

Lawrence Quetton St. George reared a brick building on the north-east corner of King and Frederick streets, Toronto. It was demolished in 1902 to make room for the Adams Bros. factory. This chair is made out of the pine wood, for there was no oak in the building, of the room which was occupied at a later period (about 1830) by the Commissioners of the Canada Company during their occupancy of the building. The first brick buildings in York (Toronto) were the Parliament Buildings on Front street east (Palace), at the foot of Berkeley street, on the site of the Gas Company's buildings. This building on King street was the second brick, and Bishop Strachan's residence on Front street west, opposite the Union Station—known as the Palace—was the third.

THE PALESTINE CHAIR.

In the winter of 1901 Mr. Robertson visited Palestine, and as a memorial of his visit obtained some excellent specimens of olive wood from the Mount of Olives, near the Garden of Gethsemane. This wood was brought to Canada, and the chair designed after the style of that used by the Grand First Principal, the chief officer of the Royal Arch Masons, whose jewel of office is a crown irradiated between the legs of a pair of compasses, resting upon a triple triangle. A carving of the jewel is shown in the centre of the chair rail, having