the resources we have already developed and those which remain to be developed, that we shall be able to take and maintain respectable position in the world? And when the time comes—and God grant that it be far off—when it shall be the mutual interest of you and of us to part, we shall separate like a stream which grows too large for its bed, and which, dividing its waters, pours them by different channels into the sea beyond—separate, indeed, but each bearing the hue and tinge of the original stream. When the time comes that we must separate, it will be our pride to do so as a land son leaves the abode of his parents to enter on an independent career. He leaves with tears in his eyes, but with a father's blessing on his head. When we leave it will be with lively recollections of reciprocal benefits received and conferred while together, and mutual wishes for each other's prosperity in the separate futures on which we are to enter.

The Fisheries.

At the expiration of the Reciprocity Treaty, our Government might have adhered to the strict letter of the law, and peremptorily excluded United States fishing vessels from all privileges within three miles of any British shore. The effect of this on the American fishing interest, would have been very disastrous. It would have lessened the value of the vessels engaged in this business, and which are ill-adapted to any other,—it would have thrown thousands of hardy fishermen out of employ, it would have diminished the supply, and raised the price of fish in the markets of the United States, and cut off New England from a lucrative trade with the West Indies. No just complaint could have been made had our Government adopted this course, and there are not a few who think it ought to have done so, especially in view of the circumstances under which Reciprocity came to an end. Instead, however, of insisting on a return to the exact condition of things which existed prior to the Treaty, our Government contented itself with levying a trifling tax on the American catch, and the fishermen of the United States were allowed to cast their nets within the three mile limits, and enjoy their liberty as before, on payment of fifty cents per ton upon the proceeds of their fishing. This course was adopted as a conciliatory one, in the hope that, on reflection, the American Government would be led to pursue a more liberal policy than might result from insisting on our rights to the fullest extent. It is doubtful if the action of our Government would have been generally endorsed, had the popular voice been taken in regard to it, although in the peculiar circumstances that existed in March last, it was doubtless desirable to avoid as much as possible all causes of irritation. The Maritime Provinces very reluctantly assented to the proposal to license United States fishermen, such a course being unfavourable to the interests of their own people. A season's trial of the license system has not reconciled our Eastern neighbours to it, and we find that just cause of dissatisfaction is considered to exist in view of the policy of the American Government, which has been thus far the very opposite of our own. Comptroller Smith, of St. John, New Brunswick, in his Annual Report, remarks:

"The fee of 50 cents *per* ton, which is now charged by the Provincial Governments for a license allowing American fishermen to fish in British waters, is much less than the duty which is imposed on British-caught fish when admitted into the States, and it is the opinion of many practical persons in the trade that under the present regulations the British Colonial fishermen cannot successfully compete with American fishermen in the markets of the Republic. * * * The average catch of American fishermen for the season is about 10 barrels of mackerel to the ton; and as the license fee is 50 cents *per* ton, it subjects the American fishermen (if they take out a license) to a tax of about 5 cents *per* barrel on their fish, but our fishermen are subjected to a duty of $2 *per* barrel on taking their mackerel into ports in the United States, giving an advantage to American fishermen over our own people of $1.95 *per* barrel."

Such a state of things is manifestly unfair, and is of a piece with that one-sided species of Reciprocity which our American cousins are ever anxious to establish between us and them. To make the Provincial license an equivalent for the American duty, it ought to be *forty times* as heavy as it is, or $20 instead of 50 cents per ton. The present tax only costs an average-sized vessel of the mackerel fleet, $30 or $40 per annum, whereas, if our charge corresponded with theirs, it would cost such a vessel, from $1,200 to $1,600 per annum.

According to present appearances, there is a probability of existing arrangements with regard to our fisheries continuing another year at least, if not longer. We think this ought not to be, except on condition that the American Government makes some concessions to equalize things more fairly. We are in no mean dependent position that we curry favour or ask indulgences. Nor are we weak and beleagured so as to be under the necessity of submitting to an arbitrary customs tariff, while we give the advantages of our splendid fisheries almost literally for nothing money and without price." We think our brethren of the press ought to stir this thing up, and insist that the American Government shall give us *quid pro quo* for the fishery privileges, or if they refuse, let the privileges be withheld. Right is right, and justice injures no one.—*Canadian Advocate.*

General Intelligence.

Colonial

DONATION VISIT.—We are gratified to learn that the friends of the Rev. Thomas H. Davies in Bridgetown and vicinity intend to make that venerable minister a Donation visit, on Wednesday the 13th inst. Friends from a distance who may wish to unite in this benevolent duty by forwarding articles or money, can further the object by communicating with Miner Tupper Esq., of Bridgetown.

The next lecture of the present course before the Y. M. C. Association will be delivered (D.V) on Tuesday evening next, Feb 12th, in Temperance Hall, by the Rev. S. T. Rand, subject, "A Scripture Panorama—or Pictures of the Palace, the Prison and the Prayer Meeting."—Doors open at 7 o'clock, Chair taken 8 o'clock.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.—A young man named Maitland, at work in the Freshwater Iron Works, on Wednesday last was struck on the head by the planing machine, and killed instantly.

A house in Maitland street owned by H. G. Hill Esq, was destroyed by fire on Thursday morning last. An elderly woman narrowly escaped being burnt to death.

We learn that the Halifax Association for the benefit of the poor is at work vigorously. The collectors have been appointed, and will call shortly upon our citizens for the needful assistance.

PAMPHLET ON THE FISHERIES.—Mr. Knight's second pamphlet of the series, on the Shore and Deep Sea Fisheries, is a larger number than the one preceding, and will probably be of greater interest to the general reader. It contains a description of the Nova Scotia coast and fishing grounds, a view of the fisheries, and the modes of capture and cure, &c.

Hon. Mr. McGee from Canada on his way to Europe came passenger by R M S Asia from Boston on Thursday evening last, when an address numerously signed, was presented to Mr. McGee in the Halifax Hotel.

The House of Assembly of P E Island has been dissolved. The general election is to take place on Tuesday 26th inst.

Thirty-eight cases for the Paris Exhibition were forwarded from Nova Scotia by the Asia. The remainder will go by next boat.

It is rumoured that General Doyle has reported to the Colonial Office the whole matter as to the Rectorship of St George's Church Carleton, and the refusal of the parishioners to receive the Minister so appointed.

ST JOHN BIBLE SOCIETY MEETING.—The meeting held in the Institute on Thursday evening was the largest meeting of the Society that has been held for some years. The house was filled to overflowing, and there was a difficulty in obtaining seats, although had there been some subordinate officer of the Institute with a pair of eyes in his head he might have found several quarters in the hall where additional seats could have been obtained. Mr. Starr rendered service in this way, but he could not be everywhere. The Hon. W. B. Kinnear, the President of the Society, was in the chair, and on the platform there was a strong representation of the Protestant clergy and laity of the city. The Annual report was read by H. W. Frith, Esq., the Recording Secretary. The resolutions were moved or supported by the Rev. Messrs. Scheofield, Stavely, Bennet, Hastings, Narraway and Hartley, and by Geo. A. Lockhart and W. L Seeley, Esquires. The speeches delivered were all excellent, being in keeping with the objects of the meeting. Mr. Bennet's exposition of the Bible as a civilizer was very masterly. Mr. Narraway's position, that prophetic interpreters had left a puzzling *hiatus* in their schemes by excluding from them the great Western Continent, with its progressive Protestant States, was original and ably supported. Mr. Hastings sustained the good impression he has already made on the St. John platform. The whole of the speeches and the entire proceedings of the evening gave great satisfaction.—*Telegraph.*

The *Courier* of St. Stephen, says:—"It is said that one of our business firms alone—that of Messrs. Todd, Clewly & Co.—have already sent goods over the Branch Railway to the value of ten thousand dollars, during the short time the trains have been running."

The Sackville, N. B., *Borderer* says of the late snow storm in that town:—"The past and present weeks will long be remembered for their snow storms and hurricanes. The 'oldest inhabitant' thought the storm of Thursday night week could not be beat, but what was that to the storm of this week, which commenced on Tuesday night and continued until Thursday morning? The roads in every direction are literally filled up by drifts, higher than the fences. On Wednesday morning a forsaken sleigh here and there, turned bottom upwards, showed that their occupants had been obliged to desert them and find shelter as best they could.

HALIFAX AND DARTMOUTH SABBATH SCHOOL ASSOCIATION.—The Quarterly Meeting of this Society was held on Thursday evening, in the Granville St. Church. The President, Dr. Parker, occupied the Chair. After singing and prayer by Rev. Dr. Pryor, the usual reports from the Schools comprising the Association were read by the representations present. The subject for discussion, "The best mode of imparting instruction in our Sabbath Schools so as to attract and instruct the scholars," was then introduced by the President, who was followed in interesting and valuable addresses by Hon. S. L. Shannon, T. R Rand, Esq., Supt. of education, Messrs. Robson, Selden, and Knight.

United States.

Late American papers state that the beautiful mansion of Chas. J. Hamilton, Esq., New Brighton, Staten Island, was destroyed by fire on the 14th ult, together with furniture, clothing, and paintings, &c, valued at $15,000. It is said that the mansion was one of the most elegant on the Island, and will cost $50,000 to rebuild it. The cause of the fire is supposed to be a defective flue. The loss is partially covered by insurance. Mr. Hamilton is a brother of W. B. Hamilton, Esq, merchant, of Halifax

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Jan. 17.—The steamer *Platte Valley* left here for Vicksburg this afternoon, and struck on the wreck of a gunboat, and sank almost to her hurricane roof in about three minutes. She was crowded with passengers, sixty of whom were lost.

Most of the cabin passengers are saved, so far as known, but the passenger list was lost, and it is impossible to obtain a correct list. A family named Roberts, consisting of thirteen, were all lost. The steamer was loaded to the guards, and was under full headway at the time.

Colonel Henry says one woman through her own exertions saved her drunken husband and five children by wading through the water on the hurricane deck and putting them on the wheelhouse after the boat had settled and careened.

The steward and about twenty of the crew are believed to be lost.

The captain and pilots are safe.

There were some forty women and children on board, most all of whom were lost.

A tug passing up took off those who had presence of mind enough to stick by the wreck, and brought them here to-night

The boat was valued at $40,000: partially insured.

European.

Her Majesty was to open Parliament in person, on the 5th February.

Mr. Gladstone has addressed a circular to the Liberal party, stating that it is highly probable that business of great public importance will come under the consideration of Parliament at the opening of the Session, and urging their attendance.

One of the earliest proposals of the Ministry in the approaching Session will be for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the working of the Bank Charter Act.

The great distress, so much increased by the state of the weather, still continues in the East of London.

A report from Crystal Palace Company states that the re-erection of the shell of the departments destroyed by the fire will cost £50,000 to £60,000.

It is extremely satisfactory to learn that friendly overtures have been made by the British Government to that of the United States in reference to existing difficulties. Lord Stanley has instructed the British Minister at Washington to propose a report to arbitration on the differences arising out of the American war. If the proposal be accepted, the precise terms and subjects will be reserved for subsequent discussion. The chief questions to be left to the arbitrator are not about facts, but rather about principles of international justice, and their application to the escape of the Alabama. Still the matter to be fairly weighed is, Was the Government not responsible for a failure of justice in a case which involved such terrible loss to a friendly power? If the question of arbitration be so settled as to have a prospective as well as a retrospective bearing, even if the decision go against England, the ultimate issue must be favourable in the future, being of immense importance in the event of war, to her commercial marine. At a time when the United States are still rent by internal divisions, such an act of conciliation on the part of England cannot be interpreted as induced by fear. Earl Russel declined arbitration; it was at a time when the States had just emerged from a great civil war, when a million of men were under arms, and the nation flushed with victory. Now, in offering to accept it, our conduct can only be explained as arising from a desire to carry out to its utmost limits the rule that civilised nations ought to prefer arbitration to war, and also from a prudential regard to the possible contingencies of the future.

While in St. Petersburgy, during his late visit, the Prince of Wales solicited of the Emperor of Russia, as a personal favour, the liberation of Count Stanislas Zamoyski (son of Count Andrew Zamoyski), confined in Siberia, which request was readily and gracefully acceded to. The Count has since returned to Warsaw, to the joy of his family and of the Poles.

The telegraph now announces the publication at St. Petersburgh on Saturday of the Imperial ed its finally suppressing the nationality of Poland. All that remained of Poland as a separate kingdom, or of the Poles as a separate people, is now at an end, so far, at least, as legislation can go, and the mighty power of Russia can accomplish.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Jas Gordon Bennett, jr. offered the yacht *Henrietta* as a present to Prince Alfred. The Prince replies as follows:

"CLARENCE HOUSE, 22nd Jan, 1867.

Dear Mr. Bennett,—I find it difficult to express how gratefully I appreciate the kindly feeling which dictated your letter of the 31st ult., as well as the splendid present which you offer for my acceptance, but most of all the delicacy with which you seek to diminish the personal obligation under which you would lay me by giving to your generous offer an international character; it is, indeed, this last consideration only which has led me to hesitate in replying to your letter, for, personally, it would be impossible for me to accept so costly a present, but I felt bound fully to consider the question in the light which you were good enough to place it, and if, on full consideration, I feel compelled to decline your generous offer, I trust that neither you nor your gallant competitors or your countrymen at large will believe that the yachts men of England would less appreciate or less reciprocate the feeling of good fellowship which prompted the offer."

LONDON, Jan. 29, (evening)—It is considered certain at Constantinople that the Eastern complication will result in war.

Turkey has called out 150,000 reserves, and Government of Prussia has ordered that all military furloughs shall end the 1st of March.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—It is said that Maximilian has issued a manifesto against the arrangement made between France and the United States, in regard to Mexico.

ATHENS, Feb. 1.—It is impossible for the Government of Greece to prevent volunteers from leaving for Crete. Fifteen hundred soldiers have just departed to aid their struggling brethren in that Island.

LONDON, Feb. 1, (evening)—It is now certain that the Queen in her speech at the opening of Parliament will propose reform measures. There is a rumor that Mr. Laird himself offers to pay the Alabama claims.

MADRID, Feb. 1.—More than one hundred arrests have been made in this city recently of persons believed to be connected with revolutionary schemes.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—It is asserted that Lord Derby's Administration will fall to the ground if the forthcoming speech of the Queen at the reopening of Parliament should not recommend Reform.

Mr. Bright has made a speech at Rochdale, in which he said the recent reforms announced by the Emperor Napoleon should be interpreted in a liberal sense, that the authority for suspending newspapers would be abandoned, that public meetings could be held twenty days before an election, and the Tribune would be restored.

Despatches from Constantinople announce that a fleet of twelve American war vessels was daily expected there.

LONDON, Feb. 2—Garibaldi discountenances any rising at Rome, and has written a letter to discourage the scheme for the present.

Advices have been received which state that the Government of Russia is protesting against the gathering of Poles in Galaccia.

It is now said that the plans of the Government don't embrace the introduction of a Reform Bill, and the subject of reform will be merely recommended.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—Count Bismark has refused to declare the policy to be pursued by Germany with regard to the differences between France and Belgium on the one side, and the Prussian Government on the other.

PARIS, Feb. 2.—J. Gordon Bennett, jr., had a private interview with His Imperial Majesty, Napoleon.

The *La Presse* thinks that the presence of the American squadron in the Mediterranean serves only to complicate the Eastern question.

Letters and Monies

Remittances by Mail at risk of this Office, must be by P. O. Money Order or Letter Registered.

L. Best $2, Rev B. J. Johnston (P.W., E. Hutchinson $2, J. C. Lawson $1, S. Squires, Esq, $1—$4, two new subs, former remittance included for B. Beveridge $2 and $1 for Guide, have written in explanation, charged for A. Porter $2), Rev E Slackford (P.W., D Hennesy $4, paper sent regularly, T. Warner $4—$8), Rev D. B. Scott (P.W., W. H. Church $2, Stephen Parker, senr, $1, D. Mason $1, James Sim $2, S Conkey $2, Mrs A Parker $2—$10), Rev S. W. Sprague (P.W., Robt Taylor $2, G. Trenholm, new sub, $1, L. Fuller $3—charged $6), Rev J. G. Bigney (P.W., T. Ferguson $2, R. Martin $1.36, R. Ross $1, M. Morris $1, Jas Ferguson $4, Jas McNair, new sub, $1—10.36), Geo White, new sub, $1, (Rev G. M. Barratt (P.W., C. Elliott $5, Stephen Beals $4, John M. Foster $5, Mrs W. Mack $2, Ezekiel Foster $1.50, C. R. Stone $2, A. Morton, before acknowledged, $2—$21.50), Rev S. F. Huestis (P.W., Jones Morehouse $1, H. Turnbull $1, E. Everett $1—$3, charged parcel sent), R. Aikenhead $5, Rev A. B. Waters (P.W., T. Colpitts, Esq, $3 to Jan 68, Geo Colpitts 50cts to Jan 67, J. V. Chapman, to Jan 67, $1, B T Weldon $3, to Jan 68, C. Trites, to Jan 68, $3—charged $10.50), Rev Dr DeWolfe (two new subs), Dr E. A. Tupper ($7, will do as you request, much obliged), Rev A. S. Tuttle (Post Office must be at fault, will send again. Your order will receive attention. B. W., &c, forwarded when received), E. Lloyd, Esq. (We hope they have reached you before this from Canada), Rev Geo Harrison (P.W., S. Briggs, Esq, $2, G. Bennison $1—$3, charged for Mr Bennison $3, Mr Briggs $2.50—$5.50), Hon Dr Young $10, J. F. Muncey $9, Rev T. D. Hart (two letters, P.W., R. McKenna $1, E. Brown $1, Jesse Dexter $3, W. Hagar $2, A Hagar $3, Chas Hagar $1, Jno Perry $1, Saml Golden $2, new sub—$14, of which rec'd $5, charged $9), Rev Thos Smith (P.W., E. Atwood $2, B. Doane $3, O. Davison $3, J. Ells $1, Jas Gardner $1, Mrs A. Homer $2, J. B. Lawrence $3, Mrs P. McLarren $5, Josiah Pinkham $4, Seth Reynolds $2, Jos Reynolds $2, Mrs Winthrop Sargent $2, Jas L. Smith $4, J. B. Swain $4, Jos Swain $2, D. Swain $3, Jas Swain, Senr., $2, John Taylor $4, A. Van Norden $3, Thos Watson $3—$55, thanks)—Rev H Daniel (P.W. Jas A. Wheelock, new sub, charged $1), Rev Jas Buckley, Rev J G Hennigar (personal 66 cts. P.W. Capt Moses $3, T Delaney $2, Mrs Moulton $1, Wm Pool $2, J A McLellan $2.34, A Stoneman $4, T Winter $2, R Harris $1, Mrs Lorrey $2, J C Moulton $2, E. Richan $2—$24, one new sub), Z Townsend, Rev E Brettle (G Reddin, new sub $2 charged), Rev J S Allen, Rev D B Scott (have requested the brethren to inform you), Rev Jas England (B.R. $1, P.W. E T Kuowles $2, E Lloyd $3, Mrs A Frost $2—$8), Rev J L Spognagle (P.W. before acknowledged $20, W Tay $2, S A Dixon $2, R C Frost $2, J Lafferty $2, S Bustin $3, W Rising $2, H Frost $2, J Magee $2 50, W Magee $2 50, Mrs Morton $2—$42), Rev J S Addy (P.W. before acknowledged $18.50—Mrs James $4 50—$23)——Rev. G. B. Payson (P.W., P. Avery $2, W. Folkins $2, Mrs. M. Flewelling $2, B. Harrison $2, H. Hayward $2, J. Leiper $2, J. McLeod $7, R. McCully $2, Jas. Ryan $5, Hon. J. H. Ryan $4, John Spicer $3, will continue if he pays further advance for six months—$40), M. Tupper (sent in parcel to Rev. Joseph Hart three weeks ago), Rev. G. B. Payson (P.W., J. Virtue $2—charged).

Perry Davis' Pain Killer.

Travellers are always liable to sudden attacks of dysentery and cholera morbus, and these occurring when absent from home are very unpleasant. Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer may always be relied upon in such cases. As soon as you feel the symptoms, take one teaspoonfull in a gill of new milk and molasses, and a gill of hot water. Stir well together and drink hot. Repeat the dose every hour until relieved, if the pains be severe, bathe the bowels and back with the medicine, clear.

Fishermen so often exposed to hurts by having their skin pierced with hooks and fins of fish, can be much relieved by bathing with a little of the Pain Killer as soon as the accident occurs; in this way the anguish is soon abated; bathe as often as once in five minutes, say three or four times, and you will seldom have any trouble.

Jan 16—4w.

The Mount Allison Institution.

The Examination and closing exercises of the Second Term of the current Academic Year are to be in the following order, viz.:—

1. Written and Oral Examinations of College Classes, Thursday and Friday, the 7th and 8th insts.

2. Examination of Classes in Ladies' Academy, Monday, 11th inst.

3. Examination of Classes in Male Branch, Tuesday, 12th inst.

4. Public Exercises in Lingley Hall, Wednesday, 13th inst.

Each day's exercises to begin at 9 o'clock, A.M.

All persons interested in educational progress are invited to attend.

H. PICKARD.

Sackville, N. B., Feb. 1st, 1867.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—S., your inquiry will receive attention at our earliest convenience.

The National Cough Cure.

Is warranted to cure any curable Cough. It always relieves. It cured the cough of Rev. Wm. McDonald, of Boston, Mass., when pronounced by physicians incurable. It has been tested by some of the first families in St. John, and proved itself the most effective remedy known. For public speakers and singers it far surpasses every kind of Troche; and for Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc., it works like a charm.

Sold in Halifax, N. S., by Brown, Bros. & Co., also in St. John, N. B., by F. M. Pickles, 12 Coburg Street, General Agent.

Marriages.

On the 24th ult., at the residence of the Hon. Judge Wilmot, by the Rev. J. B. Strong, Robert Duncan Wilmot, Jr., Esq., son of the Hon. R. D Wilmot, to Elizabeth W., fourth daughter of the late Benjamin E. Black, Esq., of Halifax, N. S.

At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. David Dobson, on the 19th ult., by the Rev. A. S. Tuttle, Mr. Wm. Ward, of Upper Cape, to Mrs. Elizabeth Treen, of Bayfield, N B

On Wednesday 30th ult., in the Centenary Church, St. John, N. B., by the Rev. E. Botterell, his second son, EDMUND HENRY BOTTERELL, to DORCAS AMELIA, daughter of the late Mr David S. Turner.

At the residence of the bride's brother, East Leicester, 22nd ult., by the Rev. Jas R. Hart, Mr. Abel G. Church, of Amherst, to Miss Arethusa Best.

At the Wesleyan Parsonage, Newport, on the 24th ult., by Rev. Jas Taylor, Mr. Asa W. Blackburn, to Miss Martha Ann Blackburn

At Manchester, Guysboro' Co., on the 5th ult., by the Rev. J. G. Bigney, Mr. Lathrop Whitman, to Miss Maria McKeough.

At Guysboro', on the 9th ult., by the same, Mr. Thos. W. Ferguson, to Miss Mary Ann Aikins

On the 8th of Novr., by the Rev. T. D. Hart, Mr. Thomas N Bethol, of Port le Tour, to Miss Ellen Smith, of Indian Brook.

On the 13th Dec., by the same, Mr. Charles Reid Greenwood to Miss Hannah E. T. Swaine, both of North East Harbor.

On the 1st ult., by the same, Mr. Joshua S. Whitney, to Miss Julia M. Swaine, both of N. E. Harbor.

On the 13th ult., by the same, Mr. Alex McK. Perry, to Miss Susanna Lagar, both of Port Amherst.

By the Rev James Buckley, by license, on the 29th ult, *Mr* John Smith Toby, to *Miss* Adelaide Augusta Scott, eldest daughter of *Mr* John Scott, all of Guysboro'

At the Wesleyan Parsonage, Windsor, on the 31st ult, by Rev E Brettle, William A Pitts, of Lockhartville, to *Miss* Lucilla Allen, daughter of *Mr* James Allen, of Kennetcook

Deaths.

Robert Benjamin Doane, aged 14 years, son of Jas. and Abigail Doane, died at his father's house, at Port Roseway, on the 4th of Oct. Robert, thoughtful and kind, and respected by friends, lived without religion until death drew near, then happily he sought and found salvation.

At Burton, on the 31st of Dec., Mr. Asa Barker, aged 93 years.—Canadian and American papers please copy.

In the triumphs of the Gospel, on the 18th ult., deeply regretted, Mr. Nelson Steves, son of Mr. Wm Steves, Little River, Albert Co, N B, aged 21 years.

On the 1st inst, Richard, son of Mr John Harley, in the 25th year of his age.

On the 1st inst, in the 23rd year of his age, Lewis Johnston, Esq, M D, of Annandale, Wolfville.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

WEDNESDAY, Jan 30

Schr Leonard McKenzie, Dodge, Newfld.

THURSDAY, Jan 31

Steamers Africa, Anderson, Liverpool; Asia, Macaulay, Boston; barque Stag, Anderson, New York; brig Rover, Ryan, Cienfuegos; brigts Wanderer, Laybold, do; Spanish Main, Pence; Constance, Mason, Demerara; schr Village Belle, Doyle, Carthagena—bound to New York.

FRIDAY, Feb 1

Brig Frank, Jones, Demerara; brigts George, DeRoy, Cienfuegos; Unicorn, Lake, Turks Island; Chebucto, Kennedy, Charleston.

SATURDAY, Feb 2

Brigt Mary Alice, McDonald, Cienfuegos; schr Mischief, Hopewell, Ponce.

CLEARED.

Feb 1—Brigts Sarah, Mundy, B W Indies; Thos Albert Joyce, Kingston, Jo; schrs Excelle, Murphy, Portland; Foam, Dexter, Liverpool, N S; Rival, Dunlap, do.

Feb 2—Schrs Mayflower, Innis, Boston; Jane, Arnold Islands

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

Intercolonial Book Store,

92 Granville street.

Arnold's Latin Prose Composition
Do Greek do do
Smith's History of Rome
Do do Greece
Demosthenes 1st Olynthiacs
Anthon's Homer's Iliad
Campbell's Rhetoric
Latham's Hand Book of the English Language
Worcester's History
Livy
Herodotus
Hamilton's Metaphysics
Sunday Magazine, beautifully bound, 1866
Boys' Friend do do do
Pilgrim's Progress (very large type)

A great many English Books too numerous to name.

Also,—More than 100 English Sabbath School Libraries, from 10 to 100 vols., and from $1.40 to $50 all bound in cloth and cheap. The best selection ever made. Try them.

Large discounts made to dealers.

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BEAUTIFUL GIFT BOOKS.

SPLENDID POCKET BIBLES, PRAYER Books, Prayer Books, Toy Books, all sizes, Beautifully Coloured Poems, Nelson's Edition, in Gold. A great variety of Nimmo's Poems, in Gold. Also, Nelson's best Gift Books. American Books, suitable for presents. Books for the old, Books for the young, Books for the grave, Books for the gay. Prices moderate. Call and examine Look for the Intercolonial Book Store,

92 GRANVILLE STREET.

dec 26.

Sabbath School Paper.

The best paper for Sabbath Schools is the Canadian

SABBATH SCHOOL ADVOCATE

Published in Toronto. There is no other paper published so suitable or so well adapted to our youth. The superiority of the paper on which the *Advocate* is printed, the beauty of the illustrations, and the admirable taste displayed in the writing and selections, renders this little semi-monthly almost a necessity in every family which it has previously visited. The terms of subscription are as follows:—

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

For 1 copy and under 5, to 1 address,				40 c. p. vol	
5	"	10	"	38	"
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40	"	50	"	28	"
50	"	75	"	27	"
75	"	100	"	26	"
100 and upwards,				25	"

Subscriptions to be paid invariably in advance.

☞ No Postage on this Paper.

Order from the Wesleyan Book Room.

Dec. 5.

THE STANDARD

Life Assurance Company,

ESTABLISHED IN 1825.

With which is now united the

Colonial Life Assurance Company.

Colonial and Foreign Assurances.

AN amalgamation having been formed between the Standard Life Assurance Company and the Colonial Life Assurance Company, the business of the United Companies will henceforth be conducted under the title of the

Standard Life Assurance Company.

The Annual Revenue of the Standard Company is now upwards of £650,000, and the Accumulated Funds amount to upwards of £3,500,000, Stg. The New Business transacted during the past year amounted to the large sum of £1,375,000 stg., the corresponding Premiums amounting to £45,337 per annum.

Moderate Rates charged for residence in the Colonies, India and other places abroad.

Local Boards and Agencies in all the British Colonies, where every facility will be afforded in the transaction of business, and where premiums may be received and claims paid.

PROFITS divided every five years.

The New Colonial and Foreign Prospectus may be had on application at the Chief Offices of the Company, or to the Agents at home and abroad

WM. THOS. THOMSON,
Manager and Actuary.
D. CLUNIE GREGOR,
Colonial and Foreign Secretary.

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA.
Office....227 Hollis, Street.

Board of Management
he Hon M B Almon, Banker.
narles Twining, Esq., Barrister.
The Hon Alex. Keith, Merchant.
J. J. Sawyer, Esq., High Sheriff, Halifax.

Secretary and General Agent for Nova Scotia and P. E. Island—MATTHEW H. RICHEY.
Medical Adviser—D. McNeil Parker, M. D.

June 6 6m.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON & GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL

£3,000,000 STG.

LIABILITY UNLIMITED.

Continues to effect Insurance on Buildings, Merchandise, etc., throughout the Provinces, at as

LOW RATES

as any other office in the city.

J. C. ALLISON, Agent.

OFFICE—Head of Central Wharf, adjoining H. M. Ordnance Yard.

jan 2

London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Company.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000 STERLING.

THE above first-class English Company continues to effect Insurance on all descriptions of property at the lowest rates. Losses settled with promptness and liberality, without reference to England.

The success of the "London and Lancashire" since the formation, has been more rapid than that of any other English Company, proving the high estimation in which it is held by the insuring public.

ALEX. W. SCOTT, Agent.
Office, 27 Bedford Row.

Jan. 2, 1867. 6in

Ex "W G Putnam,"

Just arrived from London.

6 *Hhds. Pickles, Sauces, Jellies, &c.*

MIXED PICKLES, from E Lazenby & Son—pints, quarts and half gallon bottles.
Onions, pints; Chow-Chow, pints
Piccalilli, pints; Red Cabbage, pints
Walnuts, pints; Girkins, pints
Salad Oil, pints and half pints
Mushroom Catsup do do
Lemon Jelly, pints and quarts
Orange do do do
Calsfoot do do do

SAUCES.

John Bull, Harvey, Worcester, Lazenby's New Sauces. Bottled Pie Fruits, assorted. Candied Lemon and Citron, Durham Mustard—18 lb. kegs, tins 1-2 lbs., bottles 1-2 lbs.
Curry Powder; Cayenne Pepper,
Bath Bricks; Blacking and Black Lead,
Furniture & Brass Polish; Plate Powder, &c.

The above Goods have just arrived from London in good order and the very best quality, and are now for sale, Wholesale and Retail, by

H. WETHERBY & CO.
Opposite the Colonial Market.

Nov 21.

Charlottetown Bazaar.

THE Ladies of the Wesleyan Church, in Charlottetown, intend, (D.V.) holding a BAZAAR of Fancy and Useful Articles in JULY next,—the object of which is to aid the Trustees in providing funds for the erection of a suitable MISSION HOUSE.

Contributions for the above purpose are respectfully solicited from persons favorable thereto.

Committee—Mrs. Richey, President. Mrs. Lord, Mrs. Heard, Mrs. Beer, Mrs. Heartz, Mrs. Butcher, Mrs I C Hall, Mrs R Longworth, Mrs. H Pope, Mrs McMurray, Mrs S Trenaman.

MISS HOOPER, Secretary.

jan 30

TEMPERANCE HOTEL,

At River Philip,

A FEW yards to the eastward of where the alteration is made around what was formerly called Hewson's Hill, the Subscriber is prepared to accommodate the public, or any persons that may favour him with a call.

JAMES H. HEWS

jan 23. 4w

Newfoundland and its Missionaries.

"A neatly printed volume of 448 pages, from the pen of the REV. WM. WILSON, formerly resident in this Island Little has hitherto been known of Newfoundland, and, as a natural consequence, incorrect and very absurd ideas have been formed both of the country and its people. The book before us will assist, we have no doubt, in dissipating this ignorance, and communicating to the public authentic information on various important matters connected with that ancient colony. It is written in a chaste, perspicuous style, without ostentation or flourish of any kind, and ought to occupy a place in the library of any intelligent colonist. Newfoundland is, it appears, the oldest Methodist Mission on the face of the earth. To Wesleyans, therefore, '*Newfoundland and its Missionaries*' will doubtless prove peculiarly attractive."—*Weekly Bulletin, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.*

The Book is for sale at the Conference Book Room, Halifax.

Colporteurs and Book Agents can be supplied on advantageous terms, on application to Rev. Wm. Wilson, Mill Town, St. Stephen's, N. B.

nov. 28 6 ins.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE REV. EDWARD A WILSON'S Prepared Prescription for the cure of CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, and all THROAT and LUNG AFFECTIONS, has now been in use over ten years with the most marked success

The Remedy, prepared under Mr. Wilson's, personal supervision, also a pamphlet containing the original Prescription, with full and explicit directions for preparation and use, together with a short history of his case, may be obtained of

MR. HENRY A. TAYLOR,
Druggist.
Agent for Nova Scotia,
No 84 Sackville street, Halifax.
Or REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
145 South Second street,
Williamsburg N. Y.

☞ Price of Remedy, $3.00 per package—Pamphlet furnished free of charge. jan 16

J B ELLIOT & CO.

ARE now opening per "China,"—Astriscan, Whitney, and Black Cloth Cloakings, Mantle Ornaments, Dress Trimmings Alpacca Braids, Mantle Velvets, etc.

nov 7 135 GRANVILLE STREET.

Windsor & Annapolis Railway.

TENDERS FOR SLEEPERS

WILL be received for the supply of the undermentioned sleepers, being a first portion of those required in the construction of the Railway:

Lot No. 1, 16 000 Sleepers.
Lot No. 2, 20 000 do.
Lot No 3, 14,000 do.

Those mentioned in Lot No 1 to be delivered at or between Windsor and Hantsport. Lot No. 2, between Hantsport and Wolfville and Lot No. 3 between Wolfville and Kentville, at such places as may be indicated by the Engineer, and to be subject to the inspection and approval of himself or assistants.

Each sleeper to be of best quality Hacmatach, Black Spruce, Hemlock or Pine, 9 feet in length, either sawn square to 10x5, or made from round logs not less than 10 inches in diameter in any part, sawn through or split to half round with the flat side evenly hewn,

The contractor to state in his tender which of the above descriptions he purposes to supply and the quantity and price of each kind of timber.

Payment will be made in cash for each One Thousand Sleepers delivered on the Certificate of the Engineer, the whole quantity to be delivered on or before the first day of April, 1867.

Tenders will be received for the above address to the Chairman of the Local Board of Directors at Halifax on or before 12 o'clock, noon, on the 30th January inst.

The lowest tender will not necessarily be accepted, and each will be considered subject to the selection of any portion thereof. Any further particulars may be obtained at the Company's offices at Windsor or Halifax

JAS. B. OXLEY,
Chairman.

Halifax, Jan 21, 1867

NOTICE

The time for the reception of Tenders for the above contracts is extended to the 14th February, and to the final deliveries to the 1st of June, 1867.

JAS. B. OXLEY,
Chairman

Windsor & Annapolis Railway.

TENDERS FOR FENCING

WILL be received for the construction of the Fencing required on the first section of the Railway, between Windsor and Kentville.

To be of the ordinary description, made of round Poles, not less than three inches in diameter, laid horizontally, with V pole supports, 12 feet apart to be put up at such times and in such positions as the Engineer may require.

The price to be stated per running rod.

Tenders to be addressed to the Chairman of the Local Board of Directors at the office of the Company, in Halifax, on or before 12 o'clock, noon, on the 30th of January, inst.

JAMES B. OXLEY,
Halifax, Jan 21. Chairman.

NOTICE.

The time for the reception of Tenders for the above contracts is extended to the 14th of February, and to the final deliveries to the 1st day of June, 1867.

jan 30. JAS B. OXLEY.

Mrs Winslow

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention, of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,

For Children Teething,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gumbs, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

Sure to Regulate the Bowels

Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for over 30 years and can say in confidence and truth of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—*never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure*, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of highest commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "what we do know," after 30 years experience, and pledge our reputation for the fulfilment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, rel