Unwilling to waste time, the troops moved forward on the

15th, and on the 16th met Miller returning with the message, that if the Americans would wait ten days at Grand Glaize,

they (the Indians) would decide for peace or war; which

Wayne replied to only by marching straight on. On the 18th,

the Legion had advanced forty-one miles from Grand Glaize,

and being near by the long looked for foe, began to throw up

some light works, called Fort Deposit, wherein to place the

heavy baggage during the expected battle. On that day, five

of Wayne's spies, among whom was May, rode into the very camp of the enemy: in attempting to retreat again, May's horse

fell, and he was taken. The next day, the day before the

battle, he was tied to a tree and shot at as a target. During

the 19th, the army still laboured on their works: on the 20th,

at 7 or 8 o'clock, all baggage having been left behind, the white

forces moved down the north bank of the Maumee;—"the

Legion on the right, its flank covered by the Maumee: one

brigade of mounted volunteers on the left, under Brigadier

General Todd, and the other in the rear, under Brigadier Ge-

neral Barbee. A select battalion of mounted volunteers moved

in front of the Legion, commanded by Major Price, who was

directed to keep sufficiently advanced, so as to give timely

notice for the troops to form in case of action, it being yet

undetermined whether the Indians would decide for peace or

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"After advancing about five miles, Major Price's corps received so severe a fire from the enemy, who were secreted in the woods and high grass, as to compel them to retreat. The Legion was immediately formed in two lines, principally in a close thick wood, which extended for miles on our left, and for a very considerable distance in front; the ground being covered with old fallen timber, probably occasioned by a tornado, which rendered it impracticable for the cavalry to act with effect, and afforded the enemy the most favourable covert for their mode of warfare. The savages were formed in three lines, within supporting distance of each other, and extending for near two miles at right angles with the river. I soon discovered, from the weight of the fire and extent of their lines, that the enemy were in full force in front, in possession of their favourite

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