and they all ask for the cuntinued prayers of God's, people.

## Mission House Mrncranda.

The Rev. J. S. McIlvaine of Peking, China, has gone to Chenau-fou, the capir tal of Shantung province. Alrcady he is encouraged; having baptized two interesting and well-educated men. He calls for reinforcements, that he may be able to hold this post. Rev. J. I. Whitings writes from Peking, June 28 , "The work here has a few tokens of good." He refers to the trials which some converts have to endure from relatives, and begs the people of God to remember such in their prayers. Dr. J. P. Patterson has oafely arrived at Tangchow.
Mrs. Nevius speaks in her letter of May 25, of the admission into the church at Tungchow of an old woman about eighty years of age, and of the matron of the school. Both were baptized. The new church building at this place will soon be completed, and will be the largest Presbyterian church edifice in China.

Rev. J. M. W. Farnham says that, at the late celebration of the Lurd's Supper at Shanghai, three persons were received on protession of their faith, and an elder was ordained. Some were, however, suspended from church privileges. Rev. Dr. Happer of Canton says, under date of July 10: "Our regular communion occurred on June 25 . One young man was received who is a member of the training school, and who, by his zenl and correctness, gives hope of usefulness. There were three other applicants, and five or six inquirers." The mecting for women continue to be well attended, and Mliss Noyes mentions that sereral of them have abandoned the worship of idols, and one has applied for baptism.

## Jerusalem.

Mission work in and about Jerusalem seems now to be progressing. The great felt want is a suitable cdifice in which the native converts can assemble together for the worship of Gud. A church is soon to be erected, wholly devoted to Arabic services. The site has been obtained and an appeal made to the christian public for funds.

## Constantinople.

Daring the past year four Mohammedans in this city have placed themselves under a course of instruction with the professed object of becoming Christians. One of these parties is a lineal descendant of Mohammed, and a privileged guardian of his tomb. After frequent conversations frith a Dlissionary he became convinced
that there is no salvation but in Christ. Doubtless he will be a valuable acquisition to the ranks of Christianity in that city of heathendom.

## Mexico.

The gospel by God's blessing has been firmly and widely planted in this land, and numbers are now working enthusiastically for Jesus and his cause.

## Liberia, West Africa.

The heathen chiefs and a number of the natives of this country have learned so much of Christianity that they are now anxious fur schouls, teachers and ministers. Great openings for the gospel are being offered, but chiefly through lack of means the work is not progressing as it otherwise would.

## Damascus'.

There are from 15 to 18,000 Jews in Damascus who are very intolerant and bigoted, and destitute of any kind of celucation. Few of them are able to read or write, and females especially are in a said state of ignorance and darkness. No efforts had been made for their instruction and conversion until a godly warm-hearted woman entered upon the work, and made known to them the love of Jesus. Her labours have been signally blessed by God.

## Rome.

There are no less than 460 churches in Rome, most of which are delapidated and are only open on great days. Many of these will doubtless become public property ere long, and lee sold to the highest bidder. An attempt was lately made to blow upa Wesleyan congregation, which assembles in this city. Fifteen converts were for the first time about to partake of the Lord's Supper. An explosion was heard-the bursting of a bomb-shell, lights were pat out, and much confusion ensued. All, horrever, escaped unhurt save a fery cuts and scratches on the hand.

## Prayer.Meetings.

Praycr-meetings would generally do more good if there was more praging, and las talking. An Englishman, just over, upon leaving a prayer-meeting recently, said, "In England our prayer-mectings are for prayer, and not for cxhortation." These mectings are the life of a church. The best men and women are those who attend the charch prayer-meetings. There is nothing that more encourages a faithful pastor than a full and carnest prajer mecting

