Undertakes Big Contract in Hope of Ridding Black Sea of Mutineers—Rear-Admiral Choukin Searches British Ship for Odessa Refugees—Riot Victims 6,000.

St. Petersburg, July 4.—According to a despatch received by an official agency, the torpedo boat destroyer, Smeetilvy, with a volunteer crew, had sailed from Odessa with the intention of sinking the Kniaz Potemkine.

With Kustenji and other unprotected ports of Roumania, Bulgaria and Turkey at the mercy of the battleships' guns, and with the inability of Vice-Admiral Kruger's squadron to interfere with her career, Smeetilvy, by retreating them from commission, this desperate expedient was seized upon to prevent international complications, and to rid the Black Sea of mutineers.

This problem for a single destroyer, which is difficult and dangerous at best, as she will have to encounter both the Kniaz Potemkine and her attendant torpedo boat, is now complicated by the departure of the battleship from Kustenji, and ignorance as to where she will next turn up; but a despatch from Kustenji throws a gleam of hope on the dark situation by intimating that a considerable number of her crew are anxious to desert their leaders and to escape the consequences of their mutinous actions.

The Admiralty, however, it should be stated, does not admit that the Smeetilvy has gone on such an errand, though the officials say frankly that the Kniaz Potemkine must in law be regarded as a pirate.

As such as Russia, as a matter of principle, would like to see the provisions of the treaty of Paris, closing the Dardanelles, abrogated, the Foreign Office would oppose the passage of foreign warships as a temporary expedient, declaring the occasion did not warrant such a measure.

SHOT AT MUTINEERS.

But Roumanian Warship Didn't Strike the Kniaz Potemkine.

Bucharest, Roumania, July 4.—The Russian torpedo boat No. 287, accompanying the Kniaz Potemkine, attempted to enter the port of Kustenji yesterday. The Roumanian cruiser Elisabeta fired on the torpedo, but failed to hit her. The torpedo boat then retired. The Kniaz Potemkine left Kustenji yesterday afternoon. It is stated she is returning to Odessa.

These incidents followed the refusal of the crew of the Kniaz Potemkine to accept the Government's offer, made through the captain of the port, who positively announced that the mutineers would not be allowed to receive provisions unless they came ashore unarmed and delivered up the battleship and torpedo boat to the captain of the port. If these conditions were fulfilled the mutineers would be given their liberty to go where they pleased. The rebellious steamers conferred together and refused the Government's demand, to refuse the Government's demand, and renewed their demand for provisions.

This was again positively refused by the captain of the port, whereupon the Russian torpedo boat attempted to enter the port, but on being fired on by the Elisabeta and evidently awed by the gun stand taken by the authorities, she decided to retire.

SEARCHES BRITISH SHIP.

Russian Torpedo Boat Destroyer Takes the Cranley in Charge.

Odessa, July 4.—Estimates of the number killed during the fires and rioting of last week run as high as 6,000. A far greater number were shot down, but many of the bodies were incinerated.

The military commandant today appointed Gen. Karakozoff, commander of the Lubna Dragons, to the post of Governor-General of Odessa. Karakozoff later summoned the editors of the Odessa newspapers and blamed them for their conduct during the troubles. The Governor-General ordered the editors not to make the slightest reference to the present outbreak nor to the strike.

The surrender of the Georgi Pobedonozetz was formally carried out yesterday morning. The warship's officers returned from Nikolai, went on board and picked out the ringleaders of the mutiny and several of their followers, all of whom were sent ashore. A torpedo boat destroyer and a gunboat arrived here during the night, bringing Rear-Admiral Choukin, commander of the Black Sea fleet. The city is quiet. Many strikers have returned to work.

British Ship is Searched.

The torpedo boat destroyer, upon her arrival here, fired a blank shot across the bow of the British steamer Cranley, lying off Fontana, for the purpose of taking off British subjects if necessary. The destroyer signalled the Cranley to accompany her inside the harbor. The Cranley complied, the destroyer in the meanwhile keeping her guns trained on the steamer. Later, Russian officials took possession of the Cranley and searched her for revolutionary refugees. The British Consul-General protested to the Governor, saying there was no reason to suppose that any refugees were on board the Cranley. It is presumed she will be released shortly.

British Ship Freed.

The British Consul-General last evening released the five vessels which had been held in readiness to remove the British subjects. The Consul-General considers that all danger has passed. The Cranley incident is ended. The officials, in the presence of revolutionists, and the Russian officials apolo-

No. 2 BARGAIN

Dressing Combs
—worth 20c each
for
10 Cents

all this week. See them in our corner case. Why not have one or more of these Combs when you can get them at such a Bargain price.

Last week week we sold hundreds of Tooth Brushes at 10c each, worth double that amount. If you didn't get one we will make the following offer, buy one of our 10c Combs and we will give you a Tooth Brush for 10c. This is a snap—sure.

Sulman's Beehive...

Corner of King and Sixth St.

HORSES WANTED

T. JACQUES and F. DOAN, of Toronto will be at the Clifford House, Dresden, on

Thursday July 6th.,

And at McGarvin's Stables, Chatham,

July 8th.,

To buy Horses at the highest cash prices.

T. Jacques.

gized to the Consul-General. Peasant disturbances in the neighborhood of Odessa are giving rise to much apprehension. The peasants are forcibly occupying lands and seizing live stock. Troops have been sent to suppress the disorders.

No Reason to Interfere.

London, July 4.—In the House of Commons yesterday afternoon, Earl Percy, the Foreign Under-Secretary, replying to a suggestion that friendly representations should be made to Russia, proposing a temporary suspension of the treaty excluding foreign warships from the Black Sea, so that British vessels might safeguard the lives and property of British subjects at Odessa, said the present circumstances at Odessa did not afford sufficient grounds for such a departure from the treaty rules governing the Black Sea.

More Mutiny at Cronstadt.

Cronstadt, July 4.—The crew of the Russian cruiser Minine refused to put to sea yesterday with the other vessels of the active squadron, alleging that the age and bad conditions of the Minine prevented her participation in gun practice and manoeuvring. Ring-leaders of this mutiny were arrested, and the Minine was towed close to a fort, where she is now anchored.

St. Petersburg, July 4.—Late last evening a rumor was current here that the port of Cronstadt had been closed to foreign shipping, and that all commercial vessels there had been ordered to St. Petersburg.

Strike in Ship Yards.

St. Petersburg, July 4.—The strike of the Nevsky ship yards, which began Sunday, became general yesterday. There is marked excitement in labor circles. Leaflets are being scattered broadcast detailing the recent events at Loda and Odessa.

During the afternoon there were several collisions between the police and strikers on the Schlusselburg causeway, and the Cossacks, who were summoned, charged and dispersed the workmen with their whips.

Minard's Liniment for Sale Everywhere.