country offers immense opportunities for all those who face the future unafraid, and who love freedom. This country will help humanity in its efforts to give prosperity to everyone and to preserve peace among the nations.
"Such is my fervent hope."

In his introduction of Dr. Heuss, the Prime

Minister said:

Mr Speaker and members of both Houses of the Parliament of Canada: I welcome the President of the Federal Republic of Germany on this unique occasion, unique in that it is the first time that the Parliament of Canada has been addressed, and indeed it is the first time that North America has been visited, by a head of state of Germany.

"President Heuss was a Member of Parliament for seven years. He has been a statesman, a professor of history and political science, a publicist and editor, a biographer and author.

"Canada is a land of recent immigrants as measured in the perspective of human history, and they and their descendants have learned to live together in amity and brotherhood in this land. While the basic racial stocks are French and English, Canada is a land of many races who have all made their contribution to our

traditions and development.

"It is of interest to recall that the first of these races who came in the wake of the early French and British colonizers were some 2,300 persons from the Palatinate and the upper Rhine who between 1750 and 1752 were settled in Nova Scotia under a colonization plan of George III. They were followed by others of your race, sir, who came to Canada after the Revolutionary War in large numbers from what today is the United States of America. Even at the time of Confederation there were within our country around 200,000 people of German origin. Today that number amounts to some 800,000 who have come and have made their citizenship here in keeping with the traditions of the other races who have joined together to comprise the people of Canada.

"We meet here under unusual circumstances indicative of the fact that there is no finality in history; for that partnership that now exists among the United Kingdom, France, the United States, Canada and the other nations of NATO, including Germany and Italy, is indicative of those changes that have taken place in binding together the freedom-loving peoples

of mankind.

"During the presidency of our distinguished guest and under the wise statesmenship of Chancelor Adenauer, the Federal Republic of Germany joined and is now one of the major members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. I believe that what these nations have been able to attain in understanding and cooperation will in the years ahead, if our faith is maintained, permit a like development of freedom under law for mankind, a worthy and attainable objective.

"We believe with you that the free world must maintain its defences. We believe that the subjugation of defenceless nations on global proportions by force, infiltration and economic penetration makes it necessary that nations co-operate Our experience in the past, of course, has been that pacts of themselves are insufficient Deeds are needed as well as words, and for that reason Canada maintains the Canadian Infantry Brigade in the Soest area in Germany and bases for its air forces in Germany and France Under the Mutual Aid Programme we train in Canada considerable numbers of German air crew personnel.

"We believe that further attention and consideration to the principles of economic cooperation inherent in article 2 of the NATO treaty is necessary if NATO is to meet successfully the changing forms of Soviet in-

"We have intensive trade relations with Germany. We are co-operating in the fields of atomic energy, taxation and civil aviation Believing that the preservation of human freedom -- I know that the Members of Parliament have the same view, and that you share that view -- transcends all other considerations, Canadians intend to nurture that spirit of good will with all like-minded nations We reaffirm our belief in and support for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as a defensive organization dedicated to peace and with no offensive objectives. I wish to make it clear that whatever threats may be made against those nations which believe in the mission of NATO and the necessity for its continuance, Canada will maintain forces in Europe as long as international disquiet and justifiable

fears require Canadian participation
"My hope is that if the Western world will
maintain its unity of purpose and will not
weary in its pursuit of peace with freedom, however uncertain and hesitant the steps to that objective may appear to be that peace with justice under law will have been achieved.

"It is in that spirit, sir, that I welcome you to the Parliament of Canada in this Chamber with representatives of the Senate and the House of Commons present We welcome you for the stands you have taken since assumption of the presidency of Germany in 1949, for that spirit of understanding and co-operation which has characterized your State. It is in that spirit that I welcome President Theodor Heuss, President of the Federal Republic of Germany, and now ask him to speak."

## NEW LIEUTENANT - GOVERNOR

His Excellency the Governor General has approved the appointment of J. Leonard O'Brien, of South Nelson, New Brunswick, to be Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick, effective June 6, 1958, succeeding the Honourable, D.L. MacLaren, who has been Lieutenant-Governor since July 1945.