# REMARKS ON THE METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS AT TORONTO FOR THE YEAR 1896. 

## TEMPERATURE.

The mean temperature of the year 1896 was $45^{\circ} 36$, being $I^{\prime} 16$ warmer than the average of 56 years and $\mathrm{r} \circ 88$ warmer than 1895 .

The mean temperature of the several months was in eight instances above and in four below the average for their respective months, the average excess to the average defect being in the ratio of $2^{\circ}$ to $2^{\circ} \cdot 77$. On each of the 203 days the mean temperature was above the normal of that particular day and below on 163 days. The mean temperature of each month, with the difference from the normal, was: January, $22^{\circ} 18-0^{\circ} \cdot 24$; February, $22^{\circ} \cdot 62+0^{\circ} \cdot 13$; March, $23^{\circ} \cdot 57-5^{\circ} \cdot 18$; April, $45^{\circ} \cdot 77+4^{\circ} 80$; May, $59^{\circ} \cdot 79+$ $7^{\circ} 65$; June, $64^{\circ} 75+2^{\circ} 36$; july, $687_{2}+1^{\circ} \cdot 10 ;$ August, $67^{\circ} \cdot 49+1^{\circ} \cdot 28$; September, $57^{\circ} 41-\mathbf{I}^{\circ} \cdot 22$; October, $44^{\circ} \cdot 77-1^{\circ} 60$; November, $39^{\circ} 45+3^{\circ} \cdot 35$; December, $27^{\circ} 84+1^{\circ} .50$. Dividing the year into the ordinary seasons we have for Winter, $22^{\circ} 79$; Spring, $56^{\circ} 77$; Summer, $64^{\circ} 54$; Autumn, $37^{\circ} 35$. The thermic anomalies differ from the normal temperature proper to the latitude : Winter, $-13^{\circ} .8$; Spring, $-0^{\circ} 86$; Summer, $-1^{\circ} 69$; Autumn, $-6^{\circ} .98$. On three months during the year the observed :emperature exceeded the normal value for the latitude, viz.: May, $1^{\circ} 69$; June, $0^{\circ} 15$; July, $0^{\circ}$ or. The mean daily range for the year was $17^{\circ} 58$, the greatest monthly average occurring in August ( $22^{\circ} 56$ ) and the least in December ( $12^{\circ} .45$ ). The greatest daily range $\left(3^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} 9\right)$ occurred on the 8th May, and the least ( $2^{\circ} 8$ ) on the 29th December. The warmest month relatively was May, estimated by its excess $\left(7^{\circ} \cdot 65\right)$ above the normal, July, the warmest absolutely. The coldest absolutely was January ( $22^{\circ} 18$ ). March was the coldest relatively, its mean being $5^{\circ} 18$ below the normal.

The climatic difference was $46^{\circ} 54$, the warmest day was the 12 th of July, mean temperature, $78^{\circ} 32$, and the coldest the 16th of February, $5^{\circ} \cdot 55$ below zero; but the warmest day relatively was the 1oth of May, it being $27^{\circ} .80$ above its proper normal, and the coldest the 16 th of February, which was $29^{\circ} .13$ below the normal. The average temperature of the warmest and coldest days from former years was $77^{\circ} 95$ and $2^{\circ} 24$ below zero. The highest temperature of the year $\left(91^{\circ} 3\right)$ occurred on the 12 th of July, and the lowest ( $17^{\circ} 9$ below zero) on the 17 th of February. The annual range from these extremes was $109^{\circ} \cdot 2$, being $5^{\circ} \cdot 2$ less than 1895 and $6^{\circ} 2$ more than the average annual range. There were 39 instances on which the temperature at the hour of observation was $20^{\circ}$ above the normal and 29 when a defect of equal amount occurred. The most striking deviations from the daily normal curve of temperature have been as follows :-

## IN EXCESS.



