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employers, workmen, from fourteen different countries; ex-Allies and ex-enemies together, gathered from North, South, East and West to tell their rulers that the soldiers, living and dead, who manned the trenches, imperiously demanded that the Disarmament Conference should succeed. No one who saw these men march in column through Geneva, with the blind, maimed, the cripples at their head, can forget the mute appeal of their broken bodies. No one who heard them explain their Resolution and the specific programme of concrete measures for which it asked; no one who heard their passionate cheering can forget the burning fire of their faith in the wisdom and the righteousness of peace.

Five weeks ago I was at a Congress in Defence of Peace which was held in Brussels. To that Congress the leaders of these ex-soldiers came again. There were the leaders also of many another national and international organization - the churches, the Women's Movements, the Co-operators, the Trade Unionists, the League of Nations Unions, the Peace Societies of the World. Altogether there were hundreds of delegates from scores of bodies in nearly 30 different countries of the world. And that Congress adopted, again with the ex-soldiers in the lead and without a single dissentient voice, a specific programme of concrete measures which they believed would bring us peace.

I will come back to that programme in a moment. But I want first to say why I have told you about that deputation and that Congress. It is because while I have been in Canada I have gathered the impression that there is hardly a man or woman in the country who does not long for peace, who does not want to stop the next war from taking place. And I want to tell you