Her sufferings during the past twelve hours were distressing, sho felt as if her abdomen would burst, and carnestly entrented to be relieved. Her pulse was quick, with high fever, flashed countenance and hurried respiration. On examing the abdomen there was a large tumor extending to the ambilious, and reaching almost from one ilium to the other, very paintal on the slightest pressure. Suspecting the nature of the case, I requested to make a vaginal examination, and on introducing my finger, I found a tumor occupying the eavity of the pelvis. I could not reach the mouth of the uterus, and the fundus of this organ was firmly wedged low down in the cavity of the Sacrum. Not having a gum elastic catheter with me, I tried the ordinary female silver one, but the canal of the urethra was so elongated by being carried upwards behind the Symphisis Pubis, that it would not, as I almost anticipated, reach the bladder. I therefore sent for an olastic one, which necessitated some further delay, and having obtained it. I introduced it with some difficulty, and drew off thy measurements eight pints of fetid ammoniacal urine. Having accomplished this, and after giving a stimulating clyster, which brought away a considerable quartity of feculent matter, I determined, if possible, on immediately reducing the retroverted womb. Placing her in the usual of stetric posture, I passed the tingers of my right hand into the vagina, against the body and fundus of the womb, and with my thumb inserted into the rectum which placed the retroverted organ favorable for reduction, I made an increasing amount of pressure for about fifteen minutes. but failed to remove it in the slightest degree, so tightly was it impacted. The patient being somewhat discouraged at the attempt to dislodge it being unsuccessful. I allowed per an interval of rest, as she was very much exhausted, and gave her some stimulant. I resolved, if possible, to reduce it, believing that defay would only increase the difficulty, and that there was no likelihood that the womb would right itself by drawing off the water regularly as recommended by Denman, Hunter, and others. In my second attempt, therefore, I determined to use as much force as was compatible with safety. Placing her upon her knees and clows, with the Pelvis higher than the abdomen, in order to remove the pressure of the viscera, and having eiled my right hand, I now passed it, with as little severe pressure as possible, entirely into the rectum, which was gradually accomplished, and with